

LM Guide® **THK** General Catalog

LM Guide

证出 General Catalog

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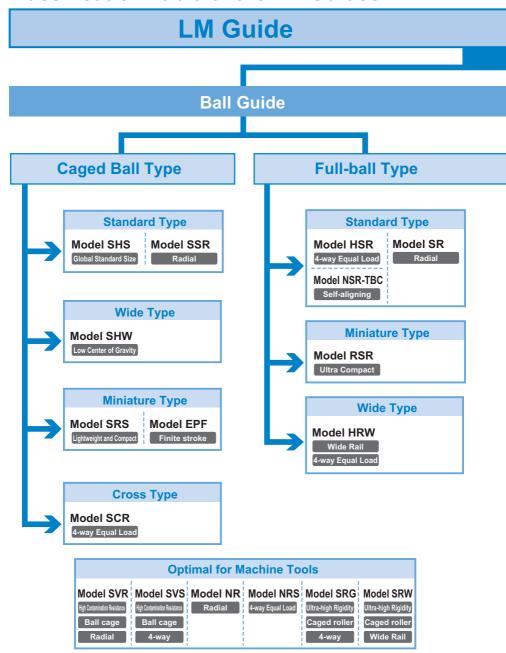
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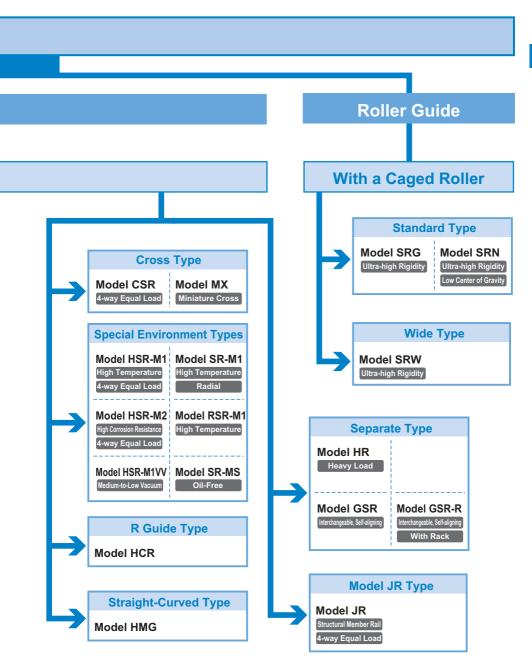
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Classification Table of the LM Guides

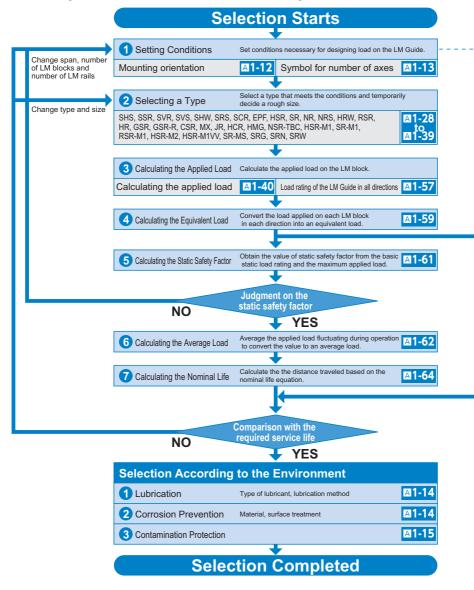




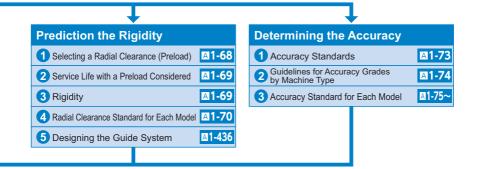
Flowchart for Selecting an LM Guide

[Steps for Selecting an LM Guide]

The following flowchart can be used as reference for selecting an LM Guide.



- · Space in the guide section
- Dimensions (span, number of LM blocks, number of LM rails, thrust)
- Installation direction (horizontal, vertical, slant mount, wall mount, suspended)
- · Magnitude, direction and position of the working load
- · Operating frequency (duty cycle)
- · Speed (acceleration)
- · Stroke length
- · Required service life
- · Precision of motion
- Environment
- In a special environment (vacuum, clean room, high temperature, environment exposed to contaminated environment, etc.), it is necessary to take into account material, surface treatment, lubrication and contamination protection.



Setting Conditions

Conditions of the LM Guide

[Mounting Orientation]

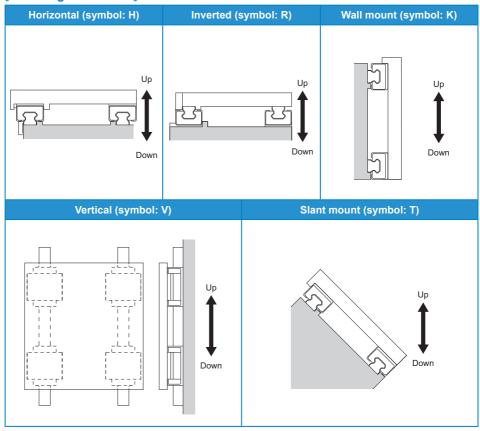
The LM Guide can be mounted in the following five orientations.

If the mounting orientation of the LM Guide is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely.

Be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached.

For the lubrication, see **A24-2**.

[Mounting Orientation]



[Symbol for Number of Axes]

If two or more units of the LM Guide are parallelly used in combination on the same plane, specify the number of the LM rails (symbol for number of axes) used in combination in advance. (For accuracy standards and radial clearance standards, see $\blacksquare 1-75$ and $\blacksquare 1-70$,

Model number coding

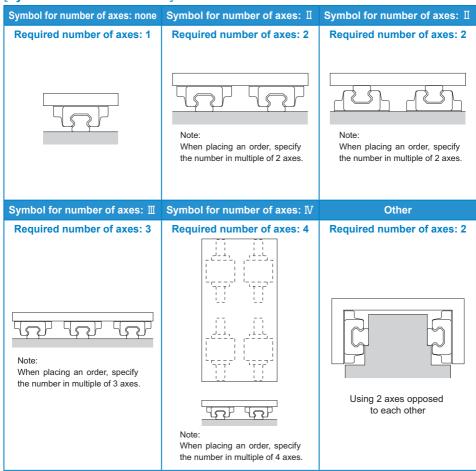
respectively.)

SHS25C2SSCO+1000LP -

Model number (details are given on the corresponding page of the model)

Symbol for number of axes
("II" indicates 2 axes. No symbol for a single axis)

[Symbol for Number of Axes]



[Service environment]

Lubrication

When using an LM system, it is necessary to provide effective lubrication. Without lubrication, the rolling elements or the raceway may be worn faster and the service life may be shortened.

A lubricant has effects such as the following.

- (1) Minimizes friction in moving elements to prevent seizure and reduce wear.
- (2) Forms an oil film on the raceway to decrease stress acting on the surface and extend rolling fatique life.
- (3) Covers the metal surface to prevent rust formation.

To fully bring out the LM Guide's functions, it is necessary to provide lubrication according to the conditions.

If the mounting orientation is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely.

Be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached. For the mounting orientations of LM Guides, see A1-12. For the lubrication, see A24-2.

Even with an LM Guide with seals, the internal lubricant gradually seeps out during operation. Therefore, the system needs to be lubricated at an appropriate interval according to the service conditions

Corrosion Prevention

■Determining a Material

Any LM system requires a material that meets the environments. For use in environments where corrosion resistance is required, some LM system models can use martensite stainless steel.

(Martensite stainless steel can be used for LM Guide models SSR, SHW, SRS, HSR, SR, HRW, RSR and HR.)

The HSR series includes HSR-M2, a highly corrosion resistant LM Guide using austenite stainless steel, which has high anti-corrosive effect. For details, see **1-372**.

■Surface Treatment

The surfaces of the rails and shafts of LM systems can be treated for anti-corrosive or aesthetic purposes.

THK offers THK-AP treatment, which is the optimum surface treatment for LM systems.

There are roughly three types of THK-AP treatment: AP-HC, AP-C and AP-CF. (See **B0-20**.)

Contamination Protection

When foreign material enters an LM system, it will cause abnormal wear or shorten the service life, and it is necessary to prevent foreign material from entering the system. When entrance of foreign material is predicted, it is important to select an effective sealing device or dust-control device that meets the environment conditions.

THK offers contamination protection accessories for LM Guides by model number, such as end seals made of special synthetic rubber with high wear resistance, and side seals and inner seals for further increasing dust-prevention effect.

In addition, for locations with adverse environment, Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS and dedicated bellows are available by model number. Also, THK offers dedicated caps for LM rail mounting holes, designed to prevent cutting chips from entering the LM rail mounting holes.

When it is required to provide contamination protection for a Ball Screw in an environment exposed to cutting chips and moisture, we recommend using a telescopic cover that protects the whole system or a large bellows.

For the options, see **A1-464**.

[Special environments]

Clean Room

In a clean environment generation of dust from the LM system has to be reduced and anti-rust oil cannot be used. Therefore, it is necessary to increase the corrosion resistance of the LM system. In addition, depending on the level of cleanliness, a dust collector is required.

Dust Generation from the LM System

■ Measure to Prevent Dust Generation Resulting from Flying Grease

THK AFE-CA and AFF Grease

Use environmentally clean grease that produces little dust.

■ Measure to Reduce Dust Generation Resulting from Metallic Abrasion Dust

Caged Ball LM Guide

Use the Caged Ball LM Guide, which has no friction between balls and generates little metallic abrasion dust, to allow generation of dust to be minimized.

Corrosion Prevention

■ Material-based Measure

Stainless Steel LM Guide

This LM Guide uses martensite stainless steel, which has corrosion resistant effect.

Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

It uses austenite stainless steel, which has a high corrosion resistant effect, in its LM rail.

■ Measure Through Surface Treatment

THK AP-HC, AP-C and AP-CF Treatment

The LM system is surface treated to increase corrosion resistance.

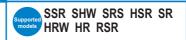
Caged Ball LM Guide



Caged Roller LM Guide



Stainless Steel LM Guide



LM Guides for Special Environment



Surface Treatment

Grease



Vacuum

In a vacuum environment, measures are required to prevent gas from being emitted from a resin and the scattering of grease. Anti-rust oil cannot be used, therefore, it is necessary to select a product with high corrosion resistance.

Measure to Prevent Emission of Gas from Resin

The endplate (ball circulation path normally made of resin) of the LM block is made of stainless steel to reduce emission of gas.

■ Measure to Prevent Grease from Evaporating

Vacuum Grease

If a general-purpose grease is used in a vacuum environment, oil contained in the grease evaporates and the grease looses lubricity. Therefore, use a vacuum grease that uses fluorine based oil, whose vapor pressure is low, as the base oil.

■Corrosion Prevention

Stainless Steel LM Guide

In a vacuum environment, use a stainless steel LM Guide, which is highly corrosion resistant.

High Temperature LM Guide

If high temperature is predicted due to baking, use a High Temperature LM Guide, which is highly resistant to heat and corrosion.

Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

This LM Guide uses austenite stainless steel, which has a high anti-corrosion effect, in the LM rail.

Oil-Free

In environments susceptible to liquid lubricants, a lubrication method other than grease or oil is required.

■Dry Lubricant

Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film

Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film is a fully dry lubricant developed for use under atmospheric to high-vacuum environments. It has superior characteristics in load carrying capacity, wear resistance and sealability to other lubrication systems.

High Temperature LM Guide



HSR-M1 SR-M1 RSR-M1

LM Guides for Special Environment



For Medium-to-Low Vacuum HSR-M1VV
Oil-Free SR-MS

Highly Corrosion
Resistant LM Guide

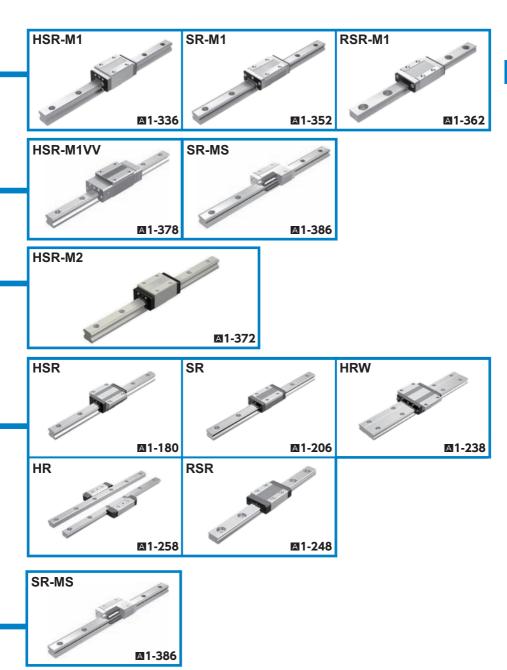
Stainless Steel LM Guide



HSR SR HRW HR RSR

Vacuum Grease

Oil-Free LM Guide



Corrosion Prevention

As with clean room applications, it is necessary to increase corrosion resistance through material selection and surface treatment.

■ Material-based Measure

Stainless Steel LM Guide

This LM Guide uses martensite stainless steel, which has an anti-corrosion effect.

Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

It uses austenite stainless steel, which has a high anti-corrosion effect, in its LM rail.

■ Measure Through Surface Treatment

THK AP-HC, AP-C and AP-CF Treatment

The LM system is surface treated to increase corrosion resistance.

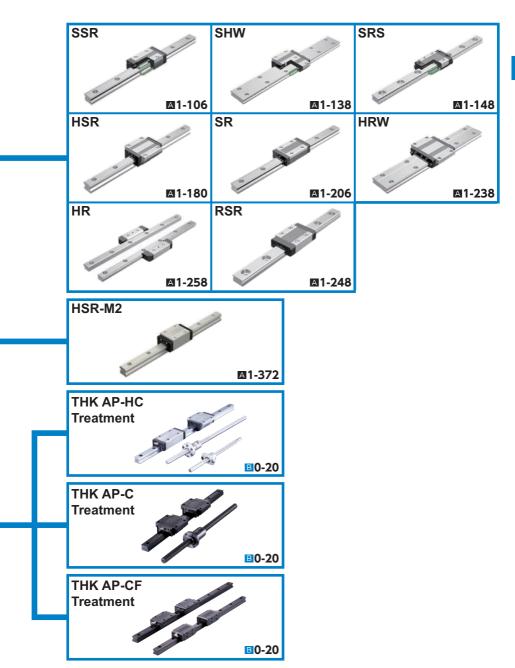
Stainless Steel LM Guide



SSR SHW SRS HSR SR HRW HR RSR

Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

Surface Treatment



High Speed

In a high speed environment, it is necessary to apply an optimum lubrication method that reduces heat generation during high speed operation and increases grease retention.

■ Measures to Reduce Heat Generation

Caged Ball LM Guide

Use of a ball cage eliminates friction between balls to reduce heat generation. In addition, grease retention is increased, thus to achieve long service life and high speed operation.

THK AFA Grease, AFJ Grease

It reduces heat generation in high speed operation and has superb lubricity.

■ Measure to Improve Lubrication

QZ Lubricator

Continuous oil lubrication ensures that the lubrication and maintenance interval can significantly be extended. It also applies the right amount of oil to the raceway, making itself an eco-friendly lubrication system that does not contaminate the surrounding area.

Caged Ball LM Guide



SHS SSR SVR/SVS SHW SRS SCR EPF

Caged Roller LM Guide



SRG SRN SRW

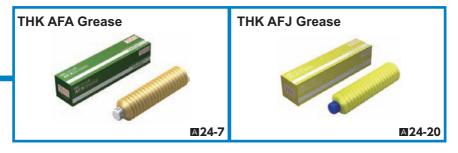
QZ Lubricator

Grease









High Temperature

In a high temperature environment, dimensional alterations caused by heat is problematic. Use a High Temperature LM Guide, which is heat resistant and has minimal dimensional alterations after being heated. Also, use a high temperature grease.

■ Heat Resistance

High Temperature LM Guide

A special heat treatment to maintain dimensional stability minimizes dimensional variations due to heating and cooling.

■Grease

High Temperature Grease

Use a high temperature grease with which the rolling resistance of the LM system is consistent even at high temperature.

Low Temperature

In a low temperature environment, use an LM system with a minimal amount of resin components and a grease that minimize fluctuations in rolling resistance, even at low temperature.

Impact of Low Temperature on Resin Components

Stainless Steel LM Guide

The endplate (ball circulation path normally made of resin) of the LM block is made of stainless steel.

■Corrosion Prevention

Provide surface treatment to the LM system to increase its corrosion resistance.

Grease

Use THK AFC Grease, with which the rolling resistance of the system little is consistent even at low temperature.

Micro Motion

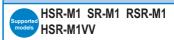
Micro strokes cause the oil film to break, resulting in poor lubrication and early wear. In such cases, select a grease with which the oil film strength is high and an oil film can easily be formed.

Grease

THK AFC Grease

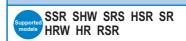
AFC Grease is a urea-based grease that excels in oil film strength and wear resistance.

High Temperature LM Guide



High Temperature Grease

Stainless Steel LM Guide

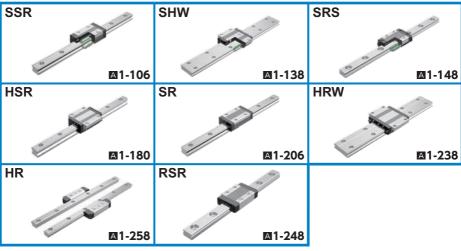


Surface Treatment

Low Temperature Grease

Grease











Foreign Matter

If foreign matter enters the LM system, it will cause abnormal wear and shorten the service life. Therefore, it is necessary to prevent such entrance of foreign matter.

Especially in an environment containing small foreign matter or a water-soluble coolant that a telescopic cover or a bellows cannot remove, it is necessary to attach a contamination protection accessory capable of efficiently removing foreign matter.

■Metal Scraper

It is used to remove relatively large foreign objects such as cutting chips, spatter and sand or hard foreign matter that adhere to the LM rail.

■Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS

Unlike a metal scraper, it removes foreign matter while it is in contact with the LM rail. Therefore, it demonstrates a high contamination protection effect against small foreign matter, which has been difficult to remove with conventional metal scrapers.

■QZ Lubricator

QZ Lubricator is a lubrication system that feeds the right amount of lubricant by closely contacting its highly oil-impregnated fiber net to the ball raceway.

Metal Cap Dedicated for LM Rail Mounting Holes GC Cap

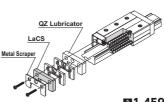
GC cap is a metallic cap that plugs the LM rail mounting hole (article compliant with the RoHS Directives). It prevents the entrance of foreign material and coolant from the LM rail top face (mounting hole) under harsh environments, and significantly increases the dust control performance of the LM Guide if used with a dust control seal.

■Protector

The protector minimizes the entrance of foreign material even in harsh environments where foreign material such as fine particles and liquids are present.

LM Guide

- +Metal scraper
- +Contact scraper LaCS
- +Cap GC, etc.



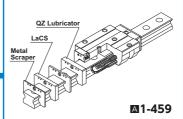
A1-459

Supported models

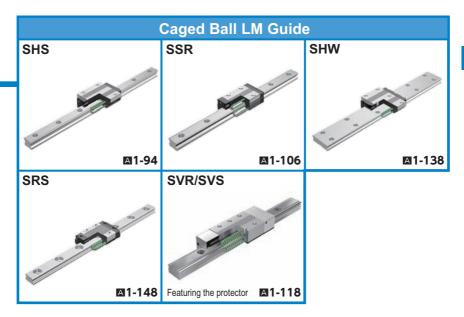
Caged Ball LM Guide SHS SSR SVR/SVS SHW SRS Full Ball LM Guide HSR NR/NRS

Caged Roller LM Guide

- +Metal scraper
- +Contact scraper LaCS
- +Cap GC, etc.



Supported SRG models







Selecting a Type

Types of LM Guides

THK offers a wide array of types and dimensions with LM Guides as standard so that you can select the optimal product for any application. With the unit structure of each model, you can easily obtain high running accuracy with no clearance simply by mounting the product on a plane surface with bolts. We have a proven track record and know-how in extensive applications with LM Guides.

		_		Specification	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
	Classification	Type		Table	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
		17 (2	SSR-XW	▶⊠1-110		14.7 to 64.6	16.5 to 71.6
	Caged Ball LM Guide		SSR-XV	▶⊠1-112		9.1 to 21.7	9.7 to 22.5
			SSR-XTB	▶⊠1-114		14.7 to 31.5	16.5 to 36.4
			SR-W	▶⊠1-212		9.51 to 411	19.3 to 537
			SR-M1W	▶⊠1-356		9.51 to 41.7	19.3 to 77.2
		التحقا	SR-V	▶⊠1-212	1	5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
	Full-Complement Ball		SR-M1V	▶⊠1-356	→#-	5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
	LM Guides	الجا	SR-TB	▶⊠1-214	t	9.51 to 89.1	19.3 to 157
			SR-M1TB	▶⊠1-358		9.51 to 41.7	19.3 to 77.2
l ø			SR-SB	▶⊠1-214		5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
Radial type			SR- M1SB	▶⊠1-358		5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
Rad	Oil-Free LM Guides for Special Environ-		SR-MSV	▶⊠1-390		_	_
	ments		SR-MSW	▶⊠1-390		_	_
			SVR-C	▶⊠1-128	1 ←	48 to 260	68 to 328
			SVR-LC	▶⊠1-128		57 to 340	86 to 481
			SVR-R	▶⊠1-124		48 to 260	68 to 328
	Caged Ball LM Guides		SVR-LR	▶⊠1-124		57 to 340	86 to 481
	for Machine Tools high-rigidity model		SVR-CH	▶⊠1-134		90 to 177	115 to 238
	for ultra-heavy loads		SVR-LCH	▶⊠1-134		108 to 214	159 to 312
			SVR-RH	▶⊠1-132		90 to 177	115 to 238
			SVR-LRH	▶⊠1-132		108 to 214	159 to 312

External dimensions (mm)					
Height	Width	Features	Major application		
24 to 48	34 to 70	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Thin, compact design, large radial load capacity	Surface grinder tableTool grinder table		
24 to 33	34 to 48	Low dust generation, low noise, Superb in planar running accuracy acceptable running sound Superbly high speed Superbly high speed	 Electric discharge machine Printed circuit board drilling machine 		
24 to 33	52 to 73	Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Stainless steel type also available as standard	Chip mounterHigh-speed transfer		
24 to 135	34 to 250		equipmentTraveling unit of robotsMachining center		
24 to 48	34 to 70		NC latheFive axis milling machine		
24 to 48	34 to 70	Thin, compact design, large radial load capacity	 Conveyance system Mold guide of pressing machines 		
24 to 48	34 to 70	Superb in planar running accuracy Superb capability of absorbing mounting error	 Inspection equipment Testing machine 		
24 to 68	52 to 140	 Stainless steel type also available as standard Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also available 	Food-Felated machine Medical equipment 3D measuring instrument Packaging machine Injection molding machine Woodworking machine Ultra precision table Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment		
24 to 48	52 to 100				
24 to 48	52 to 100				
24 to 48	52 to 100				
24 to 28	34 to 42	Minimum generation of outgases (water, organic matter) Small amount of particles generated	Photolithography machineOrganic EL display		
24 to 28	34 to 42	Can be used at high temperature (up to 150°C)	 manufacturing machine lon implantation equipment 		
31 to 75	72 to 170	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound	Machining center		
31 to 75	72 to 170	Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools	 NC lathe Grinding machine Five axis milling 		
31 to 75	50 to 126	 Thin, compact design, large radial load capacity High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to 	machine Jig borer		
31 to 75	50 to 126	improved damping characteristics • Superb in planar running accuracy	 Drilling machine NC milling machine Horizontal milling 		
48 to 70	100 to 140	Long service life, long-term	machine • Mold processing		
48 to 70	100 to 140	acceptable running sound Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mount- accuracy characteristics Superb in planar running accuracy	machine Graphite working machine		
55 to 80	70 to 100	ing orientations Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools type LM Guide model HSR,	 Electric discharge machine Wire-cut electric 		
55 to 80	70 to 100	Large radial load capacity which is practically a global standard size	discharge machine		

				Specification	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
	Classification	Туре		Table	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
			NR-A	▶⊠1-228		33 to 479	84.6 to 1040
	Full-Complement		NR-LA	▶⊠1-228	_	44 to 599	113 to 1300
Туре	Ball LM Guides	A	NR-B	▶⊠1-232	I	33 to 479	84.6 to 1040
Radial Type	for Machine Tools high-rigidity model		NR-LB	▶⊠1-232	→ <u></u>	44 to 599	113 to 1300
_	for ultra-heavy loads		NR-R	▶⊠1-224	•	33 to 479	84.6 to 1040
			NR-LR	▶⊠1-224		44 to 599	113 to 1300
			SVS-C	▶⊠1-130	↓ → ←	37 to 199	52 to 251
			SVS-LC	▶⊠1-130		44 to 261	66 to 368
	e Caged Ball LM Guides for Machine Tools high-rigidity model for ultra-heavy loads		SVS-R	▶⊠1-126		37 to 199	52 to 251
/ type			SVS-LR	▶⊠1-126		44 to 261	66 to 368
4-wa)			SVS-CH	▶⊠1-134		69 to 136	88 to 182
	ioi dida ricavy loads		SVS-LCH	▶⊠1-134		83 to 164	122 to 239
		G	SVS-RH	▶⊠1-132		69 to 136	88 to 182
			SVS-LRH	▶⊠1-132		83 to 164	122 to 239

Selecting a Type

External dime	ensions (mm)		Major application	
Height	Width	Features		
31 to 105	72 to 260			
31 to 105	72 to 260			
31 to 105	72 to 260	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to improved damping characteristics		
31 to 105	72 to 260	Thin, compact design, large radial load capacity Superb in planar running accuracy	Machining center NC lathe Grinding machine Five axis milling machine Jig borer Drilling machine NC milling machine Horizontal milling machine Mold processing machine	
31 to 105	50 to 200			
31 to 105	50 to 200			
31 to 75	72 to 170	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound		
31 to 75	72 to 170	 Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations 		
31 to 75	50 to 126	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools Low profile, compact 4-way type High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to	Graphite working machine	
31 to 75	50 to 126	High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to improved damping characteristics	 Electric discharge machine Wire-cut electric 	
48 to 70	100 to 140	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low and impact resistance and impact resistance	discharge machine	
48 to 70	100 to 140	noise, acceptable running due to improved damping sound characteristics		
55 to 80	70 to 100	Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations type LM Guide model HSR,		
55 to 80	70 to 100	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools		

						Basic load	rating (kN)
	Classification	Туре		Specification Table	Load capacity diagram	Basic load Basic dynamic	Basic static
	l					load rating	load rating
		U l Tu	SRG-A, C	▶⊠1-404		11.3 to 131	25.8 to 266
			SRG-LA, LC	▶⊠1-404		26.7 to 278	63.8 to 599
			SRG-R, V	▶⊠1-410		11.3 to 131	25.8 to 266
	Caged Roller		SRG-LR, LV	▶⊠1-410	T	26.7 to 601	63.8 to 1170
	LM Guide - super ultra-heavy-	Vi-	SRN-C	▶⊠1-422	→ ∴ ←	59.1 to 131	119 to 266
	load, high rigidity types	Mrs	SRN-LC	▶⊠1-422	1	76 to 278	165 to 599
			SRN-R	▶⊠1-424		59.1 to 131	119 to 266
			SRN-LR	▶⊠1-424		76 to 278	165 to 599
			SRW-LR	▶⊠1-432		115 to 601	256 to 1170
			NRS-A	▶⊠1-230		25.9 to 376	59.8 to 737
			NRS-LA	▶⊠1-230	_	34.5 to 470	79.7 to 920
0	Full-Complement LM Guides for Machine Tools high-rigidity model for ultra-heavy loads	N	NRS-B	▶⊠1-234	↓ ← ↑ ↑	25.9 to 376	59.8 to 737
d typ			NRS-LB	▶⊠1-234		34.5 to 470	79.7 to 920
lal loa			NRS-R	▶⊠1-226		25.9 to 376	59.8 to 737
4-way equal load type			NRS-LR	▶⊠1-226		34.5 to 470	79.7 to 920
4-wa		, rev	SHS-C	▶⊠1-98		14.2 to 205	24.2 to 320
			SHS-LC	▶⊠1-98		17.2 to 253	31.9 to 408
	Caged Ball LM Guide -		SHS-V	▶⊠1-100		14.2 to 205	24.2 to 320
	heavy-load, high rigidity types		SHS-LV	▶⊠1-100		17.2 to 253	31.9 to 408
			SHS-R	▶⊠1-102		14.2 to 128	24.2 to 197
			SHS-LR	▶⊠1-102		36.8 to 161	64.7 to 259

External dimensions (mm)					
Height	Width	Features	Major application		
24 to 70	47 to 140				
30 to 120	63 to 250	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high speed			
24 to 80	34 to 100	Smooth motion due to prevention of rollers from skewing Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools	Machining center NC lathe Grinding machine Five axis milling machine Jig borer Drilling machine NC milling machine Horizontal milling machine		
30 to 90	44 to 126				
44 to 63	100 to 140				
44 to 75	100 to 170	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low noise, acceptable running sound			
44 to 63	70 to 100	 Superbly high speed Smooth motion due to prevention of rollers from skewing 			
44 to 75	70 to 126	 Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools Low center of gravity, ultra-high rigidity 			
70 to 150	135 to 300		Mold processing machine Graphite working		
31 to 105	72 to 260		machine Electric discharge		
31 to 105	72 to 260		machine • Wire-cut electric discharge machine		
31 to 105	72 to 260	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to			
31 to 105	72 to 260	improved damping characteristics Low-Profile compact design, 4-way equal load			
31 to 105	50 to 200				
31 to 105	50 to 200				
24 to 90	47 to 170		Machining center NC lathe XYZ axes of heavy cutting machine tools Grinding head feeding axis of grinding machines Components requiring a heavy moment and high accuracy NC milling machine Horizontal milling machine Gantry five axis milling machine Zaxis of electric discharge machine Zaxis of electric discharge machine Vier-cut electric discharge machine Car elevator Testing machine Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment		
24 to 90	47 to 170				
24 to 90	34 to 126	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Heavy load, high rigidity			
24 to 90	34 to 126	Has dimensions almost the same as that of the full-ball type LM Guide model HSR, which is practically a global standard size Superb capability of absorbing mounting error			
28 to 80	34 to 100				
28 to 80	34 to 100				

		Туре		Specification Table	Load capacity diagram	Basic load rating (kN)	
	Classification					Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
			HSR-A	▶⊠1-186	→ ↑	8.33 to 210	13.5 to 310
			HSR-M1A	▶⊠1-342		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
			HSR-LA	▶⊠1-186		21.3 to 282	31.8 to 412
			HSR-M1LA	▶⊠1-342		21.3 to 50.2	31.8 to 81.5
			HSR-CA	▶⊠1-196		13.8 to 210	23.8 to 310
			HSR-HA	▶⊠1-196		21.3 to 518	31.8 to 728
			HSR-B	▶⊠1-188		8.33 to 210	13.5 to 310
	Full-Complement		HSR-M1B	▶⊠1-344		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
	Ball LM Guide - heavy-load, high		HSR-LB	▶⊠1-188		21.3 to 282	31.8 to 412
	rigidity types		HSR-M1LB	▶⊠1-344		21.3 to 50.2	31.8 to 81.5
			HSR-CB	▶⊠1-198		13.8 to 210	23.8 to 310
/be			HSR-HB	▶⊠1-198		21.3 to 518	31.8 to 728
4-way equal load type			HSR-R	▶⊠1-192		1.08 to 210	2.16 to 310
quall			HSR-M1R	▶⊠1-346		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
way e			HSR-LR	▶⊠1-192		21.3 to 282	31.8 to 412
4			HSR-M1LR	▶⊠1-346		21.3 to 50.2	31.8 to 81.5
			HSR-HR	▶⊠1-200		351 to 518	506 to 728
	LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum		HSR-M1VV	▶⊠1-382		8.33	13.5
	Full-ball LM Guide -		HSR-YR	▶⊠1-194		8.33 to 141	13.5 to 215
	side mount types		HSR-M1YR	▶⊠1-348		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
	Full-Complement LM Guides - special LM rail types		JR-A	▶⊠1-310	→ * ←	19.9 to 88.5	34.4 to 137
		Til	JR-B	▶⊠1-310		19.9 to 88.5	34.4 to 137
	· ·	·	JR-R	▶⊠1-310		19.9 to 88.5	34.4 to 137

Selecting a Type

External dimensions (mm)					
Height	Width	Features	Major application		
24 to 110	47 to 215				
24 to 48	47 to 100		Machining center NC lathe XYZ axes of heavy cutting machine tools Grinding head feeding axis of grinding machines Components requiring a heavy moment and high accuracy		
30 to 110	63 to 215				
30 to 48	63 to 100				
30 to 110	63 to 215				
30 to 145	63 to 350				
24 to 110	47 to 215	Heavy load, high rigidity	NC milling machineHorizontal milling machine		
24 to 48	47 to 100	 Practically a global standard size Superb capability of absorbing mounting error 	 Gantry five axis milling ma- chine 		
30 to 110	63 to 215	 Stainless steel type also available as standard Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also available 	Z axis of electric discharge machines		
30 to 48	63 to 100	 Type M2, with high corrosion resistance, also available (Basic dynamic load rating: 2.33 to 5.57 kN) 	Wire-cut electric discharge machine		
30 to 110	63 to 215	(Basic static load rating: 2.03 to 5.16 kN)	Car elevatorFood-related machine		
30 to 145	63 to 350		Testing machine Vehicle doors Printed circuit board drilling machine ATC Construction equipment Shield machine Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment		
11 to 110	16 to 156				
28 to 55	34 to 70				
30 to 110	44 to 156				
30 to 55	44 to 70				
120 to 145	250 to 266				
28	34	 Can be used in various environments at atmospheric pressure to vacuum (10³ [Pa]) Allows baking temperature of 200°C* at a maximum If the baking temperature exceeds 100°C, multiply the basic load rating with the temperature coefficient. 	Medical equipment Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment		
28 to 90	33.5 to 124.5	 Easy mounting and reduced mounting height when using 2 units opposed to each other Superb capability of absorbing mounting error Stainless steel type also 	Cross rails of gantry machine tools Z axis of woodworking machines Z axis of measuring instruments Components opposed to each other		
28 to 55	33.5 to 69.5	since the side faces of the LM block have mounting holes Heavy load, high rigidity available as standard Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also available			
61 to 114	70 to 140		Automated warehouse Garage Gantry robot FMS traveling rail		
61 to 114	70 to 140	 Since the central part of the LM rail is thinly structured, the LM Guide is capable of absorbing an error and achieving smooth motion if the parallelism between the two axes is poor Since the LM rail has a highly rigid sectional shape, it can be used as a structural member 	Lift Conveyance system Welding machine Lifter Crane Forklift Coating machine Shield machine Stage setting		
65 to 124	48 to 100				

					Pagin load rating (IAI)		
Classification		Туре		Specification Table	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
					capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
4-way equal load type	Caged Ball Cross LM Guide		SCR	▶⊠1-168	→ ←	36.8 to 253	64.7 to 408
	Full-Complement LM Guide orthogonal type		CSR	▶⊠1-296		8.33 to 80.4	13.5 to 127.5
	Caged Ball LM Guide - wide, low center of gravity types	The state of the s	SHW-CA	▶⊠1-142	↓ → {}} ↑	4.31 to 70.2	5.66 to 91.4
			SHW-CR, HR	▶⊠1-144		4.31 to 70.2	5.66 to 91.4
	Full-Complement Ball LM Guide - wide, low center of gravity types		HRW-CA	▶⊠1-242		4.31 to 63.8	81.4 to 102
			HRW-CR, LRM	▶⊠1-244		3.29 to 50.2	7.16 to 81.5
	Full-ball Straight - Curved Guide		HMG	▶⊠1-326	→	2.56 to 66.2	Straight section 4.23 to 66.7 Curved section 0.44 to 36.2
	Caged Ball LM Guides Finite stroke	gji	EPF	▶⊠1-176	→ ↑	0.90 to 3.71	1.60 to 5.88
	Full-Complement		HR, HR-T	▶⊠1-264	↓ → \(□ ←	1.57 to 141	3.04 to 206
Interchangeable designs	Ball LM Guide - separate types		GSR-T	▶⊠1-276	↓ →1:-	5.69 to 25.1	8.43 to 33.8
			GSR-V	▶⊠1-276		4.31 to 10.29	5.59 to 12.65
	Full-Complement Ball LM Guides - LM rail-rack intergrated type		GSR-R	▶⊠1-284	↓ → £* ;; ←	10.29 to 25.1	12.65 to 33.8

Selecting a Type

External dimensions (mm)			Major application			
Height	Width	Features	Major application			
70 to 180	88 to 226	A compact XY structure is allowed due to an XY orthogonal, single-piece LM block Since a saddle-less structure is allowed, the machine can be lightweighted and compactly designed Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high speed	 Optical measuring instrument Automatic lathe Inspection equipment Cartesian coordinate Printed circuit board assembler Machine tool table Electric discharge machine 			
47 to 118	38.8 to 129.8	an X1 offiogorial, single-piece Livi block	robot Bonding machine XY axes of horizontal machining center			
12 to 50	40 to 162	 Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound 	 Z axis of IC printed circuit board drilling APC Semiconductor/liquid 			
12 to 50	30 to 130	 Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Wide, low center of gravity, space saving structure Stainless steel type also available as standard 	machine orystal manufacturing crystal manufacturing equipment discharge machine Loader			
17 to 60	60 to 200	rigid Wide, low center of gravity, space	Machining center NC lathe			
12 to 50	30 to 130	 saving structure Stainless steel type also available as standard 	discharge machine			
24 to 90	47 to 170	structure	Large swivel base Pendulum vehicle for railroad Pendulum vehicle for railroad Pantagraph Stage setting Car elevator Optical measuring machine Tool grinder Turntable Tool changer Large swivel base CT scanner Medical equipment Stage setting Car elevator Car elevator Armusement machine Turntable Tool changer			
8 to 16	17 to 32	Caged ball effect using a cage Smooth movement with minimal rolling variation 4-groove construction in a compact body	Semiconductor manufacturing equipment Medical equipment Inspection equipment Industrial machinery			
8.5 to 60	18 to 125	 Low-Profile high rigidity, space saving structure Interchangeable with Cross-Roller Guide Preload can be adjusted Stainless steel type also available as standard 	 XYZ axes of electric discharge machine Precision table XZ axes of NC lathe Assembly robot Conveyance system Machining center Wire-cut electric discharge machine Tool changer Woodworking machine 			
20 to 38	32 to 68	LM block and LM rail are both interchangeable Preload can be adjusted Combined to be adjusted Combined to be adjusted Combined to be adjusted Combined to be adjusted.				
20 to 30	32 to 50	 Capable of absorbing vertical level error and horizontal tolerance for parallelism 	 Industrial robot Various conveyance systems Automated warehouse Palette changer Guide using an aluminum mold base Welding machine Coating machine 			
30 to 38	59.91 to 80.18	LM rail-rack integrated design eliminates assembly and adjustment work LM rail-rack integrated design enables a space-saving structure to be achieved Capable of supporting long strokes	ATC Ocaling machine Car washing machine			

						Basic load	rating (kNI)
	Classification	-	Гуре	Specification Table	Load capacity diagram	Basic load Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
			SRS-S			1.09 to 4.5	0.964 to 3.39
			SRS-M	▶⊠1-158		0.439 to 16.5	0.468 to 20.2
	Caged Ball		SRS-N		+	0.515 to 9.71	0.586 to 8.55
	LM Guides		SRS-WS			1.38 to 6.64	1.35 to 5.94
			SRS-WM	▶⊠1-160		0.584 to 9.12	0.703 to 8.55
			SRS-WN			0.746 to 12.4	0.996 to 12.1
			RSR-M	▶⊠1-254		0.18 to 8.82	0.27 to 12.7
sec	Full-Complement Ball		RSR-M1V	▶⊠1-366		1.47 to 8.82	2.25 to 12.7
Ire ty	LM Guides		RSR-N	▶⊠1-254		0.3 to 14.2	0.44 to 20.6
Miniature types			RSR-M1N	▶⊠1-366	 	2.6 to 14.2	3.96 to 20.6
2			RSR-WM/WV	▶⊠1-254		0.25 to 6.66	0.47 to 9.8
	Full-Complement		RSR-M1WV	▶⊠1-368		2.45 to 6.66	3.92 to 9.8
	Ball LM Guide - wide types		RSR-WN	▶⊠1-254		0.39 to 9.91	0.75 to 14.9
			RSR-M1WN	▶⊠1-368		3.52 to 9.91	5.37 to 14.9
	Full Complement Ball LM Guide - orthogonal type		MX	▶⊠1-302		0.59 to 2.04	1.1 to 3.21
Circular arc types	Full-Complement Ball LM Guides		HCR	▶⊠1-318	→	4.7 to 141	8.53 to 215
Self-aligning types	Full-Complement Ball LM Guides	NZ	NSR-TBC	▶⊠1-332	+ + +	9.41 to 90.8	18.6 to 152

Selecting a Type

External dime	ensions (mm)						
Height	Width	Features	Major application				
8 to 16	17 to 32						
6 to 25	17 to 48	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation	 IC/LSI manufacturing machine Medical equipment Electronic components 				
6 to 16	12 to 32	 Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high speed 	 Hard disc drive Slide unit of OA equipment of electron microscope Optical stage Stepper 				
9 to 16	25 to 60	 Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Stainless steel type also available 	Wafer transfer equipment Plotting machine Feed mechanism of IC				
6.5 to 16	17 to 60	as standard Lightweight and compact	Printed circuit board assembly table bonding machine Inspection equipment				
4 to 25	8 to 46	Stainless steel type also available					
10 to 25	20 to 46	as standard Long type with increased load capacity also offered as standard	IC/LSI manufacturing machine				
4 to 25	8 to 46	 Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also 	Hard disc drive Slide unit of OA equipment Wefer to of OA equipment				
10 to 25	20 to 46	available	Wafer transfer equipment Printed circuit board assembly table Medical equipment				
4.5 to 16	12 to 60	Stainless steel type also available	 Electronic components of electron microscope Optical stage Stepper 				
12 to 16	30 to 60	 as standard Long type with increased load capacity also offered as standard 	Plotting machine Feed mechanism of IC bonding machine				
4.5 to 16	12 to 60	 Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also 	Inspection equipment				
12 to 16	30 to 60	available					
10 to 14.5	15.2 to 30.2	 A compact XY structure is allowed due to an XY orthogonal, single-piece LM block Stainless steel type also available as standard 	IC/LSI manufacturing machine Inspection equipment Slide unit of OA equipment Wafer transfer equipment Wafer transfer equipment Optical stage				
18 to 90	39 to 170	 Circular motion guide in a 4-way equal load design Highly accurate circular motion without play Allows an efficient design with the LM block placed in the loading point Large circular motion easily achieved 					
40 to 105	70 to 175	 Can be used in rough mount due to self-aligning on the fit surface of the case Preload can be adjusted Can be mounted on a black steel sheet 	XY axes of ordinary industrial machinery Various conveyance systems Automated warehouse Palette changer Automatic coating machine Various welding machines				

Calculating the Applied Load

The LM Guide is capable of receiving loads and moments in all directions that are generated due to the mounting orientation, alignment, gravity center position of a traveling object, thrust position and cutting resistance.

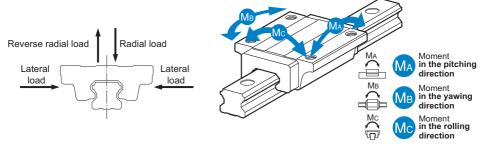


Fig.1 Directions of the Loads Applied on the LM Guide

Calculating an Applied Load

[Single-Axis Use]

Moment Equivalence

When the installation space for the LM Guide is limited, you may have to use only one LM block, or double LM blocks closely contacting with each other. In such a setting, the load distribution is not uniform and, as a result, an excessive load is applied in localized areas (i.e., both ends) as shown in Fig.2. Continued use under such conditions may result in flaking in those areas, consequently shortening the service life. In such a case, calculate the actual load by multiplying the moment value by any one of the equivalent-moment factors specified in Table1 to Table6.

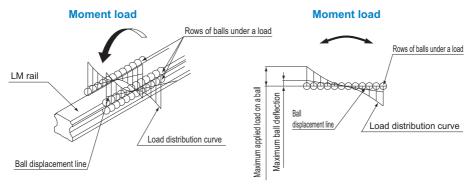


Fig.2 Ball Load when a Moment is Applied

An equivalent-load equation applicable when a moment acts on an LM Guide is shown below.

$P = K \cdot M$

P : Equivalent load per LM Guide (N)

K : Equivalent moment factor

M : Applied moment (N-mm)

Equivalent Factor

Since the rated load is equivalent to the permissible moment, the equivalent factor to be multiplied when equalizing the M_A , M_B and M_C moments to the applied load per block is obtained by dividing the rated loads in the corresponding directions.

With those models other than 4-way equal load types, however, the load ratings in the 4 directions differ from each other. Therefore, the equivalent factor values for the M_A and M_C moments also differ depending on whether the direction is radial or reverse radial.

■Equivalent Factors for the M_A Moment

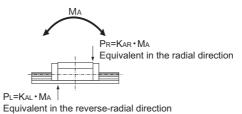
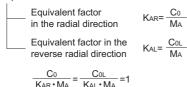


Fig.3 Equivalent Factors for the M_A Moment

Equivalent factors for the MA Moment



■Equivalent Factors for the M_B Moment

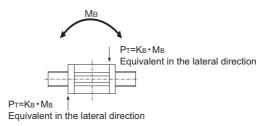
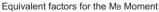
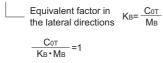
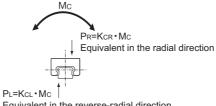


Fig.4 Equivalent Factors for the M_B Moment





■Equivalent Factors for the M_c Moment



Equivalent in the reverse-radial direction

Fig.5 Equivalent Factors for the Mc Moment

Equivalent factors for the Mc Moment

	Equivalent factor	L	CR=	C ₀
ı	in the radial direction	r	CR-	Мс
	 Equivalent factor in th reverse radial direction		CL=	C _{0L}

$$\frac{C_0}{K_{CR} \cdot M_C} = \frac{C_{0L}}{K_{CL} \cdot M_C} = 1$$

C_0	: Basic static load rating (radial direction)	(N)
C_{OL}	: Basic static load rating (reverse radial direction)	(N)
C_{OT}	: Basic static load rating (lateral direction)	(N)
P_{R}	: Calculated load (radial direction)	(N)
P_{L}	: Calculated load (reverse radial direction)	(N)
P_{T}	: Calculated load (lateral direction)	(N)

Calculating the Applied Load

Table1 Equivalent Factors (Models SHS, SSR, SVR, SVS, SHW and SRS)

Model No.					Equivale	ent factor			
IVIOG	iei ino.	K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	K _{B1}	K _{B2}	K _{CR}	Kcl
	15	1.38	× 10 ⁻¹	2.69×10 ⁻²		1.38×10 ⁻¹	2.69×10 ⁻²	1.50	× 10 ⁻¹
	15L	1.07	× 10 ⁻¹	2.22×10 ⁻²		1.07×10 ⁻¹	2.22×10 ⁻²	1.50	× 10 ⁻¹
	20	1.15	× 10 ⁻¹	2.18×10 ⁻²		1.15×10 ⁻¹	2.18×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	20L	8.85	× 10 ⁻²	1.79	× 10 ⁻²	8.85×10 ⁻²	1.79×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	25	9.25	× 10 ⁻²	1.90	× 10 ⁻²	9.25×10 ⁻²	1.90×10 ⁻²	9.29	× 10 ⁻²
	25L	7.62	× 10 ⁻²	1.62	× 10 ⁻²	7.62×10 ⁻²	1.62×10 ⁻²	9.29	× 10 ⁻²
	30	8.47×10 ⁻²		1.63	× 10 ⁻²	8.47×10 ⁻²	1.63×10 ⁻²	7.69	× 10 ⁻²
SHS	30L	6.52×10 ⁻²		1.34	× 10 ⁻²	6.52×10 ⁻²	1.34×10 ⁻²	7.69	× 10 ⁻²
ЭПЭ	35	6.95	× 10 ⁻²	1.43	× 10 ⁻²	6.95×10 ⁻²	1.43×10 ⁻²	6.29	× 10 ⁻²
	35L	5.43	× 10 ⁻²	1.16	× 10 ⁻²	5.43×10 ⁻²	1.16×10 ⁻²	6.29	× 10 ⁻²
	45	6.13	× 10 ⁻²	1.24	× 10 ⁻²	6.13×10 ⁻²	1.24×10 ⁻²	4.69	× 10 ⁻²
	45L	4.79	× 10 ⁻²	1.02	× 10 ⁻²	4.79×10 ⁻²	1.02×10 ⁻²	4.692	× 10 ⁻²
	55	4.97	× 10 ⁻²	1.02	× 10 ⁻²	4.97×10 ⁻²	1.02×10 ⁻²	4.02	× 10 ⁻²
	55L	3.88	× 10 ⁻²	8.30	×10⁻³	3.88×10 ⁻²	8.30×10 ⁻³	4.02	× 10 ⁻²
	65	3.87	× 10 ⁻²	7.91×10 ⁻³		3.87×10 ⁻²	7.91×10 ⁻³	3.40	× 10 ⁻²
	65L	3.06×10 ⁻²		6.51×10 ⁻³		3.06×10 ⁻²	6.51×10 ⁻³	3.40	× 10 ⁻²
	15XW (TB)	2.08×10 ⁻¹	1.04×10 ⁻¹	3.75×10 ⁻²	1.87×10 ⁻²	1.46×10 ⁻¹	2.59×10 ⁻²	1.71×10 ⁻¹	8.57×10 ⁻²
	15XV	3.19×10 ⁻¹	1.60×10 ⁻¹	5.03×10 ⁻²	2.51×10 ⁻²	2.20×10 ⁻¹	3.41×10 ⁻²	1.71×10 ⁻¹	8.57×10 ⁻²
	20XW (TB)	1.69×10 ⁻¹	8.46×10 ⁻²	3.23×10^{-2}	1.62×10 ⁻²	1.19×10 ⁻¹	2.25×10 ⁻²	1.29×10 ⁻¹	6.44×10 ⁻²
SSR	20XV	2.75×10 ⁻¹	1.37×10 ⁻¹	4.28×10^{-2}	2.14×10 ⁻²	1.89×10 ⁻¹	2.89×10 ⁻²	1.29×10 ⁻¹	6.44×10 ⁻²
SSK	25XW (TB)	1.41×10 ⁻¹	7.05×10^{-2}	2.56×10^{-2}	1.28×10 ⁻²	9.86×10 ⁻²	1.77×10 ⁻²	1.10×10 ⁻¹	5.51×10 ⁻²
	25XV	2.15×10 ⁻¹	1.08×10 ⁻¹	3.40×10^{-2}	1.70×10 ⁻²	1.48×10 ⁻¹	2.31×10 ⁻²	1.10×10 ⁻¹	5.51×10 ⁻²
	30XW	1.18×10 ⁻¹	5.91×10 ⁻²	2.19×10 ⁻²	1.10×10 ⁻²	8.26×10 ⁻²	1.52×10 ⁻²	9.22×10 ⁻²	4.61×10 ⁻²
	35XW	1.01×10 ⁻¹	5.03×10 ⁻²	1.92×10 ⁻²	9.60×10 ⁻³	7.04×10 ⁻²	1.33×10 ⁻²	7.64×10 ⁻²	3.82×10 ⁻²
	25	1.13×10 ⁻¹	7.28×10 ⁻²	2.25×10^{-2}	1.45×10 ⁻²	7.14×10 ⁻²	1.43×10 ⁻²	9.59×10 ⁻²	6.17×10 ⁻²
	25L	9.14×10 ⁻²	5.88×10 ⁻²	1.85×10 ⁻²	1.19×10 ⁻²	5.80×10 ⁻²	1.17×10 ⁻²	9.59×10 ⁻²	6.17×10 ⁻²
	30	1.01×10 ⁻¹	6.50×10 ⁻²	1.89×10 ⁻²	1.21×10 ⁻²	6.36×10 ⁻²	1.19×10 ⁻²	8.45×10 ⁻²	5.43×10 ⁻²
	30L	7.56×10^{-2}	4.86×10 ⁻²	1.57×10 ⁻²	1.01×10 ⁻²	4.79×10 ⁻²	1.00×10 ⁻²	8.45×10 ⁻²	5.43×10 ⁻²
	35	9.19×10^{-2}	5.91×10 ⁻²	1.68×10 ⁻²	1.08×10 ⁻²	5.77×10 ⁻²	1.06×10 ⁻²	7.08×10 ⁻²	4.55×10 ⁻²
SVR	35L	6.80×10 ⁻²	4.37×10 ⁻²	1.39×10 ⁻²	8.97×10 ⁻³	4.31×10 ⁻²	8.86×10 ⁻³	7.08×10 ⁻²	4.55×10 ⁻²
OVI	45	6.73×10 ⁻²	4.33×10 ⁻²	1.35×10 ⁻²	8.71×10 ⁻³	4.25×10 ⁻²	8.59×10 ⁻³	5.32×10 ⁻²	3.42×10 ⁻²
	45L	5.40×10 ⁻²	3.47×10 ⁻²	1.10×10 ⁻²	7.09×10 ⁻³	3.41×10 ⁻²	6.97×10 ⁻³	5.30×10 ⁻²	3.41×10 ⁻²
	55	5.89×10 ⁻²	3.79×10 ⁻²	1.14×10 ⁻²	7.35×10 ⁻³	3.72×10 ⁻²	7.24×10 ⁻³	4.63×10 ⁻²	2.98×10 ⁻²
	55L	4.55×10 ⁻²	2.92×10 ⁻²	9.45×10 ⁻³	6.08×10 ⁻³	2.89×10 ⁻²	6.02×10 ⁻³	4.63×10 ⁻²	2.98×10 ⁻²
	65	4.85×10 ⁻²	3.12×10 ⁻²	1.01×10 ⁻²	6.48×10 ⁻³	3.06×10 ⁻²	6.40×10 ⁻³	3.91×10 ⁻²	2.51×10 ⁻²
	65L	3.58×10 ⁻²	2.30×10 ⁻²	7.73×10 ⁻³	4.97×10 ⁻³	2.28×10 ⁻²	4.93×10 ⁻³	3.91×10 ⁻²	2.51×10 ⁻²

Mas	del No.				Equivale	ent factor			
IVIOC	iei No.	K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	К в1	K _{B2}	Kcr	Kcl
	25	1.09×10 ⁻¹	9.14×10 ⁻²	2.17×10 ⁻²	1.82×10 ⁻²	1.00×10 ⁻¹	2.00×10 ⁻²	9.95×10 ⁻²	8.35×10 ⁻²
	25L	8.82×10 ⁻²	7.40×10 ⁻²	1.78×10 ⁻²	1.50×10 ⁻²	8.13×10 ⁻²	1.64×10 ⁻²	9.95×10 ⁻²	8.35×10 ⁻²
	30	9.71×10 ⁻²	8.15×10 ⁻²	1.82×10 ⁻²	1.52×10 ⁻²	8.95×10 ⁻²	1.67×10 ⁻²	8.78×10 ⁻²	7.37×10 ⁻²
	30L	7.29×10 ⁻²	6.11×10 ⁻²	1.51×10 ⁻²	1.27×10 ⁻²	6.72×10 ⁻²	1.39×10 ⁻²	8.78×10 ⁻²	7.37×10 ⁻²
	35	8.84×10 ⁻²	7.42×10 ⁻²	1.61×10 ⁻²	1.35×10 ⁻²	8.14×10 ⁻²	1.48×10 ⁻²	7.36×10 ⁻²	6.17×10 ⁻²
SVS	35L	6.56×10 ⁻²	5.50×10 ⁻²	1.34×10 ⁻²	1.13×10 ⁻²	6.04×10 ⁻²	1.24×10 ⁻²	7.36×10 ⁻²	6.17×10 ⁻²
303	45	6.48×10 ⁻²	5.44×10 ⁻²	1.30×10 ⁻²	1.09×10 ⁻²	5.98×10 ⁻²	1.20×10 ⁻²	5.45×10 ⁻²	4.57×10 ⁻²
	45L	5.22×10 ⁻²	4.38×10 ⁻²	1.07×10 ⁻²	8.94×10 ⁻³	4.81×10 ⁻²	9.81×10 ⁻³	5.44×10 ⁻²	4.56×10 ⁻²
	55	5.67×10 ⁻²	4.76×10 ⁻²	1.10×10 ⁻²	9.24×10 ⁻³	5.23×10 ⁻²	1.01×10 ⁻²	4.78×10 ⁻²	4.01×10 ⁻²
	55L	4.39×10 ⁻²	3.68×10 ⁻²	9.12×10 ⁻³	7.65×10 ⁻³	4.05×10 ⁻²	8.40×10 ⁻³	4.78×10 ⁻²	4.01×10 ⁻²
	65	4.67×10 ⁻²	3.92×10 ⁻²	9.72×10 ⁻³	8.15×10 ⁻³	4.30×10 ⁻²	8.95×10 ⁻³	4.04×10 ⁻²	3.39×10 ⁻²
	65L	3.46×10 ⁻²	2.90×10 ⁻²	7.46×10 ⁻³	6.26×10 ⁻³	3.19×10 ⁻²	6.88×10 ⁻³	4.04×10 ⁻²	3.39×10 ⁻²
	12	2.48	× 10 ⁻¹	4.69	× 10 ⁻²	2.48×10 ⁻¹	4.69×10 ⁻²	1.40	× 10 ⁻¹
	12HR	1.70	× 10 ⁻¹	3.52	× 10 ⁻²	1.70×10 ⁻¹	3.52×10 ⁻²	1.40	×10 ⁻¹
	14	1.92	× 10 ⁻¹	3.80	× 10 ⁻²	1.92×10 ⁻¹	3.80×10 ⁻²	9.93	× 10 ⁻²
CLIVA	17	1.72	× 10 ⁻¹	3.41	× 10 ⁻²	1.72×10 ⁻¹	3.41×10 ⁻²	6.21	× 10 ⁻²
SHW	21	1.59	× 10 ⁻¹	2.95×10 ⁻²		1.59×10 ⁻¹	2.95×10 ⁻²	5.57	× 10 ⁻²
	27	1.21	× 10 ⁻¹	2.39×10 ⁻²		1.21×10 ⁻¹	2.39×10 ⁻²	4.99	× 10 ⁻²
	35	8.15	× 10 ⁻²	1.64	× 10 ⁻²	8.15×10 ⁻²	1.64×10 ⁻²	3.02	× 10 ⁻²
	50	6.22×10 ⁻²		1.24	× 10 ⁻²	6.22×10 ⁻²	1.24×10 ⁻²	2.30	× 10 ⁻²
	5M	6.33	× 10 ⁻¹	9.20×10 ⁻²		6.45×10 ⁻¹	9.30×10 ⁻²	3.85	×10 ⁻¹
	5GM	6.71	× 10 ⁻¹	9.15×10 ⁻²		6.66×10 ⁻¹	9.08×10 ⁻²	3.85	×10 ⁻¹
	5N	5.23	× 10 ⁻¹	7.87×10 ⁻²		5.32×10 ⁻¹	7.99×10 ⁻²	3.86	× 10 ⁻¹
	5GN	5.25	× 10 ⁻¹	7.97×10 ⁻²		5.33×10 ⁻¹	8.12×10 ⁻²	3.84	×10 ⁻¹
	5WM	4.48	× 10 ⁻¹	7.30×10 ⁻²		4.56×10 ⁻¹	7.40×10 ⁻²	1.96	× 10 ⁻¹
	5WGM	4.58	× 10 ⁻¹	7.39	× 10 ⁻²	4.54×10 ⁻¹	7.34×10 ⁻²	1.96	×10 ⁻¹
	5WN	3.31	× 10 ⁻¹	5.93	× 10 ⁻²	3.36×10 ⁻¹	6.02×10 ⁻²	1.96	× 10 ⁻¹
	5WGN	3.31	× 10 ⁻¹	5.97	× 10 ⁻²	3.35×10 ⁻¹	6.05×10 ⁻²	1.96	×10 ⁻¹
	7S	6.03	× 10 ⁻¹	7.65	× 10 ⁻²	6.27×10 ⁻¹	7.91×10 ⁻²	2.58	×10 ⁻¹
SRS	7GS	5.92	× 10 ⁻¹	7.89	× 10 ⁻²	6.14×10 ⁻¹	8.17×10 ⁻²	2.58	×10 ⁻¹
SKS	7M	4.19	× 10 ⁻¹	6.76	× 10 ⁻²	4.18×10 ⁻¹	6.94×10 ⁻²	2.58	×10 ⁻¹
	7GM	4.27	× 10 ⁻¹	6.04	× 10 ⁻²	4.43×10 ⁻¹	6.23×10 ⁻²	2.34	×10 ⁻¹
	7N	2.97	× 10 ⁻¹	5.35	× 10 ⁻²	3.07×10 ⁻¹	5.50×10 ⁻²	2.58	×10 ⁻¹
	7GN	3.11	× 10 ⁻¹	5.35	× 10 ⁻²	3.20×10 ⁻¹	5.51×10 ⁻²	2.58	× 10 ⁻¹
	7WS	4.67	× 10 ⁻¹	6.89	× 10 ⁻²	4.84×10 ⁻¹	7.08×10 ⁻²	1.36	× 10 ⁻¹
	7WGS	5.23	× 10 ⁻¹	6.75	× 10 ⁻²	5.43×10 ⁻¹	6.95×10 ⁻²	1.36	×10 ⁻¹
	7WM	3.01	× 10 ⁻¹	5.32	× 10 ⁻²	3.00×10 ⁻¹	5.46×10 ⁻²	1.36	× 10 ⁻¹
	7WGM	2.83	× 10 ⁻¹	4.87	× 10 ⁻²	2.93×10 ⁻¹	5.02×10 ⁻²	1.24	×10 ⁻¹
	7WN	2.19	× 10 ⁻¹	4.16	× 10 ⁻²	2.24×10 ⁻¹	4.28×10 ⁻²	1.36	× 10 ⁻¹
	7WGN	2.20	× 10 ⁻¹	4.17	× 10 ⁻²	2.27×10 ⁻¹	4.31×10 ⁻²	1.36	×10 ⁻¹
<u> </u>	Cauivalant fo	actor in the M. radi	al direction when	one I M block is use	nd K	· M _s Fouivaler	at factor when	one I M block	io uood

K_{AR1}: Equivalent factor in the M_{*} radial direction when one LM block is used
 K_{AL1}: Equivalent factor in the M_{*} reverse radial direction when one LM block is used
 K_{AR2}: Equivalent factor in the M_{*} radial direction when two
 LM blocks are used in close contact with each other
 K_{AL2}: Equivalent factor in the M_{*} reverse radial direction when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 $K_{\tt B1}$: $M_{\tt B}$ Equivalent factor when one LM block is used $K_{\tt B2}$: $M_{\tt B}$ Equivalent factor when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 $K_{\scriptscriptstyle CR}$: Equivalent factor in the $M_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$ radial direction $K_{\scriptscriptstyle CL}$: Equivalent factor in the $M_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$ reverse radial direction

Calculating the Applied Load

Table2 Equivalent Factors (Models SRS, SCR, EPF and HSR)

Mari					Equival	ent factor			
IVIOC	lel No.	K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	K _{B1}	K _{B2}	K _{CR}	K _{CL}
	9XS	4.86>	≺10 ⁻¹	6.89×10 ⁻²		5.04×10 ⁻¹	7.11×10 ⁻²	2.17	× 10 ⁻¹
	9XGS	5.37>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	6.77×10 ⁻²		5.57×10 ⁻¹	7.00×10 ⁻²	2.17	× 10 ⁻¹
	9XM	2.95>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	5.27×10 ⁻²		3.06×10 ⁻¹	5.43×10 ⁻²	2.17	× 10 ⁻¹
	9XGM	3.10>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	5.28×10 ⁻²		3.19×10 ⁻¹	5.44×10 ⁻²	2.17	× 10 ⁻¹
	9XN	2.13>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	4.12	< 10 ⁻²	2.19×10 ⁻¹	4.23×10 ⁻²	2.17	× 10 ⁻¹
	9XGN	2.18>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	4.14	< 10 ⁻²	2.24×10 ⁻¹	4.27×10 ⁻²	2.17	× 10 ⁻¹
	9WS	4.10>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	5.73	< 10 ⁻²	4.25×10 ⁻¹	5.63×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	9WGS	4.16×10 ⁻¹		5.80>	< 10 ⁻²	4.30×10 ⁻¹	5.98×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	9WM	2.37×10 ⁻¹		4.25	< 10 ⁻²	2.44×10 ⁻¹	4.37×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	9WGM	2.41×10 ⁻¹		4.80	< 10 ⁻²	2.41×10 ⁻¹	4.13×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	9WN	1.74>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.35>	< 10 ⁻²	1.78×10 ⁻¹	3.44×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	9WGN	1.75>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.38	< 10 ⁻²	1.73×10 ⁻¹	3.32×10 ⁻²	1.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	12S	4.55>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	5.60>	< 10 ⁻²	4.55×10 ⁻¹	5.60×10 ⁻²	1.52	× 10 ⁻¹
	12GS	5.04>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	5.51	< 10 ⁻²	5.04×10 ⁻¹	5.51×10 ⁻²	1.52	× 10 ⁻¹
	12M	2.94>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	4.50	< 10 ⁻²	2.94×10 ⁻¹	4.50×10 ⁻²	1.53	× 10 ⁻¹
	12GM	2.93>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	4.49>	< 10 ⁻²	2.93×10 ⁻¹	4.49×10 ⁻²	1.53	× 10 ⁻¹
	12N	1.86>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.51	< 10 ⁻²	1.86×10 ⁻¹	3.51×10 ⁻²	1.53	× 10 ⁻¹
	12GN	1.96>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.50×10 ⁻²		1.96×10 ⁻¹	3.50×10 ⁻²	1.53×10 ⁻¹	
	12WS	3.22>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	5.00×10 ⁻²		3.22×10 ⁻¹	5.00×10 ⁻²	7.97	× 10 ⁻²
SRS	12WGS	3.32>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	5.07×10 ⁻²		3.32×10 ⁻¹	5.07×10 ⁻²	7.97	× 10 ⁻²
SKS	12WM	2.00>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.69×10 ⁻²		2.00×10 ⁻¹	3.69×10^{-2}	7.97	× 10 ⁻²
	12WGM	2.07>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.64×10 ⁻²		2.07×10 ⁻¹ 3.64×10 ⁻²		7.96	× 10 ⁻²
	12WN	1.44>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	2.83×10 ⁻²		1.44×10 ⁻¹ 2.83×10 ⁻²		7.97×10 ⁻²	
	12WGN	1.46>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	2.85	< 10 ⁻²	1.46×10 ⁻¹	2.85×10 ⁻²	7.95	× 10 ⁻²
	15S	3.56>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	4.38	< 10 ⁻²	3.56×10 ⁻¹	4.38×10 ⁻²	1.41	× 10 ⁻¹
	15GS	3.37>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	4.57	< 10 ⁻²	3.37×10 ⁻¹	4.57×10 ⁻²	1.41	× 10 ⁻¹
	15M	2.17>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.69>	< 10 ⁻²	2.17×10 ⁻¹	3.69×10^{-2}	1.41	× 10 ⁻¹
	15GM	2.31>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.61	< 10 ⁻²	2.31×10 ⁻¹	3.61×10 ⁻²	1.41	× 10 ⁻¹
	15N	1.43>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	2.73	< 10 ⁻²	1.43×10 ⁻¹	2.73×10 ⁻²	1.41	× 10 ⁻¹
	15GN	1.45>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	2.75>	< 10 ⁻²	1.45×10 ⁻¹	2.75×10 ⁻²	1.41	× 10 ⁻¹
	15WS	2.34>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.76>	< 10 ⁻²	2.34×10 ⁻¹	3.76×10 ⁻²	4.83	× 10 ⁻²
	15WGS	2.34>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.81	< 10 ⁻²	2.34×10 ⁻¹	3.81×10 ⁻²	4.84	× 10 ⁻²
	15WM	1.67>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	2.94	< 10 ⁻²	1.67×10 ⁻¹	2.94×10 ⁻²	4.83	× 10 ⁻²
	15WGM	1.63>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	2.93	< 10 ⁻²	1.63×10 ⁻¹	2.93×10 ⁻²	4.83	× 10 ⁻²
	15WN	1.13>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	2.27	< 10 ⁻²	1.13×10 ⁻¹	2.27×10 ⁻²	4.83	× 10 ⁻²
	15WGN	1.15>	≺10 ⁻¹	2.28	< 10 ⁻²	1.15×10 ⁻¹	2.28×10 ⁻²	4.83×10 ⁻²	
	20M	1.80>	≺ 10 ⁻¹	3.30>	< 10 ⁻²	1.86×10 ⁻¹ 3.41×10 ⁻²		9.34×10 ⁻²	
	20GM	2.10×10 ⁻¹		3.88×10 ⁻²		2.10×10 ⁻¹ 3.87×10 ⁻²		1.03×10 ⁻¹	
	25M	1.14×10 ⁻¹		2.17	< 10 ⁻²	1.14×10 ⁻¹ 2.17×10 ⁻²		8.13×10 ⁻²	
	25GM	1.23>	< 10⁻¹	2.32	< 10 ⁻²	1.23×10 ⁻¹	2.32×10 ⁻²	8.75	× 10 ⁻²

Mar	lal Nia	Equivalent factor								
IVIOC	del No.	K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	K _{B1}	K _{B2}	Kcr	KcL	
	15S	1.38	× 10 ⁻¹	2.69	< 10 ⁻²	1.38	×10 ⁻¹	1.50	× 10 ⁻¹	
	20S	1.15	× 10 ⁻¹	2.18	< 10 ⁻²	1.15	×10 ⁻¹	1.06	×10 ⁻¹	
	20	8.85	× 10 ⁻²	1.79×10 ⁻²		8.85	8.85×10 ⁻²		×10 ⁻¹	
SCR	25	9.25	× 10 ⁻²	1.90×10 ⁻²		9.25×10 ⁻²	1.90×10 ⁻²	9.29	×10 ⁻²	
SUR	30	8.47	× 10 ⁻²	1.63	< 10 ⁻²	8.47×10 ⁻²	1.63×10 ⁻²	7.69	×10 ⁻²	
	35	6.95	× 10 ⁻²	1.43	< 10 ⁻²	6.95×10 ⁻²	1.43×10 ⁻²	6.29	×10 ⁻²	
	45	6.13	× 10 ⁻²	1.24	< 10 ⁻²	6.13×10 ⁻²	1.24×10 ⁻²	4.69	×10 ⁻²	
	65	3.87×10 ⁻²		7.91	< 10 ⁻³	3.87×10 ⁻²	7.91×10 ⁻³	3.40	×10 ⁻²	
	7M	3.55	× 10 ⁻¹	_	_	3.55×10 ⁻¹		2.86	×10 ⁻¹	
	9M	3.10	× 10 ⁻¹	_	-	3.10×10 ⁻¹		2.22	×10 ⁻¹	
EPF	12M	2.68	× 10 ⁻¹	_	_	2.68×10 ⁻¹		1.67	×10 ⁻¹	
	15M	2.00	× 10 ⁻¹	_	-	2.00×10 ⁻¹		1.34	×10 ⁻¹	
	8	4.39	× 10 ⁻¹	6.75	< 10 ⁻²	4.39×10 ⁻¹	6.75×10 ⁻²	2.97	×10 ⁻¹	
	10	3.09	× 10 ⁻¹	5.33	< 10 ⁻²	3.09×10 ⁻¹	5.33×10 ⁻²	2.35	×10 ⁻¹	
	12	2.08	× 10 ⁻¹	3.74	< 10 ⁻²	2.08×10 ⁻¹	3.74×10 ⁻²	1.91	×10 ⁻¹	
	15	1.682	× 10 ⁻¹	2.95	< 10 ⁻²	1.68×10 ⁻¹	2.95×10 ⁻²	1.60	×10 ⁻¹	
	20	1.25	× 10 ⁻¹	2.28	< 10 ⁻²	1.25×10 ⁻¹	2.28×10 ⁻²	1.18	×10 ⁻¹	
	20L	9.83	× 10 ⁻²	1.91	< 10 ⁻²	9.83×10 ⁻²	1.91×10 ⁻²	1.18	×10 ⁻¹	
	25	1.12×10-1		2.01	< 10 ⁻²	1.12×10 ⁻¹	2.01×10 ⁻²	1.00	×10 ⁻¹	
	25L	8.662	× 10 ⁻²	1.68	< 10 ⁻²	8.66×10 ⁻²	1.68×10 ⁻²	1.00	×10 ⁻¹	
	30		× 10 ⁻²		< 10 ⁻²	8.93×10 ⁻²	1.73×10 ⁻²		×10 ⁻²	
	30L	7.02	× 10 ⁻²	1.43	< 10 ⁻²	7.02×10 ⁻²	1.43×10 ⁻²	8.31	×10 ⁻²	
	35	7.81	× 10 ⁻²	1.55	< 10 ⁻²	7.81×10 ⁻²	1.55×10 ⁻²	6.74	×10 ⁻²	
	35L	6.15	× 10 ⁻²	1.28	< 10 ⁻²	6.15×10 ⁻²	1.28×10 ⁻²	6.74	×10 ⁻²	
	45	6.71	× 10 ⁻²	1.21	< 10 ⁻²	6.71×10 ⁻²	1.21×10 ⁻²	5.22	×10 ⁻²	
HSR	45L	5.20	X 10 ⁻²	1.00>	< 10 ⁻²	5.20×10 ⁻²	1.00×10 ⁻²	5.22	×10 ⁻²	
	55	5.59	× 10 ⁻²	1.03	< 10 ⁻²	5.59×10 ⁻²	1.03×10 ⁻²	4.27	×10 ⁻²	
	55L	4.33	× 10 ⁻²	8.56	< 10 ⁻³	4.33×10 ⁻²	8.56×10 ⁻³	4.27	×10 ⁻²	
	65	4.47	× 10 ⁻²	9.13	< 10 ⁻³	4.47×10 ⁻²	9.13×10 ⁻³	3.69	×10 ⁻²	
	65L	3.28	× 10 ⁻²	7.06	< 10 ⁻³	3.28×10 ⁻²	7.06×10 ⁻³	3.69	×10 ⁻²	
	85	3.73	× 10 ⁻²	6.80	< 10 ⁻³	3.73×10 ⁻²	6.80×10 ⁻³	2.79	×10 ⁻²	
	85L	2.89	× 10 ⁻²	5.68	< 10 ⁻³	2.89×10 ⁻²	5.68×10 ⁻³	2.79	×10 ⁻²	
	100	2.60	× 10 ⁻²	5.15	< 10 ⁻³	2.60×10 ⁻²	5.15×10 ⁻³	2.25	×10 ⁻²	
	120	2.36	× 10 ⁻²	4.72	< 10 ⁻³	2.36×10 ⁻²	4.72×10 ⁻³	1.97	×10 ⁻²	
	150	2.17	×10 ⁻²	4.35		2.17×10 ⁻²	4.35×10 ⁻³	1.61	× 10 ⁻²	
	15M2A	1.65	× 10 ⁻¹	2.89	< 10 ⁻²	1.65×10 ⁻¹			×10 ⁻¹	
	20M2A	1.23	×10 ⁻¹	2.23		1.23×10 ⁻¹ 2.23×10 ⁻²				
	25M2A			1.98	< 10 ⁻²	1.10×10 ⁻¹ 1.98×10 ⁻²		1.14	×10 ⁻¹	
· ·	Fauit tolon	t factor in the	M, radial dire	otion whon on	o V	· Fauivalent fa	otor in the M r	overse redial a	line etiene oule en	

 $K_{\text{AR1}}\,$: Equivalent factor in the M_{A} radial direction when one LM block is used

KAL1: Equivalent factor in the MA reverse radial direction

when one LM block is used

K_{AR2}: Equivalent factor in the M_A radial direction when two
LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 K_{AL2} : Equivalent factor in the M_{A} reverse radial direction when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

K_{B1}: M_B Equivalent factor when one LM block is used
K_{B2}: M_B Equivalent factor when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

K_{CR}: Equivalent factor in the M_C radial direction
K_{CL}: Equivalent factor in the M_C reverse radial direction

Calculating the Applied Load

Table3 Equivalent Factors (Models SR and NR)

N4	dal Nia				Equivale	ent factor			
Model No.		K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	K _{B1}	K _{B2}	K _{CR}	K _{CL}
	15W (TB)	2.09×10 ⁻¹	1.04×10 ⁻¹	3.74×10 ⁻²	1.87×10 ⁻²	1.46×10 ⁻¹	2.58×10 ⁻²	1.70×10 ⁻¹	8.48×10 ⁻²
	15V (SB)	3.40×10 ⁻¹	1.70×10 ⁻¹	4.94×10 ⁻²	2.47×10 ⁻²	2.35×10 ⁻¹	3.32×10 ⁻²	1.70×10 ⁻¹	8.48×10 ⁻²
	20W (TB)	1.72×10 ⁻¹	8.61×10 ⁻²	3.24×10 ⁻²	1.62×10 ⁻²	1.21×10 ⁻¹	2.25×10 ⁻²	1.30×10 ⁻¹	6.49×10 ⁻²
	20V (SB)	2.72×10 ⁻¹	1.36×10 ⁻¹	4.33×10 ⁻²	2.16×10 ⁻²	1.88×10 ⁻¹	2.94×10 ⁻²	1.30×10 ⁻¹	6.49×10 ⁻²
	25W (TB)	1.38×10 ⁻¹	6.89×10 ⁻²	2.59×10 ⁻²	1.30×10 ⁻²	9.67×10 ⁻²	1.80×10 ⁻²	1.11×10 ⁻¹	5.55×10 ⁻²
	25V (SB)	2.17×10 ⁻¹	1.09×10 ⁻¹	3.46×10 ⁻²	1.73×10 ⁻²	1.51×10 ⁻¹	2.35×10 ⁻²	1.11×10 ⁻¹	5.55×10 ⁻²
	30W (TB)	1.15×10 ⁻¹	5.74×10 ⁻²	2.22×10 ⁻²	1.11×10 ⁻²	8.06×10 ⁻²	1.55×10 ⁻²	9.22×10 ⁻²	4.61×10 ⁻²
SR	30V (SB)	1.99×10 ⁻¹	9.93×10 ⁻²	2.99×10 ⁻²	1.49×10 ⁻²	1.37×10 ⁻¹	2.02×10 ⁻²	9.22×10 ⁻²	4.61×10 ⁻²
SK	35W (TB)	1.04×10 ⁻¹	5.21×10 ⁻²	1.92×10 ⁻²	9.61×10 ⁻³	7.31×10 ⁻²	1.33×10 ⁻²	7.64×10 ⁻²	3.82×10 ⁻²
	35V (SB)	1.70×10 ⁻¹	8.51×10 ⁻²	2.61×10 ⁻²	1.31×10 ⁻²	1.17×10 ⁻¹	1.77×10 ⁻²	7.64×10 ⁻²	3.82×10 ⁻²
	45W (TB)	9.12×10 ⁻²	4.56×10 ⁻²	1.69×10 ⁻²	8.47×10 ⁻³	6.39×10 ⁻²	1.17×10 ⁻²	5.71×10 ⁻²	2.85×10 ⁻²
	55W (TB)	6.89×10 ⁻²	3.44×10 ⁻²	1.39×10 ⁻²	6.93×10 ⁻³	4.84×10 ⁻²	9.66×10 ⁻³	5.46×10 ⁻²	2.73×10 ⁻²
	15MSV	4.03×10 ⁻¹	2.50×10 ⁻¹	6.23×10 ⁻¹	3.86×10 ⁻¹	3.30×10 ⁻²	4.98×10 ⁻²	2.76×10 ⁻¹	1.71×10 ⁻¹
	15MSW	2.43×10 ⁻¹	1.50×10 ⁻¹	3.88×10 ⁻¹	2.40×10 ⁻¹	2.46×10 ⁻²	3.84×10 ⁻²	2.74×10 ⁻¹	1.70×10 ⁻¹
	20MSV	3.19×10 ⁻¹	1.97×10 ⁻¹	4.94×10 ⁻¹	3.06×10 ⁻¹	2.85×10 ⁻²	4.36×10 ⁻²	2.10×10 ⁻¹	1.30×10 ⁻¹
	20MSW	1.99×10 ⁻¹	1.24×10 ⁻¹	3.18×10 ⁻¹	1.97×10 ⁻¹	2.11×10 ⁻²	3.33×10 ⁻²	2.09×10 ⁻¹	1.30×10 ⁻¹
	25X	1.10×10 ⁻¹	7.78×10 ⁻²	2.19×10 ⁻²	1.55×10 ⁻²	8.11×10 ⁻²	1.63×10 ⁻²	9.26×10 ⁻²	6.58×10 ⁻²
	25XL	8.91×10 ⁻²	6.33×10 ⁻²	1.79×10 ⁻²	1.27×10 ⁻²	6.55×10 ⁻²	1.33×10 ⁻²	9.26×10 ⁻²	6.58×10 ⁻²
	30	9.66×10 ⁻²	6.86×10 ⁻²	1.84×10 ⁻²	1.31×10 ⁻²	7.05×10 ⁻²	1.35×10 ⁻²	8.28×10 ⁻²	5.88×10 ⁻²
	30L	7.43×10 ⁻²	5.27×10 ⁻²	1.52×10 ⁻²	1.08×10 ⁻²	5.47×10 ⁻²	1.13×10 ⁻²	8.28×10 ⁻²	5.88×10 ⁻²
	35	8.82×10 ⁻²	6.26×10 ⁻²	1.64×10 ⁻²	1.16×10 ⁻²	6.42×10 ⁻²	1.20×10 ⁻²	6.92×10 ⁻²	4.91×10 ⁻²
	35L	6.67×10 ⁻²	4.74×10 ⁻²	1.35×10 ⁻²	9.61×10 ⁻³	4.90×10 ⁻²	1.00×10 ⁻²	6.92×10 ⁻²	4.91×10 ⁻²
	45	6.84×10 ⁻²	4.86×10 ⁻²	1.30×10 ⁻²	9.23×10 ⁻³	5.00×10 ⁻²	9.58×10 ⁻³	5.19×10 ⁻²	3.68×10 ⁻²
	45L	5.11×10 ⁻²	3.62×10 ⁻²	1.08×10 ⁻²	7.66×10 ⁻³	3.79×10 ⁻²	8.07×10 ⁻³	5.19×10 ⁻²	3.68×10 ⁻²
NR	55	5.75×10 ⁻²	4.08×10 ⁻²	1.11×10 ⁻²	7.90×10 ⁻³	4.21×10 ⁻²	8.21×10 ⁻³	4.44×10 ⁻²	3.15×10 ⁻²
INIX	55L	4.53×10 ⁻²	3.22×10 ⁻²	9.16×10 ⁻³	6.51×10 ⁻³	3.34×10 ⁻²	6.79×10 ⁻³	4.44×10 ⁻²	3.15×10 ⁻²
	65	4.97×10 ⁻²	3.53×10 ⁻²	9.74×10 ⁻³	6.91×10 ⁻³	3.64×10 ⁻²	7.18×10 ⁻³	3.75×10 ⁻²	2.66×10 ⁻²
	65L	3.56×10 ⁻²	2.53×10 ⁻²	7.51×10 ⁻³	5.33×10 ⁻³	2.65×10 ⁻²	5.61×10 ⁻³	3.75×10 ⁻²	2.66×10 ⁻²
	75	4.21×10 ⁻²	2.99×10 ⁻²	8.31×10 ⁻³	5.90×10 ⁻³	3.08×10 ⁻²	6.13×10 ⁻³	3.16×10 ⁻²	2.24×10 ⁻²
	75L	3.14×10 ⁻²	2.23×10 ⁻²	6.74×10 ⁻³	4.78×10 ⁻³	2.33×10 ⁻²	5.04×10 ⁻³	3.16×10 ⁻²	2.24×10 ⁻²
	85	3.70×10 ⁻²	2.62×10 ⁻²	7.31×10 ⁻³	5.19×10 ⁻³	2.71×10 ⁻²	5.40×10 ⁻³	2.80×10 ⁻²	1.99×10 ⁻²
	85L	2.80×10 ⁻²	1.99×10 ⁻²	6.07×10 ⁻³	4.31×10 ⁻³	2.08×10 ⁻²	4.55×10 ⁻³	2.80×10 ⁻²	1.99×10 ⁻²
	100	3.05×10 ⁻²	2.17×10 ⁻²	6.20×10 ⁻³	4.41×10 ⁻³	2.26×10 ⁻²	4.63×10 ⁻³	2.38×10 ⁻²	1.69×10 ⁻²
	100L	2.74×10 ⁻²	1.95×10 ⁻²	5.46×10 ⁻³	3.87×10 ⁻³	2.00×10 ⁻²	4.00×10 ⁻³	2.38×10 ⁻²	1.69×10 ⁻²

KAR1: Equivalent factor in the MA radial direction when one LM block is used

K_{AL1}: Equivalent factor in the M_A reverse radial direction when one LM block is used
K_{AR2}: Equivalent factor in the M_A radial direction when two

LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

K_{AL2}: Equivalent factor in the M_A reverse radial direction when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 $K_{\tt B1}$: $M_{\tt B}$ Equivalent factor when one LM block is used $K_{\tt B2}$: $M_{\tt B}$ Equivalent factor when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

K_{CR}: Equivalent factor in the M_c radial direction

K_{CL}: Equivalent factor in the M_c reverse radial direction

Table4 Equivalent Factors (Models NRS, HRW and RSR)

Mari	I=1 NI=				Equivale	ent factor			
IVIOC	lel No.	K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	K _{B1}	K _{B2}	K _{CR}	K _{CL}
	25X	1.05	× 10 ⁻¹	2.11	× 10 ⁻²	1.05×10 ⁻¹	2.11×10 ⁻²	9.41	× 10 ⁻²
	25XL	8.60	×10 ⁻²	1.73×10 ⁻²		8.60×10 ⁻²	1.73×10 ⁻²	9.41	× 10 ⁻²
	30	9.30	×10 ⁻²	1.77×10 ⁻²		9.30×10 ⁻²	1.77×10 ⁻²	8.44	× 10 ⁻²
	30L	7.17	× 10 ⁻²	1.47	× 10 ⁻²	7.17×10 ⁻²	1.47×10 ⁻²	8.44	× 10 ⁻²
	35	8.47	× 10 ⁻²	1.57	× 10 ⁻²	8.47×10 ⁻²	1.57×10 ⁻²	7.08	× 10 ⁻²
	35L	6.44	×10 ⁻²	1.31	×10 ⁻²	6.44×10 ⁻²	1.31×10 ⁻²	7.08	×10 ⁻²
	45	6.58	× 10 ⁻²	1.25	× 10 ⁻²	6.58×10 ⁻²	1.25×10 ⁻²	5.26	× 10 ⁻²
	45L	4.92×10 ⁻²		1.04	×10 ⁻²	4.92×10 ⁻²	1.04×10 ⁻²	5.26	×10 ⁻²
NRS	55	5.54	×10 ⁻²	1.07	×10 ⁻²	5.54×10 ⁻²	1.07×10 ⁻²	4.52	× 10 ⁻²
INKS	55L	4.38×10 ⁻²		8.85	×10 ⁻³	4.38×10 ⁻²	8.85×10 ⁻³	4.52	× 10 ⁻²
	65	4.79	×10 ⁻²	9.38	×10 ⁻³	4.79×10 ⁻²	9.38×10 ⁻³	3.81	× 10 ⁻²
	65L	3.43	×10 ⁻²	7.25	×10 ⁻³	3.43×10 ⁻²	7.25×10 ⁻³	3.81	× 10 ⁻²
	75	4.05	×10 ⁻²	8.01	×10 ⁻³	4.05×10 ⁻²	8.01×10 ⁻³	3.20	×10 ⁻²
	75L	3.03	×10 ⁻²	6.50×10 ⁻³		3.03×10 ⁻²	6.50×10 ⁻³	3.20	× 10 ⁻²
	85	3.56×10 ⁻²		7.05	×10 ⁻³	3.56×10 ⁻²	7.05×10 ⁻³	2.83	× 10 ⁻²
	85L	2.70×10 ⁻²		5.87	×10 ⁻³	2.70×10 ⁻²	5.87×10 ⁻³	2.83	× 10 ⁻²
	100	2.93×10 ⁻²		5.97	×10 ⁻³	2.93×10 ⁻²	5.97×10 ⁻³	2.41	× 10 ⁻²
	100L	2.65	×10 ⁻²	5.27	×10 ⁻³	2.65×10 ⁻²	5.27×10 ⁻³	2.41	× 10 ⁻²
	12	2.72×10 ⁻¹	1.93×10 ⁻¹	5.16×10 ⁻²	3.65×10 ⁻²	5.47×10 ⁻¹	1.04×10 ⁻¹	1.40×10 ⁻¹	9.92×10 ⁻²
	14	2.28×10 ⁻¹	1.61×10 ⁻¹	4.16×10 ⁻²	2.94×10 ⁻²	4.54×10 ⁻¹	8.28×10 ⁻²	1.01×10 ⁻¹	7.18×10 ⁻²
	17	1.95	×10 ⁻¹	3.33	× 10 ⁻²	1.95×10 ⁻¹	3.33×10^{-2}	6.32	× 10 ⁻²
HRW	21	1.64	×10 ⁻¹	2.89×10 ⁻²		1.64×10 ⁻¹	2.89×10^{-2}	5.92	× 10 ⁻²
ILIKAA	27	1.30	× 10 ⁻¹	2.33	× 10 ⁻²	1.30×10 ⁻¹	2.33×10 ⁻²	5.12	× 10 ⁻²
	35	8.66	×10 ⁻²	1.59	× 10 ⁻²	8.66×10 ⁻²	1.59×10 ⁻²	3.06	×10 ⁻²
	50	6.50	×10 ⁻²	1.21	× 10 ⁻²	6.50×10 ⁻²	1.21×10 ⁻²	2.35	× 10 ⁻²
	60	5.77	×10 ⁻²	8.24	× 10 ⁻³	5.77×10 ⁻²	8.24×10 ⁻³	1.77	×10 ⁻²
	2N	6.81	× 10 ⁻¹	1.28	× 10 ⁻¹	6.81×10 ⁻¹	1.28×10 ⁻¹	8.69	× 10 ⁻¹
	2WN	5.10	×10 ⁻¹	9.32	× 10 ⁻²	5.10×10 ⁻¹	9.32×10 ⁻²	4.54	× 10 ⁻¹
	3М	9.20	× 10 ⁻¹	1.27	× 10 ⁻¹	9.20×10 ⁻¹	1.27×10 ⁻¹	6.06	× 10 ⁻¹
RSR	3N	6.06	× 10 ⁻¹	1.01	× 10 ⁻¹	6.06×10 ⁻¹	1.01×10 ⁻¹	6.06	× 10 ⁻¹
	3W	7.03	× 10 ⁻¹	1.06	×10 ⁻¹	7.03×10 ⁻¹	1.06×10 ⁻¹	3.17	×10 ⁻¹
	3WN	4.76	× 10 ⁻¹	8.27	×10 ⁻²	4.76×10 ⁻¹	8.27×10 ⁻²	3.17	×10 ⁻¹
	14WV	2.10×10 ⁻¹	1.47×10 ⁻¹	3.89×10 ⁻²	2.73×10 ⁻²	1.69×10 ⁻¹	3.10×10 ⁻²	8.22×10 ⁻²	5.75×10 ⁻²
K,,,,	Fauivalei	nt factor in the	M _A radial dire	ction when or	ie K _{B1}	: M₅ Equivaler	nt factor when	one LM block	is used

 $K_{\mbox{\tiny AR1}}$: Equivalent factor in the $M_{\mbox{\tiny A}}$ radial direction when one LM block is used

K_{AL1}: Equivalent factor in the M_A reverse radial direction when one LM block is used

K_{AR2}: Equivalent factor in the M_A radial direction when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other
 K_{AL2}: Equivalent factor in the M_A reverse radial direction when

two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 K_{B1} : M_{B} Equivalent factor when one LM block is used K_{B2} : M_{B} Equivalent factor when two LM blocks are used in

close contact with each other

 $K_{\scriptscriptstyle CR}$: Equivalent factor in the $M_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$ radial direction $K_{\scriptscriptstyle CL}$: Equivalent factor in the $M_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$ reverse radial direction

Calculating the Applied Load

Table5 Equivalent Factors (Models HR, GSR, CSR, MX and JR)

					Equivale	ent factor			
Mod	lel No.	K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	K _{B1}	K _{B2}	K _{CR}	KcL
	918	2.65	× 10 ⁻¹	3.58	× 10 ⁻²	2.65×10 ⁻¹	3.58×10 ⁻²	_	_
	1123	2.08	× 10 ⁻¹	3.17	× 10 ⁻²	2.08×10 ⁻¹	3.17×10 ⁻²	_	_
	1530	1.56	× 10 ⁻¹	2.39×10 ⁻²		1.56×10 ⁻¹	2.39×10 ⁻²	_	_
	2042	1.11	× 10 ⁻¹	1.80×10 ⁻²		1.11×10 ⁻¹	1.80×10 ⁻²	_	_
	2042T	8.64	× 10 ⁻²	1.53	× 10 ⁻²	8.64×10 ⁻²	1.53×10 ⁻²	_	_
	2555	7.79	× 10 ⁻²	1.38	× 10 ⁻²	7.79×10 ⁻²	1.38×10 ⁻²	_	_
	2555T	6.13×10 ⁻²		1.17	× 10 ⁻²	6.13×10 ⁻²	1.17×10 ⁻²	_	_
HR	3065	6.92×10 ⁻²		1.15	× 10 ⁻²	6.92×10 ⁻²	1.15×10 ⁻²	_	_
ПК	3065T	5.45×10 ⁻²		9.92	× 10 ⁻³	5.45×10 ⁻²	9.92×10 ⁻³	_	_
	3575	6.23	× 10 ⁻²	1.08	× 10 ⁻²	6.23×10 ⁻²	1.08×10 ⁻²	_	_
	3575T	4.90	× 10 ⁻²	9.42	× 10 ⁻³	4.90×10 ⁻²	9.42×10 ⁻³	_	_
	4085	5.19	× 10 ⁻²	9.53	× 10 ⁻³	5.19×10 ⁻²	9.53×10 ⁻³	_	_
	4085T	4.09	× 10 ⁻²	7.97	× 10 ⁻³	4.09×10 ⁻²	7.97×10 ⁻³	_	_
	50105	4.15	× 10 ⁻²	7.40	× 10 ⁻³	4.15×10 ⁻²	7.40×10 ⁻³	_	_
	50105T	3.27	× 10 ⁻²	6.26×10 ⁻³		3.27×10 ⁻²	6.26×10 ⁻³	_	_
	60125	2.88	× 10 ⁻²	5.18	× 10 ⁻³	2.88×10 ⁻²	5.18×10 ⁻³	_	_
	15T	1.61×10 ⁻¹	1.44×10 ⁻¹	2.88×10 ⁻²	2.59×10 ⁻²	1.68×10 ⁻¹	3.01×10 ⁻²	_	_
	15V	2.21×10 ⁻¹	1.99×10 ⁻¹	3.54×10 ⁻²	3.18×10 ⁻²	2.30×10 ⁻¹	3.68×10 ⁻²	_	_
	20T	1.28×10 ⁻¹	1.16×10 ⁻¹	2.34×10 ⁻²	2.10×10 ⁻²	1.34×10 ⁻¹	2.44×10 ⁻²	_	_
GSR	20V	1.77×10 ⁻¹	1.59×10 ⁻¹	2.87×10 ⁻²	2.58×10 ⁻²	1.84×10 ⁻¹	2.99×10 ⁻²	_	_
GSK	25T	1.07×10 ⁻¹	9.63×10 ⁻²	1.97×10 ⁻²	1.77×10 ⁻²	1.12×10 ⁻¹	2.06×10 ⁻²	_	_
	25V	1.47×10 ⁻¹	1.33×10 ⁻¹	2.42×10^{-2}	2.18×10 ⁻²	1.53×10 ⁻¹	2.52×10 ⁻²	_	_
	30T	9.17×10 ⁻²	8.26×10 ⁻²	1.68×10 ⁻²	1.51×10 ⁻²	9.59×10 ⁻²	1.76×10 ⁻²	_	_
	35T	8.03×10 ⁻²	7.22×10 ⁻²	1.48×10 ⁻²	1.33×10 ⁻²	8.39×10 ⁻²	1.55×10 ⁻²	_	
	15	1.68	× 10 ⁻¹	2.95	× 10 ⁻²	1.68×10⁻¹	2.95×10 ⁻²	1.60	× 10 ⁻¹
	20S	1.25	× 10 ⁻¹	2.28	× 10 ⁻²	1.25×10 ⁻¹	2.28×10 ⁻²	1.18	× 10 ⁻¹
	20	9.83	× 10 ⁻²	1.91	× 10 ⁻²	9.83×10 ⁻²	1.91×10 ⁻²	1.18	× 10 ⁻¹
	25S	1.12	× 10 ⁻¹	2.01	× 10 ⁻²	1.12×10 ⁻¹	2.01×10 ⁻²	1.00	× 10 ⁻¹
CSR	25	8.66	× 10 ⁻²	1.68	× 10 ⁻²	8.66×10 ⁻²	1.68×10 ⁻²	1.00	× 10 ⁻¹
	30S	8.93	× 10 ⁻²	1.73	× 10 ⁻²	8.93×10 ⁻²	1.73×10 ⁻²	8.31	× 10 ⁻²
	30	7.02	× 10 ⁻²	1.43	× 10 ⁻²	7.02×10 ⁻²	1.43×10 ⁻²	8.31	× 10 ⁻²
	35	6.15	× 10 ⁻²	1.28	× 10 ⁻²	6.15×10 ⁻²	1.28×10 ⁻²	6.74	× 10 ⁻²
	45	5.20	× 10 ⁻²	1.00	× 10 ⁻²	5.20×10 ⁻²	1.00×10 ⁻²	5.22	× 10 ⁻²
MX	5	4.27	× 10 ⁻¹	7.01	× 10 ⁻²	4.27×10 ⁻¹	7.01×10 ⁻²	3.85	× 10 ⁻¹
	7W		×10 ⁻¹		× 10 ⁻²	2.18×10 ⁻¹	4.13×10 ⁻²		× 10 ⁻¹
	25	1.12	× 10 ⁻¹	2.01	× 10 ⁻²	1.12×10 ⁻¹	2.01×10 ⁻²	1.00	× 10 ⁻¹
JR	35	7.81	× 10 ⁻²	1.55	× 10 ⁻²	7.81×10 ⁻²	1.55×10 ⁻²	-	× 10 ⁻²
"	45	-	× 10 ⁻²		× 10 ⁻²	6.71×10 ⁻²	1.21×10 ⁻²		× 10 ⁻²
	55	5.59	× 10 ⁻²	1.03	× 10 ⁻²	5.59×10 ⁻²	1.03×10 ⁻²	4.27	× 10 ⁻²

 K_{AR1} : Equivalent factor in the M_{A} radial direction when one LM block is used K_{AL1} : Equivalent factor in the M_{A} reverse radial direction when one LM block is used

 $K_{\mbox{\tiny AR2}}\,$: Equivalent factor in the $M_{\mbox{\tiny A}}$ radial direction when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

KAL2 : Equivalent factor in the MA reverse radial direction when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

K_{B1}: M_B Equivalent factor when one LM block is used K_{B2}: M_B Equivalent factor when two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

KcR: Equivalent factor in the Mc radial direction

KcL: Equivalent factor in the Mc reverse radial direction

Table6 Equivalent Factors (Model NSR, SRG, SRN and SRW)

		Equivalent factor							
Mod	el No.	K _{AR1}	K _{AL1}	K _{AR2}	K _{AL2}	K _{B1}	K _{B2}	K _{CR}	K _{CL}
	20TBC	2.29>	× 10 ⁻¹	2.68>	< 10 ⁻²	2.29×10 ⁻¹	2.68×10 ⁻²	_	_
	25TBC	2.01>	× 10 ⁻¹	2.27>	< 10 ⁻²	2.01×10 ⁻¹	2.27×10 ⁻²	_	_
NOD	30TBC	1.85>	× 10 ⁻¹	1.93>	< 10 ⁻²	1.85×10 ⁻¹	1.93×10 ⁻²	_	
NSR	40TBC	1.39>	× 10 ⁻¹	1.60>	< 10 ⁻²	1.39×10 ⁻¹	1.60×10 ⁻²	_	_
	50TBC	1.24>	× 10 ⁻¹	1.42>	< 10 ⁻²	1.24×10 ⁻¹	1.42×10 ⁻²	_	_
	70TBC	9.99×10 ⁻²		1.15>	< 10 ⁻²	9.99×10 ⁻²	1.15×10 ⁻²	_	_
	15	1.23×10 ⁻¹		2.07>	< 10 ⁻²	1.23×10 ⁻¹	2.07×10 ⁻²	1.04	×10⁻¹
	20	9.60×10 ⁻²		1.71>	< 10 ⁻²	9.60×10 ⁻²	1.71×10 ⁻²	8.002	× 10 ⁻²
	20L	7.21>	× 10 ⁻²	1.42>	< 10 ⁻²	7.21×10 ⁻²	1.42×10 ⁻²	8.003	×10⁻²
	25	8.96>	× 10 ⁻²	1.55>	< 10 ⁻²	8.96×10 ⁻²	1.55×10 ⁻²	7.23	× 10 ⁻²
	25L	6.99>	× 10 ⁻²	1.31>	< 10 ⁻²	6.99×10 ⁻²	1.31×10 ⁻²	7.23	× 10 ⁻²
	30	8.06>	× 10 ⁻²	1.33>	< 10 ⁻²	8.06×10 ⁻²	1.33×10 ⁻²	5.61	× 10 ⁻²
	30L	6.12>	× 10 ⁻²	1.11>	< 10 ⁻²	6.12×10 ⁻²	1.11×10 ⁻²	5.61	× 10 ⁻²
	35	7.14>	× 10 ⁻²	1.18>	< 10 ⁻²	7.14×10 ⁻²	1.18×10 ⁻²	4.98	×10 ⁻²
	35L	5.26>	× 10 ⁻²	9.67>	< 10 ⁻³	5.26×10 ⁻²	9.67×10 ⁻³	4.98	× 10 ⁻²
	35SL	4.40>	× 10 ⁻²	8.34>	< 10 ⁻³	4.40×10 ⁻²	8.34×10 ⁻³	4.98	×10 ⁻²
SRG	45	5.49>	× 10 ⁻²	9.58>	< 10 ⁻³	5.49×10 ⁻²	9.58×10 ⁻³	3.85	× 10 ⁻²
	45L	4.18>	× 10 ⁻²	7.93>	< 10 ⁻³	4.18×10 ⁻²	7.93×10 ⁻³	3.85	×10 ⁻²
	45SL	3.28×10 ⁻²		6.56>	< 10 ⁻³	3.28×10 ⁻²	6.56×10 ⁻³	3.85	× 10 ⁻²
	55	4.56×10 ⁻²		8.04>	< 10 ⁻³	4.56×10 ⁻²	8.04×10 ⁻³	3.25	× 10 ⁻²
	55L	3.37>	× 10 ⁻²	6.42>	< 10 ⁻³	3.37×10 ⁻²	6.42×10 ⁻³	3.25	× 10 ⁻²
	55SL	2.56>	× 10 ⁻²	5.22>	< 10 ⁻³	2.56×10 ⁻²	5.22×10 ⁻³	3.25	× 10 ⁻²
	65	3.54>	× 10 ⁻²	6.06>	<10⁻³	3.54×10 ⁻²	6.06×10 ⁻³	2.70	× 10 ⁻²
	65L	2.63>	× 10 ⁻²	4.97>	< 10 ⁻³	2.63×10 ⁻²	4.97×10 ⁻³	2.70	× 10 ⁻²
	65SL	1.97	× 10 ⁻²	4.01>	<10⁻³	1.97×10 ⁻²	4.01×10 ⁻³	2.70	× 10 ⁻²
	85LC	2.19>	× 10 ⁻²	4.15>	< 10 ⁻³	2.19×10 ⁻²	4.15×10 ⁻³	1.91	× 10 ⁻²
	100LC	1.95>	× 10 ⁻²	3.67>	< 10 ⁻³	1.95×10 ⁻²	3.67×10 ⁻³	1.62	× 10 ⁻²
	35	7.14>	× 10 ⁻²	1.18>	< 10 ⁻²	7.14×10 ⁻²	1.18×10 ⁻²	4.98	×10 ⁻²
	35L	5.26>	× 10 ⁻²	9.67>	< 10 ⁻³	5.26×10 ⁻²	9.67×10 ⁻³	4.98	× 10 ⁻²
	45	5.49>	× 10 ⁻²	9.58>	< 10 ⁻³	5.49×10 ⁻²	9.58×10 ⁻³	3.85	×10 ⁻²
SRN	45L	4.18>	× 10 ⁻²	7.93>	< 10 ⁻³	4.18×10 ⁻²	7.93×10 ⁻³	3.85	× 10 ⁻²
	55	4.56>	× 10 ⁻²	8.04>	< 10 ⁻³	4.56×10 ⁻²	8.04×10 ⁻³	3.25	×10 ⁻²
	55L	3.37>	× 10 ⁻²	6.42>	< 10 ⁻³	3.37×10 ⁻²	6.42×10 ⁻³	3.25	× 10 ⁻²
	65L	2.63>	× 10 ⁻²	4.97>	< 10 ⁻³	2.63×10 ⁻²	4.97×10 ⁻³	2.70	× 10 ⁻²
	70	4.18>	× 10 ⁻²	7.93>	< 10 ⁻³	4.18×10 ⁻²	7.93×10 ⁻³	2.52	× 10 ⁻²
	85	3.37>	× 10 ⁻²	6.42>	< 10 ⁻³	3.37×10 ⁻²	6.42×10 ⁻³	2.092	× 10 ⁻²
SRW	100	2.63>	× 10 ⁻²	4.97>	< 10 ⁻³	2.63×10 ⁻²	4.97×10 ⁻³	1.77	× 10 ⁻²
	130	2.19>	× 10 ⁻²	4.15>	< 10 ⁻³	2.19×10 ⁻²	4.15×10 ⁻³	1.33	× 10 ⁻²
	150	1.95>	× 10 ⁻²	3.67>	< 10 ⁻³	1.95×10 ⁻²	3.67×10 ⁻³	1.15	× 10 ⁻²

 K_{AR1} : Equivalent factor in the M_{A} radial direction when one LM block is used K_{AL1} : Equivalent factor in the M_{A} reverse radial direction when one LM block is used

Lequivalent factor in the M_A radial direction when two
 LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 K_{A22}: Equivalent factor in the M_A radial direction when two
 LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 K_{A22}: Equivalent factor in the M_A reverse radial direction when

two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

 $K_{\tt B1}$: $M_{\tt B}$ Equivalent factor when one LM block is used $K_{\tt B2}$: $M_{\tt B}$ Equivalent factor when two LM blocks are used in

Close contact with each other

KcR: Equivalent factor in the Mc radial direction

KcL: Equivalent factor in the Mc reverse radial direction

[Double-axis Use]

Setting Conditions

Set the conditions needed to calculate the LM system's applied load and service life in hours.

The conditions consist of the following items.

- (1) Mass: m (kg)
- (2) Direction of the working load
- (3) Position of the working point (e.g., center of gravity): ℓ_2 , ℓ_3 , h_1 (mm)
- (4) Thrust position: ℓ_4 , h_2 (mm)
- (5) LM system arrangement: ℓ_0 , ℓ_1 (mm) (No. of units and axes)
- (6) Velocity diagram

Speed: V (mm/s) Time constant: t_n (s) Acceleration: α_n (mm/s²)

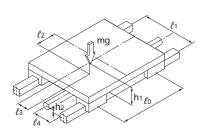
$$(\alpha_n = \frac{V}{t_n})$$

(7) Duty cycle

Number of reciprocations per minute: N₁(min⁻¹)

- (8) Stroke length: $\ell_s(mm)$
- (9) Average speed: V_m(m/s)
- (10) Required service life in hours: Lh(h)

Gravitational acceleration g=9.8 (m/s2)



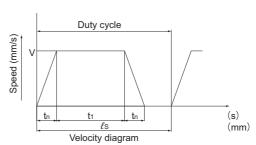


Fig.6 Condition

Applied Load Equation

The load applied to the LM Guide varies with the external force, such as the position of the gravity center of an object, thrust position, inertia generated from acceleration/deceleration during start or stop, and cutting force.

In selecting an LM Guide, it is necessary to obtain the value of the applied load while taking into account these conditions.

Calculate the load applied to the LM Guide in each of the examples 1 to 10 shown below.

m	: Mass	(kg)
ℓ_n	: Distance	(mm)
F_n	: External force	(N)
P_n	: Applied load (radial/reverse radial direction)	(N)
P_{nT}	: Applied load (lateral directions)	(N)
g	: Gravitational acceleration	(m/s^2)
	$(g = 9.8 \text{m/s}^2)$	
V	: Speed	(m/s)
t_{n}	: Time constant	(s)
α_{n}	: Acceleration	(m/s^2)

$$(\alpha_n = \frac{V}{t_n})$$

[Example]

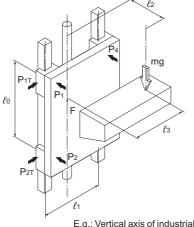
	Condition	Applied Load Equation
1	Horizontal mount (with the block traveling) Uniform motion or dwell P3 P1 P1 P1 P1 P2 P3 P3 P4 P3 P4 P5 P5 P6 P6 P7 P7 P7 P7 P7 P7 P7 P7	$P_{1} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$
2	Horizontal mount, overhung (with the block traveling) Uniform motion or dwell Pa P1 P2 P2 P3 P2 P4 P2 P2 P3 P2 P3 P4 P2 P4 P2 P4 P2 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 P8 P8 P8 P8 P8 P8 P8 P8	$P_{1} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$

Note) Load is positive in the direction of the arrow.

Vertical mount Uniform motion or dwell

3

4



Condition

E.g.: Vertical axis of industrial robot, automatic coating machine, lifter

Applied Load Equation

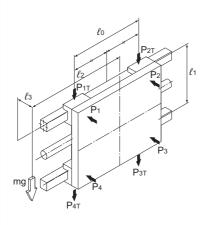
$$P_1 = P_4 = -\frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_2 = P_3 = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

Wall mount Uniform motion or dwell



E.g.: Travel axis of cross-rail loader

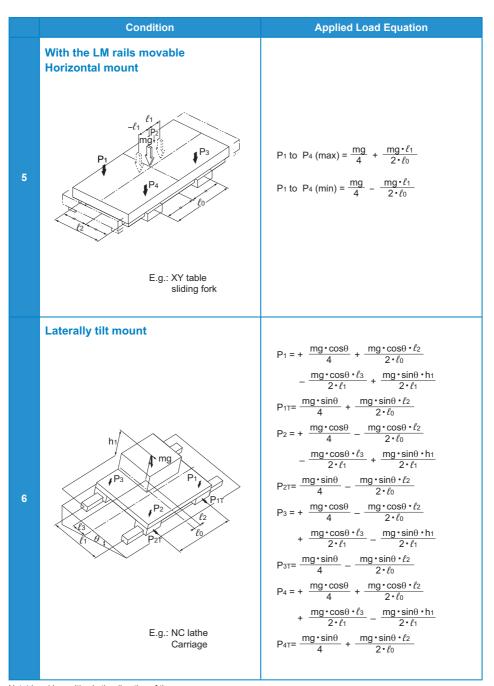
$$P_1 = P_2 = -\frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$$

$$P_3 = P_4 = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$$

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{1T}} = \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{4T}} = \frac{\mathsf{mg}}{\mathsf{4}} + \frac{\mathsf{mg} \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

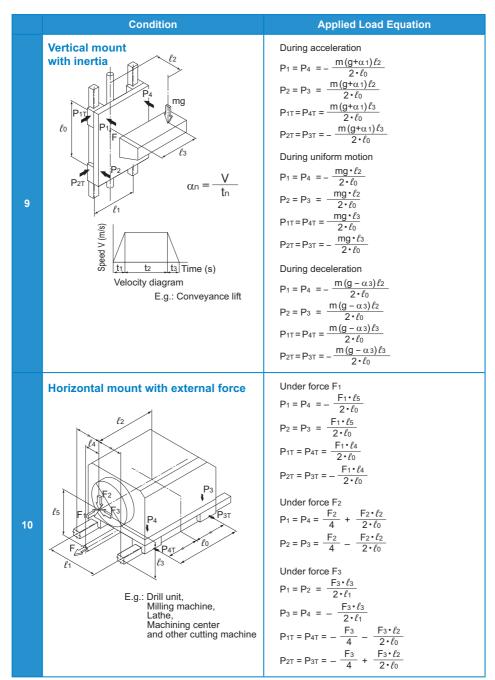
$$P_{2T} = P_{3T} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

Note) Load is positive in the direction of the arrow.



Note) Load is positive in the direction of the arrow.

Condition **Applied Load Equation** Longitudinally tilt mount $P_1 = + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $-\frac{\mathsf{mg}\!\cdot\!\mathsf{cos}\theta\!\cdot\!\ell_3}{2\!\cdot\!\ell_1}+\frac{\mathsf{mg}\!\cdot\!\mathsf{sin}\theta\!\cdot\!\mathsf{h}_1}{2\!\cdot\!\ell_0}$ $P_{1T} = + \frac{mg \cdot \sin\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_2 = + \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $-\frac{\text{mg} \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \theta \cdot \theta} - \frac{\text{mg} \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot \theta \cdot \theta}$ $P_{2T} = - \frac{mg \cdot \sin\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_3 = + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $+ \frac{mg \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1} - \frac{mg \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{3T} = -\frac{mg \cdot \sin\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_4 = + \frac{mg \cdot \cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ E.g.: NC lathe + $\frac{\text{mg} \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$ + $\frac{\text{mg} \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ Tool rest $P_{4T} = + \frac{mg \cdot \sin\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2}$ **During acceleration** Horizontal mount with inertia $P_1 = P_4 = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_2 = P_3 = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ During uniform motion 8 P_1 to $P_4 = \frac{mg}{4}$ During deceleration $P_1 = P_4 = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{m \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ peed V (m/s) $P_2 = P_3 = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{m \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = -\frac{m \cdot \alpha 3 \cdot \ell 3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ t3 Time (s) Velocity diagram E.g.: Conveyance truck $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = \frac{m \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$



Calculating the Equivalent Load

Calculating the Equivalent Load

Rated Load of an LM Guide in Each Direction

The LM Guide is categorized into roughly two types: the 4-way equal load type, which has the same rated load in the radial, reverse radial and lateral directions, and the radial type, which has a large rated load in the radial direction. With the radial type LM Guide, the rated load in the radial direction is different from that in the reverse radial and lateral directions. The basic load rating in the radial direction is indicated in the specification table. The values in the reverse-radial and lateral directions are obtained from Table7 on **A1-58**.

[Rated Loads in All Directions]

Туре	Load Distribution Curve
4-way Equal Load Type	-1/2π 1/2π
Radial Type	-1/2π 1/2π

Table7 Rated Loads in All Directions

			Reverse radial direction		Lateral directions	
Classification		Model No.	Ž,		\	
	Туре	Size	Dynamic load rating C _L	Static load rating C₀⊾	Dynamic load rating C _T	Static load rating Cot
	SHS		С	C ₀	С	C₀
	SHW		С	C ₀	С	C ₀
	SRS	12,15,25	С	C ₀	С	C₀
	SCR		С	C ₀	С	C ₀
	EPF		С	C ₀	С	C₀
	HSR		С	C ₀	С	C ₀
	NRS		С	C₀	С	C₀
	HRW	17,21,27,35,50,60	С	C₀	С	C₀
	RSR	2,3	С	C₀	С	C₀
4-way Equal	CSR		С	C ₀	С	C ₀
Load	MX		С	C ₀	С	C ₀
	JR		С	C ₀	С	C₀
	HCR		С	C₀	С	C₀
	HMG		С	C ₀	С	C ₀
	HSR-M1		С	C₀	С	C ₀
	RSR-M1	9	С	C₀	С	C₀
	HSR-M2		С	C₀	С	C₀
	HSR-M1VV		С	C₀	С	C₀
	SRG		C	C₀	С	C₀
	SRN		_	C₀	С	C₀
	SRW		C	C₀	C	C ₀
	SSR		0.50C	0.50C₀	0.53C	0.43C₀
	SVR SR	45.00.05.00.05.45.55.70	0.64C 0.62C	0.64C₀ 0.50C₀	0.47C 0.56C	0.38C ₀ 0.43C ₀
	SR	15,20,25,30,35,45,55,70 85,100,120,150	0.62C 0.78C	0.50C₀ 0.71C₀	0.56C 0.48C	0.43C₀ 0.35C₀
Radial	NR	85,100,120,150	0.78C	0.71C₀ 0.71C₀	0.48C	0.35C₀ 0.45C₀
Raulai	HRW	12,14	0.78C	0.71C₀ 0.71C₀	0.48C	0.45C₀ 0.35C₀
	NSR	12,14	0.76C 0.62C	0.71C₀ 0.50C₀	0.46C 0.56C	0.35C ₀
	SR-M1		0.62C	0.50C₀ 0.50C₀	0.56C	0.43C ₀
	SR-MS		0.62C	0.50C₀ 0.50C₀	0.56C	0.43C₀ 0.43C₀
	SVS		0.84C	0.50C₀ 0.84C₀	0.92C	0.43C₀ 0.85C₀
	SRS	5,7,9,20	0.04C	0.64C ₀	1.19C	1.19C₀
	RSR	14	0.78C	0.70C ₀	0.78C	0.71C₀
	HR	1.6	0.76C	C ₀	C C	C ₀
Other	GSR		0.93C	0.90C₀	(T) 0.84C* (C) 0.93C*	(T) 0.78C ₀ * (C) 0.90C ₀ *
	GSR-R		0.93C	0.90C ₀	(T) 0.84C* (C) 0.93C*	(T) 0.78C ₀ * (C) 0.90C ₀ *
	RSR-M1	12,15	0.78C	0.70C₀	0.78C	0.71C₀

 $^*(T)$: Tensile lateral direction; (C): Compressive lateral direction Note) C and $C_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ in the table each represent the basic load rating indicated in the specification table of the re-

rating indicated in the specification table of the respective model. For types with no size indication in the table, the same factor is applied to all sizes. Models HR, GSR and GSR-R cannot be used in single-axis applications.



[Equivalent Load P_E]

The LM Guide can bear loads and moments in all directions, including a radial load (PR), reverse radial load (PL) and lateral loads (PT), simultaneously.

When two or more loads (e.g., radial load and lateral load) are simultaneously applied to the LM Guide, the service life and the static safety factor are calculated using equivalent load values obtained by converting all the loads into radial load or reverse radial load.

[Equivalent Load Equation]

When the LM block of the LM Guide receives loads simultaneously in the radial and lateral directions, or the reverse radial and lateral directions, the equivalent load is obtained from the equation below

$P_E = X \cdot P_{R(L)} + Y \cdot P_T$

P_E	: Equivalent load	(N)
	·Radial direction	

·Reverse radial direction

 P_L : Reverse radial load (N) P_T : Lateral load (N)

X,Y : Equivalent factor (see Table8)

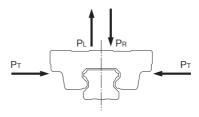


Fig.7 Equivalent of Load of the LM Guide

Table8 Equivalent factor in each direction

Table8 Equivalent factor in each direction						
	Model No.		If radial and lateral loads are applied simultaneously Equivalent in radial direction		If reverse-radial and lateral loads are applied simultaneously Equivalent in reverse radial direction	
Classification						
	Type	Size	X	Υ	Х	Υ
	SHS	0.20	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	SHW		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	SRS	12,15,25	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	SCR	12,10,20	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	EPF		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	HSR		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	NRS		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	HRW	17,21,27,35,50,60	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	RSR	2.3	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	CSR	2,0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
4-way Equal	MX		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Load	JR		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	HCR		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	HMG		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	HSR-M1		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	RSR-M1	9	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	HSR-M2		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	HSR-M1VV		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	SRG		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	SRN		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	SRW		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	SSR			_	1.000	1.155
	SVR				1.000	1.678
	SR	15,20,25,30,35,45,55,70	_	_	1.000	1.155
	SR	85,100,120,150		_	1.000	2.000
Radial	NR	00,100,100	_	_	1.000	2.000
, tadiai	HRW	12,14	_	_	1.000	2.000
	NSR	, , , ,	_	_	1.000	1.155
	SR-M1		_	_	1.000	1.155
	SR-MS		_	_	1.000	1.155
	SVS		1.000	0.935	1.000	1.020
	SRS	5,7,9,20	1.000	0.839	1.000	0.839
	RSR	14	1.000	0.830	1.000	0.990
Other	HR		1.000	0.500	1.000	0.500
	GSR		1.000	1.280	1.000	1.000
	GSR-R		1.000	1.280	1.000	1.280
	RSR-M1	12,15	1.000	0.830	1.000	0.990

Note) If the radial type LM Guide receives radial and lateral loads simultaneously, study the safety static factor and the rated load in the radial-load and lateral-load directions.

For types with no size indication in the table, the same factor is applied to all sizes.

Models HR, GSR and GSR-R cannot be used in single-axis applications.

Calculating the Static Safety Factor

Calculating the Static Safety Factor

To calculate a load applied to the LM Guide, the average load required for calculating the service life and the maximum load needed for calculating the static safety factor must be obtained first. In a system subject to frequent starts and stops, placed under cutting forces or under a large moment caused by an overhang load, an excessively large load may apply to the LM Guide. When selecting a model number, make sure that the desired model is capable of receiving the required maximum load (whether stationary or in motion). Table9 shows reference values for the static safety factor.

Table9 Reference Values for the Static Safety Factor (fs)

Machine using the LM Guide	Load conditions	Lower limit of fs
Conoral industrial machinery	Without vibration or impact	1.0 to 3.5
General industrial machinery	With vibration or impact	2.0 to 5.0
Machine tool	Without vibration or impact	1.0 to 4.0
iviacrime tooi	With vibration or impact	2.5 to 7.0

When the radial load is large	fн•fr•fc•C₀ PR ≧fs
When the reverse radial load is large	\frac{fH•fr•fc•C0L}{PL} \geqright fs
When the lateral loads are large	fн•fτ•fc•Coτ Pτ ≧fs

: Static safety factor fs : Basic static load rating (radial direction) (N) C_{OL} : Basic static load rating (reverse-radial direction) (N) : Basic static load rating (lateral direction) (N) P_R : Calculated load (radial direction) (N) : Calculated load (reverse-radial direction) (N) P⊤ : Calculated load (lateral direction) (N) : Hardness factor (see Fig.8 on A1-66) f⊢ f⊤ : Temperature factor (see Fig.9 on **A1-66**) : Contact factor (see Table10 on A1-66) fc

Calculating the Average Load

In cases where the load applied to each LM block fluctuates under different conditions, such as an industrial robot holding a work with its arm as it advances and receding with its arm empty, and a machine tool handling various workpieces, it is necessary to calculate the service life of the LM Block while taking into account such fluctuating loading conditions.

The average load (Pm) is the load under which the service life of the LM Guide is equivalent to that under varying loads applied to the LM blocks.

$$\mathbf{P}_{m} = \sqrt[i]{\frac{1}{L} \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{n} (\mathbf{P}_{n}^{i} \cdot \mathbf{L}_{n})}$$

: Average Load (N)

: Varying load (N)

: Total travel distance (mm)

: Distance traveled under load Pn (mm)

: Constant determined by rolling element

Note) The above equation or the equation (1) below applies when the rolling elements are balls. (1) When the load fluctuates stepwise

LM Guide Using Balls (i=3)

$$P_{m} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{L} (P_{1}^{3} \cdot L_{1} + P_{2}^{3} \cdot L_{2} \cdots + P_{n}^{3} \cdot L_{n})}$$
(1)

: Average load (N)

: Varying load (N) : Total travel distance

(mm) : Distance traveled under Pn (mm)

LM Guide Using Rollers
$$(i = \frac{10}{3})$$

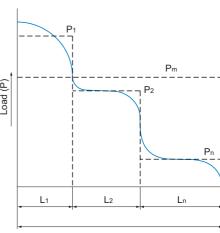
 $\mathbf{P_m} = \sqrt[10]{\frac{10}{3}} \cdot \mathbf{L_1} + \mathbf{P_2}^{\frac{10}{3}} \cdot \mathbf{L_2} + \cdots + \mathbf{P_n}^{\frac{10}{3}} \cdot \mathbf{L_n})$

: Average Load (N)

P_n : Varying load (N)

: Total travel distance (mm)

: Distance traveled under P₀ (mm)



Total travel distance (L)

(2) When the load fluctuates monotonically

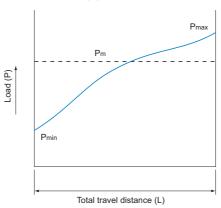
$$P_{m} \doteq \frac{1}{3} (P_{min} + 2 \cdot P_{max}) \cdots (3)$$

P_{min}: Minimum load

(N)

P_{max}: Maximum load

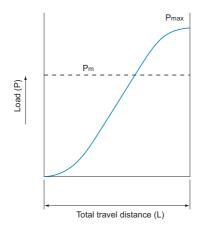
(N)

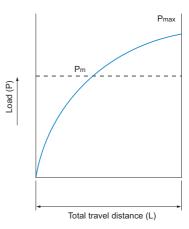


(3) When the load fluctuates sinusoidally

(a)
$$P_m = 0.65P_{max} \cdots (4)$$

(b)
$$P_m = 0.75 P_{max} \cdots (5)$$





Calculating the Nominal Life

The service life of an LM Guide is subject to variations even under the same operational conditions. Therefore, it is necessary to use the nominal life defined below as a reference value for obtaining the service life of the LM Guide. The nominal life means the total travel distance that 90% of a group of units of the same LM Guide model can achieve without flaking (scale-like pieces on the metal surface) after individually running under the same conditions.

Nominal Life Equation for an LM Guide Using Balls

$$L = \left(\frac{f_{H} \cdot f_{T} \cdot f_{C}}{f_{W}} \cdot \frac{C}{P_{C}}\right)^{3} \times 50$$

L : Nominal life (km)
C : Basic dynamic load rating (N)
Pc : Calculated load (N)
f_H : Hardness factor (see Fig.8 on **A1-66**)

f_⊤ : Temperature factor

(see Fig.9 on A1-66)

f_c : Contact factor (see Table10 on **A1-66**) f_w : Load factor (see Table11 on **A1-67**)

Nominal Life Equation for the Oil-Free LM Guide

$$L = \left(\frac{F_0}{f_w \cdot P_c}\right)^{1.57} \times 50$$

Note) The life here means the service of life of the S film based on wear.

Since the service life of the S film may vary according to the environment or the operating conditions, be sure to evaluate and validate the life under the service conditions and operating conditions at the customer.

Nominal Life Equation for an LM Guide Using Rollers

$$L = \left(\frac{f_{H} \cdot f_{T} \cdot f_{C}}{f_{W}} \cdot \frac{C}{P_{C}}\right)^{\frac{10}{3}} \times 100$$

L : Nominal life (km)
C : Basic dynamic load rating (N)
Pc : Calculated load (N)
f₁ : Hardness factor (see Fig.8 on ▲1-66)

f_⊤ : Temperature factor

(see Fig.9 on **A1-66**)

 f_{c} : Contact factor (see Table10 on \blacksquare 1-66) f_{w} : Load factor (see Table11 on \blacksquare 1-67)

Once the nominal life (L) has been obtained, the service life time can be obtained using the following equation if the stroke length and the number reciprocations are constant.

$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^6}{2 \times \ell_s \times n_1 \times 60}$$

 $\begin{array}{lll} L_h & : Service \ life \ time & (h) \\ \ell_s & : Stroke \ length & (mm) \\ n_1 & : Number \ of \ reciprocations \ per \ minute \\ & & (min^{-1}) \end{array}$

[fH: Hardness Factor]

To ensure the achievement of the optimum load capacity of the LM Guide, the raceway hardness must be between 58 and 64 HRC.

If the hardness is lower than this range, the basic dynamic load rating and the basic static load rating decrease. Therefore, it is necessary to multiply each rating by the respective hardness factor ($f_{\rm Pl}$).

Since the LM Guide has sufficient hardness, the $f_{\mbox{\tiny H}}$ value for the LM Guide is normally 1.0 unless otherwise specified.

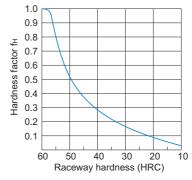


Fig.8 Hardness Factor (fH)

$[f_{\text{\tiny T}}\text{:}Temperature \ Factor}]$

If the temperature of the environment surrounding the operating LM Guide exceeds 100°C, take into account the adverse effect of the high temperature and multiply the basic load ratings by the temperature factor indicated in Fig.9.

In addition, the selected LM Guide must also be of a high temperature type.

Note) LM guides not designed to withstand high temperatures should be used at 80°C or less.Please contact THK if application requirements exceed 80°C.

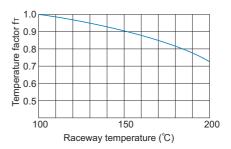


Fig.9 Temperature Factor (f_T)

[fc: Contact Factor]

When multiple LM blocks are used in close contact with each other, it is difficult to achieve uniform load distribution due to moment loads and mounting-surface accuracy. When using multiple blocks in close contact with each other, multiply the basic load rating (C or C₀) by the corresponding contact factor indicated in Table10.

Note) If uneven load distribution is expected in a large machine, take into account the respective contact factor indicated in Table10.

Table10 Contact Factor (fc)

Number of blocks used in close contact	Contact factor fc
2	0.81
3	0.72
4	0.66
5	0.61
6 or more	0.6
Normal use	1

Calculating the Nominal Life

[fw: Load Factor]

In general, reciprocating machines tend to involve vibrations or impact during operation. It is extremely difficult to accurately determine vibrations generated during high-speed operation and impact during frequent start and stop. Therefore, where the effects of speed and vibration are estimated to be significant, divide the basic dynamic load rating (C) by a load factor selected from Table11, which contains empirically obtained data.

Table11 Load Factor (fw)

Vibrations/ impact	Sneed (V)	
Faint	Very low V≦0.25m/s	1 to 1.2
Weak	low 0.25 <v≦1m s<="" td=""><td>1.2 to 1.5</td></v≦1m>	1.2 to 1.5
Medium	Medium 1 <v≦2m s<="" td=""><td>1.5 to 2</td></v≦2m>	1.5 to 2
Strong	High V>2m/s	2 to 3.5

Predicting the Rigidity

Selecting a Radial Clearance (Preload)

Since the radial clearance of an LM Guide greatly affects the running accuracy, load carrying capacity and rigidity of the LM Guide, it is important to select an appropriate clearance according to the application. In general, selecting a negative clearance (i.e., a preload* is applied) while taking into account possible vibrations and impact generated from reciprocating motion favorably affects the service life and the accuracy.

For specific radial clearances, contact THK. We will help you select the optimal clearance according to the conditions.

The clearances of all LM Guide models (except model HR, GSR and GSR-R, which are separate types) are adjusted as specified before shipment, and therefore they do not need further preload adjustment.

*Preload is an internal load applied to the rolling elements (balls, rollers, etc.) of an LM block in advance in order to increase its rigidity.

Table12 Types of Radial Clearance

	table 12 Types of Nadian Oleanance					
	Normal Clearance	Clearance C1 (Light Preload)	Clearance C0 (Medium Preload)			
Condition	 The loading direction is fixed, impact and vibrations are minimal and 2 rails are installed in parallel. Very high precision is not required, and the sliding resistance must be as low as possible. 	 An overhang load or moment load is applied. LM Guide is used in a singleral configuration. Light load and high accuracy are required. 	High rigidity is required and vibrations and impact are applied. Heavy-cutting machine tool			
Examples of applications	Welding machine	Grinding machine table feed axis Automatic coating machine Industrial robot various kinds of material high speed feeder NC drilling machine Vertical axis of general industrial machinery Printed circuit board drilling machine Electric discharge machine Measuring instrument Precision XY table	Machining center NC lathe Grinding stone feed axis of grinding machine Milling machine Vertical/horizontal boring machine Tool rest guide Vertical axis of machine tool			

Service Life with a Preload Considered

When using an LM Guide under a medium preload (clearance C0), it is necessary to calculate the service life while taking into account the magnitude of the preload.

To identify the appropriate preload for any selected LM Guide model, contact THK.

Rigidity

When the LM Guide receives a load, its rolling element, LM blocks and LM rails are elastically deformed within a permissible load range. The ratio between the displacement and the load is called rigidity value. (Rigidity values are obtained using the equation shown below.) The LM Guide's rigidity increases according to the magnitude of the preload. Fig.10 shows rigidity difference between normal, C1 and C0 clearances.

The effect of a preload for a 4-way equal load type is translated into the calculated load approx. 2.8 times greater than the magnitude of the preload.

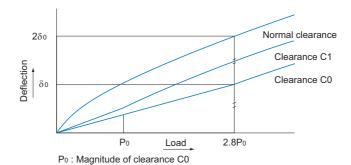
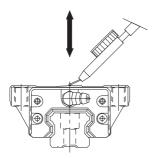


Fig.10 Rigidity Data

$$K = \frac{P}{\delta}$$

Radial Clearance Standard for Each Model

Radial clearance



[Radial clearances for models SHS and SCR]

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
15	-5 to 0	−12 to −5	-
20	-6 to 0	−12 to −6	-18 to -12
25	-8 to 0	−14 to −8	-20 to -14
30	-9 to 0	−17 to −9	−27 to −17
35	-11 to 0	-19 to -11	-29 to -19
45	-12 to 0	−22 to −12	-32 to -22
55	-15 to 0	−28 to −16	-38 to -28
65	-18 to 0	-34 to -22	-45 to -34

[Radial clearance for model SSR]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1
15	-4 to +2	−10 to −4
20	-5 to +2	−12 to −5
25	-6 to +3	−15 to −6
30	-7 to +4	−18 to −7
35	-8 to +4	−20 to −8

[Radial clearance for models SVR/SVS and NR/NRS]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
25	-3 to +2	−6 to −3	−9 to −6
30	-4 to +2	−8 to −4	−12 to −8
35	-4 to +2	−8 to −4	–12 to –8
45	-5 to +3	−10 to −5	−15 to −10
55	–6 to +3	−11 to −6	-16 to -11
65	–8 to +3	−14 to −8	-20 to -14
75	-10 to +4	−17 to −10	−24 to −17
85	-13 to +4	−20 to −13	−27 to −20
100	-14 to +4	−24 to −14	-34 to -24

[Radial clearance for model SHW]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
12	-1.5 to 0	-4 to −1	_
14	-2 to 0	−5 to −1	_
17	-3 to 0	−7 to −3	_
21	-4 to +2	−8 to −4	_
27	-5 to +2	−11 to −5	_
35	-8 to +4	−18 to −8	−28 to −18
50	-10 to +5	−24 to −10	-38 to -24

[Radial clearance for model SRS]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1
5	0 to +1.5	-1 to 0
7	-2 to +2	-3 to 0
9	-2 to +2	-4 to 0
12	-3 to +3	-6 to 0
15	−5 to +5	-10 to 0
20	-5 to +5	-10 to 0
25	-7 to +7	-14 to 0

Predicting the Rigidity

[Radial clearance for models HSR, CSR, HSR-M1 and HSR-M1VV]

Unit: μm

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
8	-1 to +1	−4 to −1	_
10	–2 to +2	−5 to −1	_
12	-3 to +3	−6 to −2	_
15	-4 to +2	−12 to −4	_
20	-5 to +2	−14 to −5	-23 to -14
25	-6 to +3	−16 to −6	−26 to −16
30	–7 to +4	−19 to −7	-31 to -19
35	-8 to +4	−22 to −8	-35 to -22

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
45	-10 to +5	−25 to −10	−40 to −25
55	-12 to +5	−29 to −12	-46 to -29
65	-14 to +7	-32 to -14	−50 to −32
85	-16 to +8	-36 to -16	-56 to -36
100	-19 to +9	-42 to -19	-65 to -42
120	-21 to +10	-47 to -21	-73 to -47
150	-23 to +11	-51 to -23	–79 to –51

[Radial clearances for models SR and SR-M1]

Unit: μm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
15	-4 to +2	−10 to −4	_
20	-5 to +2	−12 to −5	−17 to −12
25	-6 to +3	−15 to −6	−21 to −15
30	-7 to +4	−18 to −7	−26 to −18
35	-8 to +4	−20 to −8	-31 to -20
45	-10 to +5	-24 to -10	-36 to -24
55	-12 to +5	−28 to −12	-45 to -28
70	-14 to +7	-32 to -14	-50 to -32
85	-20 to +9	-46 to -20	-70 to -46
100	-22 to +10	-52 to -22	-78 to -52
120	-25 to +12	-57 to -25	−87 to −57
150	-29 to +14	-69 to -29	-104 to -69

[Radial clearance for model HRW]

Unit: um

			Oint. pini
Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
12	-1.5 to +1.5	-4 to −1	_
14	-2 to +2	−5 to −1	_
17	-3 to +2	−7 to −3	_
21	-4 to +2	−8 to −4	_
27	-5 to +2	−11 to −5	_
35	-8 to +4	-18 to -8	−28 to −18
50	-10 to +5	−24 to −10	-38 to -24
60	-12 to +5	−27 to −12	-42 to -27

[Radial clearance for models RSR, RSR-W and RSR-M1]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1
2	0 to +4	_
3	0 to +1	–0.5 to 0
14	-5 to +5	-10 to 0

[Radial clearance for model MX]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1
5	0 to +1.5	-1 to 0
7	–2 to +2	-3 to 0

[Radial clearance for model JR]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal
Model No.	No Symbol
25	0 to +30
35	0 to +30
45	0 to +50
55	0 to +50

[Radial clearances for models HCR and HMG]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1
12	-3 to +3	−6 to −2
15	-4 to +2	−12 to −4
25	-6 to +3	−16 to −6
35	-8 to +4	−22 to −8
45	-10 to +5	−25 to −10
65	-14 to +7	−32 to −14

[Radial clearance for model NSR-TBC]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
20	-5 to +5	–15 to –5	−25 to −15
25	-5 to +5	−15 to −5	−25 to −15
30	-5 to +5	−15 to −5	−25 to −15
40	–8 to +8	−22 to −8	-36 to -22
50	–8 to +8	-22 to -8	-36 to -22
70	-10 to +10	−26 to −10	-42 to -26

[Radial clearance for model HSR-M2]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1
15	-4 to +2	−12 to −4
20	−5 to +2	−14 to −5
25	-6 to +3	−16 to −6

[Radial clearances for models SRG and SRN]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
15	-0.5 to 0	−1 to −0.5	−2 to −1
20	-0.8 to 0	−2 to −0.8	−3 to −2
25	−2 to −1	−3 to −2	−4 to −3
30	−2 to −1	−3 to −2	−4 to −3
35	−2 to −1	−3 to −2	−5 to −3
45	−2 to −1	−3 to −2	−5 to −3
55	−2 to −1	-4 to −2	−6 to −4
65	−3 to −1	−5 to −3	−8 to −5
85	−3 to −1	−7 to −3	−12 to −7
100	−3 to −1	−8 to −3	−13 to −8

[Radial clearance for model SRW]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal	Light preload	Medium preload
Model No.	No Symbol	C1	C0
70	−2 to −1	−3 to −2	−5 to −3
85	−2 to −1	−4 to −2	-6 to -4
100	−3 to −1	−5 to −3	−8 to −5
130	−3 to −1	−7 to −3	−12 to −7
150	−3 to −1	−8 to −3	−13 to −8

[Radial clearance for model EPF]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol	Normal
Model No.	No Symbol
7M	
9M	0 or less
12M	0 or less
15M	

[Radial Clearance for the Oil-Free LM Guide Model SR-MS]

Unit: µm

Indication symbol Model No.	Clearance CS
15	-2 to +1
20	-2 to +1

Determining the Accuracy

Determining the Accuracy

Accuracy Standards

Accuracy of the LM Guide is specified in terms of running parallelism, dimensional tolerance for height and width, and height and width difference between a pair when 2 or more LM blocks are used on one rail or when 2 or more rails are mounted on the same plane.

For details, see "Accuracy Standard for Each Model" on A1-75 to A1-85.

[Running of Parallelism]

It refers to the tolerance for parallelism between the LM block and the LM rail reference surface when the LM block travels the whole length of the LM rail with the LM rail secured on the reference reference surface using bolts.

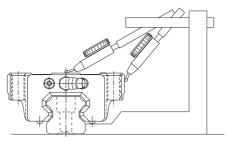


Fig.11 Running of Parallelism

[Difference in Height M]

Indicates a difference between the minimum and maximum values of height (M) of each of the LM blocks used on the same plane in combination.

[Difference in Width W₂]

Indicates a difference between the minimum and maximum values of the width (W₂) between each of the LM blocks, mounted on one LM rail in combination, and the LM rail.

Note1) When 2 or more rails are used on the same plane in parallel, only the width (W2) tolerance and the difference on the master rail apply. The master LM rail is imprinted with "KB" (except for normal grade products) following the serial number

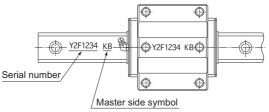


Fig.12 Master LM Rail

Note2) Accuracy measurements each represent the average value of the central point or the central area of the LM block.

Note3) The LM rail is smoothly curved so that the required accuracy is easily achieved by pressing the rail to the reference surface of the machine.

If it is mounted on a less rigid base such as an aluminum base, the curve of the rail will affect the accuracy of the machine. Therefore, it is necessary to define straightness of the rail in advance.

Guidelines for Accuracy Grades by Machine Type

Table13 shows guidelines for selecting an accuracy grade of the LM Guide according to the machine type.

Table13 Guideline for Accuracy Grades by Machine Type

Type of machine		ideline for Accura		ccuracy grade	es	
	Type of machine	Normal	Н	Р	SP	UP
	Machining center			•	•	
	Lathe	İ		•	•	
	Milling machine			•	•	
	Boring machine			•	•	
	Jig borer				•	•
	Grinding machine				•	•
00	Electric discharge machine			•	•	•
Machine tool	Punching press		•	•		
chi	Laser beam machine		•	•	•	
Ma	Woodworking machine	•	•	•		
	NC drilling machine		•	•		
	Tapping center		•	•		
	Palette changer	•				
	ATC	•				
	Wire cutting machine			•	•	
	Dressing machine				•	•
Industrial robot	Cartesian coordinate	•	•	•		
lndu o	Cylindrical coordinate	•	•			
o g	Wire bonding machine			•	•	
duct	Prober				•	•
fact	Electronic component inserter		•	•		
Semiconductor manufacturing equipment	Printed circuit board drilling machine		•	•	•	
	Injection molding machine	•	•			
	3D measuring instrument				•	•
.	Office equipment	•	•			
Other equipment	Conveyance system	•	•			
uipr	XY table		•	•	•	
r eq	Coating machine	•	•			
the	Welding machine	•	•			
0	Medical equipment	•	•			
	Digitizer		•	•	•	
	Inspection equipment			•	•	•

Normal : Normal grade H : High accuracy grade P : Precision grade

SP: Super precision grade UP: Ultra precision grade

Accuracy Standard for Each Model

Accuracies of models SHS, SSR, SVR/SVS, SHW, HSR, SR, NR/NRS, HRW, NSR-TBC, HSR-M1, HSR-M1VV, SR-M1, HSR-M2, SRG and SRN are categorized into Normal grade (no symbol), High accuracy grade (H), Precision grade (P), Super precision grade (SP) and Ultra precision grade (UP) by model numbers, as indicated in Table15 on A1-76.

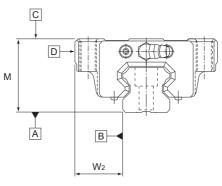


Fig.13

Table14 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: µm

LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values					
Above	Or less	Normal grade	High-accuracy grade	Precision grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade	
_	50	5	3	2	1.5	1	
50	80	5	3	2	1.5	1	
80	125	5	3	2	1.5	1	
125	200	5	3.5	2	1.5	1	
200	250	6	4	2.5	1.5	1	
250	315	7	4.5	3	1.5	1	
315	400	8	5	3.5	2	1.5	
400	500	9	6	4.5	2.5	1.5	
500	630	11	7	5	3	2	
630	800	12	8.5	6	3.5	2	
800	1000	13	9	6.5	4	2.5	
1000	1250	15	11	7.5	4.5	3	
1250	1600	16	12	8	5	4	
1600	2000	18	13	8.5	5.5	4.5	
2000	2500	20	14	9.5	6	5	
2500	3090	21	16	11	6.5	5.5	

Table15 Accuracy Standards for Models SHS, SSR, SVR/SVS, SHW, HSR, SR, NR/NRS, HRW, NSR-TBC, HSR-M1, HSR-M1, HSR-M1, HSR-M2, SRG, and SRN.

Unit: mm

Model No.	Accuracy standards	Normal grade	High- accuracy grade	Precision grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade		
	Item	No Symbol	Н	Р	SP	UP		
	Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.07	±0.03	±0.015	±0.007	_		
	Difference in height M	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003	_		
8	Dimensional tolerance in width W ₂	±0.04	±0.02	±0.01	±0.007	_		
10	Difference in width W ₂	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	_		
12 14	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	ΔC (as shown in Table14 Δ1-75)						
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B	ΔD (as shown in Table14 Δ1-75)						
	Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.07	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008		
	Difference in height M	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003		
15 17	Dimensional tolerance in width W ₂	±0.06	±0.03	0 -0.02	0 -0.015	0 -0.008		
20	Difference in width W ₂	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003		
21	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	ΔC (as shown in Table14 △1-75)						
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B		ΔD (as sho	wn in Table14				
	Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.08	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
	Difference in height M	0.02	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
25 27	Dimensional tolerance in width W ₂	±0.07	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.01		
30	Difference in width W ₂	0.025	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
35	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	∆C (as shown in Table14 ▲1-75)						
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B	∆D (as shown in Table14 ▲1-75)						
	Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.08	±0.04	0 -0.05	0 -0.03	0 -0.015		
40	Difference in height M	0.025	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
45 50	Dimensional tolerance in width W ₂	±0.07	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.025	0 -0.015		
55	Difference in width W ₂	0.03	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
60	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A		ΔC (as sho	wn in Table14	△1-75)			
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B		∆D (as sho	wn in Table14	- ,			
	Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.08	±0.04	0 -0.05	0 -0.04	0 -0.03		
65	Difference in height M	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
70 75 85	Dimensional tolerance in width W ₂	±0.08	±0.04	0 -0.05	0 -0.04	0 -0.03		
100	Difference in width W ₂	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
120 150	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A		ΔC (as sho	wn in Table14	A 1-75)			
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B		ΔD (as sho	wn in Table14	A 1-75)			

Note1)Model SRG is available in high accuracy grade or above. (There is no option for Ct7 grade, Ct5 grade, or normal grade.)
Note2)For model SRN, only precision or higher grades apply.

Determining the Accuracy

• Accuracies of model HMG are defined by model number as indicated in Table16.

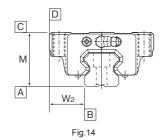


Table16 Model HMG Accuracy Standard

Unit: mm

Normal grade Model Accuracy Standards No. Item No symbol Dimensional tolerance in +0.1height M Difference in height M 0.02 Dimensional tolerance in ±0.1 width W₂ Difference in width W₂ 0.02 Running parallelism of ΛС surface C against (as shown in Table 17) surface A Running parallelism of ΔD surface D against (as shown in Table 17) surface B Dimensional tolerance in +0.1height M 0.02 Difference in height M Dimensional tolerance in +0.1width W₂ 25 Difference in width W₂ 0.03 35 Running parallelism of ΛС surface C against (as shown in Table 17) surface A Running parallelism of ΔD surface D against (as shown in Table 17) surface B Dimensional tolerance in +0.1height M 0.03 Difference in height M Dimensional tolerance in +0.1width W₂ 45 Difference in width W₂ 0.03 Running parallelism of ۸C surface C against (as shown in Table 17) surface A Running parallelism of ΔD surface D against (as shown in Table 17) surface B

Table17 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: µm

LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values			
Above	Or less	Normal grade			
_	125	30			
125	200	37			
200	250	40			
250	315	44			
315	400	49			
400	500	53			
500	630	58			
630	800	64			
800	1000	70			
1000	1250	77			
1250	1600	84			
1600	2000	92			

Accuracies of model HCR are categorized into normal and high accuracy grades by model number as indicated in Table 18.

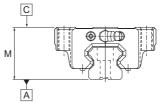


Fig.15

Table18 Accuracy Standard for Model HCR

Unit: mm

	Model No.	Accuracy standards	Normal grade	High-accuracy grade	
I	IVO.	Item	No Symbol	Н	
	12	Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.2	±0.2	
l	15	Difference in height M	0.05	0.03	
	25 35	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	ΔC (as shown in Table19)		
		Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.2	±0.2	
l	45	Difference in height M	0.06	0.04	
	65	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	ΔC (as shown in Table19)		

Table19 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: µm

LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values		
Above	Or less	Normal grade	High-accuracy grade	
_	125	30	15	
125	200	37	18	
200	250	40	20	
250	315	44	22	
315	400	49	24	
400	500	53	26	
500	630	58	29	
630	800	64	32	
800	1000	70	35	
1000	1250	77	38	
1250	1600	84	42	
1600	2000	92	46	

• Accuracies of model JR are defined by model number as indicated in Table20.

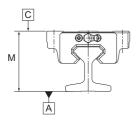


Fig.16

Table20 Accuracy Standard for Model JR

Unit: mm

Model	Accuracy standards	Normal grade		
No.	Item	No Symbol		
	Difference in height M	0.05		
25 35	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	ΔC (as shown in Table21)		
	Difference in height M	0.06		
45 55	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	ΔC (as shown in Table21)		

Table21 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: μm

LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values		
Above	Or less	Normal grade		
_	50	5		
50	80	5		
80	125	5		
125	200	6		
200	250	8		
250	315	9		
315	400	11		
400	500	13		
500	630	15		
630	800	17		
800	1000	19		
1000	1250	21		
1250	1600	23		
1600	2000	26		
2000	2500	28		
2500	3150	30		
3150	4000	33		

Determining the Accuracy

• Accuracies of models SCR and CSR are categorized into precision, super precision and ultra precision grades by model number as indicated in Table22.

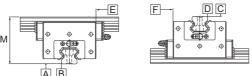


Fig.17

Table22 Accuracy Standard for Models SCR and CSR
Unit: mm

			Ĺ	Jnit: mm	
Model No.	Accuracy standards	Precision grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade	
	Item	Р	SP	UP	
	Difference in height M	0.01	0.007	0.005	
15	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.005	0.004	0.003	
20	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	(as sho	ΔC own in Ta	able23)	
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D		ΔD own in Ta		
	Difference in height M	0.01	0.007	0.005	
	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.008	0.006	0.004	
25	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔC (as shown in Table23)			
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔD (as shown in Table23)			
	Difference in height M	0.01	0.007	0.005	
30	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.01	0.007	0.005	
35	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔC (as shown in Table23)			
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	(as sho	∆D (as shown in Table23)		
	Difference in height M	0.012	0.008	0.006	
	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.012	0.008	0.006	
45	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔC (as shown in Table23)			
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔD (as shown in Table23)			
	Difference in height M	0.018	0.012	0.009	
	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.018	0.012	0.009	
65	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔC (as shown in Table23)			
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔD (as shown in Table23)			

Table23 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

by Accuracy Standard Unit: μm					
LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running	Parallelisi	n Values	
Above	Or less	Precision grade Super precision grade		Ultra precision grade	
_	50	2	1.5	1	
50	80	2	1.5	1	
80	125	2	1.5	1	
125	200	2	1.5	1	
200	250	2.5	1.5	1	
250	315	3	1.5	1	
315	400	3.5	2	1.5	
400	500	4.5	2.5	1.5	
500	630	5	3	2	
630	800	6	3.5	2	
800	1000	6.5	4	2.5	
1000	1250	7.5	4.5	3	
1250	1600	8	5	4	
1600	2000	8.5	5.5	4.5	
2000	2500	9.5	6	5	
2500	3090	11	6.5	5.5	

· Accuracies of model HR are categorized into normal, high accuracy, precision, super precision and ultra precision grades as indicated in Table24.

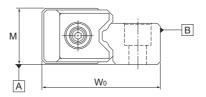


Fig.18 Table24 Accuracy Standard for Model HR

Unit: mm

Accuracy standards	Normal grade	High- accuracy grade	Precision grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade
Item	No Symbol	Н	Р	SP	UP
Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.1	±0.05	±0.025	±0.015	±0.01
Difference in height M Note 1)	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.005	0.003
Dimensional tolerance for total width W ₀	±0.1		±0.05		
Difference in total width W ₀ Note 2)	0.03	0.015	0.01	0.005	0.003
Parallelism of the raceway against surfaces A and B	t ΔC (as shown in Table25)				

Note1) Difference in height M applies to a set of LM Guides used on the same plane.

Note2) Difference in total width W_o applies to LM blocks used in combination on one LM rail.

Note3) Dimensional tolerance and difference in total width W_o for precision and higher grades apply only to the master-rail side among a set of LM Guides. The master rail is imprinted with "KB" following a serial number.

Table25 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: μm

LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values					
Above	Or less	Normal grade	High-accuracy grade	Precision grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade	
_	50	5	3	2	1.5	1	
50	80	5	3	2	1.5	1	
80	125	5	3	2	1.5	1	
125	200	5	3.5	2	1.5	1	
200	250	6	4	2.5	1.5	1	
250	315	7	4.5	3	1.5	1	
315	400	8	5	3.5	2	1.5	
400	500	9	6	4.5	2.5	1.5	
500	630	11	7	5	3	2	
630	800	12	8.5	6	3.5	2	
800	1000	13	9	6.5	4	2.5	
1000	1250	15	11	7.5	4.5	3	
1250	1600	16	12	8	5	4	
1600	2000	18	13	8.5	5.5	4.5	
2000	2500	20	14	9.5	6	5	
2500	3000	21	16	11	6.5	5.5	

Determining the Accuracy

 Accuracies of model GSR are categorized into normal, high accuracy and precision grades by model number as indicated in Table26.

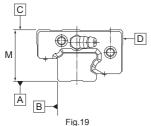


Table26 Accuracy Standard for Model GSR

Unit: mm

Model No.	Accuracy standards	Normal grade	High- accuracy grade	Precision grade
	Item	No Symbol	Н	Р
	Dimensional tolerance in height M		±0.02	
15 20	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	ΔC (as shown in Table27)		
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B	ΔD (as shown in Table27)		
0.5	Dimensional tolerance in height M		±0.03	
25 30 35	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	∆C (as shown in Table27)		able27)
33	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B	ΔD (as shown in Table27)		able27)

Table27 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: µm

	σ μ				
LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running	Parallelisi	m Values	
Above	Or less	Normal grade	High-accuracy grade	Precision grade	
_	50	5	3	2	
50	80	5	3	2	
80	125	5	3	2	
125	200	5	3.5	2	
200	250	6	4	2.5	
250	315	7	4.5	3	
315	400	8	5	3.5	
400	500	9	6	4.5	
500	630	11	7	5	
630	800	12	8.5	6	
800	1000	13	9	6.5	
1000	1250	15	11	7.5	
1250	1600	16	12	8	
1600	2000	18	13	8.5	
2000	2500	20	14	9.5	
2500	3000	21	16	11	
			,		

 Accuracies of model GSR-R are categorized into normal and high accuracy grades by model number as indicated in Table28.

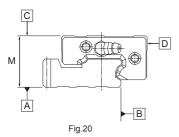


Table28 Accuracy Standard for GSR-R

Unit: mm

Model No.	Accuracy standards	Normal High-accur grade grade	
INO.	Item	No Symbol	Н
0.5	Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.03	
25 30 35	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	Δ (as shown	C in Table29)
33	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B	ΔD	

Table29 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: um

	Offit. µII				
LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Valu			
Above	Or less	Normal grade	High-accuracy grade		
_	50	5	3		
50	80	5	3		
80	125	5	3		
125	200	5	3.5		
200	250	6	4		
250	315	7	4.5		
315	400	8	5		
400	500	9	6		
500	630	11	7		
630	800	12	8.5		
800	1000	13	9		
1000	1250	15	11		
1250	1600	16	12		
1600	2000	18	13		

• Accuracies of models SRS, RSR, RSR-M1and RSR-W are categorized into normal, high accuracy and precision grades by model number as indicated in Table30.

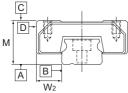


Fig.21

Table30 Accuracy Standards for Models SRS, RSR, RSR-M1 and RSR-W

Unit: mm

				Offic. Hilli	
Model No	Accuracy standards	Normal grade	High- accuracy grade	Precision grade	
INO.	Item	No Symbol	Н	Р	
	Dimensional toler- ance in height M	±0.03	_	±0.015	
	Difference in height M	0.015	_	0.005	
	Dimensional toler- ance in width W ₂	±0.03	_	±0.015	
3 5	Difference in width W2	0.015	_	0.005	
5	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	∆C (as shown in Table31)			
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B	ΔD (as shown in Table31)			
	Dimensional toler- ance in height M	±0.04	±0.02	±0.01	
	Difference in height M	0.03	0.015	0.007	
7 9 12	Dimensional toler- ance in width W ₂	±0.04	±0.025	±0.015	
14	Difference in width W2	0.03	0.02	0.01	
15 20 25	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A	∆C (as s	shown in ⁻	Table32)	
	Running parallelism of surface D against surface B	ΔD (as s	shown in ⁻	Table32)	

Table31 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism for Models SRS5, RSR3 and RSR5 by Accuracy Standard

Unit: µm

	LM rail length (mm)		Running Para	Ilelism Values
	Above	Or less	Normal grade	Precision grade
	_	25	2.5	1.5
	25	50	3.5	2
	50	100	5.5	3
	100	150	7	4
	150	200	8.4	5
ĺ				

Table32 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism for Models SRS7 to 25 and RSR7 to 25 by Accuracy Standard

I Init: ..m

Above Or less Normal grade High-accuracy grade Precision grade — 40 8 4 1 40 70 10 4 1 70 100 11 4 2 100 130 12 5 2 160 190 14 7 2 190 220 15 7 3 220 250 16 8 3 250 280 17 8 3 280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 400 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12	Unit: μm				
Above	LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values		
40 70 10 4 1 70 100 11 4 2 100 130 12 5 2 130 160 13 6 2 160 190 14 7 2 190 220 15 7 3 220 250 16 8 3 280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 460 490 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4	Above		grade	accuracy grade	grade
70 100 11 4 2 100 130 12 5 2 130 160 13 6 2 160 190 14 7 2 190 220 15 7 3 220 250 16 8 3 250 280 17 8 3 280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 400 520 580 22 13 4					
100 130 12 5 2 130 160 13 6 2 160 190 14 7 2 190 220 15 7 3 220 250 16 8 3 250 280 17 8 3 280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 550 580 22 13 4					
280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 580 610 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td></t<>					2
280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 580 610 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td></t<>					2
280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 580 610 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td></t<>					2
280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 580 610 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td></t<>					2
280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 580 610 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td>220</td><td></td><td></td><td>3</td></t<>		220			3
280 310 17 9 3 310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 580 610 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3</td></t<>					3
310 340 18 9 3 340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 500 580 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 610 640 670 23 13 4 670 730 23 13 5					3
340 370 18 10 3 370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 550 22 12 4 550 580 22 13 4 6 610 640 22 13 4 6 610 640 22 13 4 6 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 730 760 790 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 880 880 24 14 5 880 880 24 15 5 990 990 23					3
370 400 19 10 3 400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 550 550 22 12 4 550 580 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 880 910 24 15 5					3
400 430 20 11 4 430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 520 550 22 12 4 550 580 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 880 910 24 15 5		370		10	3
430 460 20 12 4 460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 520 550 22 12 4 550 580 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 610 640 670 23 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 5 700 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 730 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 880 880 24 14 5 880 880 910 24 15 5 990 940 24 15 5 990 940	370	400			
460 490 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 490 520 21 12 4 520 550 580 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 4 610 640 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 4 5 700 700 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 880 24 14 5 880 880 24 14 5 880 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 990 970 24 15 5 9970 1000 25 16		430	20		
490 520 21 12 4 520 550 22 12 4 550 580 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 610 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 880 910 24 15 5 940 970 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 6	430	460	20		
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550 580 22 13 4 580 610 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 610 640 670 23 13 4 640 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 6 1030 1060 25	490	520			
580 610 22 13 4 610 640 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 6 1090 1120 25 16 6 1120 1180 26 17 6 <	520	550			
610 640 22 13 4 640 670 23 13 4 670 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 6 1090 1120 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1140 26 17 6	550	580	22	13	
640 670 23 13 4 670 700 700 23 13 5 700 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 6 1090 1120 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1140 26 17	580	610	22	13	4
670 700 23 13 5 700 730 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 940 970 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 6 1090 1120 25 16 6 1150 1150 25 16 6 1180 1210 26 17 6 1180 1210 26 17	610	640	22	13	4
700 730 23 14 5 730 760 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 940 970 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 6 1060 1090 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1150 1180 26 17 6 1120 1180 26 17 6 1210 1240 26 17 6	640	670	23	13	4
730 760 23 14 5 760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 940 970 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 6 1090 1120 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1180 1210 26 17 6 1240 1270 26 17 6 1270 1300 26 17 6 <td>670</td> <td>700</td> <td>23</td> <td>13</td> <td>5</td>	670	700	23	13	5
760 790 23 14 5 790 820 23 14 5 820 850 24 14 5 850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 970 100 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 6 1030 1060 25 16 6 1090 1120 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1140 26 17 6 1210 1240 26 17 6 1240 127 26 17 6 </td <td>700</td> <td>730</td> <td>23</td> <td>14</td> <td>5</td>	700	730	23	14	5
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850 880 24 15 5 880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 940 970 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 6 1090 1120 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1180 1210 26 17 6 1210 1240 26 17 6 1240 1270 26 17 6 1300 1330 26 17 6 1330 1360 27 18 6 1330 1360 27 18	790	820	23	14	5
880 910 24 15 5 910 940 24 15 5 940 970 24 15 5 970 1000 25 16 5 1000 1030 25 16 5 1030 1060 25 16 6 1060 1090 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1150 25 16 6 1120 1180 26 17 6 1210 1240 26 17 6 1210 1240 26 17 6 1270 1300 26 17 6 1300 1330 26 17	820	850	24	14	5
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1480 1510 27 18 7 1510 1540 28 19 7 1540 1570 28 19 7		1450			
1510 1540 28 19 7 1540 1570 28 19 7					7
1540 1570 28 19 7					
1570 1800 28 19 7					
	1570	1800	28	19	7

Determining the Accuracy

 Accuracies of model MX are categorized into normal and precision grades by model number as indicated in Table33.

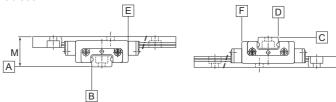


Fig.22

Table33 Accuracy Standard for Model MX

Unit: mm

Model	Accuracy standards	Normal grade	Precision grade	
No.	Item	No Symbol	Р	
	Difference in height M	0.015	0.005	
	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.003	0.002	
5	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔC (as shown in Table34)		
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔD (as shown in Table34)		
	Difference in height M	0.03	0.007	
	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.01 0.00		
7	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔC (as shown in Table35)		
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔD (as shown in Table35		

Table34 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism for Model MX5 by Accuracy Standard

Unit: µm

Опи. дип					
LM rail length (mm)		Running Para	llelism Values		
Above	Or less	Normal Precision grade grade			
_	25	2.5	1.5		
25	50	3.5	2		
50	100	5.5	3		
100	150	7	4		
150	200	8.4	5		

Table35 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism for Model MX7 by Accuracy Standard

Unit: um

	Unit: μr				
LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Valu			
Above	Or less	Normal grade	Precision grade		
_	40	8	1		
40	70	10	1		
70	100	11	2		
100	130	12	2		
130	160	13	2		
160	190	14	2		
190	220	15	3		
220	250	16	3		
250	280	17	3		
280	310	17	3		
310	340	18	3		
340	370	18	3		
370	400	19	3		

 Accuracies of model SRW are categorized into precision, super precision and ultra precision grades by model number as indicated in Table36.

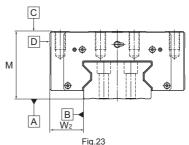


Table36 Accuracy Standard for Model SRW

Unit: mm

Preci-Super Ultra Accuracy precision precision sion Model standards grade grade grade No. Р Item SP UP Dimensional toler-0 0 ance in height M -0.05-0.03-0.015Difference in height M 0.007 0.005 0.003 0 0 0 Dimensional tolerance in width W2 -0.04-0.025-0.01570 Difference in width Wa 0.005 0.007 0.003 85 Running parallelism ΔC of surface C against (as shown in Table37) surface A Running parallelism of surface D against (as shown in Table37) surface B O 0 O Dimensional tolerance in height M -0.05-0.04-0.03 Difference in height M 0.01 0.007 0.005 Dimensional toler-0 0 0 ance in width W2 -0.05-0.04-0.03100 Difference in width W₂ 0.01 0.007 0.005 Running parallelism ΔC of surface C against (as shown in Table37) surface A Running parallelism ΔD of surface D against (as shown in Table37) surface B Dimensional toler-O ance in height M -0.05-0.04-0.030.01 0.007 Difference in height M 0.005 Dimensional toler-0 0 O ance in width W2 -0.05-0.04-0.03130 Difference in width Wa 0.01 0.005 0.007 150 Running parallelism ΔC of surface C against (as shown in Table37) surface A Running parallelism ۸D of surface D against (as shown in Table37) surface B

Table37 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: μm

Unit. µm				
LM rail le	ngth (mm)	Running	Parallelisr	n Values
Above	Or less	Preci- sion grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade
_	50	2	1.5	1
50	80	2	1.5	1
80	125	2	1.5	1
125	200	2	1.5	1
200	250	2.5	1.5	1
250	315	3	1.5	1
315	400	3.5	2	1.5
400	500	4.5	2.5	1.5
500	630	5	3	2
630	800	6	3.5	2
800	1000	6.5	4	2.5
1000	1250	7.5	4.5	3
1250	1600	8	5	4
1600	2000	8.5	5.5	4.5
2000	2500	9.5	6	5
2500	3090	11	6.5	5.5

Unit: mm

Determining the Accuracy

 Accuracies of model EPF are categorized into normal, high accuracy and precision grades by model number as indicated in Table38. Table38 Accuracy Standard for Model EPF

High-

Model No.		Standards	grade	accuracy grade	grade
	INU.	Item	No Symbol	Н	Р
		Dimensional tolerance in height M	±0.04	±0.02	±0.01
		Difference in height M	0.03	0.015	0.007
	7M 9M 12M	Dimensional tolerance in width W ₂	±0.04	±0.025	±0.015
	15M	Running parallelism of surface C against surface A ^{Note)}	0.008	0.004	0.001
		Running parallelism of surface D against surface B ^{Note)}	0.008	0.004	0.001

Note) If the stroke is more than 40 mm, contact THK.

· Accuracies of model SR-MS are categorized into precision, super precision and ultra precision grades by model number as indicated in Table39.

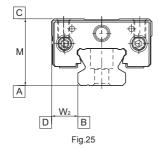


Fig.24

С

D

Table39 Accuracy Standard for Model SR-MS

Unit: mm

Model No.	Accuracy Standards	Precision grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade UP
	пеш	Р	SP	UP
	Dimensional toler- ance in height M	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008
	Difference in Height M	0.006	0.004	0.003
	Dimensional tolerance in width W ₂	0 -0.02	0 -0.015	0 -0.008
15 20	Difference in Width W2	0.006	0.004	0.003
	Running parallel- ism of surface C against surface A	∆C (as s	shown in	Table40)
	Running parallel- ism of surface D against surface B	ΔD (as s	shown in	Table40)

Table40 LM Rail Length and Running Parallelism by Accuracy Standard

Unit: µm

				•					
LM rail ler	ngth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values							
Above	Or less	Preci- sion grade	Super precision grade	Ultra precision grade					
		Р	SP	UP					
_	50	2	1.5	1					
50	80	2	1.5	1					
80	125	2	1.5	1					
125	200	2	1.5	1					
200	250	2.5	1.5	1					
250	315	3	1.5	1					
315	400	3.5	2	1.5					

LM Guide

Features and Dimensions of Each Model

Structure and Features of the Caged Ball LM Guide

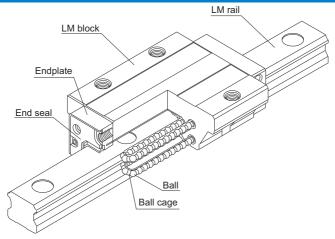


Fig.1 Structural Drawing of the Caged Ball LM Guide Model SHS

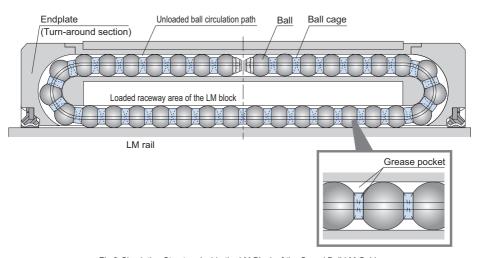


Fig.2 Circulation Structure inside the LM Block of the Caged Ball LM Guide

With the Caged Ball LM Guide, the use of a ball cage allows lines of evenly spaced balls to circulate, thus to eliminate friction between the balls.

In addition, grease held in a space between the ball circulation path and the ball cage (grease pocket) is applied on the contact surface between each ball and the ball cage as the ball rotates, forming an oil film on the ball surface. As a result, an oil film is not easily broken.

Structure and Features of the Caged Ball LM Guide

Advantages of the Ball Cage Technology

- (1) The absence of friction between balls, together with increased grease retention, achieves long service life and long-term maintenance-free (lubrication-free) operation.
- (2) The absence of ball-to-ball collision achieves low noise and acceptable running sound.
- (3) The absence of friction between balls achieves low heat generation and high speed operation.
- (4) The circulation of lines of evenly spaced balls ensures smooth ball rotation.
- (5) The absence of friction between balls allows high grease retention and low dust generation.

[Long Service Life and Long-term Maintenance-free Operation]

Nominal Life Equation for the LM Guide

$$L = \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 50$$

L : Nominal life (km)
C : Basic dynamic load rating (N)
P : Applied load (N)

As indicated in the equation, the greater the basic dynamic load rating, the longer the nominal life of the LM Guide.

[Example of Calculation]

Comparison of Nominal Life Between the Caged Ball LM Guide model SHS25V and the Conventional Full-ball Type Model HSR25A

Calculation Assuming P = 11.1kN

Basic dynamic rated load (C) of SHS25V = 31.7kN Basic dynamic rated load (C) of HSR25A = 19.9kN

Model SHS25V
$$L = \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 50 = \left(\frac{31.7}{11.1}\right)^3 \times 50 = 1160 \text{ km}$$

Model HSR25A
$$L = \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 50 = \left(\frac{19.9}{11.1}\right)^3 \times 50 = 280 \text{ km}$$

The nominal life of the Caged Ball LM Guide model SHS25V is 4.0 times* longer than the conventional full-ball type model HSR25A.

*When selecting a model number, it is necessary to perform a service life calculation according to the conditions.

• Data on Long Service Life and Long-term Maintenance-free Operation

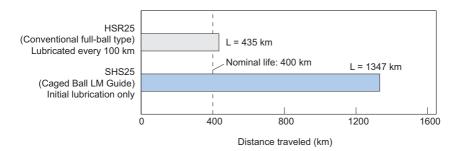
Use of a ball cage eliminates friction between balls and increases grease retention, thus to achieve long service life and long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Condition]

Model No. : SHS25/HSR25
Speed : 60m/min
Stroke : 350mm
Acceleration: 9.8m/s²
Orientation : horizontal

Load : Caged Ball LM Guide model SHS: 11.1kN

Conventional full-ball type model HSR: 9.8kN



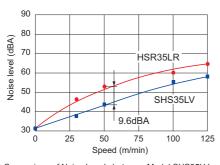
Structure and Features of the Caged Ball LM Guide

[Low Noise, Acceptable Running Sound]

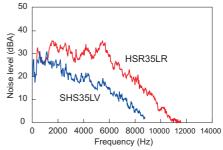
Noise Level Data

Since the ball circulation path inside the LM block is made of resin, metallic noise between balls and the LM block is eliminated. In addition, use of a ball cage eliminates metallic noise of ball-to-ball collision, allowing a low noise level to be maintained even at high speed.

Model SHS35LV: Caged Ball LM Guide Model HSR35LR: conventional full-ball type



Comparison of Noise Levels between Model SHS35LV and Model HSR35LR



Comparison of Noise Levels between Model SHS35LV and Model HSR35LR (at speed of 50 m/min)

[High Speed]

High-speed Durability Test Data

Since use of a ball cage eliminates friction between balls, only a low level of heat is generated and superbly high speed is achieved.

[Condition]

Model No. : Caged Ball LM Guide Model SHS65LVSS

Speed: 200m/min Stroke: 2500mm

Lubrication: initial lubrication only

Applied load: 34.5kN Acceleration: 1.5G Calculated service life 19718km

Travel distance 30000km

0 5000 10000 15000 20000 25000 30000

Distance traveled (km)

Grease remains, and no anomaly is observed in the balls and grease.



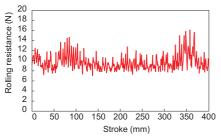
Detail view of the ball cage

[Smooth Motion]

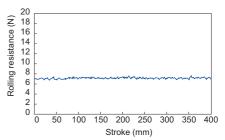
Rolling Resistance Data

Use of a ball cage allows the balls to be uniformly aligned and prevents a line of balls from meandering as they enter the LM block. This enables smooth and stable motion to be achieved, minimizes fluctuations in rolling resistance, and ensures high accuracy, in any mounting orientation.

Model SHS25LV: Caged Ball LM Guide Model HSR25LR: conventional full-ball type



Rolling Resistance Fluctuation Data with HSR25LR (Feeding speed: 10mm/sec)

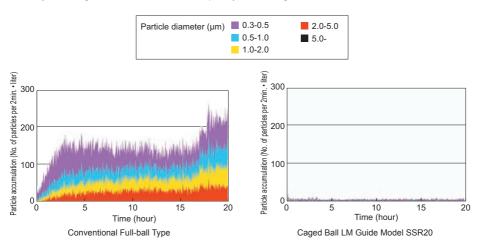


Rolling Resistance Fluctuation Data with SHS25LV (Feeding speed: 10mm/sec)

[Low dust generation]

Low Dust Generation Data

In addition to friction between balls, metallic contact has also been eliminated by using resin for the through holes. Furthermore, the Caged Ball LM Guide has a high level of grease retention and minimizes fly loss of grease, thus to achieve superbly low dust generation.



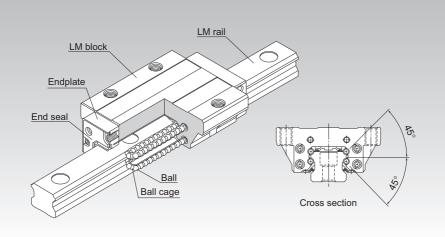
Features and Dimensions of Each Model

Structure and Features of the Caged Ball LM Guide

SHS



Caged Ball LM Guide Global Standard Size Model SHS



*For the Ball Cage, see A1-88.

Point of Selection	A 1-10
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Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	△1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and ball cages and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations. In addition, the LM block can receive a well-balanced preload, increasing the rigidity in the four directions while maintaining a constant, low friction coefficient. With the low sectional height and the high rigidity design of the LM block, this model achieves highly accurate and stable straight motion.

[4-way Equal Load]

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations and in extensive applications.

[Self-adjustment Capability]

The self-adjustment capability through front-to-front configuration of THK's unique circular-arc grooves (DF set) enables a mounting error to be absorbed even under a preload, thus to achieve highly accurate, smooth straight motion.

[Global Standard Size]

SHS is designed to have dimensions almost the same as that of Full Ball LM Guide model HSR, which THK as a pioneer of the linear motion system has developed and is practically a global standard size.

[Low Center of Gravity, High Rigidity]

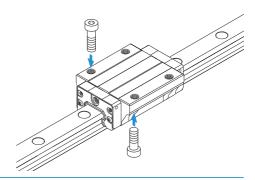
As a result of downsizing the LM rail section, the center of gravity is lowered and the rigidity is increased.

Types and Features

Model SHS-C

The flange of the LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

Specification Table⇒▲1-98

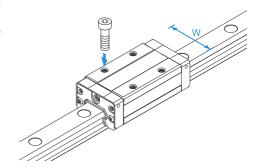


Model SHS-V

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

Used in places where the space for table width is limited

Specification Table⇒▲1-100

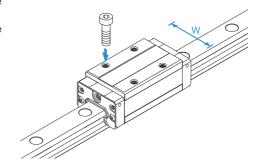


Model SHS-R

The LM block has a smaller width (W) and the mounting holes are tapped.

It succeeds the height dimension of full-ball type LM Guide HSR-R.

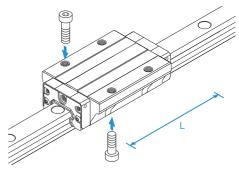
Specification Table⇒A1-102



Model SHS-LC

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SHS-C, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

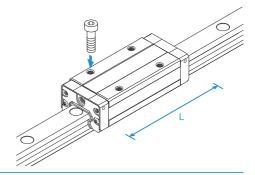
Specification Table⇒▲1-98



Model SHS-LV

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SHS-V, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

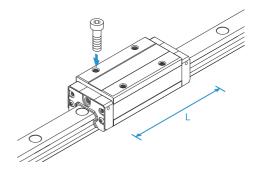
Specification Table⇒A1-100



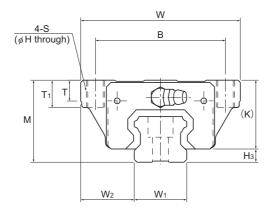
Model SHS-LR

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SHS-R, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

Specification Table⇒A1-102



Models SHS-C and SHS-LC



	Outer	dimer	nsions		LM block dimensions								Pilot hole for side nipple**				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S	Н	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	e ₀	fo	Do
SHS 15C SHS 15LC	24	47	64.4 79.4	38	30	M5	4.4	48 63	5.9	8	21	5.5	5.5	PB1021B	4	4	3
SHS 20C SHS 20LC	30	63	79 98	53	40	M6	5.4	59 78	7.2	10	25.4	6.5	12	B-M6F	4.3	5.3	3
SHS 25C SHS 25LC	36	70	92 109	57	45	M8	6.8	71 88	9.1	12	30.2	7.5	12	B-M6F	4.5	5.5	3
SHS 30C SHS 30LC	42	90	106 131	72	52	M10	8.5	80 105	11.5	15	35	8	12	B-M6F	5.8	6	5.2
SHS 35C SHS 35LC	48	100	122 152	82	62	M10	8.5	93 123	11.5	15	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	6.5	5.5	5.2
SHS 45C SHS 45LC	60	120	140 174	100	80	M12	10.5	106 140	14.1	18	51.1	10.5	16	B-PT1/8	8	8	5.2
SHS 55C SHS 55LC	70	140	171 213	116	95	M14	12.5	131 173	16	21	57.3	11	16	B-PT1/8	10	8	5.2
SHS 65C SHS 65LC	90	170	221 272	142	110	M16	14.5	175 226	18.8	24	71	19	16	B-PT1/8	10	12	5.2

Model number coding

QΖ KKHH C0 +1200L SHS25 LC 2

Model Type of number LM block With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

With steel tape jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same Symbol for LM rail plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

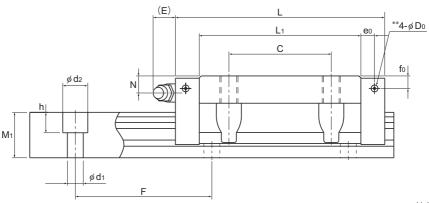
Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on \$\textbf{\textit{1}}\)-496. (*2) See \$\textbf{\textit{1}}\)-70. (*3) See \$\textbf{\textit{1}}\)-76. (*4) See \$\textbf{\textbf{1}}\)-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Unit: mm

			LM	rail d	imensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static permissible moment kN-m					Ма	SS
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C _o	N .	1 ✓ ≥	- L		M _°	LM block	LM rail
Н₃	W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
3	15	16	13	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	14.2 17.2	24.2 31.9	0.175 0.296	0.898 1.43	0.175 0.296	0.898 1.43	0.16 0.212	0.23 0.29	1.3
4.6	20	21.5	16.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000	22.3 28.1	38.4 50.3	0.334 0.568	1.75 2.8	0.334 0.568	1.75 2.8	0.361 0.473	0.46 0.61	2.3
5.8	23	23.5	20	60	7×11×9	3000	31.7 36.8	52.4 64.7	0.566 0.848	2.75 3.98	0.566 0.848	2.75 3.98	0.563 0.696	0.72 0.89	3.2
7	28	31	23	80	9×14×12	3000	44.8 54.2	66.6 88.8	0.786 1.36	4.08 6.6	0.786 1.36	4.08 6.6	0.865 1.15	1.34 1.66	4.5
7.5	34	33	26	80	9×14×12	3000	62.3 72.9	96.6 127	1.38 2.34	6.76 10.9	1.38 2.34	6.76 10.9	1.53 2.01	1.9 2.54	6.2
8.9	45	37.5	32	105	14×20×17	3090	82.8 100	126 166	2.05 3.46	10.1 16.3	2.05 3.46	10.1 16.3	2.68 3.53	3.24 4.19	10.4
12.7	53	43.5	38	120	16×23×20	3060	128 161	197 259	3.96 6.68	19.3 31.1	3.96 6.68	19.3 31.1	4.9 6.44	5.35 6.97	14.5
19	63	53.5	53	150	18×26×22	3000	205 253	320 408	8.26 13.3	40.4 62.6	8.26 13.3	40.4 62.6	9.4 11.9	10.7 13.7	23.7

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other

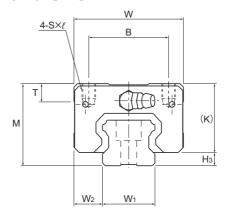
than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **\(\)** 1-104.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SHS-V and SHS-LV



	Oute	r dimen	sions	LM block dimensions									Pilot hole for side nipple**			
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	Grease nipple	e _o	f _o	D ₀	
SHS 15V SHS 15LV	24	34	64.4 79.4	26	26 34	M4×4	48 63	5.9	21	5.5	5.5	PB1021B	4	4	3	
SHS 20V SHS 20LV	30	44	79 98	32	36 50	M5×5	59 78	8	25.4	6.5	12	B-M6F	4.3	5.3	3	
SHS 25V SHS 25LV	36	48	92 109	35	35 50	M6×6.5	71 88	8	30.2	7.5	12	B-M6F	4.5	5.5	3	
SHS 30V SHS 30LV	42	60	106 131	40	40 60	M8×8	80 105	8	35	8	12	B-M6F	5.8	6	5.2	
SHS 35V SHS 35LV	48	70	122 152	50	50 72	M8×10	93 123	14.7	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	6.5	5.5	5.2	
SHS 45V SHS 45LV	60	86	140 174	60	60 80	M10×15	106 140	14.9	51.1	10.5	16	B-PT1/8	8	8	5.2	
SHS 55V SHS 55LV	70	100	171 213	75	75 95	M12×15	131 173	19.4	57.3	11	16	B-PT1/8	10	8	5.2	
SHS 65V SHS 65LV	90	126	221 272	76	70 120	M16×20	175 226	19.5	71	19	16	B-PT1/8	10	12	5.2	

Model number coding

KKHH C1 +1240L SHS30

Model Type of number LM block With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

With steel tape

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4) Symbol for LM rail

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

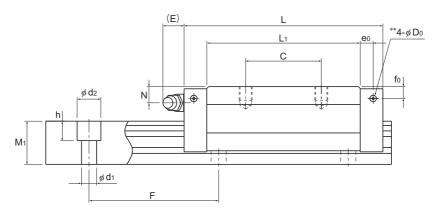
Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Radial clearance symbol (*2) jointed use Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Unit: mm

															Offic. Ithiri
			LM	rail d	imensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permiss	sible m	oment l	kN-m*	Ма	ss
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C _o	2	1 _A	2		M°(□	LM block	LM rail
Н₃	W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
3	15	9.5	13	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	14.2 17.2	24.2 31.9	0.175 0.296	0.898 1.43	0.175 0.296	0.898 1.43	0.16 0.212	0.19 0.22	1.3
4.6	20	12	16.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000	22.3 28.1		0.334 0.568	1.75 2.8	0.334 0.568	1.75 2.8	0.361 0.473	0.35 0.46	2.3
5.8	23	12.5	20	60	7×11×9	3000	31.7 36.8		0.566 0.848	2.75 3.98	0.566 0.848	2.75 3.98	0.563 0.696	0.54 0.67	3.2
7	28	16	23	80	9×14×12	3000	44.8 54.2	66.6 88.8	0.786 1.36	4.08 6.6	0.786 1.36	4.08 6.6	0.865 1.15	0.94 1.16	4.5
7.5	34	18	26	80	9×14×12	3000	62.3 72.9	96.6 127	1.38 2.34	6.76 10.9	1.38 2.34	6.76 10.9	1.53 2.01	1.4 1.84	6.2
8.9	45	20.5	32	105	14×20×17	3090	82.8 100	126 166	2.05 3.46	10.1 16.3	2.05 3.46	10.1 16.3	2.68 3.53	2.54 3.19	10.4
12.7	53	23.5	38	120	16×23×20	3060	128 161	197 259	3.96 6.68	19.3 31.1	3.96 6.68	19.3 31.1	4.9 6.44	4.05 5.23	14.5
19	63	31.5	53	150	18×26×22	3000	205 253	320 408	8.26 13.3	40.4 62.6	8.26 13.3	40.4 62.6	9.4 11.9	8.41 10.7	23.7

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

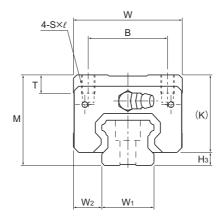
THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-104.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SHS-R and SHS-LR



	Oute	r dimen	sions		LM block dimensions									Pilot hole for side nipple**			
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	Grease nipple	e ₀	f _o	D ₀		
SHS 15R	28	34	64.4	26	26	M4×5	48	5.9	25	9.5	5.5	PB1021B	4	8	3		
SHS 25R SHS 25LR	40	48	92 109	35	35 50	M6×8	71 88	8	34.2	11.5	12	B-M6F	6	9.5	3		
SHS 30R SHS 30LR	45	60	106 131	40	40 60	M8×10	80 105	8	38	11	12	B-M6F	5.8	9	5.2		
SHS 35R SHS 35LR	55	70	122 152	50	50 72	M8×12	93 123	14.7	47.5	15	12	B-M6F	6.5	12.5	5.2		
SHS 45R SHS 45LR	70	86	140 174	60	60 80	M10×17	106 140	14.9	61.1	20.5	16	B-PT1/8	8	18	5.2		
SHS 55R SHS 55LR	80	100	171 213	75	75 95	M12×18	131 173	19.4	67.3	21	16	B-PT1/8	10	18	5.2		

Model number coding

SHS45 LR 2 QZ KKHH C0 +1200L P T - II

Model Type of number LM block With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

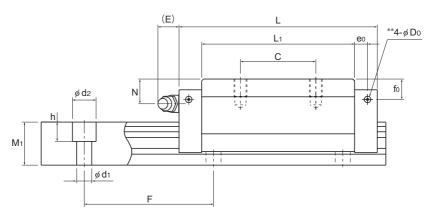
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)

Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **\(\Delta 1-496**. (*2) See **\(\Delta 1-70**. (*3) See **\(\Delta 1-76**. (*4) See **\(\Delta 1-13**. \)

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Unit: mm

			LM	rail d	imensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static permissible moment kN-m					Mass	
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C₀	2	14	2		M°	LM block	LM rail
Нз	W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
3	15	9.5	13	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	14.2	24.2	0.175	0.898	0.175	0.898	0.16	0.22	1.3
5.8	23	12.5	20	60	7×11×9	3000	31.7 36.8	52.4 64.7	0.566 0.848	2.75 3.98	0.566 0.848	-	0.563 0.696	0.66 0.8	3.2
7	28	16	23	80	9×14×12	3000	44.8 54.2	66.6 88.8	0.786 1.36	4.08 6.6	0.786 1.36	4.08 6.6	0.865 1.15	1.04 1.36	4.5
7.5	34	18	26	80	9×14×12	3000	62.3 72.9	96.6 127	1.38 2.34	6.76 10.9	1.38 2.34	6.76 10.9	1.53 2.01	1.8 2.34	6.2
8.9	45	20.5	32	105	14×20×17	3090	82.8 100	126 166	2.05 3.46	10.1 16.3	2.05 3.46	10.1 16.3	2.68 3.53	3.24 4.19	10.4
12.7	53	23.5	38	120	16×23×20	3060	128 161	197 259	3.96 6.68	19.3 31.1	3.96 6.68	19.3 31.1	4.9 6.44	5.05 6.57	14.5

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-104.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block; static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard and maximum lengths of the SHS model rail. If a rail length longer than the listed max length is required, rails may be jointed to meet the overall length. Contact THK for details. For special rail lengths, it is recommended to use a value corresponding to the G dimension from the table. As the G dimension increases, this portion becomes less stable and the accuracy performance is severely impacted.

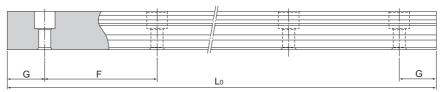


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SHS

Unit: mm

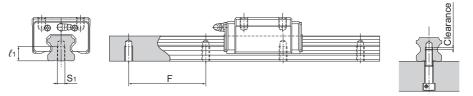
Model No.	SHS 15	SHS 20	SHS 25	SHS 30	SHS 35	SHS 45	SHS 55	SHS 65
LM rail standard length (L₀)	160 220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1120 1180 1240 1360 1480 1600	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1120 1180 1240 1360 1480 1600 1720 1840 1960 2080 2200	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1120 1180 1240 1360 1420 1480 1540 1600 1720 1840 1960 2080 2200 2320 2440	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	570 675 780 885 990 1095 1200 1305 1410 1515 1620 1725 1830 1935 2040 2145 2250 2355 2460 2565 2670 2775 2880 2985 3090	780 900 1020 1140 1260 1380 1500 1620 1740 1860 1980 2100 2220 2340 2460 2580 2700 2820 2940 3060	1270 1570 2020 2620
Standard pitch F	60	60	60	80	80	105	120	150
G	20	20	20	20	20	22.5	30	35
Max length	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3090	3060	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Tapped-hole LM Rail Type of Model SHS

SHS model rails also include a type where the LM rail is tapped from the bottom. This type is useful when mounting from the bottom of the base and when increased contamination protection is desired.



- (1) Determine the bolt length so that a clearance of 2 to 5 mm is secured between the bolt end and the bottom of the tap (effective tap depth). (See figure above.)
- (2) For standard pitches of the taps, see Table1 on A1-104.

Table2 Dimensions of the LM Rail Tap

Unit: mm

Model No.	S ₁	Effective tap depth ℓ_1
SHS 15	M5	8
SHS 20	M6	10
SHS 25	M6	12
SHS 30	M8	15
SHS 35	M8	17
SHS 45	M12	20
SHS 55	M14	24
SHS 65	M20	30

Model number coding

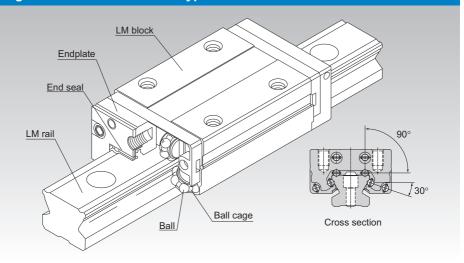
SHS35 LC2UU +1000LH K

Symbol for tapped-hole LM rail type

SSR



Caged Ball LM Guide Radial Type Model SSR



*For the Ball Cage, see A1-88.

Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Radial Clearance	A 1-70
Accuracy Standards	A1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△1-449
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	△1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and ball cages and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Use of the ball cage eliminates friction between balls and increases grease retention, thus to achieve low noise, high speed and long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Compact, Radial Type]

Since it is a compactly designed model that has a low sectional height and a ball contact structure in the radial direction, this model is optimal for horizontal guide units.

[Superb Planar Running Accuracy]

Use of a ball contact structure that is highly resistant to loads in the radial direction minimizes radial displacement under radial loads and provides stable, highly accurate motion.

[Self-adjustment Capability]

The self-adjustment capability through front-to-front configuration of THK's unique circular-arc grooves (DF set) enables a mounting error to be absorbed even under a preload, thus to achieve highly accurate, smooth straight motion.

[Stainless Steel Type also Available as Standard]

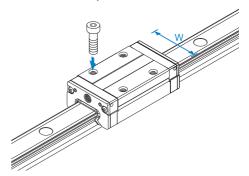
A stainless steel type with its LM block, LM rail and balls all made of stainless steel, which is superbly corrosion resistant, is also available as standard.

Types and Features

Model SSR-XW

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

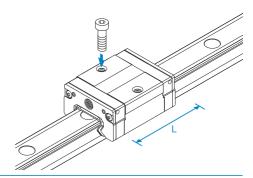
Specification Table⇒A1-110



Model SSR-XV

This type has the same cross-sectional shape as SSR-XW but has a shorter overall LM block length (L).

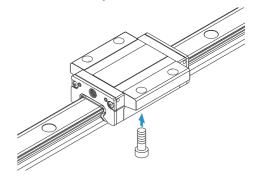
Specification Table⇒A1-112



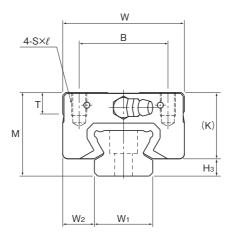
Model SSR-XTB

Since the LM block can be mounted from the bottom, this type is optimal for applications where through holes for mounting bolts cannot be drilled on the table.

Specification Table⇒A1-114



Models SSR-XW and SSR-XWM



	Oute	r dime	nsions		LM block dimensions											
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	Е	f _o	e ₀	D ₀	Grease nipple	H ₃
SSR 15XW SSR 15XWM	24	34	56.9	26	26	M4×7	39.9	6.5	19.5	4.5	5.5	2.7	4.5	3	PB1021B	4.5
SSR 20XW SSR 20XWM	28	42	66.5	32	32	M5×8	46.6	8.2	22	5.5	12	2.9	5.2	3	B-M6F	6
SSR 25XW SSR 25XWM	33	48	83	35	35	M6×9	59.8	8.4	26.2	6	12	3.3	6.8	3	B-M6F	6.8
SSR 30XW SSR 30XWM	42	60	97	40	40	M8×12	70.7	11.3	32.5	8	12	4.5	7.6	4	B-M6F	9.5
SSR 35XW	48	70	110.9	50	50	M8×12	80.5	13	36.5	8.5	12	4.7	8.8	4	B-M6F	11.5

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

Model number coding

SSR25X UU C1 M +1200L QZ

Model Type of number LM block With QZ Contamination lubricator protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless LM rail length steel (in mm) LM block

Symbol for Stainless steel

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Normal (No symbol)

Applied to only Radial clearance symbol (*2) 15 and 25

LM rail No. of rails Symbol for LM rail jointed use

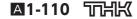
used on the same plane (*4)

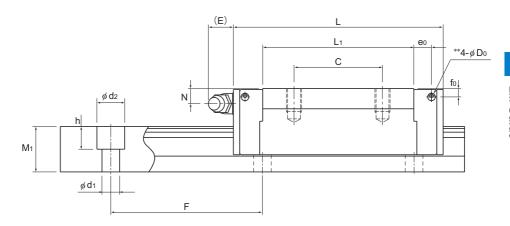
Accuracy symbol (*3) Light preload (C1) Normal grade (No Symbol)

High accuracy grade (H)/Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP)/Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-70. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





		LM	rail dir	mensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment I	kN-m*	Mass	
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N .	M _A			€ (<u></u>)	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	9.5	12.5	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1240)	14.7	16.5	0.0792	0.44	0.0486	0.274	0.0962	0.15	1.2
20	11	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	19.6	23.4	0.138	0.723	0.0847	0.448	0.18	0.25	2.1
23	12.5	18	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	31.5	36.4	0.258	1.42	0.158	0.884	0.33	0.4	2.7
28	16	23	80	7×11×9	3000 (2520)	46.5	52.7	0.446	2.4	0.274	1.49	0.571	0.8	4.3
 34	18	27.5	80	9×14×12	3000	64.6	71.6	0.711	3.72	0.437	2.31	0.936	1.1	6.4

Note1) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **\(\)**1-116.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

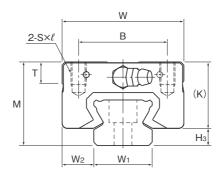
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Note2) For models SSR15 and 25, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1). When, replacing this model with model SR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail. Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail
SSR 15	For M4 (Symbol Y)	For M3 (No symbol)
SSR 25	For M6 (Symbol Y)	For M5 (No symbol)

Models SSR-XV and SSR-XVM



	Oute	r dimen	sions					LM bl	ock di	mensi	ons				
Model No.	Height	Width	Length											Grease nipple	
	М	W	L	В	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	K	N	Е	f o	e₀	D₀		H₃
SSR 15XV SSR 15XVM	24	34	40.3	26	M4×7	23.3	6.5	19.5	4.5	5.5	2.7	4.5	3	PB1021B	4.5
SSR 20XV SSR 20XVM	28	42	47.7	32	M5×8	27.8	8.2	22	5.5	12	2.9	5.2	3	B-M6F	6
SSR 25XV SSR 25XVM	33	48	60	35	M6×9	36.8	8.4	26.2	6	12	3.3	6.8	3	B-M6F	6.8

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block. LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

Model number coding

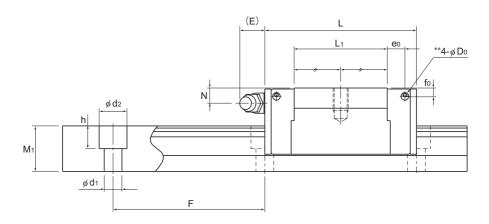
+1200L With QZ Contamination Stainless LM rail length Symbol for Model Type of Stainless steel lubricator protection steel (in mm) No. of rails number LM block LM rail accessory symbol (*1) used LM block on the same Applied to only Symbol for LM rail No. of LM blocks plane (*4) 15 and 25 jointed use Radial clearance symbol (*2) used on the same Normal (No symbol) Accuracy symbol (*3) rail Light preload (C1)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 3 rails are used in parallel is 3 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

Normal grade (No Symbol)

High accuracy grade (H)/Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP)/Ultra precision grade (UP)



		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Mass	
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	6	M _A		M _B		LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	9.5	12.5	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1240)	9.1	9.7	0.0303	0.192	0.0189	0.122	0.0562	80.0	1.2
20	11	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	13.4	14.4	0.0523	0.336	0.0326	0.213	0.111	0.14	2.1
23	12.5	18	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	21.7	22.5	0.104	0.661	0.0652	0.419	0.204	0.23	2.7

Note1) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **A1-116**.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

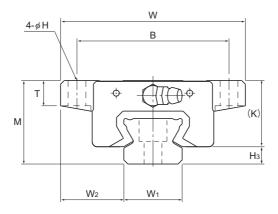
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Note2) For models SSR15 and 25, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1). When, replacing this model with model SR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail. Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail
SSR 15	For M4 (Symbol Y)	For M3 (No symbol)
SSR 25	For M6 (Symbol Y)	For M5 (No symbol)

Model SSR-XTB



	sions					LI	M bloc	k dim	ensio	ns						
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	Н	L ₁	Т	К	N	Е	f _o	e _o	D₀	Grease nipple	H ₃
SSR 15XTB	24	52	56.9	41	26	4.5	39.9	7	19.5	4.5	5.5	2.7	4.5	3	PB1021B	4.5
SSR 20XTB	28	59	66.5	49	32	5.5	46.6	9	22	5.5	12	2.9	5.2	3	B-M6F	6
SSR 25XTB	33	73	83	60	35	7	59.8	10	26.2	6	12	3.3	6.8	3	B-M6F	6.8

Model number coding

SSR15X TB 2 QZ UU C1 +820L Y P T -II

Model number Type of LM block

With QZ lubricator

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Applied to only 15 and 25 sizes

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Normal grade (No Sýmbol) High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

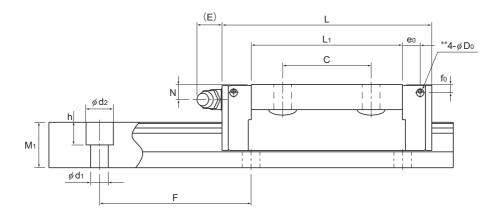
Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with OZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached

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with QZ, contact THK.

To download a desired data, search for the corresponding model number in the Technical site.



		LM	rail dir	mensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height Pitch Length* C C ₀		``			1) ×	LM block	LM rail					
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	18.5	12.5	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1240)	14.7	16.5	0.0792	0.44	0.0486	0.274	0.0962	0.19	1.2
20	19.5	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	19.6	23.4	0.138	0.723	0.0847	0.448	0.18	0.31	2.1
23	25	18	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	31.5	36.4	0.258	1.42	0.158	0.884	0.33	0.53	2.7

Note1) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-116.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Note2) For models SSR15 and 25, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1). When, replacing this model with model SR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail. Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail
SSR 15	For M4 (Symbol Y)	For M3 (No symbol)
SSR 25	For M6 (Symbol Y)	For M5 (No symbol)

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SSR variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

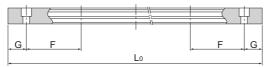


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Unit: mm

Model No.	SSR 15X	SSR 20X	SSR 25X	SSR 30X	SSR 35X
LM rail standard length (Lo)	160 220 280 340 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1060 1120 1180 1240 1300 1360 1420 1480 1540	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1060 1120 1180 1240 1300 1360 1420 1480 1540 1600 1660 1720 1780 1840 1900 1960 2020 2080 2140	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1060 1120 1240 1300 1360 1420 1480 1540 1660 1720 1780 1840 1900 1960 2020 2080 2140 2200 2260 2320 2380 2440	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2120 2200 2280 2360 2440 2520 2600 2680 2760 2840 2920	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2120 2200 2280 2360 2440 2520 2600 2680 2760 2840 2920
Standard pitch F	60	60	60	80	80
G	20	20	20	20	20
Max length	3000 (1240)	3000 (1480)	3000 (2020)	3000 (2520)	3000

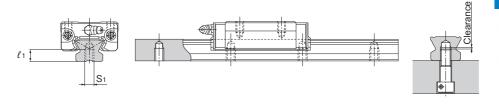
Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Note3) The values in the parentheses indicate the maximum lengths of stainless steel types.

Tapped-hole LM Rail Type of Model SSR

SSR model rails also include a type where the LM rail is tapped from the bottom. This type is useful when mounting from the bottom of the base and when increased contamination protection is desired.



- (1) A tapped-hole LM rail type is available only for high accuracy or lower grades.
- (2) Determine the bolt length so that a clearance of 2 to 5 mm is secured between the bolt end and the bottom of the tap (effective tap depth). (See figure above.)
- (3) For standard pitches of the taps, see Table1 on **A1-116**.

Table2 Dimensions of the LM Rail Tap Unit: mm

Model No.	S ₁	Effective tap depth ℓ_1
SSR 15X	M5	7
SSR 20X	M6	9
SSR 25X	M6	10
SSR 30X	M8	14
SSR 35X	M8	16

Model number coding

SSR20X W2UU +1200LH K

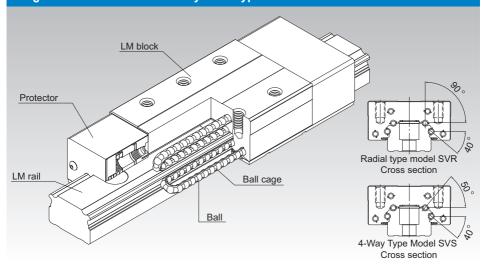
Symbol for

tapped-hole LM rail t

SVR/SVS



Caged Ball LM Guide Ultra-heavy Load Type for Machine Tools Model SVR/SVS



*For the Ball Cage, see A1-88.

Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	△ 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	B 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	△1-7 0
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△1-446
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	△1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Models SVR/SVS have especially high rigidity and load carrying capacity among the Caged Ball LM Guide series. In addition, these models maintain the LM Guide performance and achieve high reliability through the strengthening of the dust proof performance with a broad range of options that take into account the service environments of machine tools, etc.

*Since models SVR/SVS have very high rigidity, their structures are easily affected by the misalignment of the mounting surface and the installation error. If affected by these factors, their service life may be shortened or their motion may be disrupted. When considering using these models, contact THK.

[Super Heavy Load, Increased Damping]

The raceway of models SVR/SVS adopts a circular-arc deep groove with a curvature approximate to the ball diameter. Since the ball contact area increases as the applied load increases, a large load carrying capacity is achieved and damping is also improved.

[Increased Dust-proof Performance]

The foreign material removal function is improved with a newly developed protector to strengthen the dust-proof performance. In addition, use of a side scraper reduces the entrance of foreign material into the LM block, thus maintaining the LM Guide performance for a long period even in adverse environments

[High Rigidity]

Models SVR/SVS achieve the highest rigidity among the Caged Ball LM Guide series.

Both the radial type SVR and the 4-way equal load type SVS are available for the same size. Depending on the intended use, you can select either type.

[Wide Array of Options]

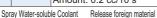
Various options are available, including end seal, inner seal, side seal, Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS, protector, side scraper and Cap GC, to respond to diversified service environments.

[Models SVR/SVS Contamination Protection Performance Evaluation]

Models SVR/SVS maintain their performance under severe conditions with fine particles or liquid contamination.

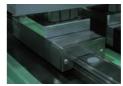
Test conditions

Ite	em	Description
Tested	model	SVS45LR1TTHHYYC1+2880LP×2set
Maximui	m speed	200m/min
Stro	oke	2500mm
Grease	e used	THK AFB-LF Grease
Environmental conditions	Foreign material	Type: Metal powder (Atomized Powder) (particle diameter: 125 µm or less)
on r	materiai	Amount: 0.4 g/20 min
Nirc	Coolant	Water-soluble coolant
Ш	Coolant	Amount: 0.2 cc/10 s

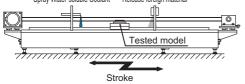




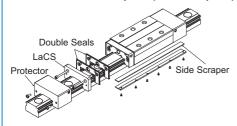
Test equipment



Tested model



Models SVR/SVS with option (TTHHYY option)



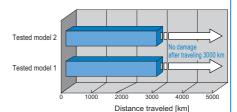
TTHHYY Option:

Double Seals Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS Protector Side Scraper





After traveling 3000 km



Models SVR/SVS maintain their performance even after traveling 3000 km under severe conditions with exposure to coolant and contamination.

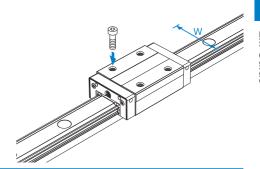
Types and Features

Models SVR-R/SVS-R

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

Used in places where the space for table width is limited.

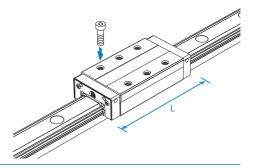
Specification Table⇒A1-124/A1-126



Models SVR-LR/SVS-LR

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as models SVR/SVS-R, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

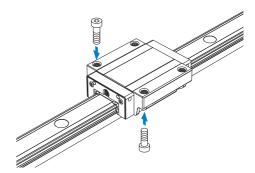
Specification Table⇒A1-124/A1-126



Models SVR-C/SVS-C

The flange of the LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom. Can also be used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

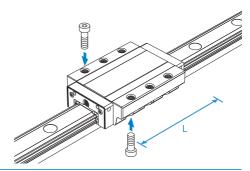
Specification Table⇒A1-128/A1-130



Models SVR-LC/SVS-LC

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as models SVR/SVS-C, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

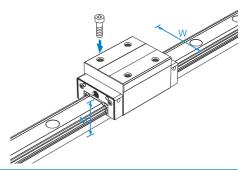
Specification Table⇒A1-128/A1-130



Models SVR-RH/SVS-RH (Build to Order)

The dimensions are almost the same as that of LM Guide models SHS and HSR, and the LM block has tapped holes.

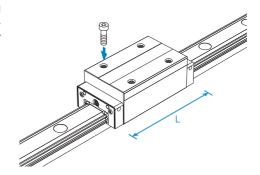
Specification Table⇒A1-132



Models SVR-LRH/SVS-LRH (Build to Order)

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as models SVR/SVS-RH, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

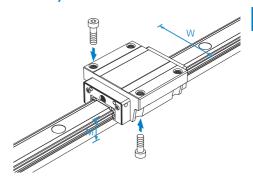
Specification Table⇒A1-132



Models SVR-CH/SVS-CH (Build to Order)

Specification Table⇒A1-134

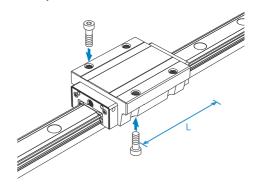
The dimensions are similar to that of LM Guide models SHS and HSR, and the flange of the LM block has tapped holes.



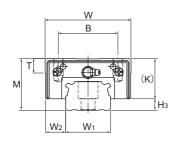
Models SVR-LCH/SVS-LCH (Build to Order)

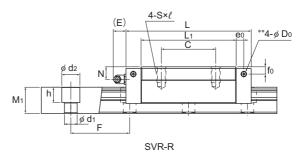
Specification Table⇒A1-134

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as models SVR/SVS-CH, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.



Models SVR-R and SVR-LR





	dir	Oute nensi						LM b	lock d	imens	sions					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	fo	Е	e ₀	Do	Grease nipple	Н₃
SVR 25R SVR 25LR	31	50	82.8 102	32	35 50	M6×8	61.4 80.6	9.7	25.5	7.8	5.1	12	4.5	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
SVR 30R SVR 30LR	38	60	98 120.5	40	40 60	M8×10	72.1 94.6	9.7	31	10.3	7	12	6.5	3.9	B-M6F	7
SVR 35R SVR 35LR	44	70	109.5 135	50	50 72	M8×12	79 104.5	11.7	35	12.1	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVR 45R SVR 45LR	52	86	138.2 171	60	60 80	M10×17	105 137.8	14.7	40.4	13.9	8	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVR 55R SVR 55LR	63	100	163.3 200.5	65	75 95	M12×18	123.6 160.8	17.7	49	16.6	10	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
SVR 65R SVR 65LR	75	126	186 246	76	70 110	M16×20	143.6 203.6	21.6	60	19	15	16	8.7	8.2	B-PT1/8	15

Model number coding

QZ TTHH C0 +1200L SVR45 LR

Model No. Type of LM block With QZ

No. of LM blocks

used on the same rail

Contamination symbol (*1)

Lubricator protection accessory Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

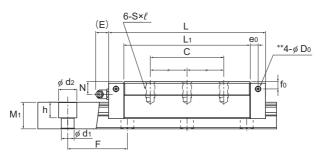
LM rail length (in mm) Symbol for Symbol for No. of rails LM rail jointed use used on the same plane (*4)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that an LM block and an LM rail constitute one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2). Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached

with QZ, contact THK.



SVR-LR

		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic rat	load ing	Sta	itic peri	missibl kN-m*	e mom	ent	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length	С	C ₀	2	14		<u></u>	M _°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max*	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	12.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	48.2 57	68.1 86.3	0.602 0.944	3.02 4.67	0.365 0.57	1.83 2.81	0.71 0.9	0.4 0.5	2.9
28	16	21	80	7×11×9	3000	67.9 84	91.6 124	0.907 1.64	4.85 7.92	0.552 0.991	2.94 4.76	1.08 1.47	0.7 0.9	4.2
34	18	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	89.6 112	116 160	1.26 2.35	6.91 11.5	0.769 1.42	4.2 6.91	1.64 2.26	1 1.3	6.0
45	20.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	138 161	186 233	2.76 4.52	13.7 22.1	1.67 2.74	8.3 13.4	3.5 4.6	1.8 2.3	9.5
53	23.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	177 214	235 309	3.99 6.8	20.6 32.7	2.42 4.1	12.4 19.7	5.07 6.67	3.3 4.3	14
63	31.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	271 339	352 484	7.26 13.5	34.9 62.6	4.4 8.14	21.1 37.6	9 12.4	6.0 8.5	19.6

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other

than mounting a grease nipple.

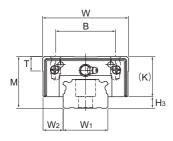
In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block

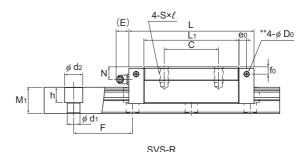
where the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see **1-12** and **24-2**, respectively. The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-136**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SVS-R and SVS-LR





	dir	Oute nensi						LM b	lock d	imens	sions					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	f _o	E	e _o	D ₀	Grease nipple	H ₃
SVS 25R SVS 25LR	31	50	82.8 102	32	35 50	M6×8	61.4 80.6	9.7	25.5	7.8	5.1	12	4.5	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
SVS 30R SVS 30LR	38	60	98 120.5	40	40 60	M8×10	72.1 94.6	9.7	31	10.3	7	12	6.5	3.9	B-M6F	7
SVS 35R SVS 35LR	44	70	109.5 135	50	50 72	M8×12	79 104.5	11.7	35	12.1	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVS 45R SVS 45LR	52	86	138.2 171	60	60 80	M10×17	105 137.8	14.7	40.4	13.9	8	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVS 55R SVS 55LR	63	100	163.3 200.5	65	75 95	M12×18	123.6 160.8		49	16.6	10	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
SVS 65R SVS 65LR	75	126	186 246	76	70 110	M16×20	143.6 203.6		60	19	15	16	8.7	8.2	B-PT1/8	15

Model number coding

QZ TTHH C0 +1200L

Model No. Type of

LM block

With QZ

Contamination Lubricator protection accessory Radial clearance symbol (*2) symbol (*1)

Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

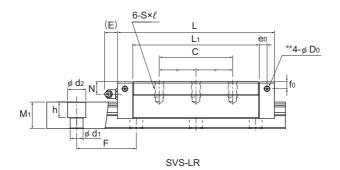
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-70. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that an LM block and an LM rail constitute one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





		LM	rail din	nensions			load ing	Sta		missibl kN-m*	e mom	ent	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length	С	C ₀		∏ ✓ ₹			S° C□	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max*	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	12.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	37 43.7	52.2 66.1	0.479 0.75	2.41 3.71	0.443 0.693	2.23 3.43	0.525 0.665	0.4 0.5	2.9
28	16	21	80	7×11×9	3000	52 64.4	70.1 95.2	0.722 1.31	3.86 6.3	0.667 1.21	3.58 5.83	0.798 1.08	0.7 0.9	4.2
34	18	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	68.6 86.1	88.6 123	1 1.88	5.49 9.15	0.927 1.73	5.09 8.46	1.2 1.67	1 1.3	6.0
45	20.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	105 123	142 178	2.19 3.58	10.9 17.5	2.02 3.31	10.1 16.2	2.6 3.44	1.8 2.3	9.5
53	23.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	136 164	180 237	3.17 5.4	16.4 26	2.93 4.99	15.1 24	3.76 4.96	3.3 4.3	14
63	31.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	208 260	269 370	5.76 10.7	27.7 49.6	5.33 9.88	25.6 45.8	6.66 9.16	6.0 8.5	19.6

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other

than mounting a grease nipple.

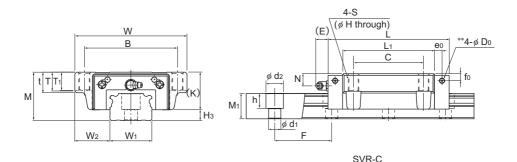
In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the piping joint should be attached.

The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See 🔼1-136.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SVR-C and SVR-LC



		Oute nensi							l	_M bl	ock (dime	nsior	าร					
Model No.	Height	Width	Length	В	С	S	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	N	fo	E	e ₀	Do	Grease nipple	H ₃
SVR 25C SVR 25LC	31	72	82.8 102	59	45	М8	6.8	61.4 80.6	16	14.8	12	25.5	7.8	5.1	12	4.5	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
SVR 30C SVR 30LC	38	90	98 120.5	72	52	M10	8.5	72.1 94.6	18.1	16.9	14	31	10.3	7	12	6.5	3.9	B-M6F	7
SVR 35C SVR 35LC	44	100	109.5 135	82	62	M10	8.5	79 104.5	20.1	18.9	16	35	12.1	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVR 45C SVR 45LC	52	120	138.2 171	100	80	M12	10.5	105 137.8	22.1	20.6	20	40.4	13.9	8	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVR 55C SVR 55LC	63	140	163.3 200.5	116	95	M14	12.5	123.6 160.8	24	22.5	22	49	16.6	10	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
SVR 65C SVR 65LC	75	170	186 246	142	110	M16	14.5	143.6 203.6	28	26	25	60	19	15	16	8.7	8.2	B-PT1/8	15

Model number coding

C0 +1200L **QZ TTHH** SVR45 LC

Model No. Type of LM block With QZ

Contamination symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm) Lubricator protection accessory Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1)

Medium preload (C0)

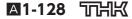
Symbol for Symbol for No. of rails LM rail jointed use used on the same plane (*4)

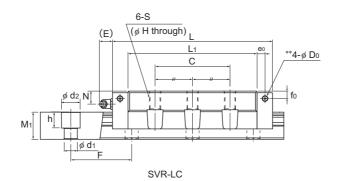
Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-70. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that an LM block and an LM rail constitute one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2). Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





		LM	rail din	nensions			load	Sta		missibl kN-m*	e mom	ent	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length	С	C₀	6	14			M∘	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max*	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	23.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	48.2 57	68.1 86.3	0.602 0.944	3.02 4.67	0.365 0.57	1.83 2.81	0.71 0.9	0.6 0.8	2.9
28	31	21	80	7×11×9	3000	67.9 84	91.6 124	0.907 1.64	4.85 7.92	0.552 0.991	2.94 4.76	1.08 1.47	1.1 1.5	4.2
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	89.6 112	116 160	1.26 2.35	6.91 11.5	0.769 1.42	4.2 6.91	1.64 2.26	1.6 2	6.0
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	138 161	186 233	2.76 4.52	13.7 22.1	1.67 2.74	8.3 13.4	3.5 4.6	2.7 3.6	9.5
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	177 214	235 309	3.99 6.8	20.6 32.7	2.42 4.1	12.4 19.7	5.07 6.67	4.5 5.9	14
63	53.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	271 339	352 484	7.26 13.5	34.9 62.6	4.4 8.14	21.1 37.6	9 12.4	7.8 11.0	19.6

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

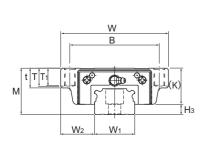
THX will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

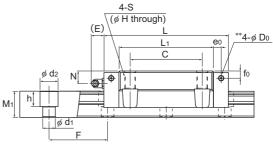
In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the piping joint should be attached.

Where the piping joint should be attached. For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see \$\mathbb{\textit{A}} 1-12\$ and \$\mathbb{\textit{A}} 24-2\$, respectively. The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See \$\mathbb{\textit{A}} 1-136.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SVS-C and SVS-LC





\sim	١,	c		$^{\prime}$
o	ν	o	-	L

		Oute nensi							l	_M bl	ock (dime	nsior	ıs					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	Ν	fo	Е	e ₀	Do	Grease nipple	H ₃
SVS 25C SVS 25LC	31	72	82.8 102	59	45	M8	6.8	61.4 80.6	16	14.8	12	25.5	7.8	5.1	12	4.5	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
SVS 30C SVS 30LC	38	90	98 120.5	72	52	M10	8.5	72.1 94.6	18.1	16.9	14	31	10.3	7	12	6.5	3.9	B-M6F	7
SVS 35C SVS 35LC	44	100	109.5 135	82	62	M10	8.5	79 104.5	20.1	18.9	16	35	12.1	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVS 45C SVS 45LC	52	120	138.2 171	100	80	M12	10.5	105 137.8	22.1	20.6	20	40.4	13.9	8	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVS 55C SVS 55LC	63	140	163.3 200.5	116	95	M14	12.5	123.6 160.8	24	22.5	22	49	16.6	10	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
SVS 65C SVS 65LC	75	170	186 246	142	110	M16	14.5	143.6 203.6	28	26	25	60	19	15	16	8.7	8.2	B-PT1/8	15

Model number coding

C0 +1200L SVS45 QZ TTHH LC

Model No. Type of LM block

No. of LM blocks

used on the same rail

With QZ Contamination Lubricator protection accessory symbol (*1)

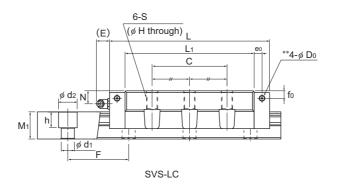
LM rail length (in mm) Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Symbol for No. of rails Symbol for LM rail jointed use used on the same plane (*4)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-70. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that an LM block and an LM rail constitute one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2). Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



		LM	rail din	nensions			load ing	Sta	itic peri	missibl kN-m*	e mom	ent	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length	С	C ₀	N.	14	2	1B / 11	M° CG	LM block	LM rail
W₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max*	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	23.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	37 43.7	52.2 66.1	0.479 0.75	2.41 3.71	0.443 0.693	2.23 3.43	0.525 0.665	0.6 0.8	2.9
28	31	21	80	7×11×9	3000	52 64.4	70.1 95.2	0.722 1.31	3.86 6.3	0.667 1.21	3.58 5.83	0.798 1.08	1.1 1.5	4.2
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	68.6 86.1	88.6 123	1 1.88	5.49 9.15	0.927 1.73	5.09 8.46	1.2 1.67	1.5 2	6.0
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	105 123	142 178	2.19 3.58	10.9 17.5	2.02 3.31	10.1 16.2	2.6 3.44	2.7 3.6	9.5
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	136 164	180 237	3.17 5.4	16.4 26	2.93 4.99	15.1 24	3.76 4.96	4.5 5.9	14
63	53.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	208 260	269 370	5.76 10.7	27.7 49.6	5.33 9.88	25.6 45.8	6.66 9.16	7.8 11.0	19.6

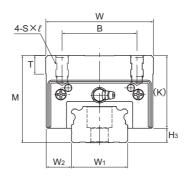
Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the piping joint should be attached.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See \(\bigcit{1-136} \). Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SVR-RH (Build to Order), SVR-LRH (Build to Order), SVS-RH (Build to Order), and SVS-LRH (Build to Order)



	dir	Oute						LM b	lock d	imens	sions					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	f _o	E	e _o	D ₀	Grease nipple	Н₃
SVR 35RH SVS 35RH	55	70	109.5	50	50	M8×12	79	11.7	46	23.1	19	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVR 35LRH SVS 35LRH	55	70	135	50	72	M8×12	104.5	11.7	46	23.1	19	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVR 45RH SVS 45RH	70	86	138.2	60	60	M10×17	105	14.7	58.4	31.9	26	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVR 45LRH SVS 45LRH	70	86	171	60	80	M10×17	137.8	14.7	58.4	31.9	26	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVR 55RH SVS 55RH	80	100	163.3	75	75	M12×18	123.6	17.7	66	33.6	27	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
SVR 55LRH SVS 55LRH	80	100	200.5	75	95	M12×18	160.8	17.7	66	33.6	27	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14

Model number coding

SVR35 RHTTHH

Model No. Type of

LM block

With QZ

Lubricator protection accessory symbol (*1)

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for Symbol for No. of rails LM rail jointed use used on the same plane (*4)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

No. of LM blocks

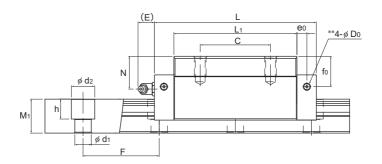
used on the same rail

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-70. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that an LM block and an LM rail constitute one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





		LM	rail din	nensions			load	Sta	itic peri	missibl kN-m*	e mom	ent	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length	С	C _o	N .	→			M _°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max*	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
34	18	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	89.6 68.6	116 88.6	1.26 1	6.91 5.49	0.769 0.927	4.2 5.09	1.64 1.2	1.5	6.0
34	18	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	112 86.1	160 123	2.35 1.88	11.5 9.15	1.42 1.73	6.91 8.46	2.26 1.67	2	6.0
45	20.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	138 105	186 142	2.76 2.19	13.7 10.9	1.67 2.02	8.3 10.1	3.5 2.6	3.1	9.5
45	20.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	161 123	233 178	4.52 3.58	22.1 17.5	2.74 3.31	13.4 16.2	4.6 3.44	4.1	9.5
53	23.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	177 136	235 180	3.99 3.17	20.6 16.4	2.42 2.93	12.4 15.1	5.07 3.76	4.7	14
53	23.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	214 164	309 237	6.8 5.4	32.7 26	4.1 4.99	19.7 24	6.67 4.96	6.2	14

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other

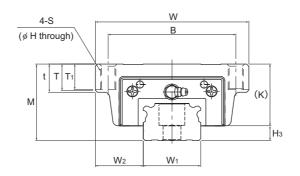
than mounting a grease nipple.

In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see \$\mathbb{\omega}\$1-12 and \$\mathbb{\omega}\$24-2, respectively. The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See \$\mathbb{\omega}\$1-136.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SVR-CH (Build to Order), SVR-LCH (Build to Order), SVS-CH (Build to Order), and SVS-LCH (Build to Order)



		Oute nensi			LM block dimensions														
Model No.	Height	Width	Length L	В	С	S	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	N	fo	Е	e ₀	Do	Grease nipple	H₃
SVR 35CH SVS 35CH	48	100	109.5	82	62	M10	8.5	79	20	19	16	39	16.1	12	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVR 35LCH SVS 35LCH	48	100	135	82	62	M10	8.5	104.5	20	19	16	39	16.1	12	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
SVR 45CH SVS 45CH	60	120	138.2	100	80	M12	10.5	105	22	20.5	20	48.4	21.9	16	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVR 45LCH SVS 45LCH	60	120	171	100	80	M12	10.5	137.8	22	20.5	20	48.4	21.9	16	16	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.6
SVR 55CH SVS 55CH	70	140	163.3	116	95	M14	12.5	123.6	24	22.5	22	56	23.6	17	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
SVR 55LCH SVS 55LCH	70	140	200.5	116	95	M14	12.5	160.8	24	22.5	22	56	23.6	17	16	10	5.2	B-PT1/8	14

Model number coding

SVR45 LCH +1200L QZ TTHH

Model No.

Type of LM block

No. of LM blocks

used on the same rail

With QZ Contamination Lubricator protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm) Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

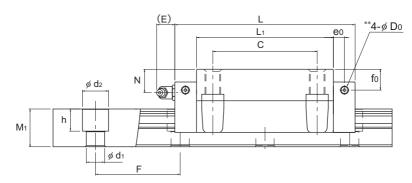
Symbol for Symbol for No. of rails LM rail jointed use used on the same plane (*4) Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-70. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that an LM block and an LM rail constitute one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



		LM	rail din	nensions			load	Sta	itic peri	ent	Mass			
Width		Height	Pitch		Length	С	C ₀	N	M _A		1 _B	M° CC	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max*	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	89.6 68.6	116 88.6	1.26 1	6.91 5.49	0.769 0.927	4.2 5.09	1.64 1.2	1.7	6.0
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	112 86.1	160 123	2.35 1.88	11.5 9.15	1.42 1.73	6.91 8.46	2.26 1.67	2.2	6.0
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	138 105	186 142	2.76 2.19	13.7 10.9	1.67 2.02	8.3 10.1	3.5 2.6	3.3	9.5
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	161 123	233 178	4.52 3.58	22.1 17.5	2.74 3.31	13.4 16.2	4.6 3.44	4.3	9.5
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	177 136	235 180	3.99 3.17	20.6 16.4	2.42 2.93	12.4 15.1	5.07 3.76	5.1	14
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	214 164	309 237	6.8 5.4	32.7 26	4.1 4.99	19.7 24	6.67 4.96	6.6	14

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the piping joint should be attached.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **\(\)**1-136 .) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SVR/SVS variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

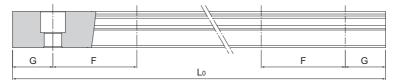


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Models SVR/SVS

Unit: mm

Model No.	SVR/SVS 25	SVR/SVS 30	SVR/SVS 35	SVR/SVS 45	SVR/SVS 55	SVR/SVS 65
Model No. LM rail standard length (L ₀)	SVR/SVS 25 230 270 350 390 470 510 590 630 710 750 830 950 1070 1110 1190 1230 1310 1350 1430 1470 1550 1590 1710 1830 1950 2070	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520	SVR/SVS 45 570 675 780 885 990 1095 1200 1305 1410 1515 1620 1725 1830 1935 2040 2145 2250 2355 2460 2565 2670 2775 2880 2985 3090	SVR/SVS 55 780 900 1020 1140 1260 1380 1500 1620 1740 1860 1980 2100 2220 2340 2460 2580 2700 2820 2940 3060	SVR/SVS 65 1270 1570 2020 2620
		2680 2840 3000	2680 2840 3000			
Standard pitch F	2470 40	80	80	105	120	150
G	15	20	20	22.5	30	35
	-			-		
Max length	3000	3000	3000	3090	3060	3000

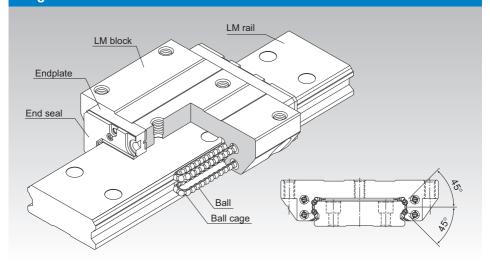
Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

SHW



Caged Ball LM Guide Wide Rail Model SHW



*For the ball cage, see **A1-88**.

Point of Selection	A 1-10				
Point of Design	A1-436				
Options	A1-459				
Model No.	A1-524				
Precautions on Use	△1-530 △24-1				
Accessories for Lubrication					
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89				
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43				
Rated Loads in All Directions	A1-58				
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60				
Radial Clearance	A 1-70				
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76				
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-449				
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-453				
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A 1-471				

Structure and Features

A wide and highly rigid LM Guide that uses ball cages to achieve low noise, long-term maintenancefree operation and high speed.

[Wide, Low Center of Gravity]

Model SHW, which has a wide LM rail and a low center of gravity, is optimal for locations requiring space saving and large M_c moment rigidity.

[4-way Equal Load]

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations and in extensive applications.

[Self-adjustment Capability]

The self-adjustment capability through front-to-front configuration of THK's unique circular-arc grooves (DF set) enables a mounting error to be absorbed even under a preload, thus to achieve highly accurate, smooth straight motion.

[Low Dust Generation]

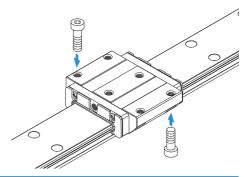
Use of ball cages eliminates friction between balls and retains lubricant, thus achieving low dust generation.

Types and Features

Model SHW-CA

The flange of the LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom.

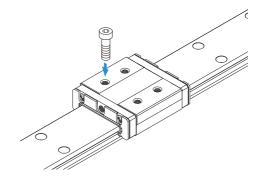
Specification Table⇒A1-142



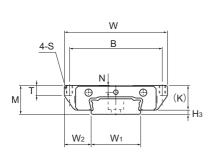
Model SHW-CR

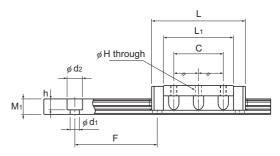
The LM block has tapped holes.

Specification Table⇒A1-144



Model SHW-CA





Models SHW12CAM and SHW14CAM

	Oute	r dimen	sions			LN	1 block o	limensio	ns			
Model No.	Height Width		Length									
	M	W	L	В	С	S	Н	L ₁	Т	К	N	Н₃
SHW 12CAM	12	40	37	35	18	МЗ	2.5	27	4	10	2.8	2
SHW 14CAM	14	50	45.5	45	24	МЗ	2.5	34	5	12	3.3	2
SHW 17CAM	17	60	51	53	26	M4	3.3	38	6	14.5	4	2.5
SHW 21CA	21	68	59	60	29	M5	4.4	43.6	8	17.7	5	3.3
SHW 27CA	27	80	72.8	70	40	M6	5.3	56.6	10	23.5	6	3.5
SHW 35CA	35	120	107	107	60	M8	6.8	83	14	31	7.6	4
SHW 50CA	50	162	141	144	80	M10	8.6	107	18	46	14	4

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

Model number coding

<u>SHW17 CA 2 QZ UU C1 M +580L P M - II</u>

Model Type of number LM block With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless steel LM block LM rail length (in mm)

Stainless steel No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

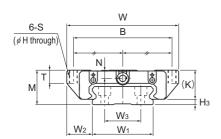
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

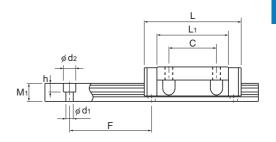
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on \$\textstyle{1-496}\$. (*2) See \$\textstyle{1-70}\$. (*3) See \$\textstyle{1-76}\$. (*4) See \$\textstyle{1-13}\$.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





Models SHW17CAM and SHW21 to 50CA

Unit: mm

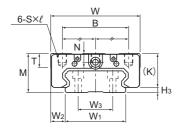
			LM r	ail dim	ensions			load ing	Sta	itic peri	Mass				
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C₀	1	M _A		M _B		LM block	LM rail
W₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	W₃	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
18	11	_	6.6	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1230	4.31	5.66	0.0228	0.12	0.0228	0.12	0.0405	0.05	8.0
24	13	_	7.5	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1430	7.05	8.98	0.0466	0.236	0.0466	0.236	0.0904	0.1	1.23
33	13.5	18	8.6	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1800	7.65	10.18	0.0591	0.298	0.0591	0.298	0.164	0.15	1.9
37	15.5	22	11	50	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	8.24	12.8	0.0806	0.434	0.0806	0.434	0.229	0.24	2.9
42	19	24	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	16	22.7	0.187	0.949	0.187	0.949	0.455	0.47	4.5
69	25.5	40	19	80	7×11×9	3000	35.5	49.2	0.603	3	0.603	3	1.63	1.4	9.6
90	36	60	24	80	9×14×12	3000	70.2	91.4	1.46	7.37	1.46	7.37	3.97	3.7	15

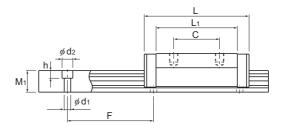
Note) If a grease nipple is required, indicate "with grease nipple;" if a greasing hole is required, indicate "with a tapped hole for The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **A1-146**.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SHW-CR and SHW-HR





Models SHW27 to 50CR

	Oute	er dimens	sions								
Model No.	Height Width		Length								
	М	W	L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	H₃
SHW 12CRM	12	30	37	21	12	M3×3.5	27	4	10	2.8	2
SHW 12HRM	12	30	50.4	21	24	M3×3.5	40.4	4	10	2.8	2
SHW 14CRM	14	40	45.5	28	15	M3×4	34	5	12	3.3	2
SHW 17CRM	17	50	51	29	15	M4×5	38	6	14.5	4	2.5
SHW 21CR	21	54	59	31	19	M5×6	43.6	8	17.7	5	3.3
SHW 27CR	27	62	72.8	46	32	M6×6	56.6	10	23.5	6	3.5
SHW 35CR	35	100	107	76	50	M8×8	83	14	31	7.6	4
SHW 50CR	50	130	141	100	65	M10×15	107	18	46	14	4

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly corrosion resistance and environment.

Model number coding

KKHH +820L

Model Type of LM block number

With QZ Lubricator

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless steel LM block

LM rail length (in mm)

LM rail is made of stainless steel

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (* 4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same

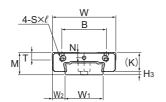
Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

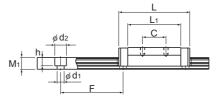
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol) High accuracy grade (H)/Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP)/Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

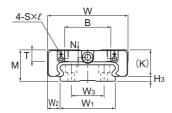
Note) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

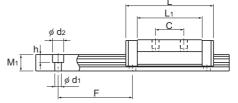






Models SHW12CRM, SHW12HRM and SHW14CRM





Models SHW17CRM and SHW21CR

Unit: mm

			LM r	ail dim	ensions		Basic load rating		Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Mass	
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	2	M _A		M _B		LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	W₃	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
18	6	_	6.6	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1230	4.31	5.66	0.0228	0.12	0.0228	0.12	0.0405	0.04	8.0
18	6	_	6.6	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1000	5.56	8.68	0.0511	0.246	0.0511	0.246	0.0621	0.06	8.0
24	8	_	7.5	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1430	7.05	8.98	0.0466	0.236	0.0466	0.236	0.0904	0.08	1.23
33	8.5	18	8.6	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1800	7.65	10.18	0.0591	0.298	0.0591	0.298	0.164	0.13	1.9
37	8.5	22	11	50	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	8.24	12.8	0.0806	0.434	0.0806	0.434	0.229	0.19	2.9
42	10	24	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	16	22.7	0.187	0.949	0.187	0.949	0.455	0.36	4.5
69	15.5	40	19	80	7×11×9	3000	35.5	49.2	0.603	3	0.603	3	1.63	1.2	9.6
90	20	60	24	80	9×14×12	3000	70.2	91.4	1.46	7.37	1.46	7.37	3.97	3	15

Note) If a grease nipple is required, indicate "with grease nipple;" if a greasing hole is required, indicate "with a tapped hole for The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-146**.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SHW variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.



Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SHW

Unit: mm

Model No.	SHW 12	SHW 14	SHW 17	SHW 21	SHW 27	SHW 35	SHW 50
LM rail standard length (L _o)	70 110 150 190 230 270 310 390 470	70 110 150 190 230 270 310 390 470 550 670	110 190 310 470 550	130 230 380 480 580 780	160 280 340 460 640 820	280 440 760 1000 1240 1560	280 440 760 1000 1240 1640 2040
Standard pitch F	40	40	40	50	60	80	80
G	15	15	15	15	20	20	20
Max length	1230	1430	1800	3000	3000	3000	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details. Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Note3) Models SHW12, 14 and 17 are made of stainless steel.

Greasing Hole

[Grease Nipple and Greasing Hole for Model SHW]

Model SHW does not have a grease nipple as standard. Installation of a grease nipple and the drilling of a greasing hole is performed at THK. When ordering SHW, indicate that the desired model requires a grease nipple or greasing hole. (For greasing hole dimensions and supported grease nipple types and dimensions, see Table2).

When using SHW under harsh conditions, use QZ Lubricator* (optional) or Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS* (optional).

Note1) Grease nipple is not available for models SHW12 and SHW14. They can have a greasing hole. Note2) Using a greasing hole other than for greasing may cause damage. Note3) For QZ Lubricator*, see **\(\bigcirc{\text{M}}{2} - 489 \).** For Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS*, see **\(\bigcirc{\text{M}}{2} - 466 \).**

Note4) When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ Lubricator, contact THK.

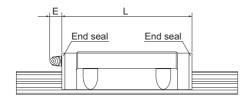


Fig.1 Dimensions of the Grease Nipple for Model SHW

Note) For the L dimension, see the corresponding specification table.

Table 2 Table of Grease Nipple and Greasing Hole Dimensions

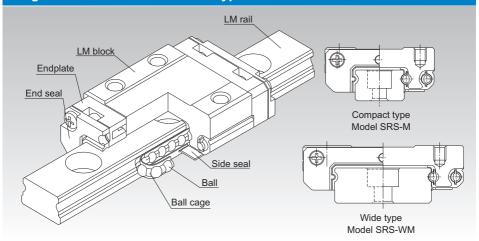
Unit: mm

Mod	el No.	Е	Grease nipple or greasing hole
	12	_	φ2.2 drilled hole
	14	_	φ2.2 drilled hole
	17	5	PB107
SHW	21	5.5	PB1021B
	27	12	B-M6F
	35	12	B-M6F
	50	16	B-PT1/8

SRS



Caged Ball LM Guide Miniature Type Model SRS



*For the ball cage, see **A1-88**.

A1-10
A1-436
A1-459
A1-524
A1-530
A24-1
■ 1-89
A1-43
A1-58
A1-60
A1-70
A1-82
△1-451
A 1-453
A 1-454
△ 1-471

Structure and Features

Caged Ball LM Guide model SRS has a structure where two raceways are incorporated into the compact body, enabling the model to receive loads in all directions, and to be used in locations where a moment is applied with a single rail. In addition, use of ball cages eliminates friction between balls, thus achieving high speed, low noise, acceptable running sound, long service life, and long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Low Dust Generation]

Use of ball cages eliminates friction between balls and retains lubricant, thus achieving low dust gen-eration. In addition, the LM block and LM rail use stainless steel, which is highly resistant to corrosion.

[Compact]

Since SRS has a compact structure where the rail cross section is designed to be low and that contains only two rows of balls, it can be installed in space-saving locations.

[Lightweight]

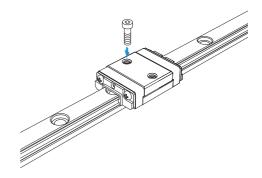
Since part of the LM block (e.g., around the ball relief hole) is made of resin and formed through insert molding, SRS is a lightweight, low inertia type of LM Guide.

Types and Features

Model SRS5M

SRS5 is the smallest caged ball LM guide.

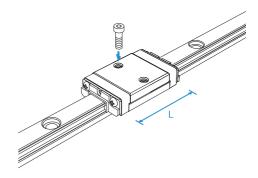
Specification Table⇒A1-156



Model SRS-5N

Overall LM block length (L) is greater than for model SRS5M; load rating and permissible moment are higher as well.

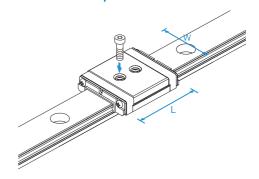
Specification Table⇒A1-156



Model SRS5WM

This model has a larger overall LM block length (L), width (W), rated load and permissible moment than model SRS5M.

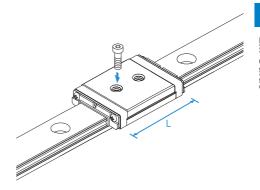
Specification Table⇒A1-156



Model SRS-5WN

Overall LM block length (L) is greater than for model SRS5WM; load rating and permissible moment are higher as well.

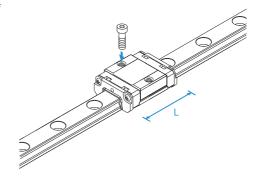
Specification Table⇒▲1-156



Model SRS-S

Overall LM block length (L) is less than that of model SRS-M.

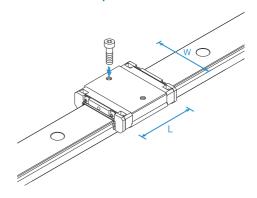
Specification Table⇒A1-158



Model SRS-WS

Has a longer overall LM block length (L), a greater width and a larger rated load and permissible moment than SRS-S.

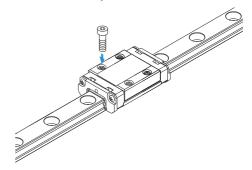
Specification Table⇒A1-160



Model SRS-M

A standard type of SRS.

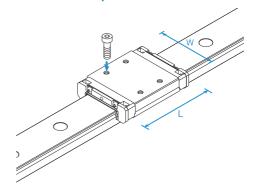
Specification Table⇒▲1-158



Model SRS-WM

Has a longer overall LM block length (L), a greater width and a larger rated load and permissible moment than SRS-M.

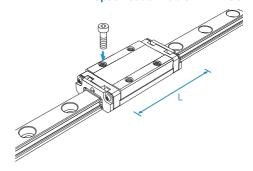
Specification Table⇒A1-160



Model SRS-N

Compared with model SRS-M, it has a longer total LM block length (L) and a higher load rating and permissible moment.

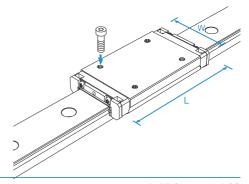
Specification Table⇒A1-158



Model SRS-WN

Compared with model SRS-WM, it has a longer total LM block length (L) and a higher load rating and permissible moment.

Specification Table⇒A1-160



SRS-G

Specification Table⇒A1-156 to A1-160

The SRS-G, a model equipped with uncaged, full-complement bearings, is also available. Due to its cageless design, however, the SRS-G's dynamic load rating is lower than that of standard SRS models. For specific data, please refer to the dimension tables in this catalog.

Flatness of the LM Rail and the LM Block Mounting Surface

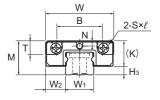
The values in Table1 apply when the clearance is a normal clearance. If the clearance is C1 clearance and two rails are used in combination, we recommend using 50% or less of the value in the table.

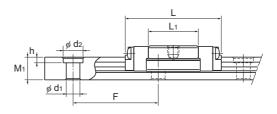
Note) Since SRS has Gothic-arch grooves, any accuracy error in the mounting surface may negatively affect the operation. Therefore, we recommend using SRS on a highly accurate mounting surface. Table1 Flatness of the LM Rail and the LM Block Mounting Surface

Unit: mm

Model No.	Flatness error
SRS 5	0.015/200
SRS 7	0.025/200
SRS 9	0.035/200
SRS 12	0.050/200
SRS 15	0.060/200
SRS 20	0.070/200
SRS 25	0.070/200

Models SRS5M, SRS5N, SRS5WM, SRS5WN





Models SRS5M, SRS5N

	Oute	er dimens	sions			LM blo	ck dimen	sions			
Model No.	Height	Width	Length								
	М	W	L	В	С	S×ℓ	L₁	Т	К	N	H₃
SRS 5M SRS 5GM	6	12	16.9	8	_	M2×1.5	8.8	1.7	4.5	0.93	1.5
SRS 5N SRS 5GN	6	12	20.1	8	_	M2×1.5	12	1.7	4.5	0.93	1.5
SRS 5WM SRS 5WGM	6.5	17	22.1	_	6.5	M3 through	13.7	2.7	5	1.1	1.5
SRS 5WN SRS 5WGN	6.5	17	28.1	_	11	M3 through	19.7	2.7	5	1.1	1.5

Note) Since stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls, these models are highly resistant to corrosion. To secure the LM rail of model SRS5M, use cross-recessed head screws for precision equipment (No. 0 pan head screw, class 1) M2.

The SRS-G is equipped with uncaged, full-complement bearings.

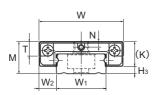
Light preload (C1)

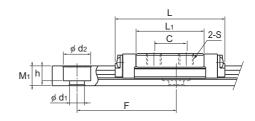
Model number coding

+150L SRS5WM UU C1 Model Contamination LM rail length Stainless Symbol for protection (in mm) steel number No. of rails used I M rail accessorv on the same plane (*4) symbol (*1) No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) Accuracy symbol (*3) used on the same rail Normal (No symbol) Normal grade (No Symbol)/Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-82. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set.(i.e. If you are using 2 shafts in parallel, the required number of sets is 2.)





Models SRS5WM, SRS5WN

Unit: mm

		Basic Lo	ad Rating	Static	permis	Mass								
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	M _A				(1) §	LM block	LM rail
W ₁	W_2	M₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	N	N	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
5 ⁰ _{-0.02}	3.5	4	15	2.4×3.5×1	220	439 366	468 527	0.74 0.79	5.11 5.76	0.86 0.94	5.99 6.91	1.21 1.37	0.002	0.13
5 0 -0.02	3.5	4	15	2.4×3.5×1	220	515 448	586 703	1.12 1.34	7.45 8.82	1.31 1.57	8.73 10.3	1.52 1.83	0.003	0.13
10 0 -0.02	3.5	4	20	3×5.5×3	220	584 498	703 820	1.57 1.79	9.59 11.1	1.83 2.15	11.24 13.3	3.58 4.18	0.005	0.27
10 0 -0.02	3.5	4	20	3×5.5×3	220	746 640	996 1170	3.01 3.54	16.8 19.6	3.53 4.15	19.7 23	5.08 5.97	0.007	0.27

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **A1-162**.) Static Permissible Moment*

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other
The SRS-G, equipped with uncaged, full-complement bearings, comes with an oil hole.

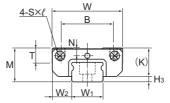
• Reference bolt tightening torque when mounting an LM block for model SRS 5/5W is shown in the table below.

Reference tightening torque

Model No.	Model No. of screw	Screw depth (mm)	Reference tightening torque (N•m)*
SRS 5	M2	1.5	0.4
SRS 5W	M3	2.3	0.4

Tightening above the tightening torque affects accuracy. Be sure to tighten at or below the defined tightening torque.

Models SRS-S, SRS-M and SRS-N



	Oute	r dimens	sions			LM bloc	ck dimen	sions			
Model No.	Height	Width	Length								
	М	W	L	В	С	s×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	H₃
SRS 7S SRS 7GS	8	17	19	12	_	M2×2.3	9	3.3	6.7	1.6	1.3
SRS 7M SRS 7GM	8	17	23.4	12	8	M2×2.3	13.4	3.3	6.7	1.6	1.3
SRS 7N SRS 7GN	8	17	31	12	13	M2×2.3	21	3.3	6.7	1.6	1.3
SRS 9XS SRS 9XGS	10	20	21.5	15	_	M3×2.8	10.5	4.5	8.5	2.4	1.5
SRS 9XM SRS 9XGM	10	20	30.8	15	10	M3×2.8	19.8	4.5	8.5	2.4	1.5
SRS 9XN SRS 9XGN	10	20	40.8	15	16	M3×2.8	29.8	4.5	8.5	2.4	1.5
SRS 12S SRS 12GS	13	27	25	20	_	M3×3.2	11.2	5.7	11	3	2
SRS 12M SRS 12GM	13	27	34.4	20	15	M3×3.2	20.6	5.7	11	3	2
SRS 12N SRS 12GN	13	27	47.1	20	20	M3×3.2	33.3	5.7	11	3	2
SRS 15S SRS 15GS	16	32	32	25	_	M3×3.5	14.7	6.5	13.3	3	2.7
SRS 15M SRS 15GM	16	32	43	25	20	M3×3.5	25.7	6.5	13.3	3	2.7
SRS 15N SRS 15GN	16	32	60.8	25	25	M3×3.5	43.5	6.5	13.3	3	2.7
SRS 20M SRS 20GM	20	40	50	30	25	M4×6	34	9	16.6	4	3.4
SRS 25M SRS 25GM	25	48	77	35	35	M6×7	56	11	20	5	5

Note) Since stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls, these models are highly resistant to corrosion and environment. The SRS-G is equipped with uncaged, full-complement bearings.

Model number coding

2 SRS20M QZ UU C1 +220L P M -II

Model Nith QZ Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

M rail length (in mm)

Stainless steel No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1)

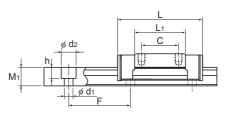
Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-82. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





Unit: mm

	- 1	M roil	dimor	sciono	Ctotio	normio	NI m*	Mass												
		ıvı ralı	dimer	ISIONS		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible if	ioment	M-m.	Mass							
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N	M _A		M _A		M _A		M _A			M∘	LM block	LM rail
W ₁	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m						
7 0 -0.02	5	4.7	15	2.4×4.2×2.3	480	1.09 0.946		1.60 1.96	12.6 14.7	1.83 2.25	14.5 16.9	3.73 4.49	0.005	0.25						
7 0 -0.02	5	4.7	15	2.4×4.2×2.3	480	1.51 1.16	1.29 1.54	3.09 3.61	17.2 25.5	3.69 4.14	17.3 29.4	5.02 6.57	0.009	0.25						
7 0 -0.02	5	4.7	15	2.4×4.2×2.3	480	2.01 1.63	2.31 2.51	7.77 8.08	43.2 46.9	8.96 9.32	50.0 54.2	8.96 9.72	0.012	0.25						
9 0 -0.02	5.5	5.5	20	3.5×6×3.3	1240	1.78 1.37	1.53 1.53	3.15 2.85	22.2 22.6	3.61 3.27	25.6 26	7.04 7.04	0.009	0.36						
9 0 -0.02	5.5	5.5	20	3.5×6×3.3	1240	2.69 2.22		9.31 9.87	52.2 57.9	10.7 11.4	60.3 66.9	12.7 14.1	0.016	0.36						
9 0 -0.02	5.5	5.5	20	3.5×6×3.3	1240	3.48 2.94		18.7 21.1	96.5 111	21.6 24.4	112 128	18.3 21.1	0.024	0.36						
12 0 -0.02	7.5	7.5	25	3.5×6×4.5	1430	2.70 2.07	2.10 2.10	4.62 4.17	37.5 38.1	4.62 4.17	37.5 38.1	13.8 13.8	0.017	0.65						
12 0 -0.02	7.5	7.5	25	3.5×6×4.5	1430	4.00 3.36	3.53 3.55	12.0 12.1	78.5 79.0	12.0 12.1	78.5 79.0	23.1 23.2	0.027	0.65						
12 0 -0.02	7.5	7.5	25	3.5×6×4.5	1430	5.82 4.72		28.4 34.8	151 195	28.4 34.8	151 195	34.7 44.7	0.049	0.65						
15 0 -0.02	8.5	9.5	40	3.5×6×4.5	1600	4.50 4.01		9.54 12.6	77.5 92.7	9.54 12.6	77.5 92.7	24.1 30.1	0.033	0.96						
15 0 -0.02	8.5	9.5	40	3.5×6×4.5	1600	6.66 5.59	5.7 5.72	26.2 24.8	154 158	26.2 24.8	154 158	40.4 40.6	0.047	0.96						
15 0 -0.02	8.5	9.5	40	3.5×6×4.5	1600	9.71 8.27	8.55 11.9	59.7 82.3	312 433	59.7 82.3	312 433	60.7 84.5	0.095	0.96						
20 0 -0.03	10	11	60	6×9.5×8	1800	7.75 5.95	9.77 9.4	54.3 44.7	296 242	62.4 53.3	341 289	104 91.4	0.11	1.68						
23 0 -0.03	12.5	15	60	7×11×9	1800	16.5 13.3	20.2 22.3	177 181	932 962	177 181	932 962	248 255	0.24	2.6						

Note) If a grease nipple is required, please specify "with grease nipple" when ordering. (This option is available for models SRS15, SRS15W, SRS20, and SRS25.)

If an oil hole is desired, please specify "with oil hole" when ordering. (This option is available for models SRS7, SRS7W, SRS9W, SRS12, and SRS12W.)

The SRS-G, equipped with uncaged, full-complement bearings, comes with an oil hole or grease nipple. The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-162.)

Static permissible moment*1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LMblock

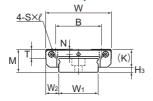
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

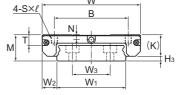
 Reference bolt tightening torque when mounting an LM block for model SRS 7 is shown in the table below. Reference tightening torque

Model No.	Model No. of screw	Screw depth (mm)	Reference tightening torque (N•m)*
SRS 7	M2	2.3	0.4

Tightening above the tightening torque affects accuracy. Be sure to tighten at or below the defined tightening torque.

Models SRS-WS, SRS-WM and SRS-WN





Models SRS7W. 9W. 12W

Model SRS15W

	Oute	er dimens	sions			LM bloc	ck dimen	sions			
Model No.	Height	Width	Length								
	М	W	L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	K	N	H₃
SRS 7WS SRS 7WGS	9	25	22.5	19	_	M3×2.8	11.9	3.8	7.2	1.8	1.8
SRS 7WM SRS 7WGM	9	25	31	19	10	M3×2.8	20.4	3.8	7.2	1.8	1.8
SRS 7WN SRS 7WGN	9	25	40.9	19	17	M3×2.8	30.3	3.8	7.2	1.8	1.8
SRS 9WS SRS 9WGS	12	30	26.5	21	_	M3×2.8	14.5	4.9	9.1	2.3	2.9
SRS 9WM SRS 9WGM	12	30	39	21	12	M3×2.8	27	4.9	9.1	2.3	2.9
SRS 9WN SRS 9WGN	12	30	50.7	23	24	M3×2.8	38.7	4.9	9.1	2.3	2.9
SRS 12WS SRS 12WGS	14	40	30.5	28	_	M3×3.5	16.9	5.7	11	3	3
SRS 12WM SRS 12WGM	14	40	44.5	28	15	M3×3.5	30.9	5.7	11	3	3
SRS 12WN SRS 12WGN	14	40	59.5	28	28	M3×3.5	45.9	5.7	11	3	3
SRS 15WS SRS 15WGS	16	60	41.5	45	_	M4×4.5	24.9	6.5	13.3	3	2.7
SRS 15WM SRS 15WGM	16	60	55.5	45	20	M4×4.5	38.9	6.5	13.3	3	2.7
SRS 15WN SRS 15WGN	16	60	74.5	45	35	M4×4.5	57.9	6.5	13.3	3	2.7

Note) Since stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls, these models are highly resistant to corrosion and environment. The SRS-G is equipped with uncaged, full-complement bearings.

Model number coding

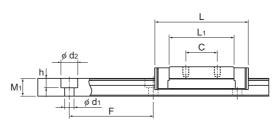
2 SRS15WM QZ UU C1 +550L P M $-\Pi$

LM rail length With QZ Contamination Stainless Symbol for Model protection (in mm) steel No. of rails used number Lubricator on the same plane (*4) LM rail accessory symbol (*1) Accuracy symbol (*3) No. of LM blocks Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Radial clearance symbol (*2) used on the same rail Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **△1-496**. (*2) See **△1-70**. (*3) See **△1-82**. (*4) See **△1-13**.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Unit: mm

																71111. 111111
LM rail dimensions								Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible n	noment	N-m*	Ма	SS
	Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N _	M _A	~		M°	LM block	LM rail
	W ₁	W ₂	W ₃	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
	14 0 -0.02	5.5	_	5.2	30	3.5×6×3.2	480	1.38 1.06	1.35 1.35	2.89 2.58	19.6 20.0	3.32 2.96	22.7 23.1	9.95 9.95	0.011	0.56
	14 ⁰ -0.02	5.5	_	5.2	30	3.5×6×3.2	480	2.01 1.63	1.94 2.51	6.47 8.87	36.4 51.5	7.71 10.2	42.3 59.5	14.33 20.3	0.018	0.56
	14 0 -0.02	5.5	_	5.2	30	3.5×6×3.2	480		3.28 3.66	15.0 16.6	78.9 87.7	17.4 19.2	91.2 101	24.2 27	0.026	0.56
	18 0 -0.02	6	_	7.5	30	3.5×6×4.5	1430	2.03 1.73	1.84 2.14	4.49 5.15	32.1 36.9	5.15 5.92	38.9 42.6	17.4 20.2	0.018	1.01
	18 0 -0.02	6	_	7.5	30	3.5×6×4.5	1430		3.34 3.35	14.0 13.9	78.6 69.7	16.2 16.6	91.0 96.7	31.5 31.7	0.031	1.01
	18 0 -0.02	6	_	7.5	30	3.5×6×4.5	1430	4.20 3.48	4.37 5.81	25.1 33.2	130 172	29.1 40	151 208	41.3 54.9	0.049	1.01
	24 0 -0.02	8	_	8.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1600		3.15 3.68	9.77 11.1	63 72.6	9.77 11.1	63 72.6	39.5 46.2	0.034	1.52
	24 0 -0.02	8	_	8.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1600	5.48 4.46	5.3 5.32	26.4 25.7	143 146	26.4 25.7	143 146	66.5 66.8	0.055	1.52
	24 0 -0.02	8	_	8.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1600	7.13 5.93	7.07 9.46	49.2 64.7	249 332	49.2 64.7	249 332	88.7 119	0.091	1.52
	42 0 -0.02	9	23	9.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1800	6.64 5.59	5.94 6.78	25.4 29	158 178	25.4 29	158 178	123 140	0.087	2.87
	42 0 -0.02	9	23	9.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1800	9.12 7.43	8.55 8.59	51.2 52.7	290 293	51.2 52.7	290 293	176 178	0.13	2.87
	42 0 -0.02	9	23	9.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1800	12.4 9.87	12.1 15.3	106 133	532 671	106 133	532 671	250 317	0.201	2.87

Note) If a grease nipple is required, please specify "with grease nipple" when ordering. (This option is available for models SR\$15, SR\$15W, SR\$20, and SR\$25.)
If an oil hole is desired, please specify "with oil hole" when ordering. (This option is available for models SR\$7, SR\$7W, SR\$9W, SR\$12, and SR\$12W.)

The SRS-G, equipped with uncaged, full-complement bearings, comes with an oil hole or grease nipple. The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-162.) Static permissible moment*1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LMblock

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

 Reference bolt tightening torque when mounting an LM block for model SRS 7W is shown in the table below. Reference tightening torque

Model No.	Model No. of screw	Screw depth (mm)	Reference tightening torque (N•m)*
SRS 7W	M3	2.8	0.4

Tightening above the tightening torque affects accuracy. Be sure to tighten at or below the defined tightening torque.

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table2 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SRS variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

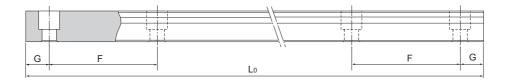


Table2 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SRS

Unit: mm

Model No.	SRS 5	SRS 5W	SRS 7	SRS 7W	SRS 9	SRS 9W	SRS 12	SRS 12W	SRS 15	SRS 15W	SRS 20	SRS 25
LM rail standard length (L ₀)	40 55 70 100 130 160	50 70 90 110 130 150 170	40 55 70 85 100 115 130	50 80 110 140 170 200 260 290	55 75 95 115 135 155 175 195 275 375	50 80 110 140 170 200 260 290 320	70 95 120 145 170 195 220 245 270 320 370 470 570	70 110 150 190 230 270 310 390 470 550	70 110 150 190 230 270 310 350 390 430 470 550 670 870	110 150 190 230 270 310 430 550 670 790	220 280 340 460 640 880 1000	220 280 340 460 640 880 1000
Standard pitch F	15	20	15	30	20	30	25	40	40	40	60	60
G	5	5	5	10	7.5	10	10	15	15	15	20	20
Max length	220	220	480	480	1240	1430	1430	1600	1600	1800	1800	1800

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Greasing Hole

[Grease Nipple and Greasing Hole for Model SRS]

The standard version of Model SRS is not equipped with either a grease nipple or an oil hole. Grease nipple installation and greasing hole drilling are performed at THK. When ordering SRS, indicate that the desired model requires a grease nipple or greasing hole. Model SRS-G (full-ball type) has a grease nipple and a greasing hole as standard. (For greasing hole dimensions and supported grease nipple types and dimensions, see Table3.)

When using SRS under harsh conditions, use QZ Lubricator* (optional) or Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS* (optional).

Note1) Grease nipple is not available for models SRS5, 5W, 7, 7W, 9X, 9W, 12 and 12W. They can have a greasing hole.

Note2) Using a greasing hole other than for greasing may cause damage.

Note3) For QZ Lubricator*, see **\(\Delta 1-489 \)**. For Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS*, see **\(\Delta 1-466 \)**.

Note4) When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ Lubricator, contact THK.

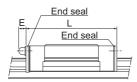


Fig.1 Dimensions of the Grease Nipple for Model SRS

Note) For the L dimension, see the corresponding specification table.

Table 3 Table of Grease Nipple and Greasing Hole Dimensions

Unit: mm

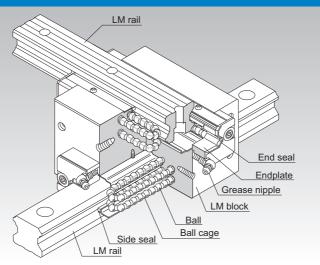
	Model No.	Е	Grease nipple or greasing hole
	5	_	ϕ 0.8 drilled hole
	5W	_	ϕ 0.8 drilled hole
	7	_	ϕ 1.2 drilled hole
	7W	_	φ1.2 drilled hole
	9X	_	ϕ 1.6 drilled hole
	9W	_	ϕ 1.6 drilled hole
000	12	_	φ2.0 drilled hole
SRS	12W	_	ϕ 2.0 drilled hole
	15	4.0 (5.0)	PB107
	15W	4.0 (5.0)	PB107
	20	3.5 (5.0)	PB107
	25	4.0 (5.5)	PB1021B
	5W	_	ϕ 0.8 drilled hole
	5WG	_	ϕ 0.8 drilled hole
	7G	_	ϕ 1.2 drilled hole
	7GW	_	ϕ 1.2 drilled hole
	9GX	_	ϕ 1.6 drilled hole
	9GW	_	ϕ 1.6 drilled hole
0000	12G	_	φ2.0 drilled hole
SRS-G	12GW	_	ϕ 2.0 drilled hole
	15G	4.0 (5.0)	PB107
	15GW	4.0 (5.0)	PB107
	20G	3.5 (5.0)	PB107
	25G	4.0 (5.5)	PB1021B

Note) Figures in the parentheses indicate dimensions without a seal.

SCR



Caged Ball LM Guide Cross LM Guide Model SCR



*For the ball cage, see **A1-88**.

Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	△1-7 0
Accuracy Standards	A 1-79
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△1-446
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	△1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A 1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and ball cages and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

This model is an integral type of Caged Ball LM Guide that squares an internal structure similar to model SHS, which has a proven track record and is highly reliable, with another and uses two LM rails in combination. Since an orthogonal LM system can be achieved with model SCR alone, a conventionally required saddle is no longer necessary, the structure for X-Y motion can be simplified and the whole system can be downsized.

[4-way Equal Load]

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations and in extensive applications.

[High Rigidity]

Since balls are arranged in four rows in a well-balanced manner, this model is stiff against a moment, and smooth straight motion is ensured even a preload is applied to increase the rigidity. Since the rigidity of the LM block is higher than that of a combination of two LM blocks of the conventional type secured together back-to-back with bolts, this model is optimal for building an X-Y table that requires a high rigidity.

[Compact]

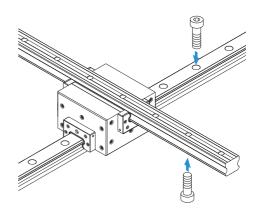
This model is an integral type of Caged Ball LM Guide that squares an internal structure similar to model SHS, which has a proven track record and is highly reliable, with another and uses two LM rails in combination. Since an orthogonal LM Guide can be achieved with model SCR alone, a conventionally required saddle is no longer necessary, the structure for X-Y motion can be simplified and the whole system can be downsized.

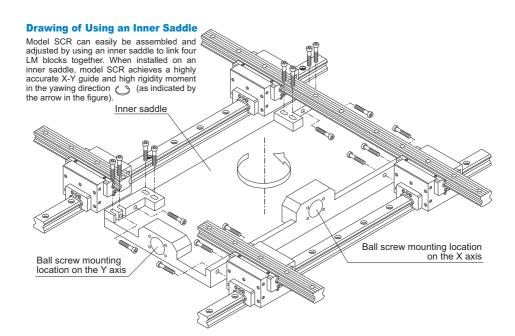
Types and Features

Model SCR

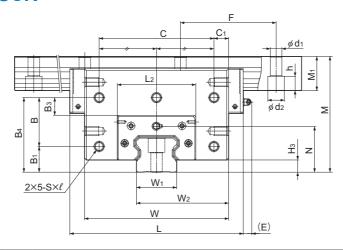
Specification Table⇒A1-168

This model is a standard type.





Model SCR



	Outer	dimer	nsions		LM block dimensions									
Model No.	Height	Width	Length											
	М	W	L	B₁	Вз	B ₄	В	С	C ₁	S×ℓ	L ₂	Н₃	N	Е
SCR 15S	47	48	64.4	_	11.3	34.8	_	20	14	M4×6	33.4	3	18.5	5.5
SCR 20S	57	59	79	_	13	42.5	_	30	14.5	M5×8	43	4.6	23.5	12
SCR 20	57	78	98	13	7.5	37	24	56	11	M5×8	43	4.6	23.5	12
SCR 25	70	88	109	18	9	44	26	64	12	M6×10	47.4	5.8	28.5	12
SCR 30	82	105	131	21	12	53	32	76	14.5	M6×10	58	7	34	12
SCR 35	95	123	152	24	14	61	37	90	16.5	M8×14	68	7.5	40	12
SCR 45	118	140	174	30	16.5	75	45	110	15	M10×15	84.6	8.9	49.5	16
SCR 65	180	226	272	40	27.5	116	76	180	23	M14×22	123	19	71	16

Model number coding

4 SCR25 QZ KKHH C0 +1200/1000L P

Model number

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Daticle leaves a contamination on the X axis on the Y axis (in mm)

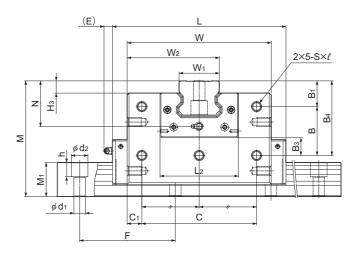
Contamination the X axis on the Y axis (in mm)

Total No. of LM blocks With QZ Lubricator Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-79.

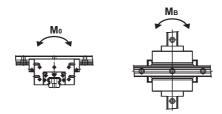
Note) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Unit: mm

	LM rail dimensions						Basic load rating		Static permissible moment*		Mass	
Grease	Width		Height	Pitch	Mounting hole	С	C _o	Мо	Мв	LM block	LM rail	
nipple	W₁ 0 –0.05	W ₂	M₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	kN	kN	kN-m	kN-m	kg	kg/m	
PB-1021B	15	31.5	13	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	14.2	24.2	0.16	0.175	0.54	1.3	
B-M6F	20	39.5	16.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	22.3	38.4	0.334	0.334	0.88	2.3	
B-M6F	20	49	16.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	28.1	50.3	0.473	0.568	1.7	2.3	
B-M6F	23	55.5	20	60	7×11×9	36.8	64.7	0.696	0.848	3.4	3.2	
B-M6F	28	66.5	23	80	9×14×12	54.2	88.88	1.15	1.36	4.6	4.5	
B-M6F	34	78.5	26	80	9×14×12	72.9	127	2.01	2.34	6.8	6.2	
B-PT1/8	45	92.5	32	105	14×20×17	100	166	3.46	3.46	10.8	10.4	
B-PT1/8	63	144.5	53	150	18×26×22	253	408	11.9	13.3	44.5	23.7	

Note) Static permissible moment*: Static permissible moment value with 1 LM block



Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard and maximum lengths of the SCR model rail. If a rail length longer than the listed max length is required, rails may be jointed to meet the overall length. Contact THK for details. For special rail lengths, it is recommended to use a value corresponding to the G dimension from the table. As the G dimension increases, this portion becomes less stable and the accuracy performance is severely impacted.

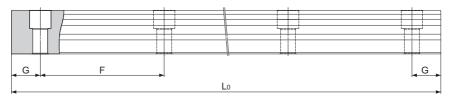


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SCR

Unit: mm

Model No.	SCR 15	SCR 20	SCR 25	SCR 30	SCR 35	SCR 45	SCR 65
LM rail standard length (L₀)	160 220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1120 1120 11360 1480 1600	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1120 1180 1240 1360 1480 1600 1720 1840 1960 2080 2200	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1120 1180 1240 1300 1420 1480 1540 1600 1720 1840 1960 2080 2200 2320 2440	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	570 675 780 885 990 1095 1200 1305 1410 1515 1620 1725 1830 1935 2040 2145 2250 2355 2460 2565 2670 2775 2880 2985 3090	1270 1570 2020 2620
Standard pitch F	60	60	60	80	80	105	150
G	20	20	20	20	20	22.5	35
Max length	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3090	3000

Tapped-hole LM Rail Type of Model SCR

The model SCR variations include a type with its LM rail bottom tapped. With the X-axis LM rail having tapped holes, this model can be secured with bolts from the top.

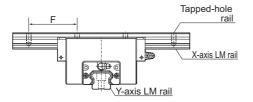


Table2 Dimensions of the LM Rail Tap Unit: mn											
Model No.	Tap diamete	Tap depth									
15	M5	8									
20	M6	10									
25	M6	12									
30	M8	15									
35	M8	17									
45	M12	20									
65	M20	30									

Model number coding

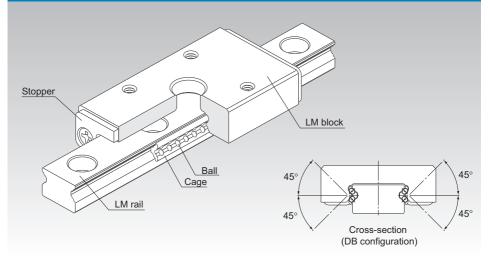
4 SCR35 KKHH C0 +1000L P K/1000L P

Symbol for tapped-hole LM rail type

EPF



Caged Ball LM Guide Finite stroke Model EPF



*For the ball cage, see A1-88.

Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	△1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-72
Accuracy Standards	△1-85
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-447
Accuracy of the Mounting Surface	△ 1-175
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls are held in cages with spherical ball holders and the balls roll in four rows of circular-arc grooves in raceways on precision-ground LM rails and LM blocks.

[Smooth motion]

Because a finite stroke is used, balls do not circulate and movement is smooth even with pre-loading. Also, because variations in rolling resistance are small, this model is ideal for locations where smooth movement is required with a short stroke.

[High Rigidity]

Because model EPF uses a DB construction featuring 4 rows of circular-arc grooves, it offers particularly high rigidity with respect to moment in the Mo direction. This makes it ideal for locations where Mo moment is applied with one rail.

[Miniature Type]

Because the mounting method is compatible with the Miniature LM Guide Model RSR-N, the models are dimensionally interchangeable.

[4-way Equal Load]

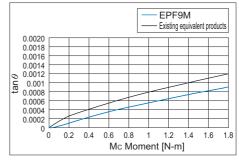
Each row of balls is configured at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the all directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations and in extensive applications.

[Ball cage technology application 1]

Because the cage is formed out of plastic resin, there is no metal contact between the cage and the balls, providing excellent noise characteristics, low dust emissions and long product life.

[Ball cage technology application 2]

Forming the cage in a spherical shape out of plastic resin allows lubricant to be held in grease pockets, enabling long periods of maintenance-free operation.



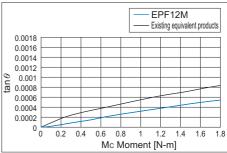
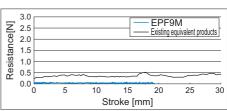


Fig.1 Comparison of Mc moment test data



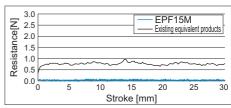
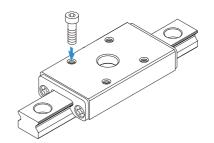


Fig.2 Comparison of rolling resistance test data

Types and Features

Model EPF

Specification Table⇒**△1-176**



Accuracy of the Mounting Surface

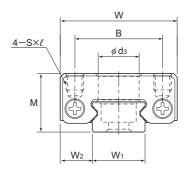
If there is not sufficient precision in the LM rail and LM block mounting surfaces, the product may not function to its full potential. Table 1 Machine to values no higher than those shown in... (Recommended value: 70% of Table 1)

Table1 Flatness of the LM Rail and the LM Block Mounting Surface
Unit: mm

Model No.	Flatness error
EPF 7M, 9M	0.015/200
EPF 12M	0.025/200
EPF 15M	0.035/200

Note) It is recommended that highly rigid materials such as iron or cast metal be used as the mounting material. If a material with poor rigidity, such as aluminum, is used, unforeseen loading may be applied to the product. In such situations, contact THK.

Model EPF



	Oute	er dimens	sions	LM block dimensions					LM rail dimensions			
Model No.	Height	Width	Length									
	М	W	Lв	В	С	d₃	S×ℓ	L _{B1}	W ₁	W ₂	M ₁	
EPF 7M	8	17	31.6	12	13	5	M2×2.3	29.6	7	5	5	
EPF 9M	10	20	37.8	15	16	7	M3×2.8	35.8	9	5.5	5	
EPF 12M	13	27	43.7	20	20	7	M3×3.2	41.7	12	7.5	6.75	
EPF 15M	16	32	56.5	25	25	7	M3×3.5	54.5	15	8.5	9	

Model number coding

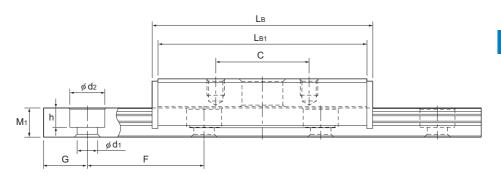
EPF7M* 16 +55L P M

LM rail length (in mm) Rail material: Stainless steel (standard)

(in mm) Accuracy symbol (*1)

(*1) See **1-85**.

Note) *: Stainless steel is the standard material used for LM blocks.
This model number denotes one set consists of an LM block and LM rail.



Unit: mm

			Guaranteed stroke	Basic load rating		Static permissible moment N•m*			Mass		
					С	C ₀	M _A	M _B	Mc	LM block	LM rail
	G	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	S⊤	kN	kN				kg	kg/m
	5	15	2.4×4.2×2.6	16	0.90	1.60	5.08	5.08	5.26	0.019	0.230
	7.5	20	3.5×6×3.3	21	1.00	1.87	6.81	6.81	7.89	0.036	0.290
	10	25	3.5×6×3.8	27	2.26	3.71	15.5	15.5	20.8	0.074	0.550
	15	40	3.5×6×4	34	3.71	5.88	33.0	33.0	41.3	0.136	0.940

Note) THK AFJ grease is provided as the standard grease. Static permissible moment*: Static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Recommended Tightening Torques of Mounting Bolts Unit: N-m

Model No.	Nominal	Rated tightening torque				
woder no.	bolt	Iron	Casting	Aluminum		
EPF 7M	M2	0.588	0.392	0.294		
EPF 9M						
EPF 12M	МЗ	1.96	1.27	0.98		
EPF 15M						

Table2 Maximum slip resistance

Unit: N

Model No.	Maximum slip resistance
EPF 7M	20
EPF 9M	20
EPF 12M	30
EPF 15M	30

Note) While the cage used to hold the balls is designed to operate extremely precisely, factors such as impacts or inertial moment or drive vibration from the machine

can cause cage distortion.

If using the EPF LM guide in the following conditions, contact THK.

- Vertical Orientation
- Under a large moment load Butting the guide's external stopper with the table
- For applications involving high acceleration/deceleration If cage distortion occurs, the cage must be forcibly restored to its original shape.

Table 1 shows the required slip resistance in this event. Set the thrust so that it is no less than the maximum value shown in the table.

Standard Length of the LM Rail

Table3 shows the standard LM rail lengths of model EPF.

For special rail lengths, it is recommended to use a value corresponding to the G dimension from the table. As the G dimension increases, this portion becomes less stable and the accuracy performance is severely impacted.

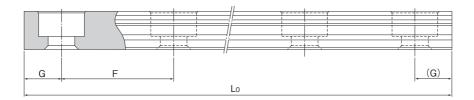


Table3 Standard Length of the LM Rail for Model EPF

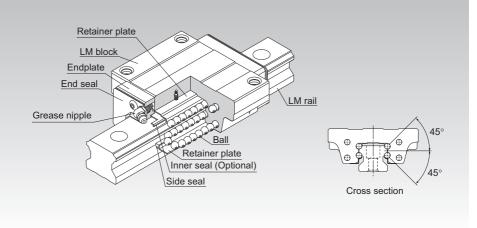
Unit: mm

Model No.	EPF 7M	EPF 9M	EPF 12M	EPF 15M
LM rail standard length (L₀)	55	75	95	110
Standard pitch F	15	20	25	40
G	5	7.5	10	15

Note) Lengths other than the standard LM rail length (L₀) are also available. Contact THK for details.

HSR

LM Guide Global Standard Size Model HSR



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	△1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-71
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-447
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off even if the LM rail is pulled out (except models HSR 8, 10 and 12).

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations. In addition, the LM block can receive a well-balanced preload, increasing the rigidity in the four directions while maintaining a constant, low friction coefficient. With the low sectional height and the high rigidity design of the LM block, this model achieves highly accurate and stable straight motion.

[4-way Equal Load]

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations and in extensive applications.

[High Rigidity Type]

Since balls are arranged in four rows in a well-balanced manner, a large preload can be applied and the rigidity in four directions can easily be increased.

[Self-adjustment Capability]

The self-adjustment capability through front-to-front configuration of THK's unique circular-arc grooves (DF set) enables a mounting error to be absorbed even under a preload, thus to achieve highly accurate, smooth straight motion.

[High Durability]

Even under a preload or excessive biased load, differential slip of balls does not occur. As a result, smooth motion, high wear resistance, and long-term maintenance of accuracy are achieved.

[Stainless Steel Type also Available]

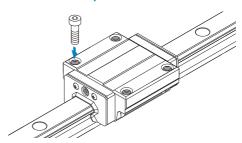
A special type which LM block, LM rail and balls are made of stainless steel is also available.

Types

Model HSR-A

The flange of its LM block has tapped holes.

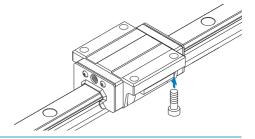
Specification Table⇒A1-186



Model HSR-B

The flange of the LM block has through holes. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

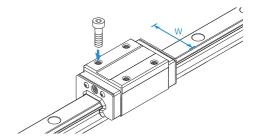
Specification Table⇒▲1-188



Model HSR-R

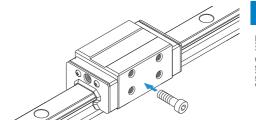
Having a smaller LM block width (W) and tapped holes, this model is optimal for compact design.

Specification Table⇒A1-192



Model HSR-YR

When using two units of LM Guide facing each other, the previous model required much time in machining the table and had difficulty achieving the desired accuracy and adjusting the clearance. Since model HSR-YR has tapped holes on the side of the LM block, a simpler structure is gained and reduced man-hour and increase in accuracy can be achieved.



Specification Table⇒A1-194



Fig.1 Conventional Structure

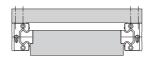
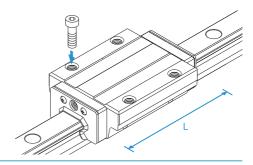


Fig.2 Mounting Structure for Model HSR-YR

Model HSR-LA

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model HSR-A, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

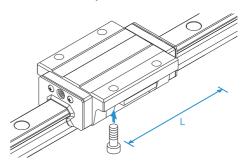
Specification Table⇒A1-186



Model HSR-LB

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model HSR-B, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

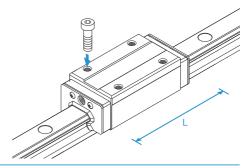
Specification Table⇒▲1-188



Model HSR-LR

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model HSR-R, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

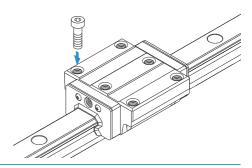
Specification Table⇒▲1-192



Model HSR-CA

Has six tapped holes on the LM block.

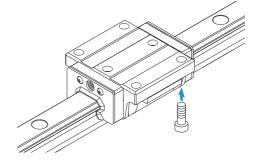
Specification Table⇒A1-196



Model HSR-CB

The LM block has six through holes. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

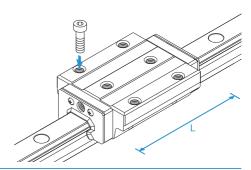
Specification Table⇒▲1-198



Model HSR-HA

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model HSR-CA, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

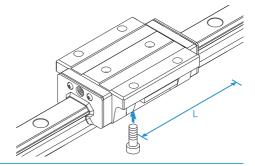
Specification Table⇒A1-196



Model HSR-HB

The LM block has the same cross sectional shape as model HSR-CB, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

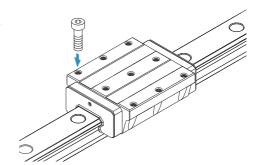
Specification Table⇒A1-198



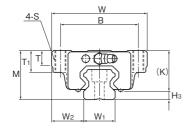
Models HSR 100/120/150 HA/HB/HR

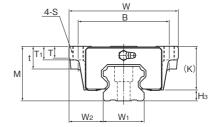
Large types of model HSR that can be used in large-scale machine tools and building structures.

Specification Table⇒A1-200



Models HSR-A and HSR-AM, Models HSR-LA and HSR-LAM





Models HSR15 to 35A/LA/AM/LAM

Models HSR45 to 85A/LA

	Outer	dime	nsions					LM bl	ock dir	mensio	ons				
Model No.	Height	Width	Length	В	С	S	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
	IVI	VV	_	ь	C	3	L1	ι		11	IX	IN	_		1 13
HSR 15A HSR 15AM	24	47	56.6	38	30	M5	38.8	_	7	11	19.3	4.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20A HSR 20AM	30	63	74	53	40	M6	50.8	_	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 20LA HSR 20LAM	30	63	90	53	40	M6	66.8	_	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25A HSR 25AM	36	70	83.1	57	45	M8	59.5	_	11	16	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 25LA HSR 25LAM	36	70	102.2	57	45	M8	78.6	_	11	16	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30A HSR 30AM	42	90	98	72	52	M10	70.4	_	9	18	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 30LA HSR 30LAM	42	90	120.6	72	52	M10	93	_	9	18	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35A HSR 35AM	48	100	109.4	82	62	M10	80.4	_	12	21	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 35LA HSR 35LAM	48	100	134.8	82	62	M10	105.8	_	12	21	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 45A HSR 45LA	60	120	139 170.8	100	80	M12	98 129.8	25	13	15	50	10	16	B-PT1/8	10
HSR 55A HSR 55LA	70	140	163 201.1	116	95	M14	118 156.1	29	13.5	17	57	11	16	B-PT1/8	13
HSR 65A HSR 65LA	90	170	186 245.5	142	110	M16	147 206.5	37	21.5	23	76	19	16	B-PT1/8	14
HSR 85A HSR 85LA	110	215	245.6 303	185	140	M20	178.6 236	55	28	30	94	23	16	B-PT1/8	16

Model number coding

HSR25 A 2 QZ UU C0 M +1200L P T M -II

Model Type of number LM block With QZ Contaminat protection accessory symbol (*1)

Contamination protection accessory

Stainless steel LM block

LM rail length (in mm)

Stainless steel LM rail Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

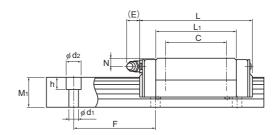
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **A1-496**. (*2) See **A1-71**. (*3) See **A1-76**. (*4) See **A1-13**.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	kN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	\ \(\)	1 _A			×(□	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	16	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1240)	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.2	1.5
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	13.8	23.8	0.19	1.04	0.19	1.04	0.201	0.35	2.3
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	21.3	31.8	0.323	1.66	0.323	1.66	0.27	0.47	2.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.59	3.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	27.2	45.9	0.529	2.74	0.529	2.74	0.459	0.75	3.3
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	28	46.8	0.524	2.7	0.524	2.7	0.562	1.1	4.8
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	62.5	0.889	4.37	0.889	4.37	0.751	1.3	4.8
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.6	6.6
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	50.2	81.5	1.32	6.35	1.32	6.35	1.2	2	6.6
45	37.5	38	105	14×20×17	3090	60 80.4	95.6 127	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.83 2.43	2.8 3.3	11
53	43.5	44	120	16×23×20	3060	88.5 119	137 183	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	3.2 4.28	4.5 5.7	15.1
63	53.5	53	150	18×26×22	3000	141 192	215 286	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	5.82 7.7	8.5 10.7	22.5
85	65	65	180	24×35×28	3000	210 282	310 412	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	11 14.7	17 23	35.2

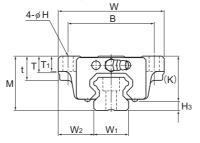
Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-202.)

Static permissible moment": 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-B, HSR-BM, HSR-LB and HSR-LBM



	Outer	dimer	nsions					LM bl	ock dir	nensio	ns				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Нз
HSR 15B HSR 15BM	24	47	56.6	38	30	4.5	38.8	11	7	7	19.3	4.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20B HSR 20BM	30	63	74	53	40	6	50.8	10	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 20LB HSR 20LBM	30	63	90	53	40	6	66.8	10	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25B HSR 25BM	36	70	83.1	57	45	7	59.5	16	11	10	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 25LB HSR 25LBM	36	70	102.2	57	45	7	78.6	16	11	10	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30B HSR 30BM	42	90	98	72	52	9	70.4	18	9	10	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 30LB HSR 30LBM	42	90	120.6	72	52	9	93	18	9	10	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35B HSR 35BM	48	100	109.4	82	62	9	80.4	21	12	13	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 35LB HSR 35LBM	48	100	134.8	82	62	9	105.8	21	12	13	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 45B HSR 45LB	60	120	139 170.8	100	80	11	98 129.8	25	13	15	50	10	16	B-PT1/8	10
HSR 55B HSR 55LB	70	140	163 201.1	116	95	14	118 156.1	29	13.5	17	57	11	16	B-PT1/8	13
HSR 65B HSR 65LB	90	170	186 245.5	142	110	16	147 206.5	37	21.5	23	76	19	16	B-PT1/8	14
HSR 85B HSR 85LB	110	215	245.6 303	185	140	18	178.6 236	55	28	30	94	23	16	B-PT1/8	16

Model number coding

+1200L HSR25 В UU C0

Model Type of LM block number

Lubricator protection accessory symbol (*1)

With QZ Contamination

Stainless steel

LM rail length LM block (in mm)

Stainless steel LM rail Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

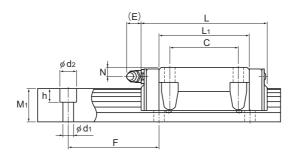
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-71. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)
Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



LM rail dimensions Basic load rating Static permissible moment kN-m														• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		LM	rail dir	mensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permiss	sible m	oment	kN-m*	Ma	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C₀	2	1 ✓ ►			(])%	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	16	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1240)	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.2	1.5
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	13.8	23.8	0.19	1.04	0.19	1.04	0.201	0.35	2.3
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	21.3	31.8	0.323	1.66	0.323	1.66	0.27	0.47	2.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.59	3.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	27.2	45.9	0.529	2.74	0.529	2.74	0.459	0.75	3.3
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	28	46.8	0.524	2.7	0.524	2.7	0.562	1.1	4.8
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	62.5	0.889	4.37	0.889	4.37	0.751	1.3	4.8
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.6	6.6
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	50.2	81.5	1.32	6.35	1.32	6.35	1.2	2	6.6
45	37.5	38	105	14×20×17	3090	60 80.4	95.6 127	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.83 2.43	2.8 3.3	11
53	43.5	44	120	16×23×20	3060	88.5 119	137 183	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	3.2 4.28	4.5 5.7	15.1
63	53.5	53	150	18×26×22	3000	141 192	215 286	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	5.82 7.7	8.5 10.7	22.5
85	65	65	180	24×35×28	3000	210 282	310 412	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	11 14.7	17 23	35.2

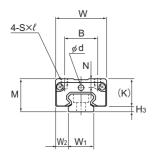
Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

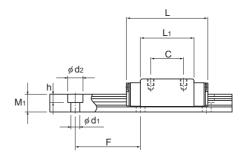
The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-202.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block; static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Model HSR-RM





Models HSR8RM and 10RM

		Outer	dimer	nsions				LM	olock o	dimens	ions				
	Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	Greasing hole d	Grease nipple	Нз
Γ	HSR 8RM	11	16	24	10	10	M2×2.5	15	_	8.9	2.6	_	2.2	_	2.1
	HSR 10RM	13	20	31	13	12	M2.6×2.5	20.1		10.8	3.5	_	2.5	_	2.2
ſ	HSR 12RM	20	27	45	15	15	M4×4.5	30.5	6	16.9	5.2	4	_	PB107	3.1

Model number coding

HSR12 R 2 UU C1 M +670L H T M - ${ m I\hspace{-.1em}I}$

Model Type of number LM block

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless steel LM block

LM rail length (in mm)

Stainless steel LM rail

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

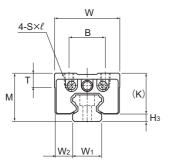
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

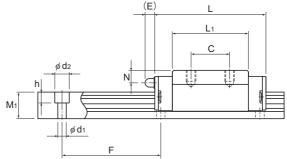
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)





Model HSR12RM

Unit: mm

		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ма	SS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C _o	2	`			ĕÇ Ç	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
8	4	6	20	2.4×4.2×2.3	(975)	1.08	2.16	0.00492	0.0319	0.00492	0.0319	0.00727	0.012	0.3
10	5	7	25	3.5×6×3.3	(995)	1.96	3.82	0.0123	0.0716	0.0123	0.0716	0.0162	0.025	0.45
12	7.5	11	40	3.5×6×4.5	(1240)	4.7	8.53	0.0409	0.228	0.0409	0.228	0.0445	0.08	0.83

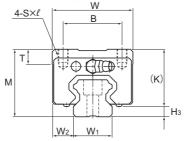
Note) Since stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls, these models are highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See A1-202.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-R, HSR-RM, HSR-LR and HSR-LRM



	Outer	dimen	sions				LM blo	ck dim	ensions	3			
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	K	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
HSR 15R HSR 15RM	28	34	56.6	26	26	M4×5	38.8	6	23.3	8.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20R HSR 20RM	30	44	74	32	36	M5×6	50.8	8	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 20LR HSR 20LRM	30	44	90	32	50	M5×6	66.8	8	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25R HSR 25RM	40	48	83.1	35	35	M6×8	59.5	9	34.5	10	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 25LR HSR 25LRM	40	48	102.2	35	50	M6×8	78.6	9	34.5	10	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30R HSR 30RM	45	60	98	40	40	M8×10	70.4	9	38	10	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 30LR HSR 30LRM	45	60	120.6	40	60	M8×10	93	9	38	10	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35R HSR 35RM	55	70	109.4	50	50	M8×12	80.4	11.7	47.5	15	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 35LR HSR 35LRM	55	70	134.8	50	72	M8×12	105.8	11.7	47.5	15	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 45R HSR 45LR	70	86	139 170.8	60	60 80	M10×17	98 129.8	15	60	20	16	B-PT1/8	10
HSR 55R HSR 55LR	80	100	163 201.1	75	75 95	M12×18	118 156.1	20.5	67	21	16	B-PT1/8	13
HSR 65R HSR 65LR	90	126	186 245.5	76	70 120	M16×20	147 206.5	23	76	19	16	B-PT1/8	14
HSR 85R HSR 85LR	110	156	245.6 303	100	80 140	M18×25	178.6 236	29	94	23	16	B-PT1/8	16

Model number coding

SS M +1400L

Model number

Type of LM block

With QZ Lubricator

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless steel LM rail length LM block (in mm)

Stainless steel LM rail Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

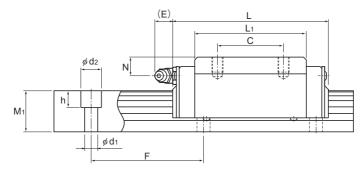
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



 														OTIIL. ITIIII
		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	kN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	2	1 _A	~		M _°	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	9.5	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1240)	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.18	1.5
20	12	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	13.8	23.8	0.19	1.04	0.19	1.04	0.201	0.25	2.3
20	12	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	21.3	31.8	0.323	1.66	0.323	1.66	0.27	0.35	2.3
23	12.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.54	3.3
23	12.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	27.2	45.9	0.529	2.74	0.529	2.74	0.459	0.67	3.3
28	16	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	28	46.8	0.524	2.7	0.524	2.7	0.562	0.9	4.8
28	16	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	62.5	0.889	4.37	0.889	4.37	0.751	1.1	4.8
34	18	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.5	6.6
34	18	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	50.2	81.5	1.32	6.35	1.32	6.35	1.2	2	6.6
45	20.5	38	105	14×20×17	3090	60 80.4	95.6 127	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.83 2.43	2.6 3.1	11
53	23.5	44	120	16×23×20	3060	88.5 119	137 183	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	3.2 4.28	4.3 5.4	15.1
63	31.5	53	150	18×26×22	3000	141 192	215 286	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	5.82 7.7	7.3 9.3	22.5
85	35.5	65	180	24×35×28	3000	210 282	310 412	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	11 14.7	13 16	35.2

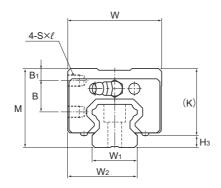
Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See

1-202.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-YR and HSR-YRM



	Outer	dimen	sions				LM blo	ck dim	ensions	S			
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	B ₁	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
HSR 15YR HSR 15YRM	28	33.5	56.6	4.3	11.5	18	M4×5	38.8	23.3	8.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20YR HSR 20YRM	30	43.5	74	4	11.5	25	M5×6	50.8	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25YR HSR 25YRM	40	47.5	83.1	6	16	30	M6×6	59.5	34.5	10	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30YR HSR 30YRM	45	59.5	98	8	16	40	M6×9	70.4	38	10	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35YR HSR 35YRM	55	69.5	109.4	8	23	43	M8×10	80.4	47.5	15	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 45YR	70	85.5	139	10	30	55	M10×14	98	60	20	16	B-PT1/8	10
HSR 55YR	80	99.5	163	12	32	70	M12×15	118	67	21	16	B-PT1/8	13
HSR 65YR	90	124.5	186	12	35	85	M16×22	147	76	19	16	B-PT1/8	14

Model number coding

+1200L HSR25 YR 2 UU CO M

Model number Type of LM block

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless steel LM block

Medium preload (C0)

LM rail length (in mm)

Stainless steel LM rail Symbol for LM rail plane (*4)

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

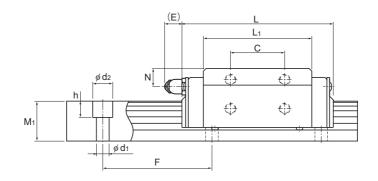
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

jointed use

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)





		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	kN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	2 \ [1 _A	- L	18	(1) §	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	24	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1240)	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.18	1.5
20	31.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	13.8	23.8	0.19	1.04	0.19	1.04	0.201	0.25	2.3
23	35	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.54	3.3
28	43.5	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	28	46.8	0.524	2.7	0.524	2.7	0.562	0.9	4.8
34	51.5	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.5	6.6
45	65	38	105	14×20×17	3090	60	95.6	1.42	7.92	1.42	7.92	1.83	2.6	11
53	76	44	120	16×23×20	3060	88.5	137	2.45	13.2	2.45	13.2	3.2	4.3	15.1
63	93	53	150	18×26×22	3000	141	215	4.8	23.5	4.8	23.5	5.82	7.3	22.5

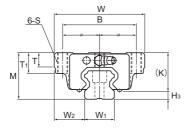
Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See

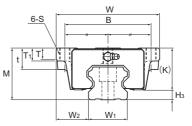
1 block: static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-CA, HSR-CAM, HSR-HA and HSR-HAM







Models HSR45 to 85CA/HA

	Outer	dimer	nsions					LM bl	ock dir	nensio	ons				
Model No.	Height	Width	Length											Grease nipple	
	M	W	L	В	С	S	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	N	Е	Пірріє	H₃
HSR 20CA HSR 20CAM	30	63	74	53	40	M6	50.8	_	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 20HA HSR 20HAM	30	63	90	53	40	M6	66.8	-	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25CA HSR 25CAM	36	70	83.1	57	45	M8	59.5	_	11	16	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 25HA HSR 25HAM	36	70	102.2	57	45	M8	78.6	_	11	16	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30CA HSR 30CAM	42	90	98	72	52	M10	70.4	_	9	18	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 30HA HSR 30HAM	42	90	120.6	72	52	M10	93	_	9	18	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35CA HSR 35CAM	48	100	109.4	82	62	M10	80.4	_	12	21	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 35HA HSR 35HAM	48	100	134.8	82	62	M10	105.8		12	21	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 45CA HSR 45HA	60	120	139 170.8	100	80	M12	98 129.8	25	13	15	50	10	16	B-PT1/8	10
HSR 55CA HSR 55HA	70	140	163 201.1	116	95	M14	118 156.1	29	13.5	17	57	11	16	B-PT1/8	13
HSR 65CA HSR 65HA	90	170	186 245.5	142	110	M16	147 206.5	37	21.5	23	76	19	16	B-PT1/8	14
HSR 85CA HSR 85HA	110	215	245.6 303	185	140	M20	178.6 236	55	28	30	94	23	16	B-PT1/8	16

Model number coding

HSR25 HA 2 QZ KKHH C0 M +1300L P T M -II

Model

Type of LM block

No. of LM blocks

used on the same

With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Stainless steel LM rail length LM block (in mm)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol) High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP) Stainless steel LM rail

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

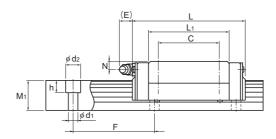
(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **\(\Omega1-496.\)** (*2) See **\(\Omega1-71.\)** (*3) See **\(\Omega1-76.\)** (*4) See **\(\Omega1-13.\)**

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

A1-196 10 出版

rail



														OTHE. ITHII
		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permiss	sible m	oment	kN-m*	Ма	SS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	N	I _A			M _°	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	13.8	23.8	0.19	1.04	0.19	1.04	0.201	0.35	2.3
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	21.3	31.8	0.323	1.66	0.323	1.66	0.27	0.47	2.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.59	3.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	27.2	45.9	0.529	2.74	0.529	2.74	0.459	0.75	3.3
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	28	46.8	0.524	2.7	0.524	2.7	0.562	1.1	4.8
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	62.5	0.889	4.37	0.889	4.37	0.751	1.3	4.8
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.6	6.6
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	50.2	81.5	1.32	6.35	1.32	6.35	1.2	2	6.6
45	37.5	38	105	14×20×17	3090	60 80.4	95.6 127	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.83 2.43	2.8 3.3	11
53	43.5	44	120	16×23×20	3060	88.5 119	137 183	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	3.2 4.28	4.5 5.7	15.1
63	53.5	53	150	18×26×22	3000	141 192	215 286	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	5.82 7.7	8.5 10.7	22.5
85	65	65	180	24×35×28	3000	210 282	310 412	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	11 14.7	17 23	35.2

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

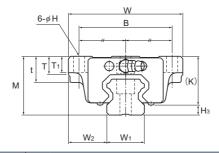
The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See

1-202.)

Static permissible moment 1: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-CB, HSR-CBM, HSR-HB and HSR-HBM



	Outer	dimen	isions					LM b	lock d	imens	sions				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
HSR 20CB HSR 20CBM	30	63	74	53	40	6	50.8	10	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 20HB HSR 20HBM	30	63	90	53	40	6	66.8	10	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25CB HSR 25CBM	36	70	83.1	57	45	7	59.5	16	11	10	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 25HB HSR 25HBM	36	70	102.2	57	45	7	78.6	16	11	10	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30CB HSR 30CBM	42	90	98	72	52	9	70.4	18	9	10	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 30HB HSR 30HBM	42	90	120.6	72	52	9	93	18	9	10	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35CB HSR 35CBM	48	100	109.4	82	62	9	80.4	21	12	13	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 35HB HSR 35HBM	48	100	134.8	82	62	9	105.8	21	12	13	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5
HSR 45CB HSR 45HB	60	120	139 170.8	100	80	11	98 129.8	25	13	15	50	10	16	B-PT1/8	10
HSR 55CB HSR 55HB	70	140	163 201.1	116	95	14	118 156.1	29	13.5	17	57	11	16	B-PT1/8	13
HSR 65CB HSR 65HB	90	170	186 245.5	142	110	16	147 206.5	37	21.5	23	76	19	16	B-PT1/8	14
HSR 85CB HSR 85HB	110	215	245.6 303	185	140	18	178.6 236	55	28	30	94	23	16	B-PT1/8	16

Model number coding

HSR35 CB 2 QZ ZZHH C0 M +1400L P T M - II

Model number Type of LM block

No. of LM blocks

used on the same

With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Stainless steel LM rail length LM block (in mm)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol) High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP) Stainless steel LM rail

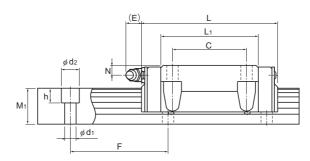
Symbol for Symbol No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on △1-496. (*2) See △1-71. (*3) See △1-76. (*4) See △1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





		1.1/4	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	nd rating	Static	normic	sible m	oment l	M m*	Ma	100
		LIVI	rall ull	11011310115		D4210 10	au raurig						IVIA	133
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	2		~ —		M° C C	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	13.8	23.8	0.19	1.04	0.19	1.04	0.201	0.35	2.3
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000 (1480)	21.3	31.8	0.323	1.66	0.323	1.66	0.27	0.47	2.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.59	3.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	3000 (2020)	27.2	45.9	0.529	2.74	0.529	2.74	0.459	0.75	3.3
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	28	46.8	0.524	2.7	0.524	2.7	0.562	1.1	4.8
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	62.5	0.889	4.37	0.889	4.37	0.751	1.3	4.8
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.6	6.6
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	3000 (2520)	50.2	81.5	1.32	6.35	1.32	6.35	1.2	2	6.6
45	37.5	38	105	14×20×17	3090	60 80.4	95.6 127	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.42 2.44	7.92 12.6	1.83 2.43	2.8 3.3	11
53	43.5	44	120	16×23×20	3060	88.5 119	137 183	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	2.45 4.22	13.2 21.3	3.2 4.28	4.5 5.7	15.1
63	53.5	53	150	18×26×22	3000	141 192	215 286	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	4.8 8.72	23.5 40.5	5.82 7.7	8.5 10.7	22.5
85	65	65	180	24×35×28	3000	210 282	310 412	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	8.31 14.2	45.6 72.5	11 14.7	17 23	35.2

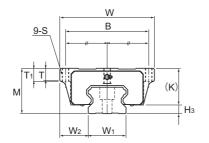
Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

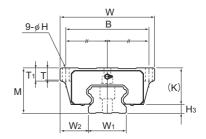
The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See \(\bigai 1-202. \))

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-HA, HSR-HB and HSR-HR





Models HSR100 to 150HA

Models HSR100 to 150HB

	Outer	dimer	sions				LN	/I bloc	k dime	ension	s				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	Н	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	T 1	К	N	Е	Grease nipple	Н₃
HSR 100HA HSR 100HB HSR 100HR	120	250 250 200	334	220 220 130	200	 20 	M18* — M18×27	261	32 32 33	35 35 —	100	23	16	B-PT1/4	20
HSR 120HA HSR 120HB HSR 120HR	130	290 290 220	365	250 250 146	210	 22 	M20* — M20×30	287	34 34 33.7	38 38 —	110	26.5	16	B-PT1/4	20
HSR 150HA HSR 150HB HSR 150HR	145	350 350 266	396	300 300 180	230	 26 	M24* — M24×35	314	36 36 33	40 40 —	123	29	16	B-PT1/4	22

Note) "*" indicates a through hole

Model number coding

HSR150 +2350L

Model number

Type of LM block Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

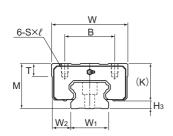
No. of LM blocks used on the same Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

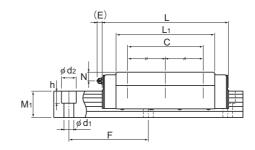
Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-71. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)





Models HSR100 to 150HR

		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic load rating Static permissible moment kN-n						κN-m*	Mass			
Width					Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N	14	~		ĕ Ş S	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m		
100	75 75 50	70	210	26×39×32	3000	351	506	19.4	98.2	19.4	98.2	22.4	32	49		
114	88 88 53	75	230	33×48×43	3000	429	612	25.9	129	25.9	129	31.1	43	61		
144	103 103 61	85	250	39×58×46	3000	518	728	33.6	167	33.6	167	45.2	62	87		

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-202**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model HSR variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.



Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model HSR

Unit: mm

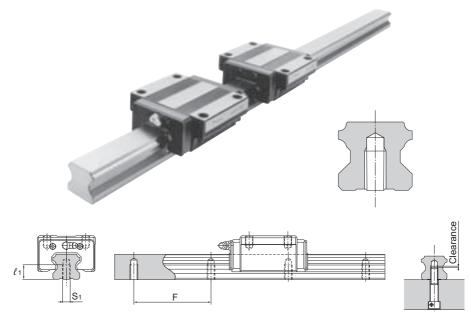
Model No.	HSR 8	HSR 10	HSR 12	HSR 15	HSR 20	HSR 25	HSR 30	HSR 35	HSR 45	HSR 55	HSR 65	HSR 85	HSR 100	HSR 120	HSR 150
LM rail standard length (L ₀)	35 55 95 115 135 155 195 215 225 275	45 70 95 120 145 170 195 220 245 270 395 320 345 370 395 420 445 470	70 110 150 190 230 270 310 3350 390 430 550 590 630 670	160 220 340 400 460 550 550 520 580 640 700 940 1000 1120 1180 1240 1480 1600	160 220 340 400 460 550 550 640 700 940 1060 1120 1180 1240 1720 1720 2080 2200	220 280 4400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 1000 1120 1180 1240 1300 1420 1420 1420 1720 1840 1960 2200 2320 2440	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 8840 920 1000 1160 1240 1320 1400 1880 1960 2360 2520 2520 2680 2840 3000	280 360 600 680 760 1080 1080 1240 1320 1400 1560 1640 1780 1880 1880 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	570 675 780 885 990 1095 1410 1515 1620 1725 1830 1935 2245 2250 2355 2670 2565 2670 2775 2880 2985 3090	780 900 1140 1260 1380 1500 1740 1860 2210 2240 2340 2460 2700 2820 2940 3060	1270 1570 2020 2620	1530 1890 2250 2610	1340 1760 2180 2600	1470 1930 2390	1600 2100 2350
Standard pitch F	20	25	40	60	60	60	80	80	105	120	150	180	210	230	250
G	7.5	10	15	20	20	20	20	20	22.5	30	35	45	40	45	50
Max length	(975)	(995)	(1240)	3000 (1240)	3000 (1480)	3000 (2020)	3000 (2520)	3000 (2520)	3090	3060	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK. Note3) The figures in the parentheses indicate the maximum lengths of stainless steel made models.

Tapped-hole LM Rail Type of Model HSR

HSR model rails also include a type where the LM rail is tapped from the bottom. This type is useful when mounting from the bottom of the base and when increased contamination protection is desired.



- (1) Determine the bolt length so that a clearance of 2 to 5 mm is secured between the bolt end and the bottom of the tap (effective tap depth). (See figure above.)
- (2) A tapped-hole LM rail type is available also for model HSR-YR.
- (3) For standard pitches of the taps, see Table1 on A1-202.

Table2 Dimensions of the LM Rail Tap

Unit: mm

Model No.	S ₁	Effective tap depth ℓ_1
HSR 15	M5	8
HSR 20	M6	10
HSR 25	M6	12
HSR 30	M8	15
HSR 35	M8	17
HSR 45	M12	24
HSR 55	M14	24
HSR 65	M20	30

Model number coding

HSR30A2UU +1000LH K

Symbol for tapped-hole LM rail type

Stopper

In miniature model HSR, the balls fall out if the LM block comes off the LM rail.

For this reason, they are delivered with a stopper fitted to prevent the LM block coming off the rail. If you remove the stopper when using the product, take care to ensure that overrun does not occur.

Table3 Model HSR stopper (C type) specification table

Unit: mm

Model No.	Α	В	С
8	13	6	10
10	16	6	11
12	20	7	15

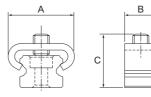


Fig.1 Model HSR stopper (C type)

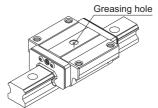
Greasing Hole

[Semi-standard Greasing Hole for Model HSR]

For model HSR, a semi-standard greasing hole is available. Specify the appropriate model number according to the application.



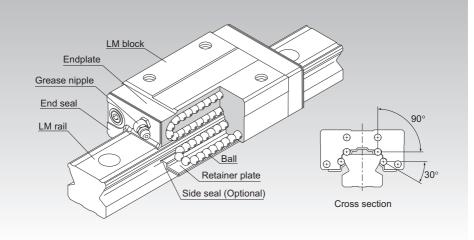
Type with a Greasing Hole Drilled on the Side Surface



Type with a Greasing Hole Drilled on the Top Face

SR

LM Guide Radial Type Model SR



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	△1-459
Model No.	A 1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△ 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-71
Accuracy Standards	A1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-445
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471
·	

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. Since a retainer plate holds the balls, they will not fall off even if the LM block is removed from the LM rail. With the low sectional height and the high rigidity design of the LM block, this model achieves highly accurate and stable straight motion.

[Compact, Heavy Load]

Since it is a compact designed model that has a low sectional height and a ball contact structure rigid in the radial direction, this model is optimal for horizontal guide units.

[Mounting accuracy can easily be achieved]

Since this model is a self-adjusting type capable of easily absorbing an accuracy error in parallelism and level between two rails, highly accurate and smooth motion can be achieved.

[Low Noise]

The endplate installed at each end of the LM block is designed to ensure the smooth and low-noise circulation of the balls at the turning areas.

[High Durability]

Even under a preload or excessive biased load, differential slip of balls is minimal. As a result, high wear resistance and long-term maintenance of accuracy are achieved.

[Stainless Steel Type also Available]

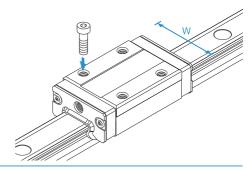
A special type which LM block, LM rail and balls are made of stainless steel is also available.

Types and Features

Model SR-W

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

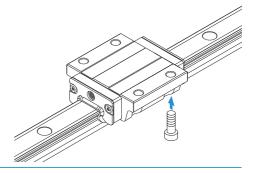
Specification Table⇒A1-212



Model SR-TB

The LM block has the same height as model SR-W and can be mounted from the bottom.

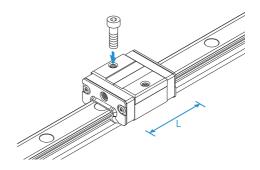
Specification Table⇒A1-214



Model SR-V

A space-saving type whose LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SR-W, but has a smaller overall LM block length (L).

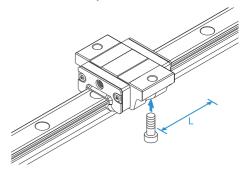
Specification Table⇒A1-212



Model SR-SB

A space-saving type whose LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SR-TB, but has a smaller overall LM block length (L).

Specification Table⇒▲1-214

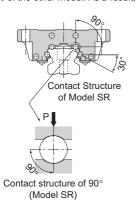


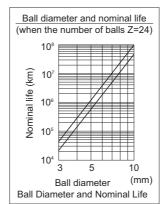
Characteristics of Model SR

When compared to models having a contact angle of 45°, model SR shows excellent characteristics as indicated below. Using these characteristics, you can design and manufacture highly accurate and highly rigid machines or equipment.

Difference in Rated Load and Service Life

Since SR has a contact angle of 90°, its rated load and service life are different from those with a contact angle of 45°. When comparing model SR with a model that has a contact angle of 45° and when the same radial load is applied to the two models with the same ball diameter as shown in the figure below, the load applied to SR is 70% of the other model. As a result, the service life of SR is more than twice that of the other model.





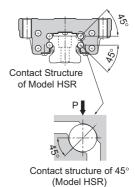
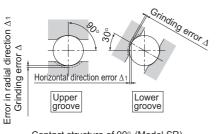


Fig.1

Difference in Accuracy

If a machining error (grinding error) occurs in the LM rail or LM block, it will affect the running accuracy. Assuming that there is a machining error of Δ on the raceway, it results in an error in the radial direction, and the error with the contact angle of 45° (model HSR) is 1.4 times greater than that of the contact angle of 90° (model SR). As for the machining error resulting in horizontal direction error, the error with the contact angle of 45° is 1.22 times greater than the contact angle of 30°.



Contact structure of 90° (Model SR)

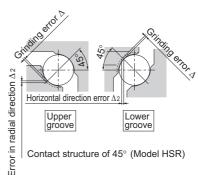


Fig.2 Machining Error and Accuracy

Difference in Rigidity

The 90° contact angle adopted by model SR has a difference with the 45° contact angle also in rigidity. When the same radial load "P" is applied, the displacement in the radial direction with model SR is only 56% of that with the contact angle of 45°. Accordingly, where high rigidity in the radial direction is required, model SR is more advantageous. The figure below shows the difference in radial load and displacement.

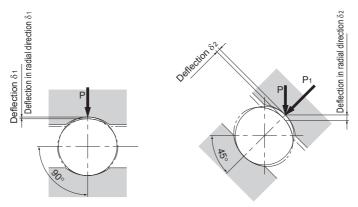


Fig.3 Deflection under a Radial Load

Load and deflection when contact angles are not the same (Da=6.35mm)

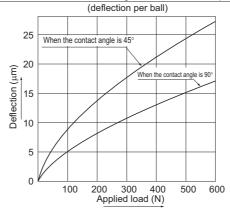


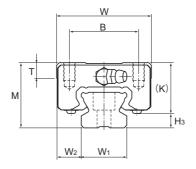
Fig.4 Radial Load and Deflection

Conclusion

Model SR with this type of 90° contact construction are ideal for locations where the load applied is mostly radial, locations where radial rigidity is required, and locations where accurate motion is demanded in the up, down, left and right directions.

However, if the reverse radial load, the lateral load or the moment is large, we recommend model HSR, which has a contact angle of 45° (4-way equal load).

Models SR-W, SR-WM, SR-V and SR-VM



	Oute	r dimen	sions				LM bloo	ck dime	ensions	8			
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	K	N	E	Grease nipple	H ₃
SR 15V/VM SR 15W/WM	24	34	40.4 57	26	 26	M4×7	22.9 39.5	5.7	18.2	6	5.5	PB1021B	5.8
SR 20V/VM SR 20W/WM	28	42	47.3 66.2	32	 32	M5×8	27.8 46.7	7.2	22	6	12	B-M6F	6
SR 25V/VM SR 25W/WM	33	48	59.2 83	35	— 35	M6×9	35.2 59	7.7	26	7	12	B-M6F	7
SR 30V/VM SR 30W/WM	42	60	67.9 96.8	40	<u>-</u>	M8×12	40.4 69.3	8.5	32.5	8	12	B-M6F	9.5
SR 35V/VM SR 35W/WM	48	70	77.6 111	50	— 50	M8×12	45.7 79	12.5	36.5	8.5	12	B-M6F	11.5
SR 45W	60	86	126	60	60	M10×15	90.5	15	47.5	11.5	16	B-PT1/8	12.5
SR 55W	68	100	156	75	75	M12×20	117	16.7	54.5	12	16	B-PT1/8	13.5
SR 70T	85	126	194.6	90	90	M16×25	147.6	24.5	70	12	16	B-PT1/8	15
SR 85T	110	156	180	100	80	M18×30	130	25.5	91.5	27	12	A-PT1/8	18.5
SR 100T	120	178	200	120	100	M20×35	150	29.5	101	32	12	A-PT1/8	19
SR 120T	110	205	235	160	120	M20×35	180	24	95	14	13.5	B-PT1/4	15
SR 150T	135	250	280	200	160	M20×35	215	24	113	17	13.5	B-PT1/4	22

Model number coding

SR25 W 2 UU C0 M +1240L Y P T M - ${ m II}$

Model Type of number LM block

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless steel LM rail length (in mm)

Applied to only

Stainless steel LM rail

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) 15 and 25 Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Ac Medium preload (C0) No

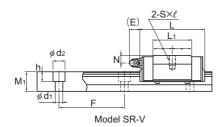
25 jointed use Accuracy symbol (*3)

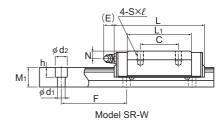
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)

Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-71. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)





LM rail dimensions Basic load rating Static permissible moment kN														
		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	2	14			M° C□	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	9.5	12.5	60	3.5×6×4.5	(1240) 3000	5.39 9.51	11.1 19.3	0.0326 0.0925	0.224 0.516	0.0203 0.0567	-		0.12 0.2	1.2
20	11	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	(1480) 3000	7.16 12.5			0.332 0.778		0.21 0.481	0.11 0.194	0.2 0.3	2.1
23	12.5	18	60	7×11×9	(2020) 3000	11.7 20.3			0.649 1.52		0.41 0.942	0.201 0.355	0.3 0.4	2.7
28	16	23	80	7×11×9	(2520) 3000	17.2 30	32.5 56.8	0.163 0.494		0.102 0.303	0.692 1.57	0.352 0.611	0.5 0.8	4.3
34	18	27.5	80	9×14×12	(2520) 3000	23.8 41.7	44.1 77.2	0.259 0.74	1.68 4.01	0.161 0.454	1.07 2.49	0.576 1.01	0.8 1.2	6.4
45	20.5	35.5	105	11×17.5×14	3000	55.3	101	1.1	5.96	0.679	3.69	1.77	2.2	11.3
48	26	38	120	14×20×17	3000	89.1	157	2.27	11.3	1.39	6.98	2.87	3.6	12.8
70	28	47	150	18×26×22	3000	156	266	2.54	13.2	2.18	11.3	4.14	7	22.8
 85	35.5	65.5	180	18×26×22	3000	120	224	2.54	15.1	1.25	7.47	5.74	10.1	34.9
100	39	70.3	210	22×32×25	3000	148	283	3.95	20.9	1.95	10.3	8.55	14.1	46.4
114	45.5	65	230	26×39×30	3000	279	377	5.83	32.9	2.87	16.2	13.7	_	_
144	53	77	250	33×48×36	3000	411	537	9.98	55.8	4.92	27.5	24.3	_	_

Note1) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

Those model numbers including and greater than SR85T are semi-standard models. If desiring these models, contact THK. Models SR85T and SR100T are equipped with grease nipple on the side face of the LM block.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See

1-216.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

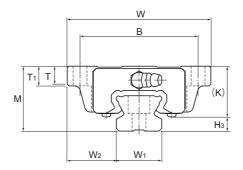
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other Note2) For models SR15 and 25, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1). When, replacing this model with model SSR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail.

Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail
SR 15	For M3 (No symbol)	For M4 (Symbol Y)
SR 25	For M6 (Symbol Y)	For M5 (No symbol)

Models SR-TB, SR-TBM, SR-SB and SR-SBM



	Oute	dimer	nsions				L	M bloc	k dime	ension	3			
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	Н	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	H₃
SR 15SB/SBM SR 15TB/TBM	24	52	40.4 57	41	 26	4.5	22.9 39.5	6.1	7	18.2	6	5.5	PB1021B	5.8
SR 20SB/SBM SR 20TB/TBM	28	59	47.3 66.2	49	 32	5.5	27.8 46.7	8	9	22	6	12	B-M6F	6
SR 25SB/SBM SR 25TB/TBM	33	73	59.2 83	60	 35	7	35.2 59	9.1	10	26	7	12	B-M6F	7
SR 30SB/SBM SR 30TB/TBM	42	90	67.9 96.8	72	— 40	9	40.4 69.3	8.7	10	32.5	8	12	B-M6F	9.5
SR 35SB/SBM SR 35TB/TBM	48	100	77.6 111	82	— 50	9	45.7 79	11.2	13	36.5	8.5	12	B-M6F	11.5
SR 45TB	60	120	126	100	60	11	90.5	12.8	15	47.5	11.5	16	B-PT1/8	12.5
SR 55TB	68	140	156	116	75	14	117	15.3	17	54.5	12	16	B-PT1/8	13.5

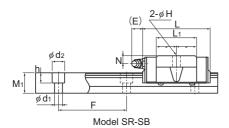
Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

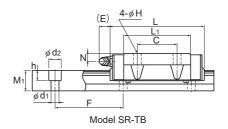
Model number coding **C1** +1200L Contamination Model Type of Symbol for LM rail length protection Symbol for LM rail (in mm) number LM block accessory symbol (*1) Applied to only No. of rails used jointed use 15 and 25 on the same plane (*4) No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal (No symbol) used on the same Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)







LM rail dimensions							Basic load rating		Static permissible moment kN-m*					Mass	
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	M _A		M _B		M° C	LM block	LM rail	
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m	
15	18.5	12.5	60	3.5×6×4.5	(1240) 3000	5.39 9.51	l		0.224 0.516		-		0.15 0.2	1.2	
20	19.5	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	(1480) 3000	7.16 12.5			0.332 0.778			0.11 0.194	0.3 0.4	2.1	
23	25	18	60	7×11×9	(2020) 3000	l .		0.103 0.286	0.649 1.52		0.41 0.942	1	0.4 0.6	2.7	
28	31	23	80	7×11×9	(2520) 3000	17.2 30		0.163 0.494		0.102 0.303	0.692 1.57	0.352 0.611	0.8 1.1	4.3	
34	33	27.5	80	9×14×12	(2520) 3000	23.8 41.7	44.1 77.2	0.259 0.74	1.68 4.01	0.161 0.454	1.07 2.49	0.576 1.01	1 1.5	6.4	
45	37.5	35.5	105	11×17.5×14	3000	55.3	101	1.1	5.96	0.679	3.69	1.77	2.5	11.3	
48	46	38	120	14×20×17	3000	89.1	157	2.27	11.3	1.39	6.98	2.87	4.2	12.8	

Note1) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-216.)
Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with
each other
Note2) For models SR15 and 25, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1).

When, replacing this model with model SSR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail. Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail				
SR 15	For M3 (No symbol)	For M4 (Symbol Y)				
SR 25	For M6 (Symbol Y)	For M5 (No symbol)				

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SR variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

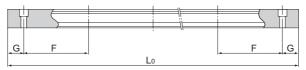


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SR

Unit: mm

Model No.	SR 15	SR 20	SR 25	SR 30	SR 35	SR 45	SR 55	SR 70	SR 85	SR 100	SR 120	
	160	220	220	280	280	570	780	1270	1520	1550	1700	1600
	220	280	280	360	360	675	900	1570	2060	1970	2390	2100
	280	340	340	440	440	780	1020	2020	2600	2600		
	340	400	400	520	520	885	1140	2620				
	400	460	460	600	600	990	1260					
	460	520	520	680	680	1095	1380					
	520	580	580	760	760	1200	1500					
	580	640	640	840	840	1305	1740					
	640	700	700	920	920	1410	1860					
	700	760	760	1000	1000	1515	1980					
	760	820	820	1080	1080	1725	2100					
	820	940	940	1160	1160	1830	2220					
	940	1000	1000	1240	1240	1935	2340					
	1000	1060	1060	1320	1320	2040	2460					
	1060	1120	1120	1400	1400	2145	2580					
	1120	1180	1180	1480	1480	2250	2700					
	1180	1240	1240	1640	1640	2355	2820					
LM rail	1240	1300	1300	1720	1720	2460	2940					
standard length	1300	1360	1360	1800	1800	2565						
(L ₀)	1360	1420	1420	1880	1880	2670						
	1420	1480	1480	1960	1960	2775						
	1480	1540	1540	2040	2040	2880						
	1540	1600	1600	2120	2120	2985						
		1660	1660	2200	2200							
		1720	1720	2280	2280							
		1780	1780	2360	2360							
		1840	1840	2440	2440							
		1900	1900	2520	2520							
		1960	1960	2600	2600							
		2020	2020	2680	2680							
		2080	2080	2760	2760							
		2140	2140	2840	2840							
			2200	2920	2920							
			2260									
			2320									
			2380									
Standard pitch F	60	60	2440 60	80	80	105	120	150	180	210	230	250
G G	20	20	20	20	20	22.5	30	35	40	40	45	50
	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000						i	
Max length	(1240)	(1480)	(2020)	(2520)	(2520)	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
	[(12 4 0)	(1400)	(2020)	(2020)	(2020)	I	I					

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

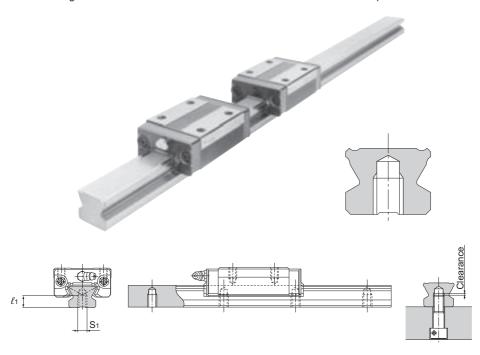
Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Note3) Those model numbers including and greater than SR85T are semi-standard models. If desiring these models, contact THK.

Note4) The figures in the parentheses indicate the maximum lengths of stainless steel made models.

Tapped-hole LM Rail Type of Model SR

SR model rails also include a type where the LM rail is tapped from the bottom. This type is useful when mounting from the bottom of the base and when increased contamination protection is desired.



- (1) A tapped-hole LM rail type is available only for high accuracy or lower grades.
- (2) Determine the bolt length so that a clearance of 2 to 5 mm is secured between the bolt end and the bottom of the tap (effective tap depth). (See figure above.)
- (3) For standard pitches of the taps, see Table1 on **A1-216**.

Table2 Dimensions of the LM Rail Tap Unit: mm

Model No.	S ₁	Effective tap depth ℓ_1
SR 15	M5	7
SR 20	M6	9
SR 25	M6	10
SR 30	M8	14
SR 35	M8	16
SR 45	M12	20
SR 55	M14	22

Model number coding

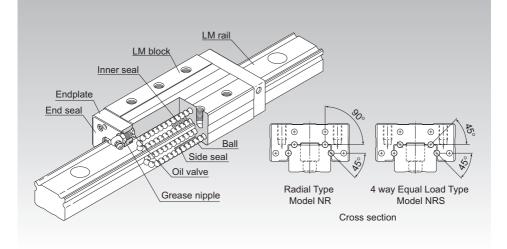
SR30 W2UU +1000LH



Symbol for tapped-hole LM rail type

NR/NRS

LM Guide Ultra-heavy Load Type for Machine Tools Model NR/NRS



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A 24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△ 1-60
Radial Clearance	△1-70
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-446
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. The raceways are cut into deep grooves that have a radius closer to that of the balls than in the conventional design, using special equipment and an extremely precise cutting technique. This design allows high rigidity, high vibration/impact resistance and high damping capacity, all of which are required for machine tools, thus making these models capable of bearing ultra-heavy loads.

* Due to the extremely high rigidity of the LM guides used in models NR/NRS, the construction does not easily absorb the effects of mounting surface misalignment and installation errors. Where such effects arise, there is a risk of reduced operating life and/or malfunction. Contact THK when considering the use of these products.

[Improved Damping Capacity]

While the machine tool (equipped with NR or NRS) is not cutting a workpiece during operation, the LM Guide travels normally and smoothly. While the machine tool is cutting the workpiece, the cutting force is applied to the LM Guide to increase and the contact area between the balls and the raceway, allowing an appropriate mixture of rolling and sliding motions to be achieved. Accordingly, the friction resistance is increased and the damping capacity is improved.

Since the absolute slip during the rolling and sliding motion is insignificant, it causes little wear and does not affect the service life.

[Highly Rational LM Guide]

The excessively large differential slip occurring in a Gothic-arch groove does not happen with these models. They smoothly travel and achieve high positioning accuracy during fast feeding. During the cutting operation, appropriate slip occurs according to the cutting load, the rolling resistance is increased and the damping capacity is increased. Thus, models NR and NRS are highly rational LM Guides.

[High Rigidity]

To increase the rigidity of the LM block and the LM rail, which may deteriorate the overall rigidity of the LM Guide in the reverse radial and lateral directions, THK made full use of FEM to achieve optimal design within the limited dimensional range.

THK provides two identically sized models with different characteristics, namely the radial model NR and four-way equal-load model NRS, users can select the model that best suits their specifications.

[Ultra-heavy Load]

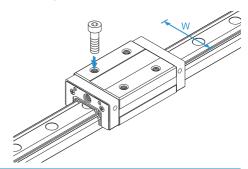
Since the curvature of the raceway is approximated to the ball diameter, the ball contact area under a load is increased and the LM Guide is capable of receiving an ultra-heavy load.

Types and Features

Models NR-R/NRS-R

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes. Used in places where the space for table width is limited.

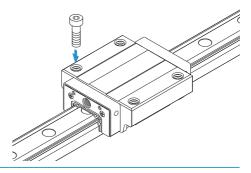
Specification Table⇒A1-224/A1-226



Models NR-A/NRS-A

The flange of its LM block has tapped holes.

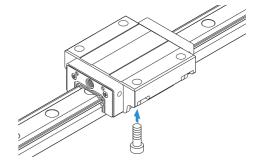
Specification Table⇒A1-228/A1-230



Models NR-B/NRS-B

The flange of the LM block has through holes. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

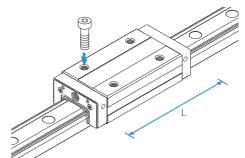
Specification Table⇒A1-232/A1-234



Models NR-LR/NRS-LR

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as models NR-R/NRS-R, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

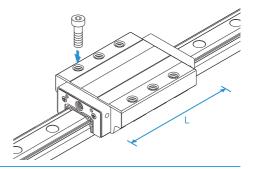
Specification Table⇒ ■1-224/ ■1-226



Models NR-LA/NRS-LA

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as models NR-A/NRS-A, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

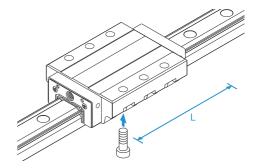
Specification Table⇒A1-228/A1-230



Models NR-LB/NRS-LB

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as models NR-B/NRS-B, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

Specification Table⇒A1-232/A1-234



Characteristics of Models NR and NRS

[Increased Rigidity in Major Load Directions]

The structure with a contact angle of 90° used in model NR differs from that with a 45° contact angle also in rigidity. Under the same radial load P, the displacement in the radial direction with model NR having a contact angle of 90° is 44% less than the 45° .

Fig.2 shows the difference in radial load and displacement. Accordingly, where high rigidity in the radial direction is required, model NR is more advantageous.

Contact structure of 90° Contact structure of 45° (Model NR)

Fig.1 Deflection under a Radial Load

Load and deflection when contact angles are not the same (Da=6.35mm) (deflection per 24 balls) 25 When the contact angle is 45° 10 24 6 8 10 Applied load (kN)

Fig.2 Radial Load and Deflection (normal clearance, no preload)

[Increased Rigidity in the Lateral and Reverse-radial Directions]

Since with LM Guide model NR, the distance "H" between the rail bottom and the lower-groove balls (balls receiving lateral loads) is short, the ratio between the rail width "W" and the distance "H" is small, and the distance "T" between the LM rail mounting bolt seat and the LM rail bottom is short. Accordingly, the deformation of the LM rail under a lateral load is minimal, and the rigidity in the lateral directions is increased. Since the dimension "B" of the LM block is short and the thickness "A" is large, the lateral extension of the LM block under a reverse radial or lateral load is minimized. This structure allows the rigidity in the reverse radial direction to be increased.

In comparison to the old model with the same model number, the ball diameter of NR is smaller and the number of effective balls is approximately 1.3 times greater, thus increasing the static rigidity.

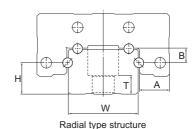


Fig.3 Cross Section of Model NR

[Comparison of Contact Surface and Internal Stress between Different Contact Structures]

As shown in Fig.4, the contact area and the internal stress of a ball greatly vary depending on the shape of contact surface.

With the conventional roller guide, the effective length is shorter than the apparent value due to the retention of the rollers. Additionally, the change of stress distribution in the contact section caused by a mounting error significantly affects the differential slip.

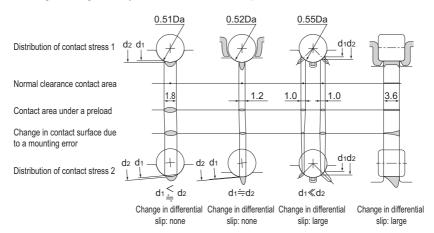
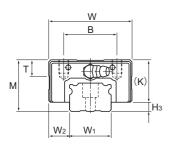
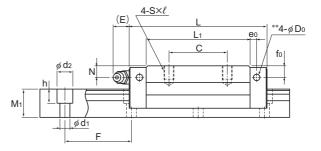


Fig.4 Comparison of Contact Surface (ϕ 6.350 ball, ϕ 6 x 6 ℓ roller)

Models NR-R and NR-LR





Model NR-R

	Oute	r dime	nsions				I	_M blo	ock dii	mens	ions					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	f _o	Е	e _o	D ₀	Grease nipple	H ₃
NR 25XR NR 25XLR	31	50	82.8 102	32	35 50	M6×8	62.4 81.6	9.7	25.5	7	7	12	4	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
NR 30R NR 30LR	38	60	98 120.5	40	40 60	M8×10	70.9 93.4	9.7	31	7	7	12	5	3.9	B-M6F	7
NR 35R NR 35LR	44	70	109.5 135	50	50 72	M8×12	77.9 103.4	11.7	35	8	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
NR 45R NR 45LR	52	86	139 171	60	60 80	M10×17	105 137	14.7	40.5	10	8	16	7	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.5
NR 55R NR 55LR	63	100	162.8 200	65	75 95	M12×18	123.6 160.8	17.5	49	11	10	16	8	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
NR 65R NR 65LR	75	126	185.6 245.6	76	70 110	M16×20	143.6 203.6	21.5	60	16	15	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NR 75R NR 75LR	83	145	218 274	95	80 130	M18×25	170.2 226.2	25.3	68	18	17	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NR 85R NR 85LR	90	156	246.7 302.8	100	80 140	M18×25	194.9 251	27.3	73	20	20	16	10	8.2	B-PT1/8	17
NR 100R NR 100LR	105	200	286.2 326.2	130	150 200	M18×27	223.4 263.4	34.3	85	23	23	10	12	8.2	B-PT1/4	20

Model number coding

QZ KKHH C0 +1240L Z **NR35** LR

Model number Type of LM block With QZ

Contamination protection Lubricator accessory

symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use With plate cover or

steel tape (*4)

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*5)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

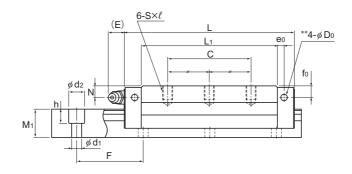
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496 (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) Specify the plate cover or the steel tape. (*5) See **A1-13**.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





Model NR-LR

Unit: mm

		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permiss	sible m	oment	kN-m*	Ma	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N.	1 _A		ls \	M°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	12.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	33 44	84.6 113	0.771 1.26	3.86 6.29	0.469 0.775	2.33 3.82	0.91 1.21	0.43 0.55	3.1
28	16	21	80	7×11×9	3000	48.7 64.9	122 162	1.26 2.18	6.63 10.6	0.778 1.33	4.05 6.47	1.47 1.95	0.74 1	4.3
34	18	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	63.1 85.7	155 210	1.75 3.14	9.47 15.5	1.08 1.92	5.8 9.43	2.24 3.03	1.1 1.4	6.2
45	20.5	29	105	14×20×17	3090	96 126	231 303	3.37 5.93	17.7 28	2.07 3.59	10.8 16.9	4.45 5.82	2 2.8	9.8
53	23.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3060	131 170	310 402	5.39 8.87	27.8 43.8	3.3 5.41	16.9 26.6	6.98 9.05	3.3 4.3	14.5
63	31.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	189 260	436 600	8.76 16.8	44.7 79.9	5.39 10.1	27.3 48	11.6 15.9	6 8.7	20.3
75	35	44	150	22×32×26	3000	271 355	610 800	14.4 25.4	73.3 118	8.91 15.4	44.7 71.4	19.3 25.2	8.7 11.6	24.6
85	35.5	48	180	24×35×28	3000	336 435	751 972	20.3 34.7	102 160	12.4 21	62.6 96.2	26.8 34.6	12.3 15.8	30.5
100	50	57	210	26×39×32	3000	479 599	1040 1300	34 47.3	167 238	20.7 29.2	101 146	43.4 54.6	21.8 26.1	42.6

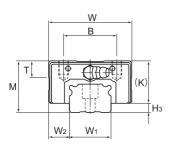
Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

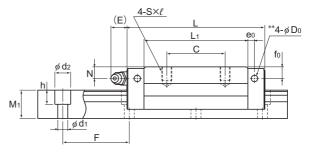
THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-236.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models NRS-R and NRS-LR





Model NRS-R

	Oute	r dimer	nsions				1	_M blo	ock di	mens	ions					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	f _o	Е	e _o	D ₀	Grease nipple	H ₃
NRS 25XR NRS 25XLR	31	50	82.8 102	32	35 50	M6×8	62.4 81.6	9.7	25.5	7	7	12	4	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
NRS 30R NRS 30LR	38	60	98 120.5	40	40 60	M8×10	70.9 93.4	9.7	31	7	7	12	5	3.9	B-M6F	7
NRS 35R NRS 35LR	44	70	109.5 135	50	50 72	M8×12	77.9 103.4	11.7	35	8	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
NRS 45R NRS 45LR	52	86	139 171	60	60 80	M10×17	105 137	14.7	40.5	10	8	16	7	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.5
NRS 55R NRS 55LR	63	100	162.8 200	65	75 95	M12×18	123.6 160.8	17.5	49	11	10	16	8	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
NRS 65R NRS 65LR	75	126	185.6 245.6	76	70 110	M16×20	143.6 203.6	21.5	60	16	15	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NRS 75R NRS 75LR	83	145	218 274	95	80 130	M18×25	170.2 226.2	25.3	68	18	17	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NRS 85R NRS 85LR	90	156	246.7 302.8	100	80 140	M18×25	194.9 251	27.3	73	20	20	16	10	8.2	B-PT1/8	17
NRS 100R NRS 100LR	105	200	286.2 326.2	130	150 200	M18×27	223.4 263.4	34.3	85	23	23	10	12	8.2	B-PT1/4	20

Model number coding

NRS45 LR 2 QZ ZZHH C0 +1200L P Z T - II

Model number Type of LM block With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use With plate cover or steel tape (*4) Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*5)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

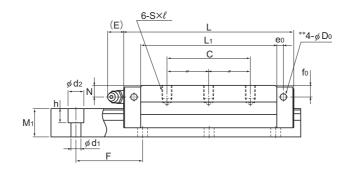
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496 (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) Specify the plate cover or the steel tape. (*5) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Model NRS-LR

Unit: mm

		LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C₀	\ \(\)	1 _A	2		M _°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	12.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	25.9 34.5	59.8 79.7	0.568 0.926		0.568 0.926	2.84 4.6	0.633 0.846	0.43 0.55	3.1
28	16	21	80	7×11×9	3000	38.2 51	86.1 115	0.926 1.6	4.86 7.83	0.926 1.6	4.86 7.83	1.02 1.36	0.74 1	4.3
34	18	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	49.5 67.2	109 148	1.28 2.29	6.92 11.3	1.28 2.29	6.92 11.3	1.54 2.09	1.1 1.4	6.2
45	20.5	29	105	14×20×17	3000	75.3 98.8	163 214	2.47 4.34	13 20.5	2.47 4.34	13 20.5	3.09 4.06	2 2.8	9.8
53	23.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3000	103 133	220 284	3.97 6.49	20.5 32	3.97 6.49	20.5 32	4.86 6.28	3.3 4.3	14.5
63	31.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	148 204	309 425	6.45 12.3	32.9 58.6	6.45 12.3	32.9 58.6	8.11 11.1	6 8.7	20.3
75	35	44	150	22×32×26	3000	212 278	431 566	10.6 18.6	53.8 87	10.6 18.6	53.8 87	13.4 17.6	8.7 11.6	24.6
85	35.5	48	180	24×35×28	3000	264 342	531 687	14.9 25.4	75.3 117	14.9 25.4	75.3 117	18.7 24.2	12.3 15.8	30.5
100	50	57	210	26×39×32	3000	376 470	737 920	25.1 34.6	123 174	25.1 34.6	123 174	30.4 38.1	21.8 26.1	42.6

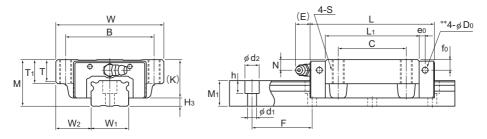
Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-236.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models NR-A and NR-LA



Model NR-A

	Oute	r dime	nsions					LN	1 bloc	k dim	ensio	ns					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	f _o	Е	e _o	D ₀	Grease nipple	H₃
NR 25XA NR 25XLA	31	72	82.8 102	59	45	M8×16	62.4 81.6	14.8	16	25.5	7	7	12	4	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
NR 30A NR 30LA	38	90	98 120.5	72	52	M10×18	70.9 93.4	16.8	18	31	7	7	12	5	3.9	B-M6F	7
NR 35A NR 35LA	44	100	109.5 135	82	62	M10×20	77.9 103.4	18.8	20	35	8	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
NR 45A NR 45LA	52	120	139 171	100	80	M12×22	105 137	20.5	22	40.5	10	8	16	7	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.5
NR 55A NR 55LA	63	140	162.8 200	116	95	M14×24	123.6 160.8	22.5	24	49	11	10	16	8	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
NR 65A NR 65LA	75	170	185.6 245.6	142	110	M16×28	143.6 203.6	26	28	60	16	15	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NR 75A NR 75LA	83	195	218 274	165	130	M18×30	170.2 226.2	28	30	68	18	17	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NR 85A NR 85LA	90	215	246.7 302.8	185	140	M20×34	194.9 251	32	34	73	20	20	16	10	8.2	B-PT1/8	17
NR 100A NR 100LA	105	260	286.2 326.2	220	150 200	M20×38	223.4 263.4	35	38	85	23	23	10	12	8.2	B-PT1/4	20

Model number coding

NR35 A 2 QZ KKHH C0 +1400L P Z T - II

Model number Type of LM block

With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use With plate cover or steel tape (*4) Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*5)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

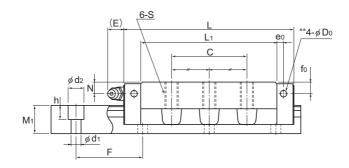
(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **\(\Delta 1-496** (*2) See **\(\Delta 1-70**. (*3) See **\(\Delta 1-76**. (*4) Specify the plate cover or the steel tape. (*5) See **\(\Delta 1-13**.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.







Model NR-LA

Unit: mm

		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	kN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C₀	N C	M _A	~	18	M _°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks		kg	kg/m
25	23.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	33 44	84.6 113	0.771 1.26	3.86 6.29	0.469 0.775	2.33 3.82	0.91 1.21	0.58 0.77	3.1
28	31	21	80	7×11×9	3000	48.7 64.9	122 162	1.26 2.18	6.63 10.6	0.778 1.33	4.05 6.47	1.47 1.95	1.1 1.4	4.3
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	63.1 85.7	155 210	1.75 3.14	9.47 15.5	1.08 1.92	5.8 9.43	2.24 3.03	1.5 1.9	6.2
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3000	96 126	231 303	3.37 5.93	17.7 28	2.07 3.59	10.8 16.9	4.45 5.82	2.7 3.5	9.8
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3000	131 170	310 402	5.39 8.87	27.8 43.8	3.3 5.41	16.9 26.6	6.98 9.05	4.4 5.7	14.5
63	53.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	189 260	436 600	8.76 16.8	44.7 79.9	5.39 10.1	27.3 48	11.6 15.9	7.6 10.9	20.3
75	60	44	150	22×32×26	3000	271 355	610 800	14.4 25.4	73.3 118	8.91 15.4	44.7 71.4	19.3 25.2	11.3 15	24.6
85	65	48	180	24×35×28	3000	336 435	751 972	20.3 34.7	102 160	12.4 21	62.6 96.2	26.8 34.6	16.2 20.7	30.5
100	80	57	210	26×39×32	3000	479 599	1040 1300	34 47.3	167 238	20.7 29.2	101 146	43.4 54.6	26.7 31.2	42.6

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

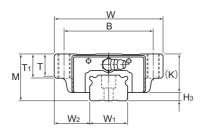
THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

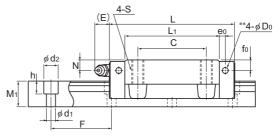
The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-236.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models NRS-A and NRS-LA





Model NRS-A

	Oute	r dime	nsions					LN	1 bloc	k dim	ensio	ns					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	f _o	E	e _o	D ₀	Grease nipple	H₃
NRS 25XA NRS 25XLA	31	72	82.8 102	59	45	M8×16	62.4 81.6	14.8	16	25.5	7	7	12	4	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
NRS 30A NRS 30LA	38	90	98 120.5	72	52	M10×18	70.9 93.4	16.8	18	31	7	7	12	5	3.9	B-M6F	7
NRS 35A NRS 35LA	44	100	109.5 135	82	62	M10×20	77.9 103.4	18.8	20	35	8	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
NRS 45A NRS 45LA	52	120	139 171	100	80	M12×22	105 137	20.5	22	40.5	10	8	16	7	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.5
NRS 55A NRS 55LA	63	140	162.8 200	116	95	M14×24	123.6 160.8	22.5	24	49	11	10	16	8	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
NRS 65A NRS 65LA	75	170	185.6 245.6	142	110	M16×28	143.6 203.6	26	28	60	16	15	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NRS 75A NRS 75LA	83	195	218 274	165	130	M18×30	170.2 226.2	28	30	68	18	17	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NRS 85A NRS 85LA	90	215	246.7 302.8	185	140	M20×34	194.9 251	32	34	73	20	20	16	10	8.2	B-PT1/8	17
NRS 100A NRS 100LA	105	260	286.2 326.2	220	150 200	M20×38	223.4 263.4	35	38	85	23	23	10	12	8.2	B-PT1/4	20

Model number coding

NRS45 LA 2 QZ SSHH C0 +2040L P Z T - II

Model number Type of LM block With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1) LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use With plate cover or steel tape (*4) Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*5)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

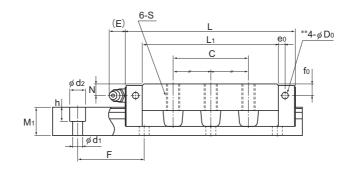
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1)

Light preload (C1)
Medium preload (C0)
Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Model NRS-LA

Unit: mm

		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ма	SS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N	Λ _Α	~	1 _B	M _°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	23.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	25.9 34.5	59.8 79.7	0.568 0.926	2.84 4.6	0.568 0.926	2.84 4.6	0.633 0.846	0.58 0.77	3.1
28	31	21	80	7×11×9	3000	38.2 51	86.1 115	0.926 1.6	4.86 7.83	0.926 1.6	4.86 7.83	1.02 1.36	1.1 1.4	4.3
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	49.5 67.2	109 148	1.28 2.29	6.92 11.3	1.28 2.29	6.92 11.3	1.54 2.09	1.5 1.9	6.2
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3000	75.3 98.8	163 214	2.47 4.34	13 20.5	2.47 4.34	13 20.5	3.09 4.06	2.7 3.5	9.8
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3000	103 133	220 284	3.97 6.49	20.5 32	3.97 6.49	20.5 32	4.86 6.28	4.4 5.7	14.5
63	53.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	148 204	309 425	6.45 12.3	32.9 58.6	6.45 12.3	32.9 58.6	8.11 11.1	7.6 10.9	20.3
75	60	44	150	22×32×26	3000	212 278	431 566	10.6 18.6	53.8 87	10.6 18.6	53.8 87	13.4 17.6	11.3 15	24.6
85	65	48	180	24×35×28	3000	264 342	531 687	14.9 25.4	75.3 117	14.9 25.4	75.3 117	18.7 24.2	16.2 20.7	30.5
100	80	57	210	26×39×32	3000	376 470	737 920	25.1 34.6	123 174	25.1 34.6	123 174	30.4 38.1	26.7 31.2	42.6

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product.

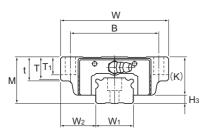
THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

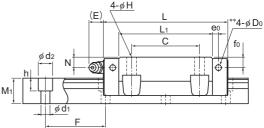
The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-236.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models NR-B and NR-LB





Model NR-B

	Oute	er dimer	nsions						LM I	olock	dime	nsion	าร					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T₁	К	N	fo	E	e ₀	Do	Grease nipple	Н₃
NR 25XB NR 25XLB	31	72	82.8 102	59	45	7	62.4 81.6	16	14.8	12	25.5	7	7	12	4	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
NR 30B NR 30LB	38	90	98 120.5	72	52	9	70.9 93.4	18	16.8	14	31	7	7	12	5	3.9	B-M6F	7
NR 35B NR 35LB	44	100	109.5 135	82	62	9	77.9 103.4	20	18.8	16	35	8	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
NR 45B NR 45LB	52	120	139 171	100	80	11	105 137	22	20.5	20	40.5	10	8	16	7	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.5
NR 55B NR 55LB	63	140	162.8 200	116	95	14	123.6 160.8	24	22.5	22	49	11	10	16	8	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
NR 65B NR 65LB	75	170	185.6 245.6	142	110	16	143.6 203.6	28	26	25	60	16	15	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NR 75B NR 75LB	83	195	218 274	165	130	18	170.2 226.2	30	28	26	68	18	17	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NR 85B NR 85LB	90	215	246.7 302.8	185	140	18	194.9 251	34	32	28	73	20	20	16	10	8.2	B-PT1/8	17
NR 100B NR 100LB	105	260	286.2 326.2	220	150 200	20	223.4 263.4	38	35	32	85	23	23	10	12	8.2	B-PT1/4	20

Model number coding

NR35 DDHH C₀ +1080L

Model number

Type of LM block With QZ Lubricator

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use With plate cover or steel tape (*4)

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*5)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1)

Medium preload (C0)

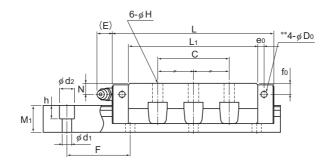
Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)

Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496 (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) Specify the plate cover or the steel tape. (*5) See **A1-13**.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are

used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)
Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Model NR-LB

Unit: mm

		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic rat	load	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	kN-m*	Ма	ss
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Cº	2 \	14	×		M°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	23.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	33 44	84.6 113	0.771 1.26	3.86 6.29	0.469 0.775	2.33 3.82	0.91 1.21	0.58 0.77	3.1
28	31	21	80	7×11×9	3000	48.7 64.9	122 162	1.26 2.18	6.63 10.6	0.778 1.33	4.05 6.47	1.47 1.95	1.1 1.4	4.3
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	63.1 85.7	155 210	1.75 3.14	9.47 15.5	1.08 1.92	5.8 9.43	2.24 3.03	1.5 1.9	6.2
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3000	96 126	231 303	3.37 5.93	17.7 28	2.07 3.59	10.8 16.9	4.45 5.82	2.7 3.5	9.8
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3000	131 170	310 402	5.39 8.87	27.8 43.8	3.3 5.41	16.9 26.6	6.98 9.05	4.4 5.7	14.5
63	53.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	189 260	436 600	8.76 16.8	44.7 79.9	5.39 10.1	27.3 48	11.6 15.9	7.6 10.9	20.3
75	60	44	150	22×32×26	3000	271 355	610 800	14.4 25.4	73.3 118	8.91 15.4	44.7 71.4	19.3 25.2	11.3 15	24.6
85	65	48	180	24×35×28	3000	336 435	751 972	20.3 34.7	102 160	12.4 21	62.6 96.2	26.8 34.6	16.2 20.7	30.5
100	80	57	210	26×39×32	3000	479 599	1040 1300	34 47.3	167 238	20.7 29.2	101 146	43.4 54.6	26.7 31.2	42.6

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other

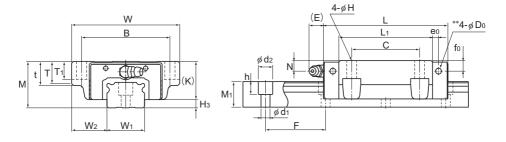
than mounting a grease nipple.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-236.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block; static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models NRS-B and NRS-LB



Model NRS-B

	Outer	ter dimensions							LM I	olock	dime	nsio	าร					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	N	f _o	E	e₀	D ₀	Grease nipple	H ₃
NRS 25XB NRS 25XLB	31	72	82.8 102	59	45	7	62.4 81.6	16	14.8	12	25.5	7	7	12	4	3.9	B-M6F	5.5
NRS 30B NRS 30LB	38	90	98 120.5	72	52	9	70.9 93.4	18	16.8	14	31	7	7	12	5	3.9	B-M6F	7
NRS 35B NRS 35LB	44	100	109.5 135	82	62	9	77.9 103.4	20	18.8	16	35	8	8	12	6	5.2	B-M6F	9
NRS 45B NRS 45LB	52	120	139 171	100	80	11	105 137	22	20.5	20	40.5	10	8	16	7	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.5
NRS 55B NRS 55LB	63	140	162.8 200	116	95	14	123.6 160.8	24	22.5	22	49	11	10	16	8	5.2	B-PT1/8	14
NRS 65B NRS 65LB	75	170	185.6 245.6	142	110	16	143.6 203.6	28	26	25	60	16	15	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NRS 75B NRS 75LB	83	195	218 274	165	130	18	170.2 226.2	30	28	26	68	18	17	16	9	8.2	B-PT1/8	15
NRS 85B NRS 85LB	90	215	246.7 302.8	185	140	18	194.9 251	34	32	28	73	20	20	16	10	8.2	B-PT1/8	17
NRS 100B NRS 100LB	105	260	286.2 326.2	220	150 200	20	223.4 263.4	38	35	32	85	23	23	10	12	8.2	B-PT1/4	20

Model number coding

KKHH C0 +2040L NRS45 В QZ Contamination Symbol for With QZ Model Type of LM rail length Symbol for protection No. of rails used LM rail number LM block Lubricator (in mm) accessory symbol (*1) on the same iointed use plane (*5) With plate cover or Radial clearance symbol (*2) No. of LM blocks steel tape (*4) used on the same rail Normal (No symbol) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Light preload (C1)

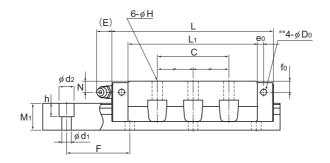
Medium preload (C0)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496 (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) Specify the plate cover or the steel tape. (*5) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)

Ultra precision grade (UP)



Model NRS-LB

Unit: mm

	LM rail dimensions							Static	permis	kN-m*	Mass			
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	2 \ [1 _A			M° C□	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
25	23.5	17	40	6×9.5×8.5	3000	25.9 34.5		0.568 0.926	2.84 4.6	0.568 0.926	2.84 4.6	0.633 0.846	0.58 0.77	3.1
28	31	21	80	7×11×9	3000	38.2 51	86.1 115	0.926 1.6	4.86 7.83	0.926 1.6	4.86 7.83	1.02 1.36	1.1 1.4	4.3
34	33	24.5	80	9×14×12	3000	49.5 67.2	109 148	1.28 2.29	6.92 11.3	1.28 2.29	6.92 11.3	1.54 2.09	1.5 1.9	6.2
45	37.5	29	105	14×20×17	3000	75.3 98.8	163 214	2.47 4.34	13 20.5	2.47 4.34	13 20.5	3.09 4.06	2.7 3.5	9.8
53	43.5	36.5	120	16×23×20	3000	103 133	220 284	3.97 6.49	20.5 32	3.97 6.49	20.5 32	4.86 6.28	4.4 5.7	14.5
63	53.5	43	150	18×26×22	3000	148 204	309 425	6.45 12.3	32.9 58.6	6.45 12.3	32.9 58.6	8.11 11.1	7.6 10.9	20.3
75	60	44	150	22×32×26	3000	212 278	431 566	10.6 18.6	53.8 87	10.6 18.6	53.8 87	13.4 17.6	11.3 15	24.6
85	65	48	180	24×35×28	3000	264 342	531 687	14.9 25.4	75.3 117	14.9 25.4	75.3 117	18.7 24.2	16.2 20.7	30.5
100	80	57	210	26×39×32	3000	376 470	737 920	25.1 34.6	123 174	25.1 34.6	123 174	30.4 38.1	26.7 31.2	42.6

Note) Pilot holes for side nipples** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the product. THK will mount grease nipples per your request. Therefore, do not use the side nipple pilot holes** for purposes other The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-236**.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of models NR/NRS variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

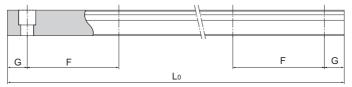


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Models NR/NRS

Unit: mm

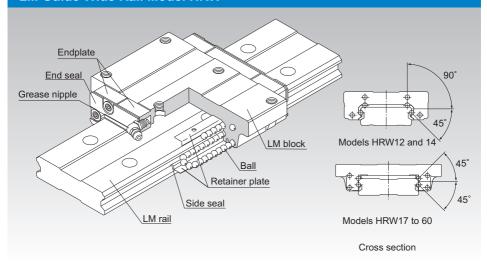
Model No.	NR/NRS25X	NR/NRS30	NR/NRS35	NR/NRS45	NR/NRS55	NR/NRS65	NR/NRS75	NR/NRS85	NR/NRS100
	230	280	280	570	780	1270	1280	1530	1340
	270	360	360	675	900	1570	1580	1890	1760
	350	440	440	780	1020	2020	2030	2250	2180
	390	520	520	885	1140	2620	2630	2610	2600
	470	600	600	990	1260				
	510	680	680	1095	1380				
	590	760	760	1200	1500				
	630	840	840	1305	1620				
	710	920	920	1410	1740				
	750	1000	1000	1515	1860				
	830	1080	1080	1620	1980				
	950	1160	1160	1725	2100				
	990	1240	1240	1830	2220				
	1070	1320	1320	1935	2340				
LM rail	1110	1400	1400	2040	2460				
standard length	1190	1480	1480	2145	2580				
(L ₀)	1230	1560	1560	2250	2700				
(20)	1310	1640	1640	2355	2820				
	1350	1720	1720	2460	2940				
	1430	1800	1800	2565					
	1470	1880	1880	2670					
	1550	1960	1960	2775					
	1590	2040	2040	2880					
	1710	2200	2200	2985					
	1830	2360	2360						
	1950	2520	2520						
	2070	2680	2680						
	2190	2840	2840						
	2310	3000	3000						
	2430								
	2470								
Standard pitch F	40	80	80	105	120	150	150	180	210
G	15	20	20	22.5	30	35	40	45	40
Max length	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

HRW

LM Guide Wide Rail Model HRW



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	△1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	△ 1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	B 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△ 1-60
Radial Clearance	△ 1-71
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-449
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A 1-453
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off even if the LM rail is pulled out. (except models HRW 12 and 14LR).

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations. In addition, the LM block can receive a well-balanced preload, increasing the rigidity in four directions while maintaining a constant, low friction coefficient. In a low center of gravity structure with a large rail width and a low overall height, this model can be used in places where space saving is required or high rigidity against a moment is required even in a single axis configuration.

[Compact, Heavy Load]

Since the number of effective balls is large, this model is highly rigid in all directions. It can adequately receive a moment even in a single rail configuration.

Additionally, since the second moment of inertia of the rail is large, the rigidity in the lateral directions is also high. Accordingly, it does not need reinforcement such as a side support.

[Self-adjustment Capability]

The self-adjustment capability through front-to-front configuration of THK's unique circular-arc grooves (DF set) enables a mounting error to be absorbed even under a preload, thus to achieve highly accurate, smooth straight motion.

Types and Features

Model HRW-CA

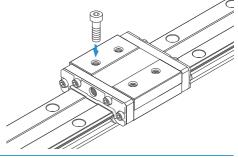
The flange of this LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom.

Model HRW-CR

The LM block has tapped holes.

Specification Table⇒**△1-244**

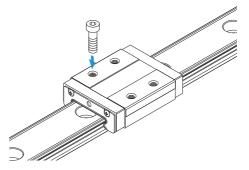
Specification Table⇒A1-242



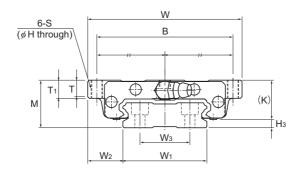
Miniature Type Model HRW-LRM

The LM block has tapped holes.

Specification Table⇒A1-244



Models HRW-CA and HRW-CAM



	Oute	r dimer	nsions		LM block dimensions										
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	Н	S	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	H₃
HRW 17CA HRW 17CAM	17	60	50.8	53	26	3.3	M4	33.6	5.5	6	14.5	4	2	PB107	2.5
HRW 21CA HRW 21CAM	21	68	58.8	60	29	4.4	M5	40	7.3	8	18	4.5	12	B-M6F	3
HRW 27CA HRW 27CAM	27	80	72.8	70	40	5.3	M6	51.8	9.5	10	24	6	12	B-M6F	3
HRW 35CA HRW 35CAM	35	120	106.6	107	60	6.8	M8	77.6	13	14	31	8	12	B-M6F	4
HRW 50CA	50	162	140.5	144	80	8.6	M10	103.5	16.5	18	46.6	14	16	B-PT1/8	3.4
HRW 60CA	60	200	158.9	180	80	10.5	M12	117.5	23.5	25	53.5	15	16	B-PT1/8	6.5

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

Model number coding +1000L

Model Type of LM block number

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless steel LM rail length LM block

(in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Stainless steel LM rail

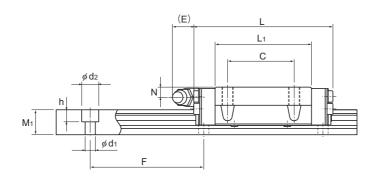
No. of LM blocks

used on the same rail Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-76.





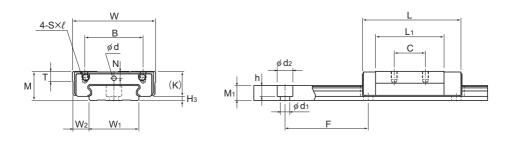
Unit: mm

		L	_M rai	il dime	ensions	Basic load rating			Static	permis	kN-m*	Mass			
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	2	1 _A			(1) §	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	W ₃	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
33	13.5	18	9	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1900 (800)	4.31	8.14	0.0417	0.244	0.0417	0.244	0.128	0.15	2.1
37	15.5	22	11	50	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1000)	6.18	11.5	0.0701	0.398	0.0701	0.398	0.194	0.25	2.9
42	19	24	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1200)	11.5	20.4	0.156	0.874	0.156	0.874	0.398	0.5	4.3
69	25.5	40	19	80	7×11×9	3000	27.2	45.9	0.529	2.89	0.529	2.89	1.49	1.4	9.9
90	36	60	24	80	9×14×12	3000	50.2	81.5	1.25	6.74	1.25	6.74	3.46	4	14.6
120	40	80	31	105	11×17.5×14	3000	63.8	102	1.76	12.3	1.76	12.3	5.76	5.7	27.8

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-246**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HRW-CR, HRW-CRM and HRW-LRM



Models HRW12 and 14LRM

	Outer	dimer	nsions		LM block dimensions									
Model No.	Height	Width	Length									Greasing hole	Grease nipple	
	M	W	L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	K	N	Е	d		H₃
HRW 12LRM	12	30	37	21	12	M3×3.5	27	4	10	2.8	_	2.2	_	2
HRW 14LRM	14	40	45.5	28	15	M3×4	32.9	5	12	3.3	_	2.2	_	2
HRW 17CR HRW 17CRM	17	50	50.8	29	15	M4×5	33.6	6	14.5	4	2	_	PB107	2.5
HRW 21CR HRW 21CRM	21	54	58.8	31	19	M5×6	40	8	18	4.5	12	_	B-M6F	3
HRW 27CR HRW 27CRM	27	62	72.8	46	32	M6×6	51.8	10	24	6	12	_	B-M6F	3
HRW 35CR HRW 35CRM	35	100	106.6	76	50	M8×8	77.6	14	31	8	12	_	B-M6F	4
HRW 50 CR	50	130	140.5	100	65	M10×15	103.5	18	46.6	14	16	_	B-PT1/8	3.4

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

Model number coding

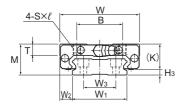
HRW27 CR 2 UU C1 M +820L P T M

Contamination Model Type of LM block Stainless LM rail length Symbol Stainless steel protection for LM rail number steel (in mm) LM rail accessory LM block jointed use symbol ('

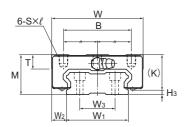
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

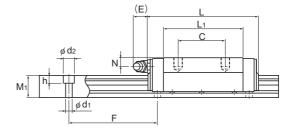
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on \$\textstyle{1-496}\$. (*2) See \$\textstyle{1-71}\$. (*3) See \$\textstyle{1-76}\$.



Models HRW17 and 21CR/CRM





Models HRW27 to 50CR/CRM

Unit: mm

LM rail dimensions							Basic loa	ad rating	ng Static permissible moment kN-m*					Mass		
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	2	14	×		M∘ CG	LM block	LM rail	
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	W ₃	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m	
18	6	_	6.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	(1000)	3.29	7.16	0.0262	0.138	0.013	0.069	0.051	0.045	0.79	
24	8	_	7.2	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	(1430)	5.38	11.4	0.0499	0.273	0.025	0.137	0.112	0.08	1.2	
33	8.5	18	9	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1900 (800)	4.31	8.14	0.0417	0.244	0.0417	0.244	0.128	0.12	2.1	
37	8.5	22	11	50	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1000)	6.18	11.5	0.0701	0.398	0.0701	0.398	0.194	0.19	2.9	
42	10	24	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000 (1200)	11.5	20.4	0.156	0.874	0.156	0.874	0.398	0.37	4.3	
69	15.5	40	19	80	7×11×9	3000	27.2	45.9	0.529	2.89	0.529	2.89	1.49	1.2	9.9	
90	20	60	24	80	9×14×12	3000	50.2	81.5	1.25	6.74	1.25	6.74	3.46	3.2	14.6	

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See 1-246.)
Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard and maximum lengths of the HRW model rail. If a rail length longer than the listed max length is required, rails may be jointed to meet the overall length. Contact THK for details. For special rail lengths, it is recommended to use a value corresponding to the G dimension from the table. As the G dimension increases, this portion becomes less stable and the accuracy performance is severely impacted. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

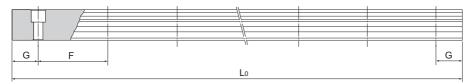


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model HRW

Unit: mm

Model No.	HRW 12	HRW 14	HRW 17	HRW 21	HRW 27	HRW 35	HRW 50	HRW 60
LM rail standard length (L ₀)	70 110 150 190 230 270 310 390 470	70 110 150 190 230 270 310 390 470 550 670	110 190 310 470 550	130 230 380 480 580 780	160 280 340 460 640 820	280 440 760 1000 1240 1560	280 440 760 1000 1240 1640 2040	570 885 1200 1620 2040 2460
Standard pitch F	40	40	40	50	60	80	80	105
G	15	15	15	15	20	20	20	22.5
Max length	(1000)	(1430)	1900 (800)	3000 (1000)	3000 (1200)	3000	3000	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Note3) The figures in the parentheses indicate the maximum lengths of stainless steel made models.

Stopper

In miniature model HRW, the balls fall out if the LM block comes off the LM rail.

For this reason, they are delivered with a stopper fitted to prevent the LM block coming off the rail. If you remove the stopper when using the product, take care to ensure that overrun does not occur.

Table2 Model HRW stopper (C type) specification table

Unit: mm

Model No.	А	В	С
12	22	7	10.5
14	29	7.8	11.2

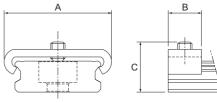
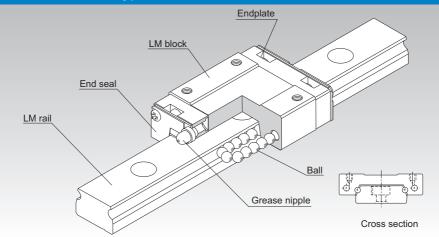


Fig.1 Model HRW stopper (C type)

RSR

LM Guide Miniature Types Model RSR



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-71
Accuracy Standards	A 1-82
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-451
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A 1-453
Flatness of the Mounting Surface	A 1-454
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A 1-471

Structure and Features

With models RSR and RSR-W, balls roll in two rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Since balls circulate in a compact structure, the LM Block is able to provide infinite straight motion and thus infinite stroke.

The LM block is designed to have a shape with high rigidity in a limited space, and in combination with large-diameter balls, demonstrates high rigidity in all directions.

[Ultra Compact]

The absence of cage displacement, a problem that cross-roller guides and types of ball slides with finite stroke tend to cause, make these models highly reliable LM systems.

[Capable of Receiving Loads in All Directions]

These models are capable of receiving loads in all directions, and a single-rail guide can adequately operate under a small moment load. Model RSR-W, in particular, has a greater number of effective balls and a broader LM rail to increase its rigidity against a moment. Thus, it achieves a more compact structure and more durable straight motion than a pair of linear bushes in parallel use.

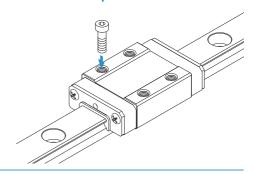
[Stainless Steel Type also Available]

A special type where LM block, LM rail and balls are made of stainless steel is also available.

Types and Features

Model RSR-M

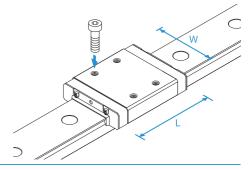
Specification Table⇒A1-254



Models RSR-WM/WVM

These models have greater overall LM block lengths (L), broader widths (W) and greater rated loads and permissible moments than standard types.

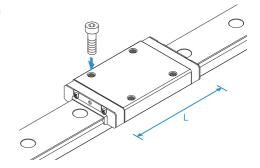
Specification Table⇒A1-254



Model RSR-N

It has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load than standard types.

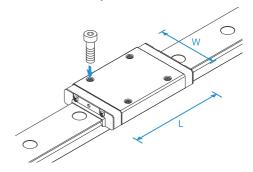
Specification Table⇒A1-254



Model RSR-WN

It has a longer overall LM block length (L), a greater rated load than standard types. Achieves the greatest load capacity among the miniature type LM Guide models.

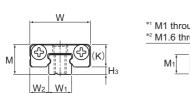
Specification Table⇒A1-254

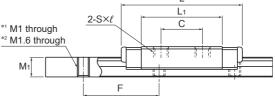


Accuracy of the Mounting Surface

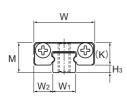
Model RSR uses Gothic arch grooves in the ball raceways. When two rails of RSR are used in parallel, any error in accuracy of the mounting surface may increase rolling resistance and negatively affect the smooth motion of the guide. For specific accuracy of the mounting surface, see [Flatness of the Mounting Surface] on **A1-454**.

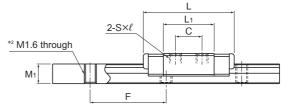
Models RSR-M, RSR-N, RSR-WM, RSR-WN and RSR-WVM





Models RSR2N, RSR3N





Model RSR3M

	Outer	dimer	nsions				LM I	olock (dimens	sions				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	Greasing hole d	Grease nipple	H ₃
RSR 2N RSR 2WN	3.2 4	6 10	12.4 16.7	_	4 6.5	M1.4×1.1 M2×1.3	8.84 11.9	_	2.5 3	_	_	_	_	0.7 1
RSR 3M RSR 3N	4	8	12 16	_	3.5 5.5	M1.6×1.3 M2×1.3	6.7 10.7	_	3	_	_	_	_	1
RSR 3WM RSR 3WN	4.5	12	14.9 19.9	_	4.5 8	M2×1.7	8.5 13.3	_	3.5	0.8	_	0.8	_	1
RSR 14WVM	15	50	50	35	18	M4×4.5	34.3	6	11.5	3	4	_	PB107	3.5

Note) Since stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls, these models are highly resistant to corrosion and environment. Models RSR2 and 3 do not have an oil hole. When lubricating them, apply a lubricant directly to the LM rail raceways. No contamination protection seal for RSR2N/ZWN/3M/3N.

Model number coding

2 RSR3 M UU C1 +80L P M -II

Model number

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Stainless steel LM rail

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

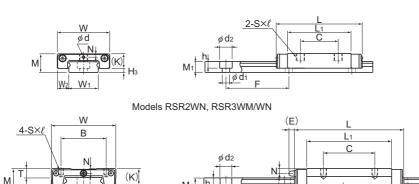
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Syr

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-71. (*3) See ▲1-82. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)



Model RSR14WVM

ød1

Unit: mm

	LM rail dimensions							Static	permis	N-m*	Mass			
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	Z \ _	→ ✓ ►			(1) ×	LM block	LM rail
W ₁	W ₂	M₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
2 0 4 -0.03	2	2 2.6	8 10	⁻¹ 1.8×2.8×0.75	200	0.214 0.395		0.564 1.336	2.994 7.32	0.564 1.336	2.994 7.32	0.442 1.501	0.0008 0.0020	0.0029 0.0075
3 0 -0.02	2.5	2.6	10	*2	220	0.18 0.3		0.293 0.726		0.293 0.726		0.45 0.73	0.0011 0.0016	0.055
6 0 -0.02	3	2.6	15	2.4×4×1.5	480		0.47 0.75	0.668 1.57	4.44 9.06	0.668 1.57	4.44 90.6	1.48 2.36	0.002 0.003	0.12
30 0 -0.05	10	9	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	1800	6.01	90.8	43.2	233	38.2	208	110	0.096	2

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-256.)
Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

• Recommended tightening torque when mounting the LM rail/block

Table1 shows recommended bolt tightening torques when mounting the LM block and LM rail of models RSR2 and RSR3.

Table1 Recommended Tightening Torques of Mounting Bolts

Model No.	Model No. of	Recommended t (N-	ightening torque ·m)	Remarks
	screw	Block	Rail	Applicable bolt
RSR 2N	M1	0.09	0.03	Flathead machine screw designed
RSR 2WN	M1.6	0.28	0.138	for use with precision equipment
RSR 3M	M1.6	0.09	0.09	Austenite stainless steel hexagonal-
RSR 3N	M2	0.19	0.19	socket-head type bolts

W₂ W₁

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table2 shows the standard and maximum lengths of the RSR model rail.

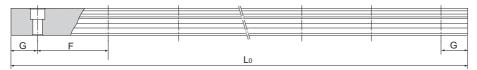


Table2 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model RSR/RSR-W

Unit: mm

Model No.	RSR2N	RSR2WN	RSR3	RSR3W	RSR14W
	32	40	30	40	110
	40	60	40	55	150
	56	70	60	70	190
LM rail	80	80	80		230
standard	104	100	100		270
length		180			310
(L ₀)					430
					550
					670
					790
Standard pitch F	8	10	10	15	40
G	4	5	5	5	15
Max length	200	200	220	480	1800

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details. Note2) The LM rail mounting hole of model RSR3 is an M1.6 through hole.

Stopper

In model RSR/RSR-W, the balls fall out if the LM block comes off the LM rail.

For this reason, they are delivered with a stopper fitted to prevent the LM block coming off the rail. If you remove the stopper when using the product, take care to ensure that overrun does not occur.

Table3 Model RSR/RSR-W stopper (C type) specification table

	m	

Model No.	А	В	С
14W	33.8	7	13

Note) Models RSR2 and RSR3 use O-rings.

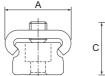
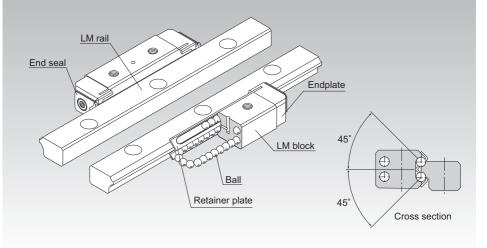




Fig.1 Model RSR/RSR-W stopper (C type)

HR

LM Guide Separate Type (4-way Equal Load) Model HR



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	△1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89
Equivalent moment factor	△1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△ 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Example of Clearance Adjustment	A 1-261
Accuracy Standards	△1-80
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-450
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	△1-453
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in two rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off.

Because of the angular contact structure where two rows of balls rolling on the LM rail each contact the raceway at 45°, the same load can be applied in all directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions) if a set of LM rails and LM block is mounted on the same plane (i.e., when two LM rails are combined with an LM block on the same plane). Furthermore, since the sectional height is low, a compact and stable linear guide mechanism is achieved.

This structure makes clearance adjustment relatively easy, and is highly capable of absorbing a mounting error.

[Easy Installation]

Model HR is easier to adjust a clearance and achieve more accuracy than cross-roller guides.

[Self-adjustment Capability]

Even if the parallelism or the level between the two rails is poorly established, the self-adjustment capability through front-to-front configuration of THK's unique circular-arc grooves (DF set) enables a mounting error to be absorbed and smooth straight motion to be achieved even under a preload.

[4-way Equal Load]

When the two rails are mounted in parallel, each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in various orientations and in applications.

[Sectional Dimensions Approximate to Cross-roller Guides]

Since model HR utilizes endcaps for recirculation, cage/retainer creep cannot occur as with cross-roller guides. In addition, the sectional shape of model HR is approximate to that of cross-roller guides, therefore, its components are dimensionally interchangeable with that of cross-roller guides.

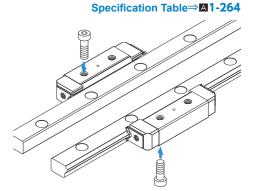
[Stainless Steel Type also Available]

A special type whose LM block, LM rail and balls are made of stainless steel is also available.

Types and Features

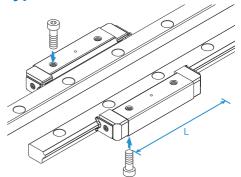
Model HR - Heavy-load Type

The LM blocks can be mounted from the top and the bottom.



Model HR-T-Ultra-heavy Load Type

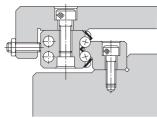
Has the same cross-sectional shape as model HR, but has a greater overall LM block length (L) and a higher load rating.



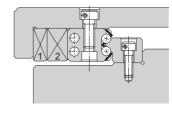
Specification Table⇒A1-264

Example of Clearance Adjustment

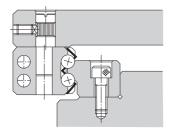
Design the clearance adjustment bolt so that it presses the center of the side face of the LM block.



 Using an adjustment screw
 Normally, an adjustment screw is used to press the LM block.



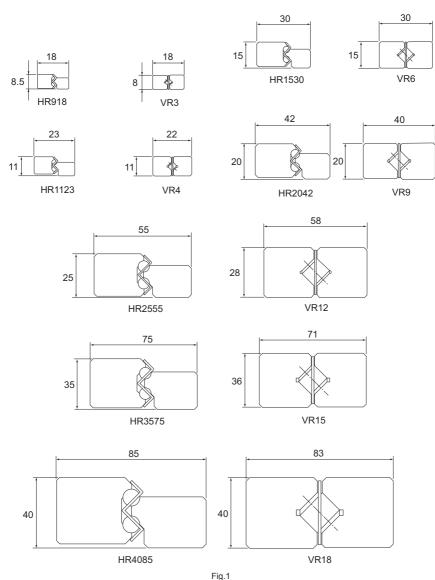
Using tapered gibs
 When high accuracy and high rigidity are required, use tapered gibs 1) and 2).



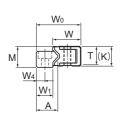
Using an eccentric pin
 A type using an eccentric pin to adjust the clearance is also available.

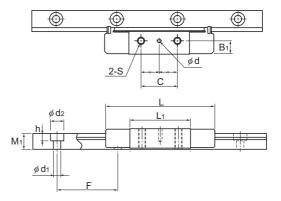
Comparison of Model Numbers with Cross-roller Guides

Each type of LM Guide model HR has sectional dimensions approximate to that of the corresponding cross roller guide model.



Models HR, HR-T, HR-M and HR-TM



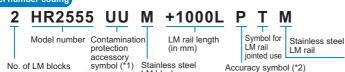


Models HR918 and 918M

	0	uter dir	nensio	ns				LN	l block	dimens	sions			
Model No.	Height	Width		Length									Greasing hole	
	М	W	W₀	L	B₁	С	Н	S	h ₂	L ₁	Т	K	d	D ₁
HR 918 HR 918M	8.5	11.4	18	45	5.5	15	_	МЗ	_	25	7.5	8	1.5	_
HR 1123 HR 1123M	11	13.7	23	52	7	15	2.55	МЗ	3	30	9.5	10	2	5
HR 1530 HR 1530M	15	19.2	30	69	10	20	3.3	M4	3.5	40	13	14	2	6.5
HR 2042 HR 2042M	20	26.3	42	91.6	13	35	5.3	M6	5.5	56.6	17.5	19	3	10
HR 2042T HR 2042TM	20	26.3	42	110.7	13	50	5.3	M6	5.5	75.7	17.5	19	3	10
HR 2555 HR 2555M	25	33.3	55	121	16	45	6.8	M8	7	80	22.5	24	3	11
HR 2555T HR 2555TM	25	33.3	55	146.4	16	72	6.8	M8	7	105.4	22.5	24	3	11

Note) Symbol M indicates that stainless steel is used in the LM block, LM rail and balls. Those models marked with this symbol are therefore highly resistant to corrosion and environment.

Model number coding



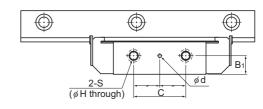
LM block

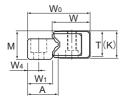
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

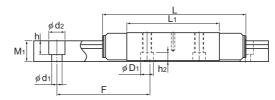
(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-80.

Note) One set of model HR means a combination of two LM rails and an LM blocks used on the same plane.

used on the same rail







Models HR1123 to 2555M/T/TM

Unit: mm

		L	M rail o	limensi	ions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static pe	ermissible	e momen	t kN-m*	Ма	SS
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	■	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			LM rail
W ₁	W ₄	Α	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	kg	kg/m
6.7	3.5	8.7	6.5	25	3×5.5×3	300	1.57	3.04	0.0229	0.17	0.0229	0.17	0.01	0.3
9.5	5	11.6	8	40	3.5×6×4.5	500	2.35	4.31	0.0414	0.272	0.0414	0.272	0.03	0.5
10.7	6	13.5	11	60	3.5×6×4.5	1600	4.31	7.65	0.0982	0.641	0.0982	0.641	0.08	1
15.6	8	19.5	14.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	2200	9.9	17.2	0.308	1.91	0.308	1.91	0.13	1.8
15.6	8	19.5	14.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	2200	13.6	22.9	0.53	2.99	0.53	2.99	0.26	1.8
22	10	27	18	80	9×14×12	2600	18.6	30.5	0.783	4.41	0.783	4.41	0.43	3.2
22	10	27	18	80	9×14×12	3000	25.1	40.8	1.33	6.95	1.33	6.95	0.5	3.2

Note) A moment in the direction Mc can be received if two rails are used in parallel. However, since it depends on the distance be-

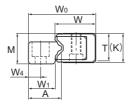
tween the two rails, the moment in the direction M_c is omitted here.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **\(\bigcirc \) -268**.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: Static permissible moment value with one LM block mounted on two LM rails used on the same plane

Double blocks: Static permissible moment value with 2 blocks in close contact with each other on 2 LM blocks used on the same plane

Models HR, HR-T, HR-M and HR-TM



	Outer dimensions				LM block dimensions									
Model No.	Height	Width		Length									Greasing hole	
	М	W	W₀	L	B₁	С	Н	S	h ₂	L ₁	Т	K	d	D ₁
HR 3065 HR 3065T	30	40.3	65	145 173.5	19	50 80	8.6	M10	9	90 118.5	27.5	29	4	14
HR 3575 HR 3575T	35	44.9	75	154.8 182.5	21.5	60 92.5	10.5	M12	12	103.8 131.5	32	34	4	18
HR 4085 HR 4085T	40	50.4	85	177.8 215.9	24	70 110	12.5	M14	13	120.8 158.9	36	38	4	20
HR 50105 HR 50105T	50	63.4	105	227 274.5	30	85 130	14.5	M16	15.5	150 197.5	45	48	5	23
HR 60125	60	74.4	125	329	35	160	18	M20	18	236	55	58	5	26

Model number coding



Model number No. of LM blocks

used on the same rail

Contamination LM rail length protection accessory symbol (*1)

(in mm)

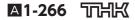
Symbol for LM rail jointed use

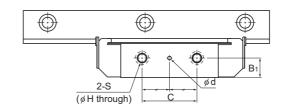
Accuracy symbol (*2)

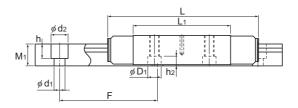
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-80.

Note) One set of model HR means a combination of two LM rails and an LM blocks used on the same plane.







Unit: mm

	V_1 W_4 A M_1 F $d_1 \times d_2 \times h$						Basic load rating		g Static permissible moment kN-m				Mass	
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	M _A		M _B		LM block	LM rail
W ₁	W ₄	А	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	kg	kg/m
25	12	31.5	22.5	80	9×14×12	3000	24.2 32.1	38.6 51.6	1.11 1.89	6.72 10.4	1.11 1.89	6.72 10.4	0.7 0.9	4.6
30.5	14.5	37	26	105	11×17.5×14	3000	30 40.2	47.8 63.6	1.53 2.59	8.84 13.5	1.53 2.59	8.84 13.5	1.05 1.4	6.4
35	16	42.5	29	120	14×20×17	3000	44.1 59.5	68.6 91.7	2.64 4.48	14.4 23	2.64 4.48	14.4 23	1.53 1.7	8
42	20	51.5	37	150	18×26×22	3000	70.7 96	107 143	5.15 8.74	28.9 45.7	5.15 8.74	28.9 45.7	3.06 3.5	12.1
51	25	65	45	180	22×32×25	3000	141	206	14.3	79.6	14.3	79.6	7.5	19.3

Note) A moment in the direction M_c can be received if two rails are used in parallel. However, since it depends on the distance between the two rails, the moment in the direction M_c is omitted here.

The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **21-268**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: Static permissible moment value with one LM block mounted on two LM rails used

on the same plane

Double blocks: Static permissible moment value with 2 blocks in close contact with each other on 2 LM blocks used on the same plane

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model HR variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

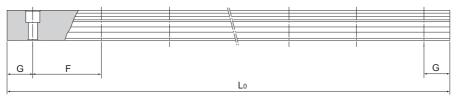


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model HR

Unit: mm

Model No.	HR 918	HR 1123	HR 1530	HR 2042	HR 2555	HR 3065	HR 3575	HR 4085	HR 50105	HR 60125
LM rail standard length (L ₀)	70 120 220 295	110 230 310 390	160 280 340 460 580	220 280 340 460 640	280 440 600 760 1000 1240	280 440 600 760 1000 1240	570 885 1200 1620 2040 2460	780 1020 1260 1500 1980 2580	1270 1570 2020 2620	1530 1890 2250 2610
Standard pitch F	25	40	60	60	80	80	105	120	150	180
G	10	15	20	20	20	20	22.5	30	35	45
Max length	300	500	1600	2200	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Accessories

[Dedicated Mounting Bolt]

Normally, when mounting the LM block to adjust a clearance, use the tapped hole provided on the LM block to secure it as shown in Fig.2.

The holes of the bolt $(d_1$ and $D_1)$ must be machined so that they are greater by the adjustment allowance.

If it is inevitable to use the mounting method as indicated by Fig.3 for a structural reason, the dedicated mounting bolt as shown in Fig.4 is required for securing the LM block. Be sure to specify that the dedicated mounting bolt is required when ordering the LM Guide.

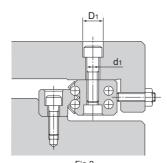


Fig.2

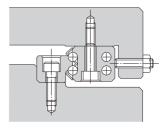


Fig.3

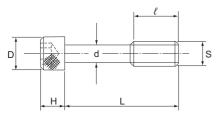


Fig.4

	Tabl	e2 De	dicate	d Mou	ınting	Bolt	Unit: mm
Model No.	S	d	D	Н	L	l	Supported model number
B 3	М3	2.4	5.5	3	17	5	HR 1530
B 5	M5	4.1	8.5	5	22	7	HR 2042
B 6	M6	4.9	10	6	28	9	HR 2555
B 8	M8	6.6	13	8	34	12	HR 3065
B 10	M10	8.3	16	10	39	15	HR 3575
B 12	M12	10.1	18	12	45	18	HR 4085
B 14	M14	11.8	21	14	55	21	HR 50105
B 16	M16	13.8	24	16	66	24	HR 60125

Greasing Hole

[Lubrication for Model HR]

The LM block has a greasing hole in the center of its top face. To provide lubrication through this hole, the table must be machined to also have a greasing hole as shown in Fig.5 and attach a grease nipple or the like. When using oil lubrication, it is necessary to identify the lubrication route. Contact THK for details.

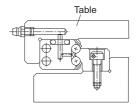
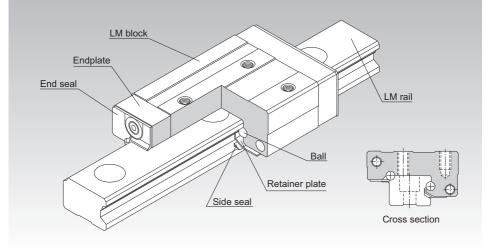


Fig.5 Example of Machining a Greasing Hole

GSR

LM Guide Separate Type (Radial) Model GSR



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	B 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	△ 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△ 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Example of Clearance Adjustment	A 1-275
Accuracy Standards	△ 1-81
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-450
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A 1-453
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in two rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off.

As the top face of the LM block is inclined, a clearance is eliminated and an appropriate preload is applied simply by securing the LM block with mounting bolts.

Model GSR has a special contact structure using circular-arc grooves. This increases self-adjusting capability and makes GSR an optimal model for places associated with difficulty establishing high accuracy and for general industrial machinery.

* Model GSR cannot be used in single-axis applications.

[Interchangeability]

Both the LM block and LM rail are interchangeable and can be stored separately. Therefore, it is possible to store a long-size LM rail and cut it to a desired length before using it.

[Compact]

Since model GSR has a low center of gravity structure with a low overall height, the machine can be downsized

[Capable of Receiving a Load in any Direction]

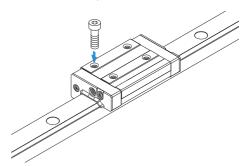
The ball contact angle is designed so that this model can receive a load in any direction. As a result, it can be used in places where a reverse radial load, lateral load or a moment in any direction is applied.

Types and Features

Model GSR-T

This model is a standard type.

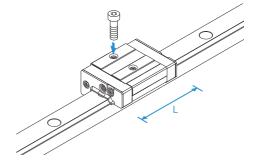
Specification Table⇒▲1-276



Model GSR-V

A space-saving type that has the same cross-sectional shape as GSR-T, but has a shorter overall LM block length (L).

Specification Table⇒A1-276



Example of Clearance Adjustment

By providing a shoulder maybe on the side face of each LM block and pressing either LM block with a bolt, a preload is applied and the rigidity is increased.

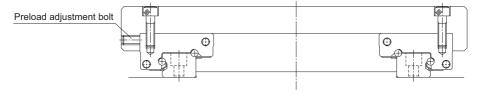
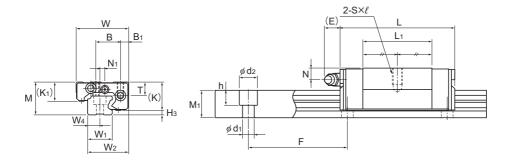


Fig.1 Example of Adjusting a Preload with a Push Bolt

Models GSR-T and GSR-V



Model GSR15T/V

Models GSR15 to 25V

	Outer	dimer	nsions					LM b	olock (dimen	sions					
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	B ₁	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	K ₁	N	N ₁	Е	Grease nipple	H₃
GSR 15V GSR 15T	20	32	47.1 59.8	5	15	_ 26	M4×7	27.5 40.2	8.25	16.8	12	4.5	3	5.5	PB107	3.2
GSR 20V GSR 20T	24	43	58.1 74	7	20	 30	M5×8	34.3 50.2	9.7	20.6	13.6	5	_	12	B-M6F	3.4
GSR 25V GSR 25T	30	50	69 88	7	23	_ 40	M6×10	41.2 60.2	12.7	25.4	16.8	7	_	12	B-M6F	4.6
GSR 30T	33	57	103	8	26	45	M8×12	70.3	14.6	28.5	18	7	_	12	B-M6F	4.5
GSR 35T	38	68	117	9	32	50	M8×15	80.3	15.6	32.5	20.5	8	_	12	B-M6F	5.5

Model number coding

Combination of LM rail and LM block



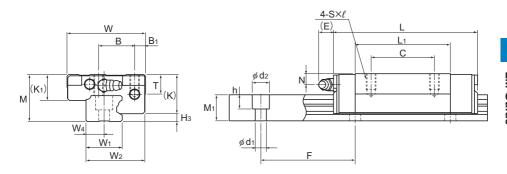
Model Type of number LM block Type of number LM block Sorphol (in mm) Symbol Symbol of tapped-hole LM rail type jointed use

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Accuracy symbol (*2) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **A1-496**. (*2) See **A1-81**.

Note) One set of model GSR: This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set.



Models GSR20 to 35T. Models GSR20V and 25V

Models GSR15 to 35T

Unit: mm

			LM ra	il dime	ensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static pe	ermissible	e momen	it kN-m*	Mass		
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N C	1 _A	N (M _B		LM rail	
W ₁	W_2	W ₄	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	kg	kg/m	
15	25	7.5	11.5	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	2000	4.31 5.69		0.0252 0.0525	0.158 0.292	0.0218 0.0452	0.136 0.252	0.08 0.13	1.2	
20	33	10	13	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000	7.01 9.22	8.82 13.2	0.0498 0.102	0.307 0.564	0.0431 0.0885	0.265 0.486	0.17 0.25	1.8	
23	38	11.5	16.5	60	7×11×9	3000	10.29 13.5	12.65 19	0.0858 0.177	0.522 0.965	0.0742 0.152	0.451 0.831	0.29 0.5	2.6	
28	44.5	14	19	80	9×14×12	3000	18.8	25.9	0.282	1.54	0.243	1.32	0.6	3.6	
34	54	17	22	80	11×17.5×14	3000	25.1	33.8	0.421	2.28	0.362	1.96	1	5	

Note) A moment in the direction M_c can be received if two rails are used in parallel. However, since it depends on the distance between the two rails, the moment in the direction Mc is omitted here.

The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-278.)

Static permissible moment ": 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Clients who require wall-mounted installations or oil lubrication should contact THK.

Model number coding

LM block

GSR25 UU

Model number Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Type of LM block

LM rail

GSR25 -1060L

number

LM rail length Model (in mm)

Symbol for tapped-hole LM rail type

Accuracy symbol (*2) Normal grade (No Sýmbol) High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-81.

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model GSR variations.

In case the required quantity is large and the lengths are not the same, we recommend preparing an LM rail of the maximum length in stock. This is economical since it allows you to cut the rail to the desired length as necessary.

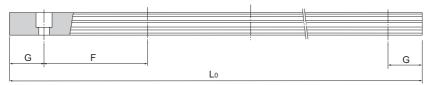


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model GSR

Unit: mm

Model No.	GSR 15	GSR 20	GSR 25	GSR 30	GSR 35
LM rail standard length (L ₀)	460 820 1060 1600	460 820 1060 1600	460 820 1060 1600	1240 1720 2200 3000	1240 1720 2200 3000
Standard pitch F	60	60	60	80	80
G	20	20	20	20	20
Max length	2000	3000	3000	3000	3000

Note) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Tapped-hole LM Rail Type of Model GSR

- Since the bottom of the LM rail has a tapped hole, this model can easily be installed on an H-shape steel and channel.
- Since the top face of the LM rail has no mounting hole, the sealability is increased and entrance of foreign material (e.g., cutting chips) can be prevented.
- (1) Determine the bolt length so that a clearance of 2 to 3 mm is secured between the bolt end and the bottom of the tap (effective tap depth).
- (2) As shown in Fig.2, a tapered washer is also available that allows GSR to be mounted on a section steel
- (3) For model number coding, see △1-276 to △1-277.

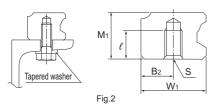
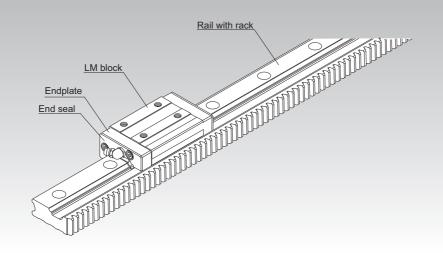


Table2 Tap Position and Depth Shape

Model No.	W ₁	B ₂	M ₁	S×ℓ
GSR 15	15	7.5	11.5	M4×7
GSR 20	20	10	13	M5×8
GSR 25	23	11.5	16.5	M6×10
GSR 30	28	14	19	M8×12
GSR 35	34	17	22	M10×14

GSR-R

LM Guide Separate Type (Radial) Model GSR-R



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Accuracy Standards	A1-81
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△1-450
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	△1-453
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	△1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in two rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off.

As the top face of the LM block is inclined, a clearance is eliminated and an appropriate preload is applied simply by securing the LM block with mounting bolts.

Model GSR-R is based on model GSR, but has rack teeth on the LM rail. This facilitates the design and assembly of drive mechanisms.

* Model GSR-R cannot be used in single-axis applications.

[Reduced Machining and Assembly Costs]

The single-piece structure integrating the LM rail (linear guide) and rack (drive) reduces labor and time for machining the rack mounting surface and assembling and adjusting the guide system, thus to achieve significant cost reduction.

[Easy Designing]

The travel distance per turn of the pinion is specified by the integer value. This makes it easy to calculate the travel distance per pulse when the LM Guide is used in combination with a stepping motor or servomotor.

[Space Saving]

Since the rail has a rack, the machine size can be reduced.

[Long Stroke]

The end faces of the LM rail are machined for jointed use. To obtain a long stroke, simply joint LM rails of the standard length.

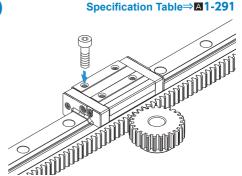
[High Durability]

The rack tooth has a width equal to the LM rail height, the rack uses high-grade steel with proven performance and the tooth surface are heat-treated, thereby to ensure high durability.

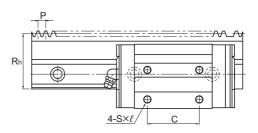
Types and Features

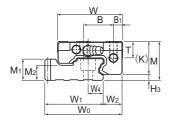
Model GSR-R (Rail with Rack)

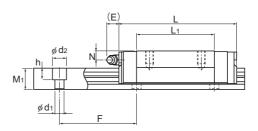
Since the thrust load on the pinion shaft can be kept low due to rack-pinion meshing, it is easy to design systems with pinion shaft bearings and tables that are not so rigid.



Model GSR-R







Model GSR-T-R

		Rack		Out	er dii	mens	ions				LM blo	ock d	imen	sions	3			
Model No.	Reference pitch dimension	Module	Pitch line height	Height M	Width	Wo	Length	B ₁	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	Е	Grease nipple	H ₃
GSR 25V-R GSR 25T-R	6	1.91	43	30	50	59.91	69 88	7	23	_ 40	M6×10	41.2 60.2	12.7	25.4	7	12	B-M6F	4.6
GSR 30T-R	8	2.55	48	33	57	67.05	103	8	26	45	M8×12	70.3	14.6	28.5	7	12	B-M6F	4.5
GSR 35T-R	10	3.18	57	38	68	80.18	117	9	32	50	M8×15	80.3	15.6	32.5	8	12	B-M6F	5.5

Note) A special type with a module pitch is also available. Contact THK for details. For checking the pinion strength, see **\(\bigcup 1-288**.

Model number coding

Single-rail LM Guide

GSR25T 2 UU +5000L H R T

Model number

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm) Symbol for LM rail jointed use Symbol for rail with rack type R: Symbol for rail with rack type

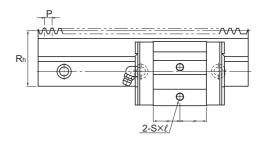
No. of LM blocks

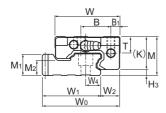
Accuracy symbol (*2) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)

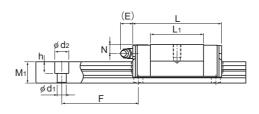
(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-81.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set.









Model GSR25V-R

Unit: mm

		L	M rail o	dimensi	ions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static pe	ermissible	momen	t kN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width			Height	Pitch			С	C ₀	N	1 ≥1	× (la /	LM block	LM rail
W ₁	W ₂	W ₄	M₁	F	M ₂	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	kN	kN		Double blocks		Double blocks	kg	kg/m
44.91	15	11.5	16.5	60	11.5	7×11×9	10.29 13.5			0.522 0.965			0.29 0.5	4.7
50.55	16.5	14	19	80	12	9×14×12	18.8	25.9	0.282	1.54	0.243	1.32	0.6	5.9
60.18	20	17	22	80	14.5	11×17.5×14	25.1	33.8	0.421	2.28	0.362	1.96	1	8.1

Note) A moment in the direction Mc can be received if two rails are used in parallel. However, since it depends on the distance be-

when the two rails, the moment in the direction M_c is omitted here.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See

1-286.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Clients who require wall-mounted installations or oil lubrication should contact THK.

Model number coding

LM block

GSR25T UU

> Model Contamination protection number accessory symbol (*1)

Rail with rack

GSR25-2004L

R: Symbol for rail with rack type

Accuracy symbol (*2) Normal grade (No Symbol) High accuracy grade (H)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **\Delta 1-496**. (*2) See **\Delta 1-81**.

Standard Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard LM rail lengths of model GSR-R variations.

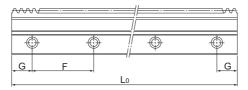


Table1 Standard Length of the LM Rail for Model GSR-R

Unit: mm

Model No.	GSR	25-R	GSR	30-R	GSR	35-R
LM rail Standard length (L ₀)	1500	2004	1504	2000	1500	2000
Standard pitch F	60	60	80	80	80	80
G	30	42	32	40	30	40

Rack and Pinion

[Joining Two or More Rails]

The end faces of the rail with rack are machined so that a clearance is left after assembly in order to facilitate the assembly.

Use of a special jig as shown in Fig.1 will make the connection easier.

(THK also offers the rack-aligning jig.)

[Reworking the Pinion Hole]

Only the teeth of the reworkable pinion-holediameter type (type C) are heat-treated. The hole and keyway can therefore be reworked by the user to the desired diameter and shape.

When reworking the pinion hole, be sure to take the following into account.

The material of the reworkable hole diameter type (type C): S45C

- (1) When chucking the teeth of a reworkable hole diameter type, use a jaw scroll chuck or something like it to maintain the tooth profile.
- (2) The pinion is produced using the center of the hole as a reference point. The center of the hole should therefore be used as a reference point when the pinion is aligned. When checking the pinion runout, refer to the boss sides.
- (3) Keep the reworked hole diameter within roughly 60 to 70% of the boss diameter.

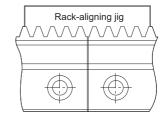
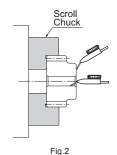


Fig.1 Rack Connection Method



[Lubricating the Rack and Pinion]

To ensure smooth sliding on tooth surfaces and prevent wear, the teeth should be provided with a lubricant.

Note1) Use a lubricant of the same type of thickener as that contained in the LM Guide.

Note2) Unpredictable wear may occur in the rack and pinion according to load conditions and lubrication status. Contact THK when undertaking design.

[Checking Strength]

The strength of the assembled rack and pinion must be checked in advance.

- (1) Calculate the maximum thrust acting on the pinion.
- (2) Divide the permissible power transmission capacity of the pinion to be used (Table1) by an over-load factor (Table2).
- (3) By comparing the thrust acting on the pinion obtained in step 1 with the pinion power transmission capacity obtained in step 2, make sure the applied thrust does not exceed the permissible power transmission capacity.

[Example of calculation]

Model GSR-R is used in a horizontal conveyance system receiving a medium impact (assuming external load to be zero).

Conditions

Subject model No. (pinion) GP6-20A
Mass (table + work) m=100kg
Speed v=1 m/s
Acceleration/deceleration time T₁ =0.1 s

Consideration

 Calculating the maximum thrust Calculated the thrust during acceleration/ deceleration.

$$Fmax = m \cdot \frac{v}{T_1} = 1.00kN$$

(2) Permissible power transmission capacity of the pinion

Pmax =
$$\frac{\text{Permissible power transmission capacity}}{\text{(see Table 1)}} = \frac{2.33}{1.25}$$
= 1.86kN

(3) Comparison between the maximum thrust and the permissible power transmission capacity of the pinion

Fmax<Pmax

Therefore, it is judged that the subject model number can be used.

Table1 Permissible Power transmission Capacity
Unit: kN

Model No.	Permissible Power transmis- sion Capacity	Supported model	
GP 6-20A	2.33		
GP 6-20C	2.05	COD OF D	
GP 6-25A	2.73	GSR 25-R	

GP 6-25C 2.23

GP 8-20A 3.58

GP 8-20C 3.15

GP 8-25A 4.19

GP 8-25C 3.42

5.19

4.57

GP10-20A

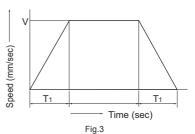
GP10-20C

GP10-25A 6.06 GP10-25C 4.96

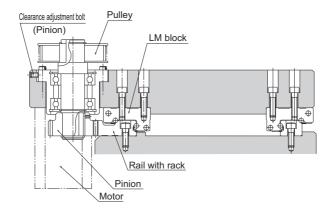
Table2 Overload Factor

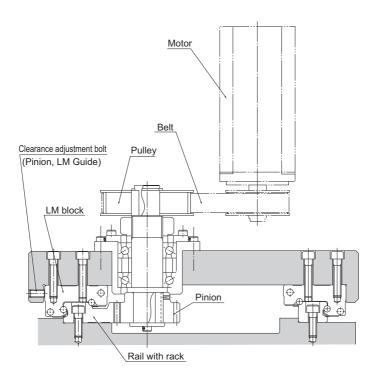
Impact from the	Impact fro	Impact from the driven machine								
Impact from the prime mover	Uniform load	Medium impact	Large impact							
Uniform load (electric motor, turbine, hydraulic motor, etc.)	1.0	1.25	1.75							

(Excerpt from JGMA401-01)



[Example of Assembling Model GSR-R with the Table]

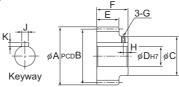




Rack and Pinion Dimensional Drawing

[Pinion for rack - type A]

The keyway worked type



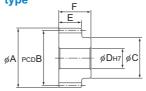
Unit: mm

Model No.		Number of teeth	Tip circle diameter A	Meshing PCD B	Boss diameter C	Hole diameter D		Overall length F	G	Н	Keyway J×K	Supported model numbers
GP6-20A	6	20	42.9	39	30	18	16.5	24.5	М3	1	6×2.8	GSR 25-R
GP6-25A	U	25	51.9	48	35	18	10.5	24.5	IVIO	4	0 \ 2.0	GSIX 23-IX
GP8-20A	8	20	57.1	52	40	20	19	26	М3	5	8×3.3	GSR 30-R
GP8-25A	0	25	69.1	64	40	20	19	20	M4	5	0 ^ 3.3	GSK 30-K
GP10-20A	10	20	70.4	64	45	25	22	30	M4	5	8×3.3	GSR 35-R
GP10-25A	10	25	86.4	80	60	25	22	50	1014		10×3.3	G3K 35-K

Note1) When placing an order, specify the model number from the table. Note2) Non-standard pinions with different numbers of teeth are also available upon request. Contact THK for details.

[Pinion for rack - type C]

The reworkable hole diameter type

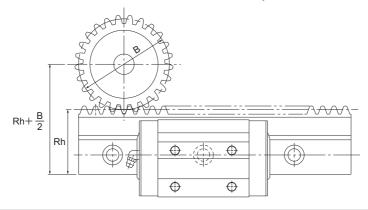


Unit: mm

Model No.	Pitch	Number of teeth	Tip circle diameter A	Meshing PCD B	Boss diameter C	Hole diameter D	Tooth width E	Overall length F	Supported model numbers
GP 6-20C	6	20	42.9	39	30	12	16.5	24.5	GSR 25-R
GP 6-25C		25	51.9	48	35	15	10.5	24.5	GSR 25-R
GP 8-20C	8	20	57.1	52	40	18	19	26	GSR 30-R
GP 8-25C	°	25	69.1	64	40	18	19	20	GSR 30-R
GP10-20C	10	20	70.4	64	45	18	22	30	GSR 35-R
GP10-25C	10	25	86.4	80	60	18	22	30	GOK 35-K

Note1) When placing an order, specify the model number from the table. Note2) Non-standard pinions with different numbers of teeth are also available upon request. Contact THK for details.

[The dimension when the LM rail is used in combination with a pinion]

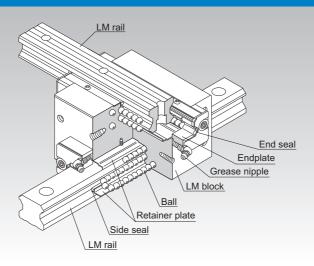


Unit: mm

Model GSR Model No.	Pinion Model No.	LM rail Pitch line height Rh	Pinion Meshing PCD B	Rh+B/2	
	GP 6-20A		39	62.5	
GSR 25-R	GP 6-20C	43	39	02.5	
GSK 25-K	GP 6-25A	43	48	67	
	GP 6-25C		40	07	
	GP 8-20A		52	74	
GSR 30-R	GP 8-20C	48	52	74	
GSK 30-K	GP 8-25A	40	64	80	
	GP 8-25C		04	00	
	GP 10-20A		64	89	
GSR 35-R	GP 10-20C	57	64	09	
GSK 35-K	GP 10-25A	57	80	97	
	GP 10-25C		00	91	

CSR

LM Guide Cross LM Guide Model CSR



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	△1-524
Precautions on Use	△1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-71
Accuracy Standards	A1-79
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△1-445
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	△1-471
	

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on a LM rail and a LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off even if the LM rail is pulled out.

This model is an integral type of LM Guide that squares an internal structure similar to model HSR, which has a proven track record and is highly reliable, with another and uses two LM rails in combination. It is machined with high precision so that the perpendicularity of the hexahedron of the LM block is within 2 μm per 100 mm in error. The two rails are also machined with high precision in relative straightness. As a result, extremely high accuracy in orthogonality is achieved. Since an orthogonal LM system can be achieved with model CSR alone, a conventionally required saddle is no longer necessary, the structure for X-Y motion can be simplified and the whole system can be downsized.

[4-way Equal Load]

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations.

[High Rigidity]

Since balls are arranged in four rows in a well-balanced manner, this model is stiff against a moment, and smooth straight motion is ensured even a preload is applied to increase the rigidity.

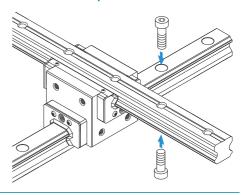
The rigidity of the LM blocks is 50% higher than that of a combination of two HSR LM blocks secured together back-to-back with bolts. Thus, CSR is an optimal LM Guide for building an X-Y table that requires high rigidity.

Types and Features

Model CSR-S

This model is a standard type.

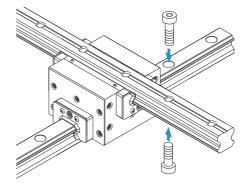
Specification Table⇒A1-296

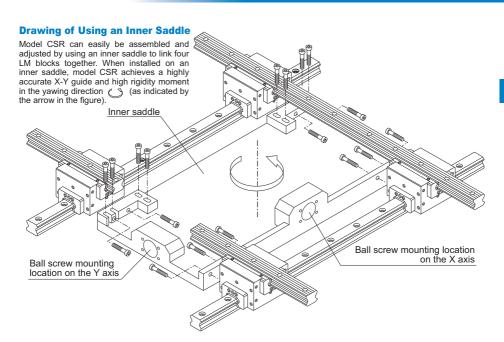


Model CSR

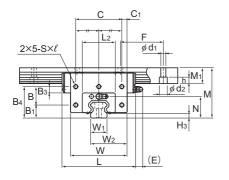
It has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

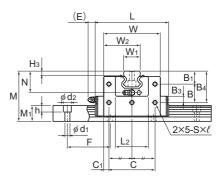
Specification Table⇒A1-296





Model CSR





Models CSR20 to 45

	Outer	dimer	nsions		LM block dimensions											
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	B ₁	Вз	B ₄	В	С	C ₁	S×ℓ	L ₂	H₃	N	Е	Grease nipple	H ₃
CSR 15	47	38.8	56.6	_	11.3	34.8	_	20	9.4	M4×6	32	3.5	19.5	5.5	PB1021B	3.5
CSR 20S CSR 20	57	50.8 66.8	74 90	_ 13	13.3 7.8	42.5 37	_ 24	30 56	10.4 5.4	M5×8	42	4	25	12	B-M6F	4
CSR 25S CSR 25	70	59.5 78.6	83.1 102.2	_ 18	17 9	52 44	_ 26	34 64	12.75 7.3	M6×10	46	5.5	30	12	B-M6F	5.5
CSR 30S CSR 30	82	70.4 93	98 120.6	<u></u> 21	20 12	61 53	 32	40 76	15.2 8.5	M6×10	58	7	35	12	B-M6F	7
CSR 35	95	105.8	134.8	24	14	61	37	90	7.9	M8×14	68	7.5	40	12	B-M6F	7.5
CSR 45	118	129.8	170.8	30	16	75	45	110	9.9	M10×15	84	10	50	16	B-PT1/8	10

Model number coding

UU **CSR25** C0 +1200/1000L

Model protection number accessory

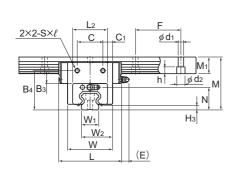
Contamination symbol (*1)

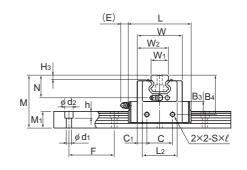
LM rail length LM rail length on the X axis on the Y axis (in mm) (in mm)

Total No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on \$\textstyle{1-496}\$. (*2) See \$\textstyle{1-71}\$. (*3) See \$\textstyle{1-79}\$.



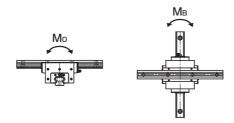


Models CSR15, 20S to 30S

Unit: mm

		LM rai	I dimens	ions	Basic load rating		Static permiss	sible moment*			
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	Mo	Мв	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	kN-m	kN-m	kg	kg/m
15	26.9	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	3000	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.0805	0.34	1.5
20	35.4 43.4	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	3000	13.8 21.3	23.8 31.8	0.19 0.27	0.19 0.323	0.73 1.3	2.3
23	41.25 50.8	22	60	7×11×9	3000	19.9 27.2	34.4 45.9	0.307 0.459	0.307 0.529	1.2 2.2	3.3
28	49.2 60.5	26	80	9×14×12	3000	28 37.3	46.8 62.5	0.524 0.751	0.524 0.889	2 3.6	4.8
34	69.9	29	80	9×14×12	3000	50.2	81.5	1.2	1.32	5.3	6.6
45	87.4	38	105	14×20×17	3090	80.4	127.5	2.43	2.44	9.8	11

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-298.) Static permissible moment*: Static permissible moment value with 1 LM block



Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model CSR variations.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

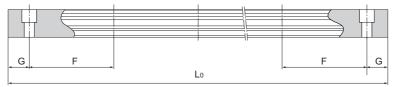


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model CSR

Unit: mm

Model No.	CSR 15	CSR 20	CSR 25	CSR 30	CSR 35	CSR 45
	160	220	220	280	280	570
	220	280	280	360	360	675
	280	340	340	440	440	780
	340	400	400	520	520	885
	400	460	460	600	600	990
	460	520	520	680	680	1095
	520	580	580	760	760	1200
	580	640	640	840	840	1305
	640	700	700	920	920	1410
	700	760	760	1000	1000	1515
	760	820	820	1080	1080	1620
	820	940	940	1160	1160	1725
	940	1000	1000	1240	1240	1830
	1000	1060	1060	1320	1320	1935
LM rail standard	1060	1120	1120	1400	1400	2040
length (L ₀)	1120	1180	1180	1480	1480	2145
lengin (Lo)	1180	1240	1240	1560	1560	2250
	1240	1360	1300	1640	1640	2355
	1360	1480	1360	1720	1720	2460
	1480	1600	1420	1800	1800	2565
	1600	1720	1480	1880	1880	2670
		1840	1540	1960	1960	2775
		1960	1600	2040	2040	2880
		2080	1720	2200	2200	2985
		2200	1840	2360	2360	3090
			1960	2520	2520	
			2080	2680	2680	
			2200	2840	2840	
			2320	3000	3000	
			2440			
Standard pitch F	60	60	60	80	80	105
G	20	20	20	20	20	22.5
Max length	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3090

Note) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Tapped-hole LM Rail Type of Model CSR

The model CSR variations include a type with its LM rail bottom tapped. With the X-axis LM rail having tapped holes, this model can be secured with bolts from the top.

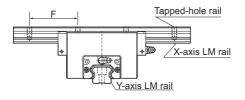


Table2 Billionelle of the Elli Trail Tap Offic. III										
Model No.	S ₁	Effective tap depth ℓ_1								
15	M5	8								
20	M6	10								
25	M6	12								
30	M8	15								
35	M8	17								
45	M12	24								

Table2 Dimensions of the LM Rail Tap Unit mm

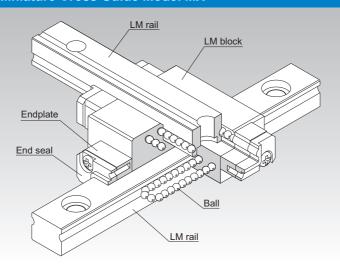
Model number coding

4 CSR25 UU C0 +1200L P K/1000L P

Symbol for tapped-hole LM rail type

MX

LM Guide Miniature Cross Guide Model MX



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	△1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-71
Accuracy Standards	A 1-83
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	₾1-446
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	△1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in two rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. This model is an integral type of LM Guide that squares a unit of miniature LM Guide model RSR with another and uses two LM rails in combination. Since an orthogonal LM system with an extremely low height can be achieved with model MX alone, a conventionally required saddle is no longer necessary and the whole system can be downsized.

[4-way Equal Load]

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations.

[Tapped-hole LM Rail Type]

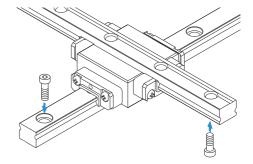
There are two types of the LM rail: one designed to be mounted from the top with bolts, and a semistandard type whose bottom face has tapped holes, allowing the rail to be mounted from the bottom.

Types and Features

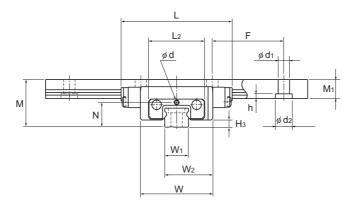
Model MX

MX is divided into two types: RSR5 cross type and RSR7W cross type.

Specification Table⇒A1-302



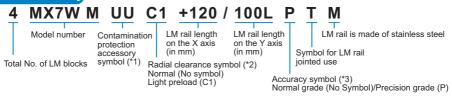
Model MX



	0	uter dimensio	ns	LM	block dimensi	ons		
Model No.	Height	Width	Length			Greasing hole		
	M	W	L	L ₂	N	d	H₃	
MX 5M	10	15.2	23.3	11.8	5.2	0.8	1.5	
MX 7WM	14.5	30.2	40.8	24.6	7.4	1.2	2	

Note) The LM block, rail, and ball material are composed of stainless steel and are corrosion resistant to general environments.

Model number coding

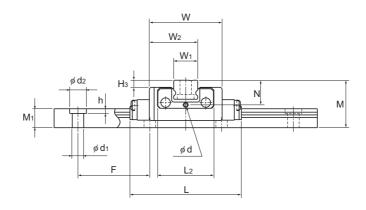


(*1) See contamination protection accessory on \$\textit{A1-496}\$. (*2) See \$\textit{A1-71}\$. (*3) See \$\textit{A1-83}\$.

Note) If the LM rail mount of a semi-standard model is of a tapped-hole LM rail type, add symbol "K" after the accuracy symbol.

Example: 4 MX7W M UU C1+120/100L P K T M

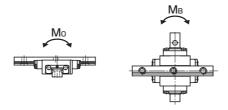
Add symbol K



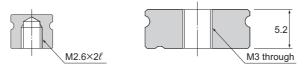
Unit: mm

	LN	/I rail d	imensi	ons	Basic load rating		Static Permissible Moment* N-m		Mass		
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	Mo	Мв	LM block	LM rail
W ₁	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN			kg	kg/m
5 ⁰ _{-0.02}	10.1	4	15	2.4×3.5×1	200	0.59	1.1	2.57	2.57	0.01	0.14
14 0 -0.025	22.1	5.2	30	3.5×6×3.2	400	2.04	3.21	14.7	14.7	0.051	0.51

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **A1-304**.) Static permissible moment*: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block



For the LM rail mounting hole, a tapped-hole LM rail type is available as semi-standard.



Model MX5M

Model MX7WM

When mounting the LM rail of model MX7WM, take into account the thread length of the mounting bolt in order not to let the bolt end stick out of the top face of the LM rail.

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model MX variations.

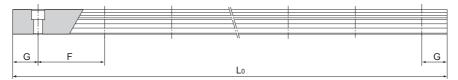


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model MX

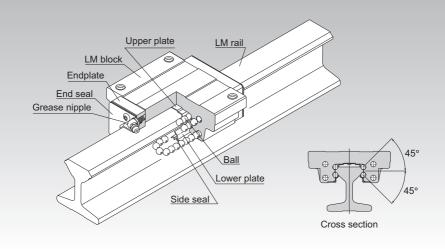
Unit: mm

Model No.	MX 5	MX 7W
LM rail standard length (L _o)	40 55 70 100 130 160	50 80 110 140 170 200 260 290
Standard pitch F	15	30
G	5	10
Max length	480	480

Note) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

JR

LM Guide Structural Member Rail Model JR



A 1-10
A1-436
A1-459
A1-524
A1-530
A24-1
■ 1-89
A1-43
△1-58
△ 1-60
A1-72
A 1-78
A 1-445
A1-452
A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate. Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off even if the LM rail is pulled out.

Model JR uses the same LM block as model HSR, which has a proven track record and is highly reliable. The LM rail has a sectional shape with high flexural rigidity, and therefore can be used as a structural member.

Unlike the conventional LM Guide type, whose LM rail was secured onto the base with bolts when installed, model JR's LM rail is integrated with the mounting base, and the top of the LM rail has the same structure as LM Guide model HSR. The lower part of the LM rail has a hardness of HRC25 or less, making it easy to cut the rail and enabling the rail to be welded.

When welding the rail, we recommend using welding rods compliant with JIS D 5816. (suggested manufacturer and model number: Kobelco LB-52).

[4-way Equal Load]

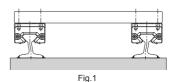
Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations.

[Can be Mounted Even Under Rough Conditions]

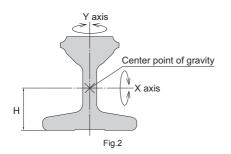
Since the center of the cross-section of the LM rail is slightly thinner, even if the parallelism between two rails is not accurate the LM rail is capable of absorbing the error by bending inward or outward.

[Sectional Shape with High Flexural Rigidity]

Since the LM rail has a sectional shape with high flexural rigidity, it can also be used as a structural member. In addition, even when the LM rail is partially fastened or supported in cantilever, the distortion is minimal.



Second Moment of Inertia of the LM Rail



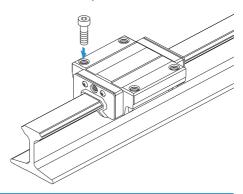
	of in	al moment ertia ⁵ mm ⁴]	Modu sec Z [×10		Height of gravi-tational			
	About X axis	About Y axis	About X axis	About Y axis	center H [mm]			
JR 25	1.90	0.51	0.69	0.21	19.5			
JR 35	4.26	1.32	1.43	0.49	24.3			
JR 45	12.1	3.66	3.31	1.04	33.1			
JR 55	27.6	6.54	5.89	1.40	43.3			

Types and Features

Model JR-A

The flange of its LM block has tapped holes.

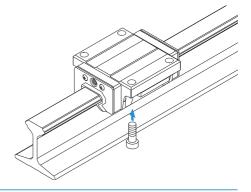
Specification Table⇒A1-310



Model JR-B

The flange of the LM block has through holes. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

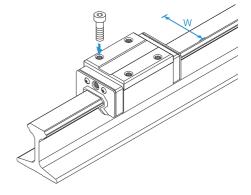
Specification Table⇒▲1-310



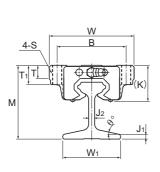
Model JR-R

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes. Used in places where the space for table width is limited.

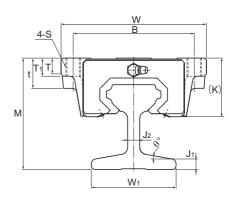
Specification Table⇒A1-310



Models JR-A, JR-B and JR-R







Models JR45 and 55-A

	Outer	dime	nsions					LM b	olock	dimen	sions				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	Н	S×ℓ	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	К	N	Е	Grease nipple
JR 25A JR 25B JR 25R	61 61 65	70 70 48	83.1	57 57 35	45 45 35		M8* — M6×8	59.5	_ 16 _	11 11 9	16 10 —	30.5 30.5 34.5	6 6 10	12	B-M6F
JR 35A JR 35B JR 35R	73 73 80	100 100 70	113.6	82 82 50	62 62 50	9	M10* — M8×12	80.4	 21 	12 12 11.7	21 13 —	40 40 47.4	8 8 15	12	B-M6F
JR 45A JR 45B JR 45R	92 92 102	120 120 86	145	100 100 60	80 80 60	_ 11 _	M12* — M10×17	98	25 25 —	13 13 15	15 15 —	50 50 59.4	10 10 20	16	B-PT1/8
JR 55A JR 55B JR 55R	114 114 124	140 140 100	165	116 116 75	95 95 75	_ 14 _	M14* — M12×18	118	29 29 —	13.5 13.5 20.5	17 17 —	57 57 67	11 11 21	16	B-PT1/8

Note) "*"indicates a through hole.

Model number coding



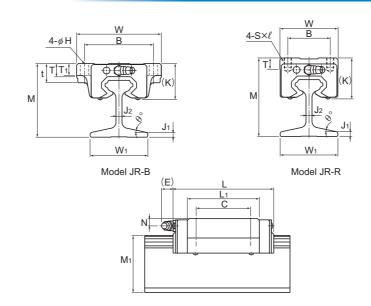
Type of LM block

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1) LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Model number No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **△1-496**



Unit: mm

	LN	∕l rail d	imensi	ons		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	«N-m*	Mass													
Width				Height	Length*	С	C ₀	N (M _A													M _c	LM block	LM rail
W ₁	J₁	J_2	θ°	M ₁	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m										
48	4	5	12	47	2000	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.59 0.59 0.54	4.2										
54	7	8	10	54	4000	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.6 1.6 1.5	8.6										
70	8	10	10	70	4000	60	95.6	1.42	7.92	1.42	7.92	1.83	2.8 2.8 2.6	15.2										
93	4.8	11.6	12	90	4000	88.5	137	2.45	13.2	2.45	13.2	3.2	4.5 4.5 4.3	18.3										

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-312**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model JR variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details.

Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model JR

Unit: mm

Model No.	JR 25	JR 35	JR 45	JR 55
LM rail standard length (L _o)	1000 1500 2000	1000 2000 4000	1000 2000 4000	1000 2000 4000
Max length	2000	4000	4000	4000

Note1) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Note2) For jointing two or more rails, a metal fitting like the one shown in Fig.3 is available. For the mounting method, see

11-99.

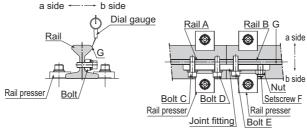
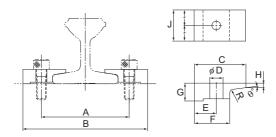


Fig.3

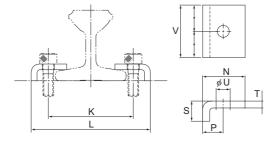
Model JB frame for LM rail clamps



Unit: mm

Model No.		nting nsions		Clamper dimensions										Clamper dimensions							Bolt used
	Α	В	С	C D E F G H R J θ°																	
JB 25	57	78	25	25 7 10.5 15 10 3.8 R2 25						25	10	M 6									
JB 35	72	102	35	35 9 15 24 12 3.1 R2 32 8							M 8										
JB 45	90	130	45	11	20	30	16	5.4	R2	40	8	M10									
JB 55	115	155	50	14	20	30	17	8.2	R2	50	10	M12									

Model JT steel plate for LM rail clamps

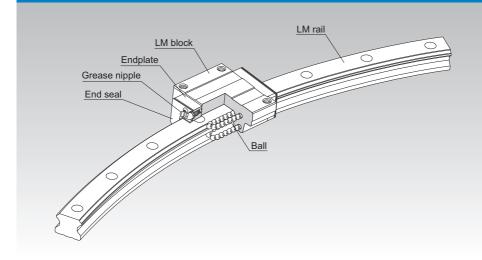


Unit: mm

Model No.	Mou dimer	nting nsions			Bolt used							
	К	L	N	N P S T U V								
JT 25	57	79	25	11	10	4	7	25	M 6			
JT 35	65	91	27	27 13 13 4.5 9 40								
JT 45	84	114	33	15	16	6	11	50	M10			
JT 55	110	148	50	M12								

HCR

LM Guide R Guide Model HCR



_	
Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-72
Accuracy Standards	△1-78
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△ 1-447
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	△1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

With a structure that is basically the same as four-way equal load type LM Guide model HSR, which has a proven track record, this R Guide is a new concept product that allows highly accurate circular motion.

[Freedom of Design]

Multiple LM blocks can individually move on the same rail. By arranging LM blocks on the load points, efficient structural design is achieved.

[Shortened Assembly Time]

This model allows clearance-free, highly accurate circular motion as opposed to sliding guides or cam followers. You can easily assemble this model simply by mounting the LM rail and LM blocks with bolts

[Allows Circular Motion of 5m or Longer]

It allows circular motion of 5 m or longer, which is impossible with swivel bearings.

In addition, use of this model makes it easy to assemble, disassemble and reassemble equipment that circularly moves.

[Capable of Receiving Loads in All Directions]

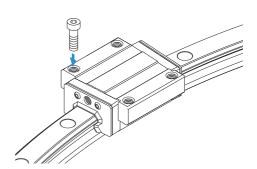
This model is capable of receiving loads in all directions since it has a structure that is basically the same as model HSR.

Types and Features

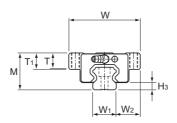
Model HCR

The flange of its LM block has tapped holes.

Specification Table⇒▲1-318



R Guide Model HCR



	Oute	r dimen	sions		LM block dimensions											
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S	L ₁	Т	T ₁	N	E	Grease nipple	H ₃			
HCR 12A+60/100R	18	39	44.6	32	18	M4	30.5	4.5	5	3.4	3.5	PB107	3.1			
HCR 15A+60/150R HCR 15A+60/300R HCR 15A+60/400R	24	47	54.5 55.5 55.8	38	24 28 28	M5	38.8	10.3	11	4.5	5.5	PB1021B	4.8			
HCR 25A+60/500R HCR 25A+60/750R HCR 25A+60/1000R	36	70	81.6 82.3 82.5	57	45	M8	59.5	14.9	16	6	12	B-M6F	7			
HCR 35A+60/600R HCR 35A+60/800R HCR 35A+60/1000R HCR 35A+60/1300R	1	100	107.2 107.5 108.2 108.5	82	58	M10	80.4	19.9	21	8	12	B-M6F	8.5			
HCR 45A+60/800R HCR 45A+60/1000R HCR 45A+60/1200R HCR 45A+60/1600R	60	120	136.7 137.3 137.3 138	100	70	M12	98	23.9	25	10	16	B-PT1/8	11.5			
HCR 65A+60/1000R HCR 65A+60/1500R HCR 65A+45/2000R HCR 65A+45/2500R HCR 65A+30/3000R	90	170	193.8 195.4 195.9 196.5 196.5	142	106	M16	147	34.9	37	19	16	B-PT1/8	15			

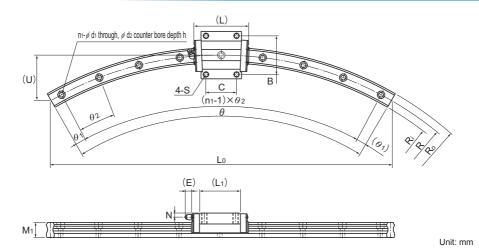
Model number coding

HCR25A 2 UU C1 +60 / 1000R

Contamination R-Guide center Symbol for LM rail Model number LM rail radius protection accessory angle (in mm) symbol (*1)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail Light preload (C1)

(*1) See \$\textstyle{1-496}\$ (contamination protection accessories). (*2) See \$\textstyle{1-72}\$. (*3) See \$\textstyle{1-78}\$. (*4) Number of LM rails used on one arc. For details, contact THK.



				LN	1 rail	dime	ensio	ns					Basic loa	ad rating	Static	Static permissible moment kN-m*				Mass	
					Width		Height						С	C ₀	N C	14	N	18	€ €	LM block	LM rail
R	R₀	Ri	Lo	U	W ₁	W ₂	M ₁	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	n ₁	θ°	θı°	θ ₂ °	kN	kN		Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
100	106	94	100	13.4	12	13.5	11	3.5×6×5	3	60	7	23	4.7	8.53	0.0409	0.228	0.0409	0.228	0.0445	80.0	0.83
150	157.5	142.5	150	20.1					3		7	23	6.66	10.8							
300	307.5	292.5	300	40	15	16	15	4.5×7.5×5.3	5	60	6	12	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.2	1.5
400	407.5	392.5	400	54					7		3	9	8.33	13.5							
500	511.5	488.5	500	67					9		2	7									
750	761.5	738.5	750	100	23	23.5	22	7×11×9	12	60	2.5	5	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.59	3.3
1000	1011.5	988.5	1000	134					15		2	4									
600		583	600	80					7		3	9									
	817	783	800	107	34	33	29	9×14×12	11	60	2.5	5.5	37.3	61.1	0 782	3.93	0.782	3 93	0 905	1.6	6.6
1000	1017	983	1000	134	• •	00		0//11//12	12	00	2.5	5	01.0	01	0.702	0.00	0.702	0.00	0.000	1.0	0.0
1300	1317	1283	1300	174					17		2	3.5									
800	822.5	777.5	800	107					8		2	8									
1000		977.5	1000	134	45	37.5	38	14×20×17	10	60	3	6	60	95.6	1 42	7.92	1 42	7 92	1 83	2.8	11.0
1200	1222.5	1177.5	1200	161		00			12	•	2.5	5		00.0							
1600	1622.5		1600	214					15		2	4									
1000	1031.5	968.5	1000	134					8	60	2	8									
1500	1531.5	1468.5	1500	201					10	60	3	6									
	2031.5	1968.5	1531	152	63	53.5	53	18×26×22	12		0.5	4	141	215	4.8	23.5	4.8	23.5	5.82	8.5	22.5
2500		2468.5	1913	190					13												
3000	3031.5	2968.5	1553	102					10	30	1.5	3									

Note) LM rail radiuses other than the radiuses in the above table are also available. Contact THK for details. The R-Guide center angles in the table are maximum manufacturing angles. To obtain angles greater than them, rails

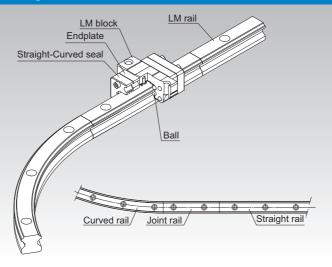
must be additionally connected. Contact THK for details.

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

HMG

LM Guide Straight-Curved Guide Model HMG



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89
Equivalent moment factor	△ 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△ 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Radial Clearance	△1-72
Accuracy Standards	A1-77
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-447
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

The Straight-Curved Guide HMG is a new straight-curved guide that allows the same type of LM blocks to continuously move on straight and curved rails by combining the technologies of the LM Guide HSR and the R Guide HCR. It achieves drastic cost reduction through improvement of work efficiency at the assembly and conveyance lines and the inspection equipment and simplification of the structure by eliminating a lift and a table.

[Freedom of Design]

It allows free combinations of straight and curved shapes.

Since LM blocks can smoothly transit between the straight and curved sections, various combinations of straight and curved rails can be joined into various shapes such as O, U, L and S shapes. In addition, HMG allows a large table to be mounted and a heavy object to be carried through combinations of multiple blocks on a single rail or 2 or more LM rails. Thus, it provides great freedom of design.

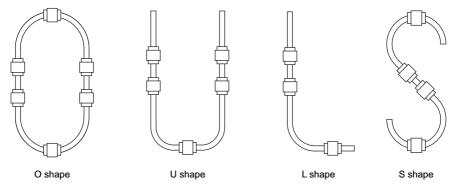


Fig.1 Examples of Joining Rails into Different Shapes

[Shortened Transportation Time]

Unlike the shuttle method, using HMG units in a circulating system allows workpieces to be placed while other workpieces are being inspected or mounted, thus to significantly improve process time. Increasing the number of tables can further shorten process time.

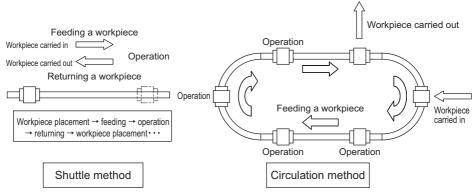


Fig.2 Improved process time

[Cost Reduction through a Simplified Mechanism]

Combination of straight and curved rails eliminates a lift and a turntable conventionally used for changing directions in the conveyance and production lines. Therefore, use of HMG simplifies the mechanism and eliminates a large number of parts, allowing the cost to be reduced. Additionally, man-hours in designing can also be reduced.

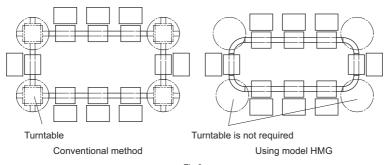


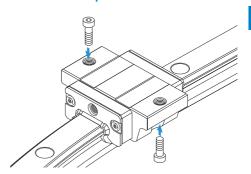
Fig.3

Types and Features

Model HMG

The flange of the LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom.

Specification Table⇒A1-326



Examples of Table Mechanisms

The Straight-Curved Guide HMG requires a rotating mechanism or a slide mechanism for the table to rotate the curved sections when 2 or more rails are used or when 2 or more LM blocks are connected on a single rail. Refer to Fig.4 for examples of such mechanisms.

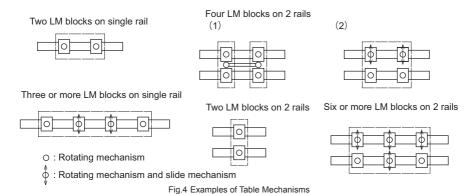
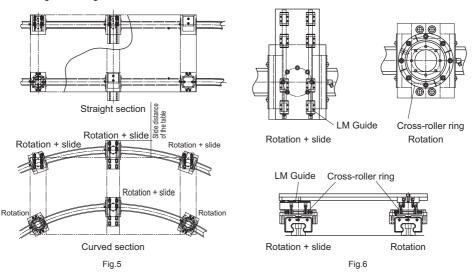


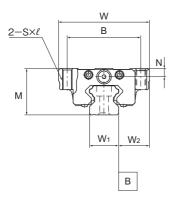
Fig.5 shows examples of designing a table when units are used on multiple axes. HMG requires a rotating mechanism and a slide mechanism since the table is decentered when an LM block transits from a straight section to a curved section. The amount of decentering differs according to the radius of the curved section and the LM block span. Therefore, it is necessary to design the system in accordance with the corresponding specifications.

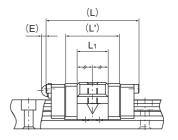
Fig.6 shows detail drawings of the slide and rotating mechanisms. In the figure, LM Guides are used in the slide mechanism and Cross-Roller Rings in the rotating mechanism to achieve smooth sliding and rotating motions.

For driving the Straight-Curved Guide, belt drives and chain drives are available.

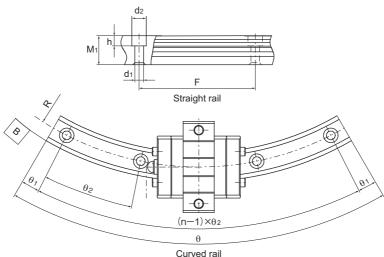


Model HMG





	Οι	ıter dir	nensic	ns		LM block di	mensi	ons			l rail d		ions
Model No.	M	W	L	L′	В	S×ℓ	L ₁	N	Е	W ₁	LM rai	F	Height M₁
HMG 15A	24	47	48	28.8	38	M5×11	16	4.3	5.5	15	16	60	15
HMG 25A	36	70	62.2	42.2	57	M8×16	25.6	6	12	23	23.5	60	22
HMG 35A	48	100	80.6	54.6	82	M10×21	32.6	8	12	34	33	80	29
HMG 45A	60	120	107.6	76.6	100	M12×25	42.6	10	16	45	37.5	105	38
HMG 65A	90	170	144.4	107.4	142	M16×37	63.4	19	16	63	53.5	150	53



Mounting hole			curved ra	nil		Basic dynamic load rating (C)	Basic static lo	oad rating (C₀)
d₁×d₂×h	R	n	θ°	θı°	θ ₂ °	Resultant load (C) kN	Straight section (Cost) kN	Curved section (Cor) kN
	150	3	60	7	23		•	
4.5×7.5×5.3	300	5	60	6	12	2.56	4.23	0.44
	400	7	60	3	9			
	500	9	60	2	7			
7×11×9	750	12	60	2.5	5	9.41	10.8	6.7
	1000	15	60	2	4			
	600	7	60	3	9			
9×14×12	800	11	60	2.5	5.5	17.7	19	11.5
9 × 14 × 12	1000	12	60	2.5	5	17.7	19	11.5
	1300	17	60	2	3.5			
	800	8	60	2	8			
14×20×17	1000	10	60	3	6	28.1	29.7	18.2
14^20^17	1200	12	60	2.5	5	20.1	29.7	10.2
	1600	15	60	2	4			
	1000	8	60	2	8			
	1500	10	60	3	6			
18×26×22	2000	12	45	0.5	4	66.2	66.7	36.2
	2500	13	45	1.5	3.5			
	3000	10	30	1.5	3			

When a moment is applied where one LM block is specified per axis, the LM block may experience non-smooth motion. We recommend that multiple LM blocks be used per axis when a moment is applied.

Table 1 shows the static permissible moment of an LM block in the M_A, M_B and M_C directions.

Table1 Static Permissible Moments of Model HMG

Unit: kN-m

Model No.	N C	1 _A	N C	l _B	Mc C			
	Straight section	Curved section	Straight section	Curved section	Straight section	Curved section		
HMG 15	0.008 0.007		0.008	0.01	0.027	0.003		
HMG 25	0.1	0.04	0.1	0.05	0.11	0.07		
HMG 35	0.22	0.11	0.22	0.12	0.29	0.17		
HMG 45	0.48 0.2		0.48	0.22	0.58	0.34		
HMG 65	1.47	0.66	1.47	0.73	1.83	0.94		

Jointed LM rail

[Level Difference Specification for the Joint]

An accuracy error in LM rail installation has influence on the service life of the product. When installing the LM rail, take care to minimize the level difference in the joint within the specification indicated in Table2. For the joint between curved rails and another between the curved section and the joint rail, we recommend using a flushing piece like the one shown in Fig.7. When using the flushing piece, place the fixed butt piece on the outer side, push the rail against the butt piece, and then adjust the level difference in the joint section by turning the adjustment screw from the inner side.

Table2 Level Difference Specification for the Joint
Unit: mm

Model No.	Ball raceway, side face	Upper face	Maximum clearance of the joint section
15	0.01	0.02	0.6
25	0.01	0.02	0.7
35	0.01	0.02	1.0
45	0.01	0.02	1.3
65	0.01	0.02	1.3

Note) Place the pin on the outer circumference and the bolt on the inner circumference.

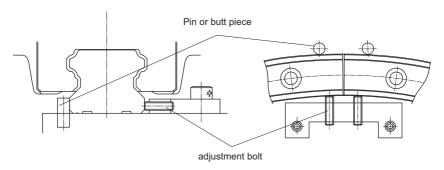


Fig.7 Flush piece

[About the Curved Section]

The curved section of model HMG has a clearance for a structural reason. Therefore, this model may not be used in applications where highly accurate feed is required. In addition, the curved section cannot withstand a large moment. When a large moment is applied, it is necessary to increase the number of LM blocks or LM rails. For permissible moment values, see Table 1 on **A1-327**.

[Jointed LM Rail]

Model HMG always requires a jointed rail where an LM block travels from the straight section to the curved section and where the curve is inverted such as an S curve. Take this into account when design the system.

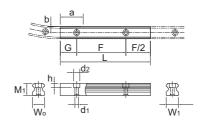


Table3 Dimension of the Jointed Rail

			Din	nension of	the jointed	rail		
Model No.	Height	Pitch	Mounting hole	Wi	dth	Taper length	Taper depth	Radius
	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	W ₁	W₀	а	b	R
					14.78		0.22	150
15A	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	15	14.89	28	0.11	300
					14.92		0.08	400
					22.83		0.17	500
25A	22	60	7×11×9	23	22.89	42	0.11	750
					22.92		0.08	1000
					33.77		0.23	600
35A	29	80	9×14×12	34	33.83	54	0.17	800
35A	29	00	9 14 12	34	33.86	34	0.14	b R 22 150 11 300 08 400 17 500 11 750 08 1000 23 600 17 800 14 1000 .1 1300 29 800 23 1000 19 1200 14 1600 52 1000 34 1500 26 2000 .2 2500
					33.9		0.1	1300
					44.71		0.29	800
45A	38	105	14×20×17	45	44.77	76	0.23	1000
45A	30	103	14 \ 20 \ 17	45	44.81	70	0.19	1200
					44.86		0.14	1600
					62.48		0.52	1000
					62.66		0.34	1500
65A	53	150	18×26×22	63	62.74	107	0.26	2000
					62.8		0.2	2500
					62.83		0.17	3000

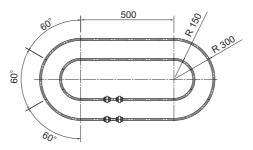


Fig.8 Example of model No.

Model number coding

When 2 rails are used

HMG15A 2 UU C1 +1000L T + 60/150R 6T + 60/300R 6T - II

Model number Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

Overall linear LM rail length per rail

Center angle of one inner curved rail

No. of inner curved LM rails jointed

Radius of outer curved rail

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*2)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1)

e linear LM rail curved rail

Radius of inner curved rail Center angle of one outer curved

Center angle of one outer curved LM rails jointed

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ■1-496. (*2) See ■1-13.

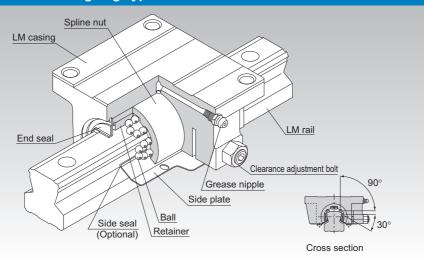
Note) This model number indicates that an LM block and an LM rail constitute one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used is 2).

Model HMG does not have a seal as standard.

For the model number above, Fig.8 applies.

NSR-TBC

LM Guide Self-aligning Type Model NSR-TBC



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△ 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-72
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△ 1-445
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	△ 1-453
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Model NSR-TBC is the only LM Guide whose casing consists of two pieces instead of a single-piece LM block. The rigid, cast iron casing contains a cylindrical spline nut that is partially cut at an angle of 120°. This enables the model to self-aligning on the fitting surface with the casing, thus to permit rough installation.

[Capable of Receiving Loads in All Directions]

NSR-TBC has four rows of balls. The balls are arranged in two rows on each shoulder of the LM rail, and can receive loads in all four directions: upward, downward and lateral directions. Due to the self-aligning structure, however, a rotational moment (Mc) cannot be applied in a single-rail configuration.

[Easy Installation and Accuracy Establishment]

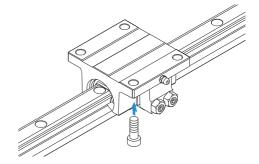
Model NSR-TBC is highly capable of performing self-adjustment and self-alignment. As a result, even if two rails are not mounted with accuracy, the LM casing absorbs the error and it does not affect the traveling performance. Accordingly, the machine performance will not be deteriorated.

Types and Features

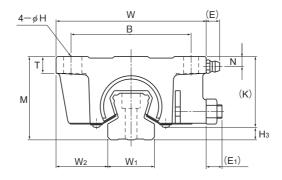
Model NSR-TBC

The flange of the LM casing has through holes, allowing the LM Guide to be mounted from the bottom

Specification Table⇒A1-332



Model NSR-TBC



	Oute	r dimen	sions				LM c	asing o	limensi	ones			
Model No.	Height M			В	С	Н	Т	К	N	E	E ₁	Grease nipple	H ₃
NSR 20TBC	40	70	67	55	50	6.6	8	34.5	5.5	8.5	7	A-M6F	5.5
NSR 25TBC	50	90	78	72	60	9	10	43.5	6	8.5	7.5	A-M6F	6.5
NSR 30TBC	60	100	90	82	72	9	12	51	8	8.5	9.5	A-M6F	9
NSR 40TBC	75	120	110	100	80	11	13	64	10	8.5	12	A-M6F	10.5
NSR 50TBC	82	140	123	116	95	14	15	74	9	15	15	A-PT1/8	8
NSR 70TBC	105	175	150	150	110	14	18	95.5	10	15	16.5	A-PT1/8	9.5

Model number coding

NSR50TBC 2 UU C1 +1200L

Model number

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM cases used on the same rail

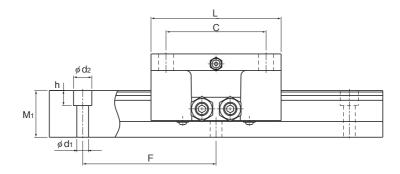
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)

Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-72. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)



Unit: mm

		LM r	ail dime	nsions		Basic rat		Static Permiss		Ма	ISS
Width Height Pitch			Length*	С	C ₀	M _A	M _B	LM casing	LM rail		
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	Double casings	Double casings	kg	kg/m
23	23.5	23	60	6×9.5×8.5	2200	9.41	18.6	0.31	0.27	0.62	3.1
28	31	28	80	7×11×9	3000	14.9	26.7	0.53	0.46	1.13	4.7
34	33	34.5	80	7×11×9	3000	22.5	38.3	0.85	0.74	1.8	7.2
45	37.5	44.5	105	9×14×12	3000	37.1	62.2	1.7	1.5	3.5	12.2
48	46	47.5	120	11×17.5×14	3000	55.1	87.4	2.7	2.4	5.2	14.3
63	56	62	150	14×20×17	3000	90.8	152	9.8	4.9	9.4	27.6

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **21-334**.) Static permissible moment*: Double casings: static permissible moment value with 2 casings closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model NSR-TBC variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

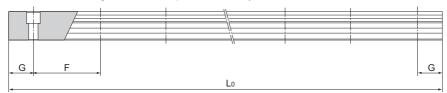


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model NSR-TBC

Unit: mm

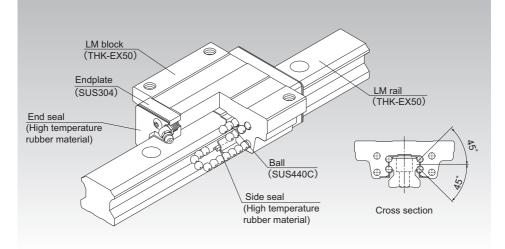
Model No.	NSR 20TBC	NSR 25TBC	NSR 30TBC	NSR 40TBC	NSR 50TBC	NSR 70TBC
LM rail standard length (L _o)	220 280 340 460 640 820 1000 1240 1600	280 440 600 760 1000 1240 1640 2040 2520 3000	280 440 600 760 1000 1240 1640 2040 2520 3000	570 885 1200 1620 2040 2460 2985	780 1020 1260 1500 1980 2580 2940	1270 1570 2020 2620
Standard pitch F	60	80	80	105	120	150
G	20	20	20	22.5	30	35
Max length	2200	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

HSR-M1

LM Guide High Temperature Type Model HSR-M1



Point of Selection	A 1-10
Point of Design	△1-436
Options	△1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△ 1-60
Radial Clearance	A 1-71
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-447
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471
·	

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations.

The high temperature type LM Guide is capable of being used at service temperature up to 150°C thanks to THK's unique technologies in material, heat treatment and lubrication.

[Maximum Service Temperature: 150°C]

Use of stainless steel in the endplates and high temperature rubber in the end seals achieves the maximum service temperature of 150° C.

[Dimensional Stability]

Since it is dimensionally stabilized, it demonstrates superb dimensional stability after being heated or cooled (note that it shows linear expansion at high temperature).

[Highly Corrosion Resistant]

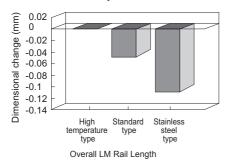
Since the LM block, LM rail and balls use stainless steel, which is highly corrosion resistant, this model is optimal for clean room applications.

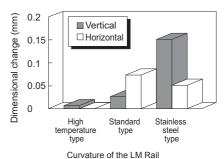
[High Temperature Grease]

This model uses high temperature grease that shows little grease-based fluctuation in rolling resistance even if temperature changes from low to high levels.

Dimensional Stability Data

Since this model has been treated for dimensional stability, its dimensional change after being cooled or heated is only minimal.



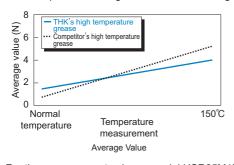


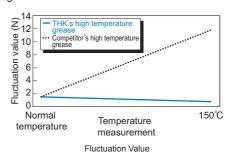
Note1) The above data on overall length and curvature indicate dimensional change when the LM rail is cooled to normal temperature after being heated at 150°C for 100 hours.

Note2) The samples consist of high temperature, standard and stainless steel types of model HSR25 + 580L.

Rolling Resistance Data in Relation to Grease

Use a high temperature grease with which the rolling resistance of the LM system little fluctuates even temperature changes from a normal to high range.





For the measurements above, model HSR25M1R1C1 is used.

Thermal Characteristics of LM Rail and LM Block Materials

Specific heat capacity: 0.481 J/(g•K) Thermal conductivity: 20.67 W/(m•K)

Average coefficient of linear expansion: 11.8 × 10⁻⁶/°C

Types and Features

Model HSR-M1A

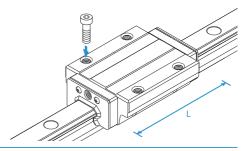
The flange of its LM block has tapped holes.

Model HSR-M1LA

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model HSR-M1A, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

Specification Table⇒A1-342

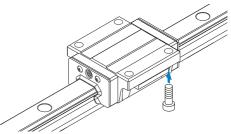
Specification Table⇒ 1-342



Model HSR-M1B

The flange of the LM block has through holes. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

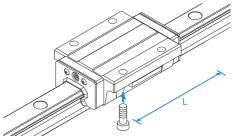
Specification Table⇒A1-344



Model HSR-M1LB

The LM block has the same sectional shape as model HSR-M1B, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

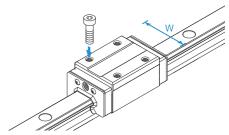
Specification Table⇒A1-344



Model HSR-M1R

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes. Used in places where the space for table width is limited.

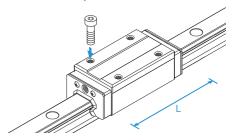
Specification Table⇒A1-346



Model HSR-M1LR

The LM block has the same sectional shape as model HSR-M1R, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

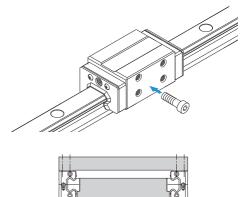
Specification Table⇒A1-346



Model HSR-M1YR

When using two units of LM Guide facing each other, the previous model required much time in machining the table and had difficulty achieving the desired accuracy and adjusting the clearance. Since model HSR-M1YR has tapped holes on the side of the LM block, a simpler structure is gained and significant man-hour cutting and accuracy increase can be achieved.

Specification Table⇒A1-348



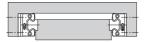


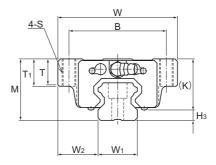
Fig.1 Conventional Structure

Fig.2 Mounting Structure for Model HSR-M1YR

Service Life

When using this product in temperatures higher than 100°C, always multiply the basic dynamic load rating by the temperature coefficient when calculating the rated service life. See **A1-64** for details.

Models HSR-M1A and HSR-M1LA



	Outer	dimer	nsions				LI	M bloc	k dime	nsions				
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	S	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
HSR 15M1A	24	47	59.6	38	30	M5	38.8	6.5	11	19.3	4.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20M1A HSR 20M1LA	30	63	76 92	53	40	M6	50.8 66.8	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25M1A HSR 25M1LA	36	70	83.9 103	57	45	M8	59.5 78.6	11	16	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30M1A HSR 30M1LA	42	90	98.8 121.4	72	52	M10	70.4 93	9	18	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35M1A HSR 35M1LA	48	100	112 137.4	82	62	M10	80.4 105.8	12	21	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5

Note) The length L of the high temperature type LM Guide model HSR is longer than normal type of model HSR. (Dimension L_1 is the same.)

Model number coding

HSR25 M1 A 2 UU C1 +1240L P T - ${ m II}$

Model number

Type of LM block Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Symbol for high temperature type LM Guide

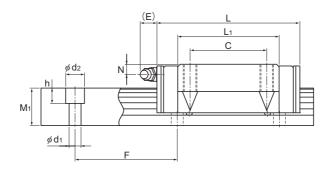
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-71. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

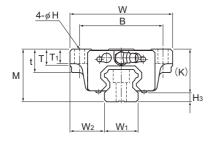


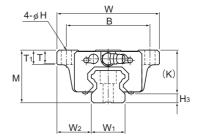
	LM rail dimensions Basic load rating Static permissible moment kN-m* Ma									ISS				
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	6	M _A		M _B M _C		LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	16	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	1240	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.2	1.5
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	1480	13.8 21.3		0.19 0.323	1.04 1.66	0.19 0.323	1.04 1.66	0.201 0.27	0.35 0.47	2.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	1500	19.9 27.2	-	0.307 0.529	1.71 2.74	0.307 0.529	1.71 2.74	0.344 0.459	0.59 0.75	3.3
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	1500	28 37.3		0.524 0.889	2.7 4.37	0.524 0.889	2.7 4.37	0.562 0.751	1.1 1.3	4.8
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	1500	37.3 50.2		0.782 1.32	3.93 6.35	0.782 1.32	3.93 6.35	0.905 1.2	1.6 2	6.6

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **A1-350**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-M1B and HSR-M1LB





Models HSR15, 25 to 35M1B/M1LB

Models HSR20M1B/M1LB

	Outer	dimer	nsions					LM bl	ock di	mensi	ons				
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	Н	L ₁	t	Т	T ₁	K	N	E	Grease nipple	H₃
HSR 15M1B	24	47	59.6	38	30	4.5	38.8	11	6.5	7	19.3	4.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20M1B HSR 20M1LB	30	63	76 92	53	40	6	50.8 66.8	_	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25M1B HSR 25M1LB	36	70	83.9 103	57	45	7	59.5 78.6	16	11	10	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30M1B HSR 30M1LB	42	90	98.8 121.4	72	52	9	70.4 93	18	9	10	35	7	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35M1B HSR 35M1LB	48	100	112 137.4	82	62	9	80.4 105.8	21	12	13	40.5	8	12	B-M6F	7.5

Note) The length L of the high temperature type LM Guide model HSR is longer than normal type of model HSR. (Dimension L₁ is the same.)

Model number coding

C0 +1000L HSR20 LB UU

Model number

Type of LM block

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Symbol for high temperature type LM Guide

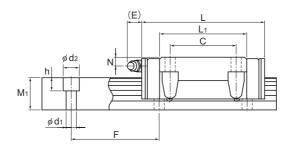
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set, (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

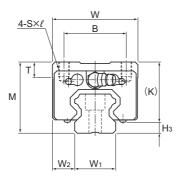


														O
		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment	kN-m*	Ма	SS
Width		Height	nt Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N C	1 _A		- -	M° C□	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	16	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	1240	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.2	1.5
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	1480		23.8 31.8	0.19 0.323	1.04 1.66	0.19 0.323	1.04 1.66	0.201 0.27	0.35 0.47	2.3
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	1500			0.307 0.529		0.307 0.529	1.71 2.74	0.344 0.459	0.59 0.75	3.3
28	31	26	80	9×14×12	1500			0.524 0.889	2.7 4.37	0.524 0.889	2.7 4.37	0.562 0.751	1.1 1.3	4.8
34	33	29	80	9×14×12	1500			0.782 1.32	3.93 6.35	0.782 1.32	3.93 6.35	0.905 1.2	1.6 2	6.6

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-350**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models HSR-M1R and HSR-M1LR



	Outer	dimer	sions				LM blo	ck dim	ension	3			
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
HSR 15M1R	28	34	59.6	26	26	M4×5	38.8	6	23.3	8.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20M1R HSR 20M1LR	30	44	76 92	32	36 50	M5×6	50.8 66.8	8	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25M1R HSR 25M1LR	40	48	83.9 103	35	35 50	M6×8	59.5 78.6	8	34.5	10	12	B-M6F	5.5
HSR 30M1R HSR 30M1LR	45	60	98.8 121.4	40	40 60	M8×10	70.4 93	8	38	10	12	B-M6F	7
HSR 35M1R HSR 35M1LR	55	70	112 137.4	50	50 72	M8×12	80.4 105.8	10	47.5	15	12	B-M6F	7.5

Note) The length L of the high temperature type LM Guide model HSR is longer than normal type of model HSR. (Dimension L_1 is the same.)

Model number coding

type LM Guide

rail

HSR35 R CO +1080L Contamination Model number Type of LM rail length Symbol Symbol for protection for LM rail LM block (in mm) No. of rails used accessory jointed use on the same plane (*4) symbol (*1) Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Symbol for high No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) temperature used on the same Normal (No symbol)

Light preload (C1)

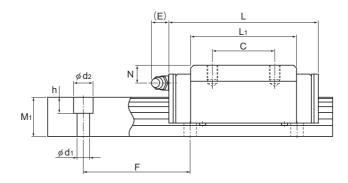
Medium preload (C0)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-71. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)

Ultra precision grade (UP)

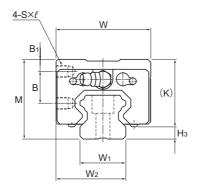


		LM	rail din	nensions			load ing	Sta		missibl kN-m*	e mom	ent	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N	1,	2	1 ₈	€ (]	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	9.5	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	1240	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.2	1.5
20	12	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	1480		23.8 31.8	0.19 0.323	1.04 1.66	0.19 0.323	1.04 1.66	0.201 0.27	0.35 0.47	2.3
23	12.5	22	60	7×11×9	1500	19.9 27.2	34.4 45.9	0.307 0.529	1.71 2.74	0.307 0.529	1.71 2.74	0.344 0.459	0.59 0.75	3.3
28	16	26	80	9×14×12	1500	28 37.3	46.8 62.5		2.7 4.37	0.524 0.889	2.7 4.37	0.562 0.751	1.1 1.3	4.8
34	18	29	80	9×14×12	1500	37.3 50.2		0.782 1.32	3.93 6.35	0.782 1.32	3.93 6.35	0.905 1.2	1.6 2	6.6

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-350**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Model HSR-M1YR



		Outer	dimer	sions				LM blo	ck dim	ension	S			
	Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	B ₁	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
ĺ	HSR 15M1YR	28	33.5	59.6	4.3	11.5	18	M4×5	38.8	23.3	8.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
	HSR 20M1YR	30	43.5	76	4	11.5	25	M5×6	50.8	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
	HSR 25M1YR	40	47.5	83.9	6	16	30	M6×6	59.5	34.5	10	12	B-M6F	5.5
	HSR 30M1YR	45	59.5	98.8	8	16	40	M6×9	70.4	38	10	12	B-M6F	7
	HSR 35M1YR	55	69.5	112	8	23	43	M8×10	80.4	47.5	15	12	B-M6F	7.5

Note) The length L of the high temperature type LM Guide model HSR-YR is longer than normal type of model HSR-YR. (Dimension L₁ is the same.)

Model number coding

HSR25 M1 YR 2 UU C0 +1200L P T -1

Model number

Type of LM block Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Symbol for high temperature type LM Guide No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

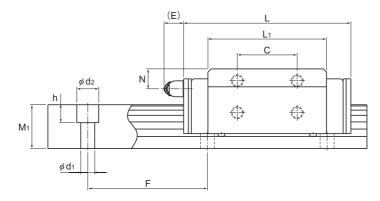
Normal (No symbol)
Light preload (C1)
Medium preload (C0)

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Accuracy symbol (*3)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-71. (*3) See ▲1-76. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)



		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	2	14			S N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	24	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	1240	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.2	1.5
20	31.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	1480	13.8	23.8	0.19	1.04	0.19	1.04	0.201	0.35	2.3
23	35	22	60	7×11×9	1500	19.9	34.4	0.307	1.71	0.307	1.71	0.344	0.59	3.3
28	43.5	26	80	9×14×12	1500	37.3	62.5	0.524	2.7	0.524	2.7	0.562	1.3	4.8
34	51.5	29	80	9×14×12	1500	37.3	61.1	0.782	3.93	0.782	3.93	0.905	1.6	6.6

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **\(\) 1-350**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model HSR-M1 variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

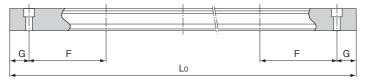


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model HSR-M1

Unit: mm

Model No.	HSR 15M1	HSR 20M1	HSR 25M1	HSR 30M1	HSR 35M1
Model No. LM rail standard length (Lo)	HSR 15M1 160 220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1060 1120 1180 1240	HSR 20M1 220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1060 1120 1180 1240 1360 1480	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1060 1120 1180 1240 1300 1420 1480	HSR 30M1 280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480	HSR 35M1 280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480
Otan dand sitch F	00	00	60	00	00
Standard pitch F	60	60	60	80	80
G	20	20	20	20	20
Max length	1240	1480	1500	1500	1500

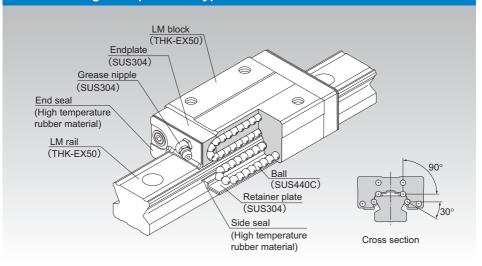
Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Note3) The values for HSR-M1 also apply to HSR-M1YR.

SR-M1

LM Guide High Temperature Type Model SR-M1



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	△1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△ 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Radial Clearance	A 1-71
Accuracy Standards	△ 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△1-445
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Since it is a compactly designed model that has a low sectional height and a ball contact structure rigid in the radial direction, this model is optimal for horizontal guide units.

High temperature type LM Guide model SR-M1 is capable of being used at service temperature up to 150°C thanks to THK's unique technologies in material, heat treatment and lubrication.

[Maximum Service Temperature: 150°C]

Use of stainless steel in the endplates and high temperature rubber in the end seals achieves the maximum service temperature of 150° C.

[Dimensional Stability]

Since it is dimensionally stabilized, it demonstrates superb dimensional stability after being heated or cooled (note that it shows linear expansion at high temperature).

[Highly Corrosion Resistant]

Since the LM block, LM rail and balls use stainless steel, which is highly corrosion resistant, this model is optimal for clean room applications.

[High Temperature Grease]

This model uses high temperature grease that shows little grease-based fluctuation in rolling resistance even if temperature changes from low to high levels.

Thermal Characteristics of LM Rail and LM Block Materials

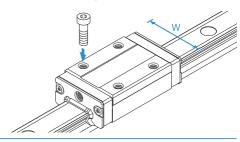
- Specific heat capacity: 0.481 J/(g•K)
 Thermal conductivity: 20.67 W/(m•K)
- Average coefficient of linear expansion: 11.8 × 10⁻⁶/°C

Types and Features

Model SR-M1W

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

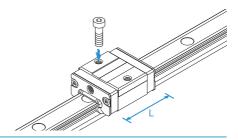
Specification Table⇒A1-356



Model SR-M1V

A space-saving type whose LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SR-M1W, but has a smaller overall LM block length (L).

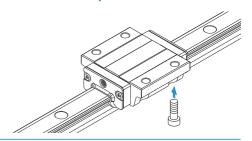
Specification Table⇒**△1-356**



Model SR-M1TB

The LM block has the same height as model SR-M1W and can be mounted from the bottom.

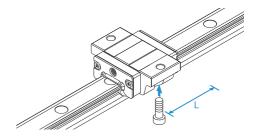
Specification Table⇒A1-358



Model SR-M1SB

A space-saving type whose LM block has the same sectional shape as model SR-M1TB, but has a smaller overall LM block length (L).

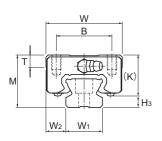
Specification Table⇒A1-358

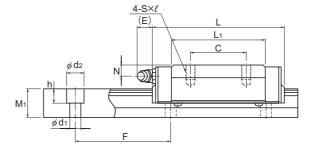


Service Life

When using this product in temperatures higher than 100°C, always multiply the basic dynamic load rating by the temperature coefficient when calculating the rated service life. See **A1-64** for details.

Models SR-M1W and SR-M1V





Model SR-M1W

	Oute	r dimen	sions				_M bloc	k dime	ensions	3			
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	Grease nipple	H₃
SR 15M1V SR 15M1W	24	34	40.4 57	26	_ 26	M4×7	22.9 39.5	6	19.5	6	5.5	PB1021B	4.5
SR 20M1V SR 20M1W	28	42	47.3 66.2	32	_ 32	M5×8	27.8 46.7	7.5	22	6	12	B-M6F	6
SR 25M1V SR 25M1W	33	48	59.2 83	35	 35	M6×9	35.2 59	8	26	7	12	B-M6F	7
SR 30M1V SR 30M1W	42	60	67.9 96.8	40	_ 40	M8×12	40.4 69.3	9	32.5	8	12	B-M6F	9.5
SR 35M1V SR 35M1W	48	70	77.6 111	50	<u></u>	M8×12	45.7 79	13	36.5	8.5	12	B-M6F	11.5

Model number coding

Model

SR30 M1 W 2 UU C0 +1160L Y P T -II

number L

Type of LM block Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm) Applied to only 15 and 25

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

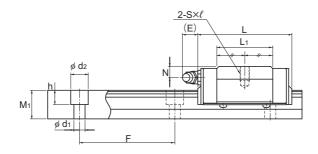
Symbol for high temperature type LM Guide

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)



Model SR-M1V

		1.54	a - 9 - 40 -			n	1 0	01-11-		- 9-1		. N. I	B.4 -	
		LM	rall dir	nensions		Rasic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sidie m	oment I	KIN-m*	Ma	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N _	1 _A	N (M∘	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	9.5	12.5	60	3.5×6×4.5	1240	5.39 9.51			0.224 0.516		0.143 0.321	0.0654 0.113	0.12 0.2	1.2
20	11	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	1500	7.16 12.5			0.332 0.778		-	0.11 0.194	0.2 0.3	2.1
23	12.5	18	60	7×11×9	1500	l	-	0.103 0.286	0.649 1.52		0.41 0.942	0.201 0.355	0.3 0.4	2.7
28	16	23	80	7×11×9	1500	17.2 30		0.163 0.494		0.102 0.303		0.352 0.611	0.5 0.8	4.3
34	18	27.5	80	9×14×12	1500	23.8 41.7		0.259 0.74	1.68 4.01	0.161 0.454	1.07 2.49	0.576 1.01	0.8 1.2	6.4

Note1) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-360.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Note2) For models SR15 and 25, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1).

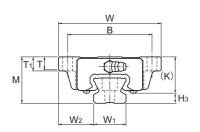
When, replacing this model with model SSR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail.

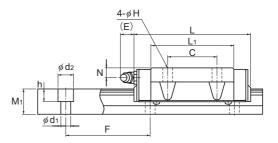
Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail
SR 15	For M3 (No symbol)	For M4 (Symbol Y)
SR 25	For M6 (Symbol Y)	For M5 (No symbol)

Models SR-M1TB and SR-M1SB





Model SR-M1TB

	Outer	r dimer	sions		LM block dimensions									
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	Н	L ₁	Т	T 1	К	N	E	Grease nipple	H ₃
SR 15M1SB SR 15M1TB	24	52	40.4 57	41	_ 26	4.5	22.9 39.5	6.1	7	19.5	6	5.5	PB1021B	4.5
SR 20M1SB SR 20M1TB	28	59	47.3 66.2	49	_ 32	5.5	27.8 46.7	8	9	22	6	12	B-M6F	6
SR 25M1SB SR 25M1TB	33	73	59.2 83	60	 35	7	35.2 59	9	10	26	7	12	B-M6F	7
SR 30M1SB SR 30M1TB	42	90	67.9 96.8	72	_ 40	9	40.4 69.3	8.7	10	32.5	8	12	B-M6F	9.5
SR 35M1SB SR 35M1TB	48	100	77.6 111	82	<u></u>	9	45.7 79	11.2	13	36.5	8.5	12	B-M6F	11.5

Model number coding

SR30 M1 W 2 UU C0 +1000L Y P T -II

Model number

Type of LM block Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm) Applied to Sonly 15 L and 25 id

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

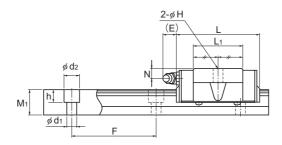
Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Symbol for high temperature type LM Guide No. of LM blocks used on the same rail Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **\(\Delta 1-496**. (*2) See **\(\Delta 1-71**. (*3) See **\(\Delta 1-76**. (*4) See **\(\Delta 1-13**.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)



Model SR-M1SB

I Maril discouries and the second of the sec														
LM rail dimensions					Basic load rating Static permissible moment kN-m			KIN-m*	Mass					
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	M _A		M _B		M∘	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
15	18.5	12.5	60	3.5×6×4.5	1240	5.39 9.51			0.224 0.516		0.143 0.321	0.0654 0.113	0.12 0.2	1.2
20	19.5	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	1500	7.16 12.5			0.332 0.778		-	0.11 0.194	0.2 0.3	2.1
23	25	18	60	7×11×9	1500	I .	-	0.103 0.286	0.649 1.52		0.41 0.942	0.201 0.355	0.3 0.4	2.7
28	31	23	80	7×11×9	1500	17.2 30		0.163 0.494		0.102 0.303	0.692 1.57	0.352 0.611	0.5 0.8	4.3
34	33	27.5	80	9×14×12	1500	23.8 41.7		0.259 0.74		0.161 0.454	1.07 2.49	0.576 1.01	0.8 1.2	6.4

Note1) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-360.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block.

Note2) For models SR15 and 25, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1).

When, replacing this model with model SSR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail.

Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail		
SR 15	For M3 (No symbol)	For M4 (Symbol Y)		
SR 25	For M6 (Symbol Y)	For M5 (No symbol)		

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SR-M1 variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

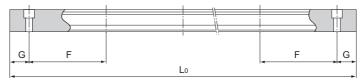


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SR-M1

Unit: mm

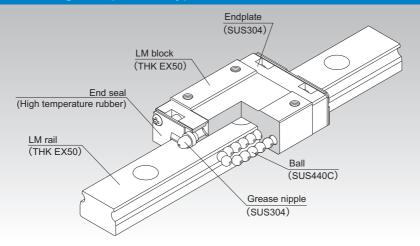
Model No.	SR 15M1	SR 20M1	SR 25M1	SR 30M1	SR 35M1
	160	220	220	280	280
	220	280	280	360	360
	280	340	340	440	440
	340	400	400	520	520
	400	460	460	600	600
	460	520	520	680	680
	520	580	580	760	760
	580	640	640	840	840
	640	700	700	920	920
LM rail standard	700	760	760	1000	1000
length (L _o)	760	820	820	1080	1080
lengui (Lo)	820	940	940	1160	1160
	940	1000	1000	1240	1240
	1000	1060	1060	1320	1320
	1060	1120	1120	1400	1400
	1120	1180	1240	1480	1480
	1180	1240	1300		
	1240	1300	1360		
		1360	1420		
		1420	1480		
Standard pitch F	60	60	60	80	80
G	20	20	20	20	20
Max length	1240	1500	1500	1500	1500

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

RSR-M1

LM Guide High Temperature Type Model RSR-M1



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-71
Accuracy Standards	A1-82
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-451
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-453
Flatness of the Mounting Surface	△1-454
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in two rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

High temperature type miniature LM Guide model RSR-M1 is capable of being used at service temperature up to 150°C thanks to THK's unique technologies in material, heat treatment and lubrication.

[Maximum Service Temperature: 150°C]

Use of stainless steel in the endplates and high temperature rubber in the end seals achieves the maximum service temperature of 150° C.

[Dimensional Stability]

Since it is dimensionally stabilized, it demonstrates superb dimensional stability after being heated or cooled (note that it shows linear expansion at high temperature).

[Highly Corrosion Resistant]

Since the LM block, LM rail and balls use stainless steel, which is highly corrosion resistant, this model is optimal for clean room applications.

[High Temperature Grease]

This model uses high temperature grease that shows little grease-based fluctuation in rolling resistance even if temperature changes from low to high levels.

Thermal Characteristics of LM Rail and LM Block Materials

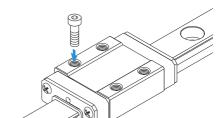
- Specific heat capacity: 0.481 J/(g•K)
- Thermal conductivity: 20.67 W/(m•K)
- Average coefficient of linear expansion: 11.8 × 10⁻⁶/°C

Types and Features

Models RSR-M1, RSR-M1K, M1V

This model is a standard type.

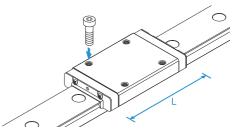
Specification Table⇒A1-366



Model RSR-M1N

It has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load than standard types.

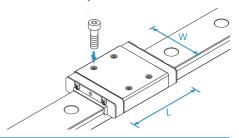
Specification Table⇒A1-366



Models RSR-M1W, M1WV

These models have greater overall LM block lengths (L), broader widths (W) and greater rated loads and permissible moments than standard types.

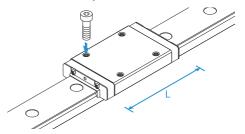
Specification Table⇒A1-368



Model RSR-M1WN

It has a longer overall LM block length (L), a greater rated load than standard types. Achieves the greatest load capacity among the high temperature type miniature LM Guide models.

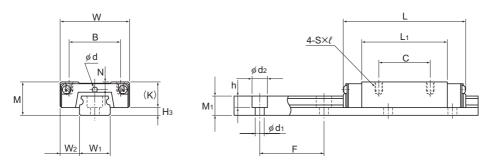
Specification Table⇒A1-368



Service Life

When using this product in temperatures higher than 100°C, always multiply the basic dynamic load rating by the temperature coefficient when calculating the rated service life. See **A1-64** for details.

Models RSR-M1K, RSR-M1V and RSR-M1N



Models RSR9M1K/9M1N and RSR12M1V/M1N

	Outer	dimer	nsions				LM I	olock (dimens	sions				
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	Greasing hole d	Grease nipple	Нз
RSR 9M1K RSR 9M1N	10	20	30.8 41	15	10 16	M3×3	19.8 29.8	_	7.8	_	_	_	_	2.2
RSR 12M1V RSR 12M1N	13	27	35 47.7	20	15 20	M3×3.5	20.6 33.3	_	10	3	_	2	_	3
RSR 15M1V RSR 15M1N	16	32	43 61	25	20 25	M3×4	25.7 43.5	_	12	3.5	3.6 3.7	_	PB107	4
RSR 20M1V RSR 20M1N	25	46	66.5 86.3	38	38	M4×6	45.2 65	5.7	17.5	5	6.4	_	A-M6F	7.5

Model number coding

C1 +230L RSR15

Contamination Type of LM block Model number protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for Symbol for LM rail No. of rails used jointed use on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same

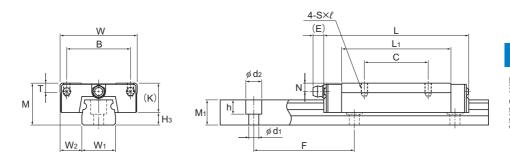
Symbol for high temperature type LM Guide

Radial clearance symbol (*2) | Accuracy symbol (*3) Light preload (C1)

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-71. (*3) See A1-82. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)



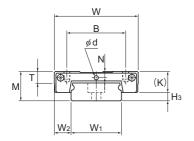
Models RSR15 and 20M1V/M1N

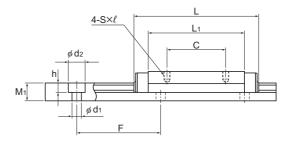
Unit: mm

	L	M rail	dime	nsions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment	N-m*	Ма	ISS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C _o	N C	1 _A	2	<u> </u>	M _°	LM block	LM rail
W_1	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
9 0 -0.02	5.5	5.5	20	3.5×6×3.3	1240	1.47 2.6	2.25 3.96	7.34 18.4	43.3 97	7.34 18.4	43.3 97	10.4 18.4	0.018 0.027	0.32
12 ⁰ _{-0.025}	7.5	7.5	25	3.5×6×4.5	1430	2.65 4.3	4.02 6.65	11.4 28.9	74.9 163	10.1 25.5	67.7 145	19.2 31.8	0.037 0.055	0.58
15 ⁰ _{-0.025}	8.5	9.5	40	3.5×6×4.5	1600	4.41 7.16	6.57 10.7	23.7 63.1	149 330	21.1 55.6	135 293	38.8 63	0.069 0.093	0.925
20 0 -0.03	13	15	60	6×9.5×8.5	1800	8.82 14.2	12.7 20.6	75.4 171	435 897	66.7 151	389 795	96.6 157	0.245 0.337	1.95

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See 1-370.)
Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models RSR-M1WV and RSR-M1WN

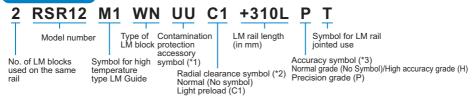




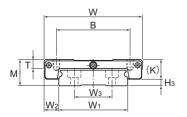
Models RSR9 and 12M1WV/M1WN

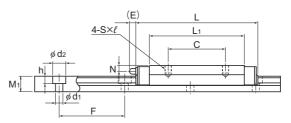
	Outer	dimer	nsions				LM I	olock (dimens	sions				
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L₁	Т	K	N	E	Greasing hole d	Grease nipple	H ₃
RSR 9M1WV RSR 9M1WN	12	30	39 50.7	21 23	12 24	M2.6×3 M3×3	27 38.7	_	7.8	2	_	1.6	_	4.2
RSR 12M1WV RSR 12M1WN	14	40	44.5 59.5	28	15 28	M3×3.5	30.9 45.9	4.5	10	3	_	2	_	4
RSR 15M1WV RSR 15M1WN	16	60	55.5 74.5	45	20 35	M4×4.5	38.9 57.9	5.6	12	3.5	3	_	PB107	4

Model number coding



(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **Δ1-496**. (*2) See **Δ1-71**. (*3) See **Δ1-82**.





Models RSR15M1WV/M1WN

Unit: mm

LM rail dimensions Basic load rating Sta									Static	permis	sible m	noment	N-m*	Ma	ISS
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N C	14	×	<u>.</u>	M _☉	LM block	LM rail
W ₁	W_2	W ₃	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m
18 0 -0.05	6	_	7.5	30	3.5×6×4.5	1430	2.45 3.52	3.92 5.37	16 31	92.9 161	16 31	92.9 161	36 49.4	0.035 0.051	1.08
24 0 -0.05	8		8.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1600	4.02 5.96	6.08 9.21	24.5 53.9	138 274	21.7 47.3	123 242		0.075 0.101	1.5
42 0 -0.05	9	23	9.5	40	4.5×8×4.5	1800	6.66 9.91	9.8 14.9	50.3 110	278 555	44.4 97.3	248 490	168 255	0.17 0.21	3

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **1-370**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard and maximum lengths of the RSR M1 model rail.

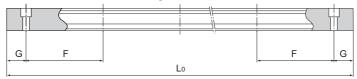


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model RSR-M1

Unit: mm

Model No.	RSR 9M1	RSR 12M1	RSR 15M1	RSR 20M1	RSR 9M1W	RSR 12M1W	RSR 15M1W
	55	70	70	220	50	70	110
	75	95	110	280	80	110	150
	95	120	150	340	110	150	190
	115	145	190	460	140	190	230
	135	170	230	640	170	230	270
	155	195	270	880	200	270	310
LM rail	175	220	310	1000	260	310	430
standard length	195	245	350		290	390	550
(L ₀)	275	270	390		320	470	670
	375	320	430			550	790
		370	470				
		470	550				
		570	670				
			870				
Standard pitch F	20	25	40	60	30	40	40
G	7.5	10	15	20	10	15	15
Max length	1240	1430	1600	1800	1430	1600	1800

Note) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Stopper

In models RSR-M1/RSR-M1W, the balls fall out if the LM block comes off the LM rail.

For this reason, they are delivered with a stopper fitted to prevent the LM block coming off the rail. If you remove the stopper when using the product, take care to ensure that overrun does not occur.

Table2 Model RSR-M1/RSR-M1W stopper (C type) specification table

Unit: mm

Model No.	Α	В	С
9	13	6	9.5
12	16	7	12.5
15	19	7	14.5
20 9W	25	7	20.0
9W	23	7	11.5
12W	29	7	13.5
15W	46	7	14.5



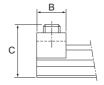
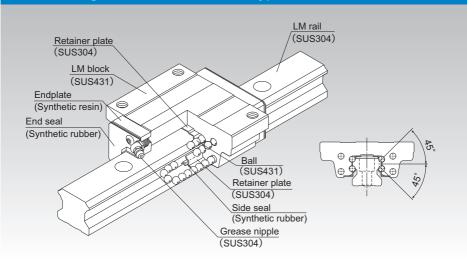


Fig.1 Model RSR-M1/RSR-M1W stopper (C type)

HSR-M2

LM Guide High Corrosion Resistance Type Model HSR-M2



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	△1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A 1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	△1-60
Radial Clearance	△ 1-72
Accuracy Standards	A1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-447
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

Balls roll in four rows of raceways precision-ground on an LM rail and an LM block, and endplates incorporated in the LM block allow the balls to circulate.

Each row of balls is placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the rated loads applied to the LM block are uniform in the four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), enabling the LM Guide to be used in all orientations.

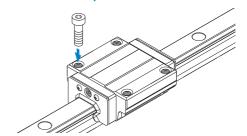
The LM rail, LM block and balls are made of highly corrosion resistant stainless steel and the other metal parts are made of stainless steel, allowing superb corrosion resistance to be achieved. As a result, the need for surface treatment is eliminated.

Types and Features

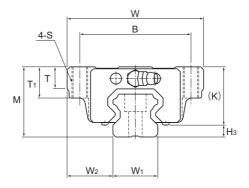
Model HSR-M2A

The flange of its LM block has tapped holes.

Specification Table⇒A1-374



Model HSR-M2A



	Outer	dimer	nsions				LI	M bloc	k dime	nsions				
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	S	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	Grease nipple	Н₃
HSR 15M2A	24	47	56.6	38	30	M5	38.8	6.5	11	19.3	4.3	5.5	PB1021B	4.7
HSR 20M2A	30	63	74	53	40	M6	50.8	9.5	10	26	5	12	B-M6F	4
HSR 25M2A	36	70	83.1	57	45	M8	59.5	11	16	30.5	6	12	B-M6F	5.5

Note) For the high corrosion resistance type LM Guide, a stainless steel end plate is optionally available. (symbol···l)

Model number coding

HSR20M2 A 2 UU C1 I +820L P T - II

Model number (high corrosion resistance type LM Guide) Type of LM block Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

End plate is made of stainless steel

LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

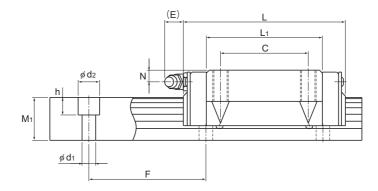
Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1)

Accuracy symbol (*3)
Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-72. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)



Unit: mm

		LM	rail dir	mensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	noment	N-m*	Mass		
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N (7			() §	LM block	LM rail	
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m	
15	16	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	1000	2.33	2.03	12.3	70.3	12.3	70.3	10.8	0.2	1.5	
20	21.5	18	60	6×9.5×8.5	1000	3.86	3.57	29	160	29	160	26.5	0.35	2.3	
23	23.5	22	60	7×11×9	1000	5.57	5.16	46.9	261	46.9	261	45.1	0.59	3.3	

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-376.)

The basic load rating of the high corrosion resistance type LM Guide is smaller than ordinary stainless steel LM Guides. Static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model HSR-M2 variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

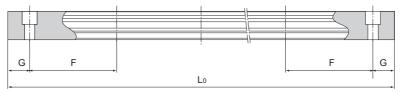


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model HSR-M2

Unit: mm

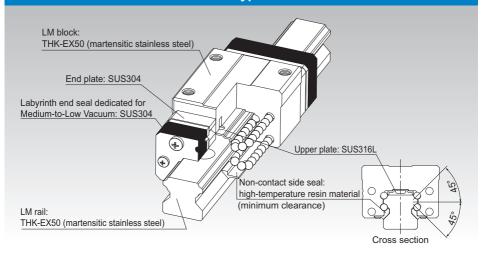
Model No.	HSR 15M2	HSR 20M2	HSR 25M2
LM rail standard length (L ₀)	160 280 460 640	280 460 640 820	280 460 640 820 1000
Standard pitch F	60	60	60
G	20	20	20
Max length	1000	1000	1000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

HSR-M1VV

LM Guide Medium-to-low Vacuum Type Model HSR-M1VV



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	△1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-532
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A 1-71
Accuracy Standards	△ 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-447
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A1-452
Flatness of the Mounting Surface	A 1-454
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

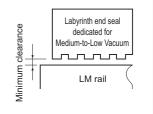
Structure and Features

[Features]

- Operable in various environments at pressure between atmospheric pressure and vacuum (10³ [Pa]).
- Capable of withstanding baking temperature up to 200°C*
- Use of a newly developed labyrinth end seal dedicated for Medium-to-Low Vacuum increases grease retention and allows extended use in vacuum.
- Use of grease designed for Medium-to-Low Vacuum achieves a stable rolling resistance.
- * If the baking temperature exceeds 100°C, multiply the basic load rating with the temperature coefficient.

Structure of the labyrinth end seal dedicated for Medium-to-Low Vacuum

The labyrinth end seal dedicated for Medium-to-Low Vacuum forms a multi-stage space as shown in the figure on the right to minimize the pressure difference between adjacent stages. This reduces the outflow velocity of the oil inside the LM block to a minimum. In addition, the seal will not affect the rolling resistance since it does not contact the LM rail.

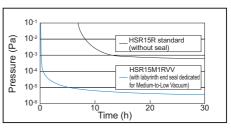


[Achievable vacuum level]

The LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum demonstrates an excellent achievable vacuum level

[Test conditions] Temperature: 25°C (±5°C)

	HSR15M1RVV	HSR15R (for reference)						
Grease	Grease for Medium- to-Low Vacuum	AFB-LF Grease						
Seal	Labyrinth end seal dedicated for Medi- um-to-Low Vacuum	None						
Endplate	Stainless steel	Resin						

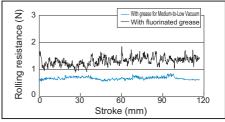


Achievable vacuum level

[Rolling resistance]

The grease used in the LM Guide for Mediumto-Low Vacuum has a smaller rolling resistance than conventional fluorine grease and ensures stable rolling motion.

Specimen: HSR15M1RVV Temperature: 25°C (±5°C) Pressure: atmospheric pressure



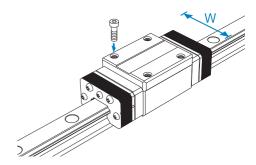
Rolling resistance fluctuation

Types and Features

Model HSR-M1RVV

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes. Used in places where the space for table width is limited.

Specification Table⇒▲1-382

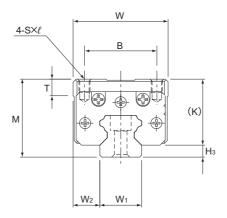


Precautions on Design

If a large moment is applied to a system consisting of one block on one axis, the labyrinth end seal may contact the rail, and it may affect the motion.

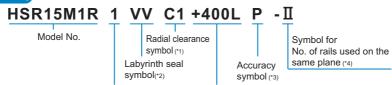
If a moment is applied, we recommend using two axes with two blocks per axis. Contact THK for details.

Model HSR-M1VV



	Outer dimensions				L						
Model No.	Height	Width	Length								
	М	W	L	В	С	s×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	H₃	
HSR15M1R-VV	28	34	75	26	26	M4×5	38.8	6	23.7	4.3	

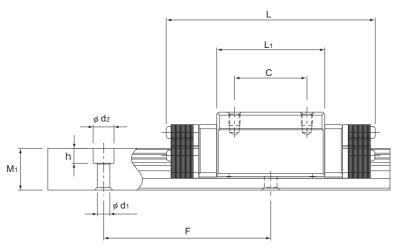
Model number coding



No. of LM blocks LM rail length used on the same rail (in mm)

(*1) See A1-71. (*2) See A1-379. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note1) The radial clearance, maximum LM rail length and accuracy class are equal to that of model HSR. Note2) With this model, a single-rail unit constitutes one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).



Unit: mm

	LM rail dimensions						LM rail dimensions					load ing	Statio	permis	sible m	oment k	N-m*	Ма	SS
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N C	14	2	18	M _°	LM block	LM rail					
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN		Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m					
15	9.5	15	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	1240	8.33	13.5	0.0805	0.457	0.0805	0.457	0.0844	0.27	1.5					

Note) The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **21-384**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

If a large moment is applied to a system consisting of one block on one axis, the labyrinth end seal may contact the rail, and it may affect the motion.

If a moment is applied, we recommend using two axes with two blocks per axis.

Contact THK for details.

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table1 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model HSR-M1VV variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

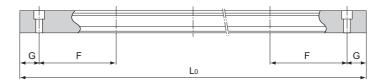


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model HSR-M1VV

Unit: mm

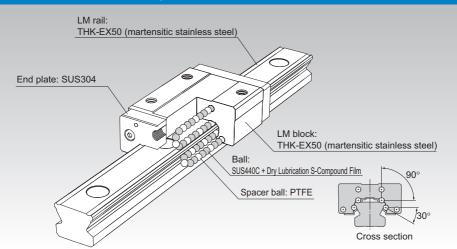
Model No.	HSR15M1R-VV
LM rail standard length (L₀)	160 220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1060 1120 1180
Standard pitch F	60
G	20
Max length	1240

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

SR-MS

LM Guide Oil-Free for Special Environments Model SR-MS



Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A 1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-532
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A 1-60
Radial Clearance	A 1-72
Accuracy Standards	A1-85
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	△ 1-445
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	△1-453
Flatness of the Mounting Surface	A 1-454
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A 1-471

Structure and Features

[Structural Characteristics]

- Uses stainless steel
 All components are composed of parts for special environments such as stainless steel.
- Degreased and cleaned Special solvent is used to de-grease this model.
- Does not use grease
 Use of highly reliable dry lubricant S-compound film for stainless steel balls achieves grease-free lubrication.



Greatest advantage

Suitable for applications where the vacuum level reaches 10st. Pa and chemical contamination (gaseous contamination such as organic matter and moisture) is not allowed.

* Can be used at temperature up to 150°C (instantaneously 200°C).

[What is Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film]

Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film is a fully dry lubricant developed for use under atmospheric to high-vacuum environments.

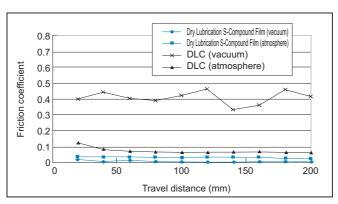
It has superior characteristics in load carrying capacity, wear resistance and sealability to other lubrication systems.

Companion of any lubrication materials properties							
Item	Friction coefficient (reference value)	Wear resis- tance	Hardness	Service environ- ment			
Molybdenum Disulfide (hexagonal form)	0.04	Δ	Δ	Vacuum			
Soft metal	0.05 to 0.5	Δ	Δ	Atmosphere, vacuum			
DLC (diamond like carbon)	0.08 to 0.15	Δ	0	Atmosphere, H₂O			
Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film	0.02 to 0.05	0	0	Atmosphere, vacuum			

Comparison of dry lubrication material properties

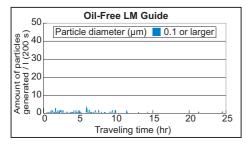
[Low Friction]

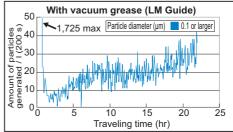
The Oil-Free LM Guide for special environments exerts superbly low frictional properties in atmospheric to vacuum environments.



[Low Dust Generation]

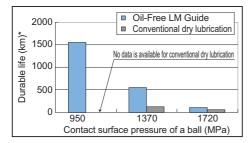
The Oil-Free LM Guide for special environments exerts a lower level of dust generation than conventional vacuum grease lubricants.





[Long service life]

The Oil-Free LM Guide for special environments has a longer service life than conventional dry lubrication.



* The durable life represents the value at a point from which the Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film is no longer effective. Note that the durable life differs from the rated service life of the LM Guide.

[Applications of the Oil-Free LM Guide for Special Environments]

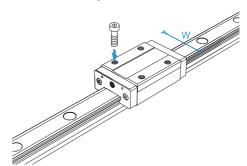
Industry	Equipment	Advantages of the oil-free LM Guide
Semiconductor / FPD manufacturing machine	Exposure machine, organic EL manufacturing machine, ion injection machine	 Little outgassing (water, organic matter) Low dust generation Operable at high temperature (up to 150°C)

Types and Features

Model SR-MSW

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

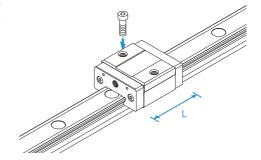
Specification Table⇒A1-390



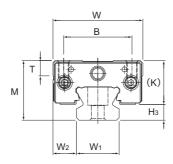
Model SR-MSV

A space-saving type whose LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SR-MSW, but has a smaller overall LM block length (L).

Specification Table⇒A1-390

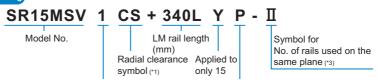


Models SR-MSV and SR-MSW



	Oute	er dimens	sions		LM block dimensions							
Model No.	Height	Width	Length									
	M	W	L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	Н₃		
SR15MSV SR15MSW	24	34	36.6 53.2	26	_ 26	M4×7	22.9 39.5	5.7	19.5	4.5		
SR20MSV SR20MSW	28	42	41.3 60.2	32	 32	M5×8	27.8 46.7	7.2	22	6		

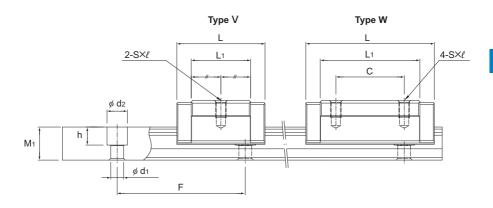
Model number coding



No. of LM blocks Accuracy symbol (*2) used on the same rail

(*1) See A1-72. (*2) See A1-85. (*3) See A1-13.

Note) With this model, a single-rail unit constitutes one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).



Unit: mm

LM rail dimensions						LM rail dimensions Permis- sible Permissible moment N•m							Mass				
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	F ₀	M _A		$\widehat{}$		\triangle				M _°	LM block	LM rail
W₁ ±0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	N	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m				
15	9.5	12.5	60	3.5×6×4.5	400	320 570	0.80 2.35	5.43 13.0	0.51 1.47	3.60 8.31	1.16 2.08	0.12 0.2	1.2				
20	11	15.5	60	6×9.5×8.5	400	430 750	1.35 3.76	8.44 19.9	0.87 2.36	5.52 12.6	2.05 3.59	0.2 0.3	2.1				

Note1)The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **\(\Delta\) 1-392** .)

For the durability of the Oil-Free LM Guide for special environment, contact THK.

The value of permissible load F0 represents the permissible value for the strength of the dry lubricant S-compound film. Since the service life of the S film may vary according to the environment or the operating conditions, be sure to evaluate and validate the life under the service conditions and operating conditions at the customer.

Note2) For model SR15, two types of rails with different mounting hole dimensions are offered (see Table1).

When, replacing this model with model SSR, pay attention to the mounting hole dimension of the LM rail.

Contact THK for details.

Table1 The dimension of the rail mounting hole

		•
Model No.	Standard rail	Semi-Standard rail
SR 15	For M3 (No symbol)	For M4 (Symbol Y)

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

The following table shows the standard length and the maximum length of the LM rail of the Oil-Free LM Guide for special environments. If the overall rail length exceeds the maximum length, contact THK.

For dimension G if you require a special length, we recommend using the dimensions in the table. If dimension G is longer, the respective part tends to become unstable after installation, which may negatively affect the accuracy.

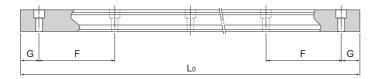


Table1 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SR-MS

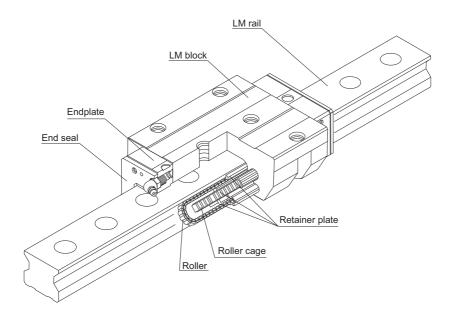
Unit: mm

Model No.	SR15MS	SR20MS
LM rail stan- dard length (L ₀)	160 220 280 340 400	220 280 340 400
Standard pitch F	60	60
G	20	20
Max length	400	400

Note1) If you desire a rail length larger than the maximum length, contact THK.

Note2) A connected-rail type is not available.

Structure and Features of the Caged Roller LM Guide



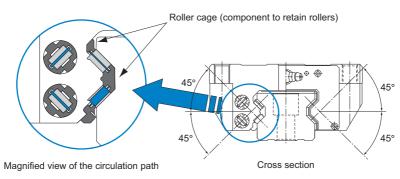


Fig.1 Structural Drawing of the Caged Roller LM Guide Model SRG

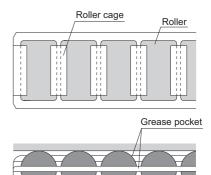
Caged Roller LM Guide is a roller guide that achieves low-friction, smooth motion and long-term maintenance-free operation by using a roller cage. In addition, to ensure ultra-high rigidity, rollers with low elastic deformation are used as the rolling elements and the roller diameter and the roller length are optimized.

Furthermore, the lines of rollers are placed at a contact angle of 45° so that the same rated load is applied in all (radial, reverse and lateral) directions.

Structure and Features of the Caged Roller LM Guide

Advantages of the Caged Roller Technology

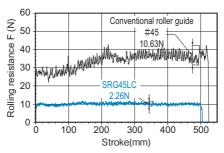
- (1) Evenly spaced and aligned rollers circulate, preventing the rollers from skewing, minimizing rolling resistance fluctuations and achieving smooth and stable motion.
- (2) The absence of friction between rollers allows grease to be retained in grease pockets and achieves long-term maintenance-free operation.
- (3) The absence of friction between rollers achieves low heat generation and superbly high speed.
- (4) The absence of roller-to-roller collision ensures low noise and acceptable running sound



[Smooth Motion]

Rolling Resistance Data

Evenly spaced and aligned rollers circulate, minimizing rolling resistance fluctuations and achieving smooth and stable motion.

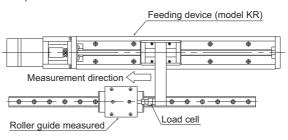


Result of Measuring Rolling Resistance Fluctuations

[Conditions]

Feeding speed: 10mm/s

Applied load: no load (one block)



Rolling Resistance Measuring Machine

[Long-term Maintenance-free Operation]

High-speed Durability Test Data

Use of a roller cage eliminates friction between rollers, minimizes heat generation and increases grease retention, thus to achieve long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Conditions]

Model No.: SRG45LC

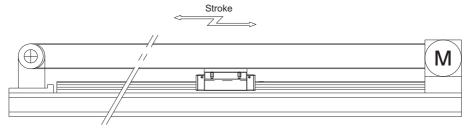
Magnitude of preload: clearance C0

Speed: 180m/min Acceleration: 1.5G Stroke: 2300mm

Lubrication: Initial lubrication only

(THKAFB-LF Grease)





Test result: No anomaly observed after running 15,000 km

Result of High-speed Durability Test

Structure and Features of the Caged Roller LM Guide

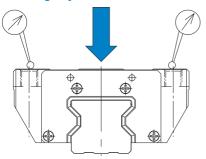
[Ultra-high Rigidity]

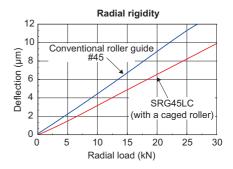
High Rigidity Evaluation Data

[Preload] SRG : radial clearance C0

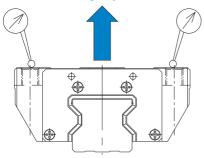
Conventional type : radial clearance equivalent to C0

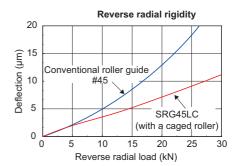
Radial rigidity



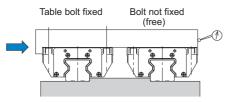


Reverse radial rigidity

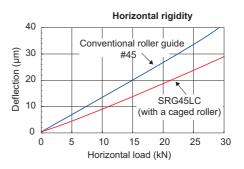




Horizontal rigidity



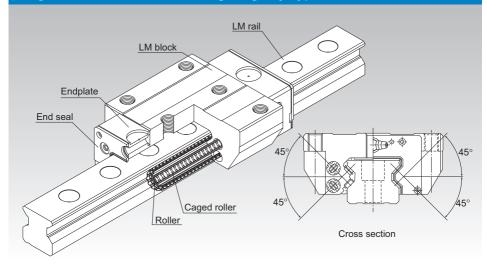
Rigidity is measured with the two axes placed in parallel and one of the axes not fixed with a bolt in order not to apply a moment.



SRG



Caged Roller LM Guide Ultra-high Rigidity Type Model SRG



*For the caged roller, see A1-394.

or the caged roller, see E 1-334.	
Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■ 1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A 1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	A1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-72
Accuracy Standards	A1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-448
Error Allowance of the Mounting Surface	A 1-403
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A1-471

Structure and Features

SRG is an ultra-high rigidity Roller Guide that uses roller cages to allow low-friction, smooth motion and achieve long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Ultra-high Rigidity]

A higher rigidity is achieved by using highly rigid rollers as the rolling elements and having the overall roller length more than 1.5 times greater than the roller diameter.

[4-way Equal Load]

Since each row of rollers is arranged at a contact angle of 45°so that the LM block receives an equal load rating in all four directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), high rigidity is ensured in all directions.

[Smooth Motion through Skewing Prevention]

The roller cage allows rollers to form an evenly spaced line while circulating, thus preventing the rollers from skewing as the block enters an loaded area. As a result, fluctuation of the rolling resistance is minimized, and stable, smooth motion is achieved.

[Long-term Maintenance-free Operation]

Use of roller cages eliminates friction between rollers and increases grease retention, enabling long-term maintenance-free operation to be achieved.

[Global Standard Size]

SRG is designed to have dimensions almost the same as that of Full Ball LM Guide model HSR, which THK as a pioneer of the linear motion system has developed and is practically a global standard size.

[Wide Array of Options]

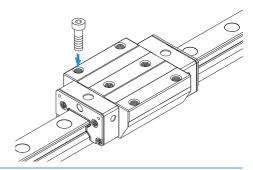
Various options are available, including end seal, inner seal, side seal, Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS, protector, side scraper and Cap GC, to respond to diversified service environments.

Types and Features

Models SRG-15A, 20A

The flange of the LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom.

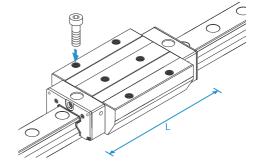
Specification Table⇒A1-404



Model SRG-20LA

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SRG-A, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

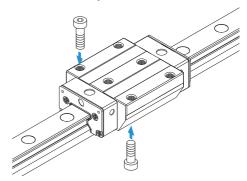
Specification Table⇒A1-404



Model SRG-C

The flange of the LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

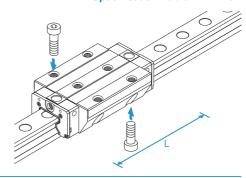
Specification Table⇒A1-404



Model SRG-LC

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SRG-C, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

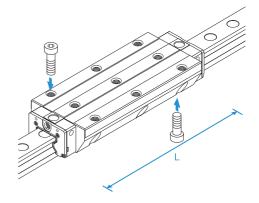
Specification Table⇒A1-404



Model SRG-SLC

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SRG-LC, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

Specification Table⇒A1-406

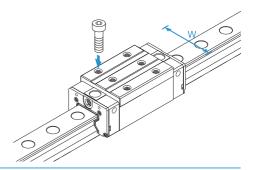


Model SRG-R

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

Used in places where the space for table width is limited.

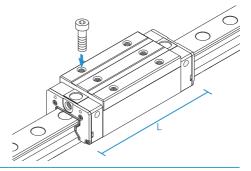
Specification Table⇒A1-410



Model SRG-LR

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SRG-R, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

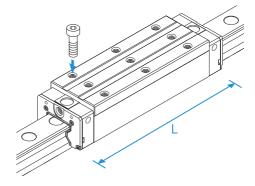
Specification Table⇒A1-410



Model SRG-SLR

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SRG-LR, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

Specification Table⇒A1-412



Error Allowance of the Mounting Surface

The caged roller LM Guide Model SRG features high rigidity since it uses rollers as its rolling element and it also features a cage-retainer which prevents the rollers from skewing. However, high machining accuracy is required in the mounting surface. If the error on the mounting surface is large, it will affect the rolling resistance and the service life. The following shows the maximum permissible value according to the radial clearance.

Table1 Error Allowance in Parallelism (P) between Two Rails

Unit: mm

Radial clearance	Normal	C1	C0
Model No.	Normai	Ci	CO
SRG 15	0.005	0.003	0.003
SRG 20	0.008	0.006	0.004
SRG 25	0.009	0.007	0.005
SRG 30	0.011	0.008	0.006
SRG 35	0.014	0.010	0.007
SRG 45	0.017	0.013	0.009
SRG 55	0.021	0.014	0.011
SRG 65	0.027	0.018	0.014
SRG 85	0.040	0.027	0.021
SRG 100	0.045	0.031	0.024

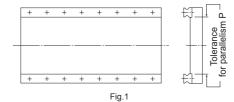


Table2 Error Allowance in Vertical Level (X) between Two Rails

Unit: mm

Radial clearance	Normal	C1	C0
Permissible error on the mounting surface X	0.00030a	0.00021a	0.00011a

X=X1 +X2 X1 : Level difference on the rail mounting surface

X2 : Level difference on the block mounting surface

Example of calculation

Rail span

when a = 500mm

Error allowance of the mounting

surface

 $X = 0.0003 \times 500$

= 0.15

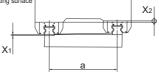


Fig.2

Table3 Error Allowance in Level (Y) in the Axial Direction

Unit: mm

Permissible error on the mounting surface

0.000036b

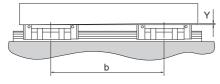
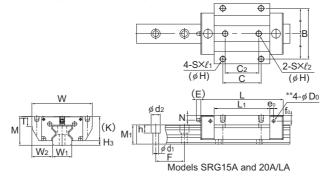


Fig.3

Models SRG-A, SRG-LA, SRG-C and SRG-LC



	Outer	dimer	nsions								LM bl	ock o	dimer	nsion	s					
Model No.	Height	Width	Length																	Grease
	М	W	L	В	С	C ₂	S	Н	ℓ_1	ℓ_2	Lı	Т	Τı	К	N	Ε	e₀	f o	Do	nipple
SRG 15A	24	47	69.2	38	30	26	M5	(4.3)	8	7.5	45	7	(8)	20	4	4.5	4	6	2.9	PB107
SRG 20A SRG 20LA	30	63	86.2 106.2	53	40	35	M6	(5.4)	10	9	58 78	10	(10)	25.4	5	4.5	4	6	2.9	PB107
SRG 25C SRG 25LC	36	70	95.5 115.1	57	45	40	M8	6.8	_	_	65.5 85.1	9.5	10	31.5	5.5	12	6	6.4	5.2	B-M6F
SRG 30C SRG 30LC	42	90	111 135	72	52	44	M10	8.5	_	_	75 99	12	14	37	6.5	12	6	7.5	5.2	B-M6F

Model number coding

SRG30 LC 2 QZ TTHH C0 +1200L P Z T -II

Model Type of number LM block With QZ Lubricator

No. of LM blocks

used on the same rail

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm) With plate cover

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Radial clearance symbol (*2)
Normal (No symbol)

rail jointed use

Light preload (C1)

Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

Precision grade (P)/Su

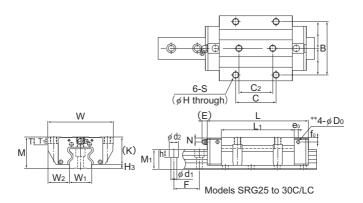
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

Symbol for LM

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on \$\textit{A1-496.}\$ (*2) See \$\textit{A1-72.}\$ (*3) See \$\textit{A1-76.}\$ (*4) See \$\textit{A1-13.}\$

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



			LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	kN-m*	Ма	ISS
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	24.11	∏ ✓≽		₩ 7≅	ž(þ	LM block	LM rail
Нз	W₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks		kg	kg/m
4	15	16	15.5	30	$4.5 \times 7.5 \times 5.3$	3000	11.3	25.8	0.21	1.24	0.21	1.24	0.24	0.20	1.58
4.6	20	21.5	20	30	6×9.5×8.5	3000	21 26.7	46.9 63.8	0.48 0.88	2.74 4.49	0.48 0.88	2.74 4.49	0.58 0.79	0.42 0.57	2.58
4.5	23	23.5	23	30	7×11×9	3000	27.9 34.2	57.5 75	0.641 1.07	3.7 5.74	0.641 1.07	3.7 5.74	0.795 1.03	0.7 0.9	3.6
5	28	31	26	40	9×14×12	3000	39.3 48.3	82.5 108	1.02 1.76	6.21 9.73	1.02 1.76	6.21 9.73	1.47 1.92	1.2 1.6	4.4

Note1) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

THK will mount a grease nipple per your request. Therefore, do not use the greasing hole of the top face and the side nipple pilot hole** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block

where the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see M1-12 and M24-2, respectively.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-414.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

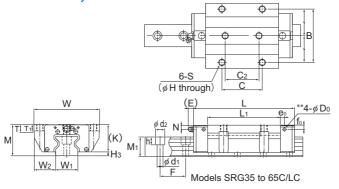
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Note2) If the mounting holes (4 holes) of the LM block are back spot-faced, these models can be mounted on the table from the top and the bottom as with model SRG-C

The value in the parentheses represents a dimension if the mounting hole is back spot-faced.

Contact THK for details.

Models SRG-C, SRG-LC and SRG-SLC



	Outer	dimer	nsions							- 1	LM bl	ock o	dimer	nsion	S					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	C ₂	S	Н	ℓ 1	ℓ_2	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	E	e ₀	fo	Do	Grease nipple
SRG 35C SRG 35LC SRG 35SLC	48	100	125 155 180.8	82	62 100	52 —	M10	8.5	_	_	82.2 112.2 138.0	11.5	10	42	6.5	12	6	6	5.2	B-M6F
SRG 45C SRG 45LC SRG 45SLC	60	120	155 190 231.5	100	80 120	60 —	M12	10.5	_	_	107 142 183.5	14.5	15	52	10	16	7	7	5.2	B-PT1/8
SRG 55C SRG 55LC SRG 55SLC	70	140	185 235 292	116	95 150	70 —	M14	12.5	_	_	129.2 179.2 236.2	17.5	18	60	12	16	9	8.5	5.2	B-PT1/8
SRG 65C SRG 65LC SRG 65SLC	90	170	244.9 303 380	142	110 200	82 —	M16	14.5	_	_	171.7 229.8 306.8	19.5	20	78.5	17	16	9	13.5	5.2	B-PT1/8

Model number coding

number

TTHH C0 +1200L SRG45 QZ Model Type of With QZ

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

LM block

Contamination protection Lubricator accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

With plate cover

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol)

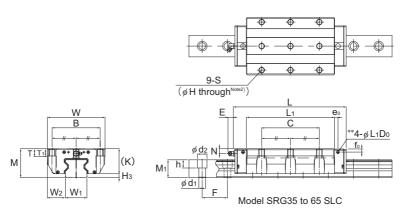
Symbol for LM rail jointed use

Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Accuracy symbol (*3) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-72. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



			LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ma	ISS
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	2	1 _A			5	LM block	LM rail
Нз	W₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
6	34	33	30	40	9×14×12	3000	59.1 76 87.9	119 165 199	1.66 3.13 4.53	10.1 17 23.9	1.66 3.13 4.53	10.1 17 23.9	2.39 3.31 4.09	1.9 2.4 3.2	6.9
8	45	37.5	37	52.5	14×20×17	3090	91.9 115 139	192 256 328	3.49 6.13 9.99	20 32.2 50.0	3.49 6.13 9.99	20 32.2 50.0	4.98 6.64 8.91	3.7 4.5 6.3	11.6
10	53	43.5	43	60	16×23×20	3060	131 167 210	266 366 488	5.82 10.8 19.1	33 57 93.7	5.82 10.8 19.1	33 57 93.7	8.19 11.2 15.6	5.9 7.8 10.7	15.8
11.5	63	53.5	54	75	18×26×22	3000	219 278 352	441 599 811	12.5 22.7 41.3	72.8 120 202	12.5 22.7 41.3	72.8 120 202	16.8 22.1 30.9	12.5 16.4 22.3	23.7

Note1) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

THK will mount a grease nipple per your request. Therefore, do not use the greasing hole of the top face and the side nipple pilot hole** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block

where the piping joint should be attached.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-414.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

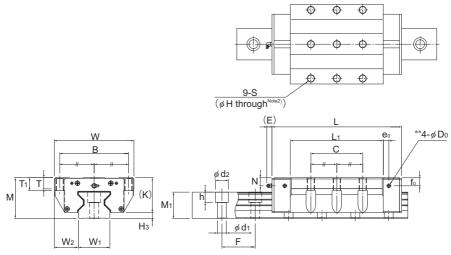
Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Note2) If the mounting holes (4 holes) of the LM block are back spot-faced, these models can be mounted on the table from the top and the bottom as with model SRG-C.

The value in the parentheses represents a dimension if the mounting hole is back spot-faced.

Contact THK for details.

Model SRG-LC



Model SRG85LC

	Outer	dimer	nsions						LM	block	dime	ension	S				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S	Н	L ₁	Т	T 1	К	N	E	e₀	fo	D ₀	Grease nipple
SRG 85LC	110	215	350	185	140	M20	17.8	250.8	30	35	94	22	16	15	22	8.2	B-PT1/8
SRG 100LC	120	250	395	220	200	M20	17.8	280.2	35	38	104	23	16	15	23	8.2	B-PT1/4

Model number coding

C0 +2610L

Model Type of number LM block

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

Radial clearance symbol (*2)

With plate cover

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

No. of LM blocks Normal (No symbol) used on the same rail Light preload (C1)

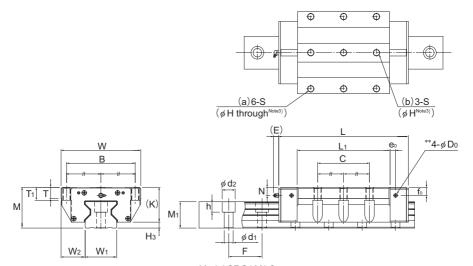
Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-72. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Model SRG100LC

Unit: mm

			LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic lo	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	(N-m*	Ma	ISS	
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C₀	2 (14			(1) §	LM block	LM rail	
Нз	W₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks		Double blocks		kg	kg/m	
16	85	65	71	90	24×35×28	3000	497	990	45.3	239	45.3	239	51.9	26.2	35.7	
16	100	75	77	105	26×39×32	3000	601	1170	60	319	60	319	72.3	37.6	46.8	

Note1) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

See A1-415 for details.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **M1-414**.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

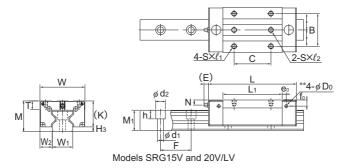
The removing/mounting jig is not provided as standard. When desiring to use it, contact THK.

Note2) The LM block mounting holes (9 holes) of SRG85LC are all through holes (full thread).

Note3) The LM block mounting holes in part (a) (6 holes) of SRG100LC are through holes (full thread).

The LM block mounting holes in part (b) (3 holes) have effective thread depth of 22 mm.

Models SRG-V, SRG-LV, SRG-R and SRG-LR



	Ou	ter (dime	nsions							LM	block	dime	nsion	S				
Model No		ht V	Vidth	Length															Grease nipple
	M		W	L	В	С	S	ℓ	ℓ_1	ℓ_2	L₁	Т	K	N	Е	e₀	f _o	D₀	
SRG 15V	24	ŀ	34	69.2	26	26	M4	_	5	7.5	45	6	20	4	4.5	4	6	2.9	PB107
SRG 20V SRG 20LV	30)	44	86.2 106.2	32	36 50	M5	_	7	9	58 78	8	25.4	5	4.5	4	6	2.9	PB107
SRG 25R SRG 25LR	40)	48	95.5 115.1	35	35 50	M6	9	_	_	65.5 85.1	9.5	35.5	9.5	12	6	10.4	5.2	B-M6F
SRG 30R SRG 30LR	45	5	60	111 135	40	40 60	M8	10	_	_	75 99	12	40	9.5	12	6	10.5	5.2	B-M6F

Model number coding

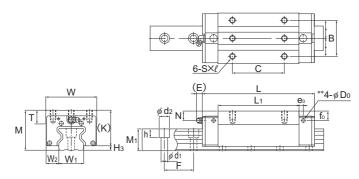
+1200L SRG30 LR QZ TTHH CO With QZ Contamination Model Type of LM rail length With plate Symbol for No. of rails used on the protection (in mm) cover LM block number Lubricator accessory same plane (*4) symbol (*1) Symbol for LM No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) rail jointed use used on the same rail Normal (No symbol) Accuracy symbol (*3) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **Δ1-496**. (*2) See **Δ1-72**. (*3) See **Δ1-76**. (*4) See **Δ1-13**.

Ultra precision grade (UP)

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Models SRG25 to 30R/LR/LV

			LM	rail dir	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Ma	ISS
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C _o	2	√ ₹	2		j) N	LM block	LM rail
Нз	W₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
4	15	9.5	15.5	30	$4.5 \times 7.5 \times 5.3$	3000	11.3	25.8	0.21	1.24	0.21	1.24	0.24	0.15	1.58
4.6	20	12	20	30	6×9.5×8.5	3000	21 26.7	46.9 63.8	0.48 0.88	2.74 4.49	0.48 0.88	2.74 4.49	0.58 0.79	0.28 0.38	2.58
4.5	23	12.5	23	30	7×11×9	3000	27.9 34.2	57.5 75	0.641 1.07	3.7 5.74	0.641 1.07	3.7 5.74	0.795 1.03	0.6 0.8	3.6
5	28	16	26	40	9×14×12	3000	39.3 48.3	82.5 108	1.02 1.76	6.21 9.73	1.02 1.76	6.21 9.73	1.47 1.92	0.9 1.2	4.4

Note) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

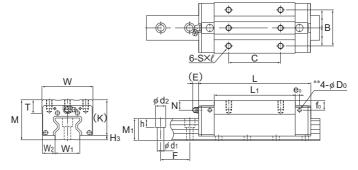
THK will mount a grease nipple per your request. Therefore, do not use the greasing hole of the top face and the side nipple pilot hole** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple. In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see **1-12** and **24-2**, respectively.

The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-414.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SRG-V, SRG-LV, SRG-SLV, SRG-R, SRG-LR and SRG-SLR



Models SRG35 to 65R/LR/LV

	Oute	r dime	nsions							LM	block	dime	nsions	S				
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length L	В	С	S	l	ℓ_1	ℓ_2	L ₁	Т	К	N	Е	e ₀	fo	Do	Grease nipple
SRG 35R SRG 35LR SRG 35SLR	55	70	125 155 180.8	50	50 72 100	M8	12	_	_	82.2 112.2 138.0	18.5	49	13.5	12	6	13	5.2	B-M6F
SRG 45R SRG 45LR SRG 45SLR	70	86	155 190 231.5	60	60 80 120	M10	20	_	_	107 142 183.5	24.5	62	20	16	7	17	5.2	B-PT1/8
SRG 55R SRG 55LR SRG 55SLR	80	100	185 235 292	75	75 95 150	M12	18	_	_	129.2 179.2 236.2	27.5	70	22	16	9	18.5	5.2	B-PT1/8
SRG 65V SRG 65LV SRG 65SLV	90	126	244.9 303 380	76	70 120 200	M16	20	_	_	171.7 229.8 306.8	19.5	78.5	17	16	9	13.5	5.2	B-PT1/8

Model number coding

SRG45 LR 2 QZ TTHH C0 +1200L P Z T -II

With QZ Contamination Model Type of LM rail length With plate Symbol for No. of protection rails used on the number LM block Lubricator (in mm) cover accessory same plane (*4) symbol (*1) Symbol for LM No. of LM blocks rail jointed use

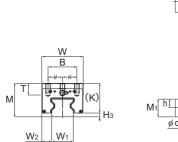
used on the same rail
Radial clearance symbol (*2)
Normal (No symbol)
Light preload (C1)
Medium preload (C0)
Prel

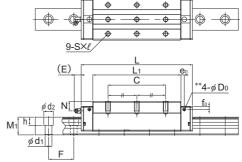
Accuracy symbol (*3)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **A1-496**. (*2) See **A1-72**. (*3) See **A1-76**. (*4) See **A1-13**.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





Models SRG35 to 65 SLR

1.8.4 (1.1)															
			LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static	permis	sible m	oment l	κN-m*	Mass	
	Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C₀	2	14	2	■	M _c	LM block	LM rail
Нз	W₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1{\times}d_2{\times}h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
6	34	18	30	40	9×14×12	3000	59.1 76 87.9	119 165 199	1.66 3.13 4.53	10.1 17 23.9	1.66 3.13 4.53	10.1 17 23.9	2.39 3.31 4.09	1.6 2.1 2.6	6.9
8	45	20.5	37	52.5	14×20×17	3090	91.9 115 139	192 256 328	3.49 6.13 9.99	20 32.2 50.0	3.49 6.13 9.99	20 32.2 50.0	4.98 6.64 8.91	3.2 4.1 5.4	11.6
10	53	23.5	43	60	16×23×20	3060	131 167 210	266 366 488	5.82 10.8 19.1	33 57 93.7	5.82 10.8 19.1	33 57 93.7	8.19 11.2 15.6	5 6.9 9.2	15.8
11.5	63	31.5	54	75	18×26×22	3000	219 278 352	441 599 811	12.5 22.7 41.3	72.8 120 202	12.5 22.7 41.3	72.8 120 202	16.8 22.1 30.9	9.0 12.1 16.1	23.7

Note) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

THK will mount a grease nipple per your request. Therefore, do not use the greasing hole of the top face and the side nipple pilot hole** for purposes other than mounting a grease nipple.

In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block

where the piping joint should be attached

Where the piping form should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see M1-12 and M24-2, respectively.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-414.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table4 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SRG variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

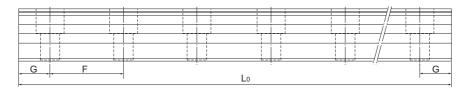


Table4 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SRG

Unit: mm

Model No.	SRG 15	SRG 20	SRG 25	SRG 30	SRG 35	SRG 45	SRG 55	SRG 65	SRG 85	SRG 100
LM rail standard length (L _o)	160 220 280 340 4400 460 520 580 640 700 820 940 1000 1120 1180 1240 1360 1480 1600	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1180 1240 1360 1480 1600 1720 1840 1960 2080 2200	220 280 340 400 460 520 580 640 700 760 820 940 1000 1180 1240 1300 1420 1480 1540 1600 1720 1840 1960 2080 2200 2320 2440	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1160 1240 1320 1440 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 2040 2200 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	570 675 780 885 990 1095 1200 1305 1410 1515 1620 1725 1830 1935 2040 2145 2250 2355 2460 2565 2670 2775 2880 2985 3090	780 900 1020 1140 1260 1380 1500 1620 1740 1860 2100 2220 2340 2460 2580 2700 2820 2940 3060	1270 1570 2020 2620	1530 1890 2250 2610	1340 1760 2180 2600
Standard pitch F	30	30	30	40	40	52.5	60	75	90	105
G	20	20	20	20	20	22.5	30	35	45	40
Max length	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3090	3060	3000	3000	3000

Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Greasing Hole

[Greasing Hole for Model SRG]

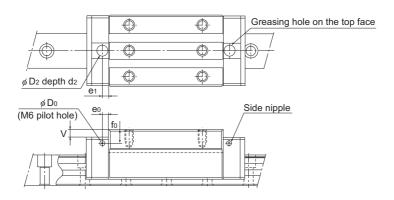
Model SRG allows lubrication from both the side and top faces of the LM block. The greasing hole of standard types is not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the LM block. When using the greasing hole, contact THK.

When using the greasing hole on the top face of models SRG-R, SRG-LR and SRG-SLR, a greasing adapter is separately required. Contact THK for details.

If the mounting orientation of the LM Guide is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely.

Be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see A1-12 and A24-2, respectively.



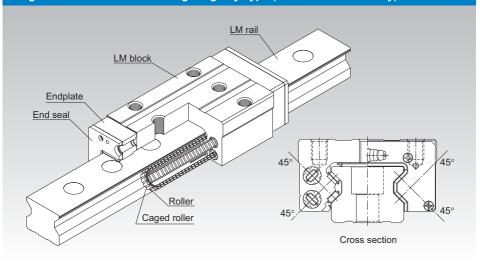
		Pilot h	ole for side	nipple	Applicable	Greasing hole on the f		e top face		
Mod	el No.	e₀	f ₀	D ₀	nipple	D_2	(O-ring)	V	e₁	d ₂
	15A 15V	4	6	2.9	PB107	9.2	(P6)	0.5	5.5	1.5
	20A 20LA	4	6	2.9	PB107	9.2	(P6)	0.5	6.5	1.5
	20V 20LV	4	6	2.9	PB107	9.2	(P6)	0.5	6.5	1.5
	25C 25LC	6	6.4	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.5	6	1.5
	25R 25LR	6	10.4	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	4.5	6	1.5
	30C 30LC	6	7.5	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	6	1.4
	30R 30LR	6	10.5	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	3.4	6	1.4
	35C 35LC 35SLC	6	6	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	6	1.4
SRG	35R 35LR 35SLR	6	13	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	7.4	6	1.4
	45C 45LC 45SLC	7	7	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	7	1.4
	45R 45LR 45SLR	7	17	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	10.4	7	1.4
	55C 55LC 55SLC	9	8.5	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	11	1.4
	55R 55LR 55SLR	9	18.5	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	10.4	11	1.4
	65C 65LC 65SLC	9	13.5	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	10	1.4
	65V 65LV 65SLV	9	13.5	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	10	1.4
	85LC	15	22	8.2	PT1/8	13	(P10)	0.4	10	1
	100LC	15	23	8.2	PT1/8	13	(P10)	0.4	10	1

Note) The greasing interval is longer than that of full-roller types because of the roller cage effect. However, the actual greasing interval may vary depending on the service environment, such as a high load and high speed. Contact THK for details.

SRN



Caged Roller LM Guide Ultra-high Rigidity Type (Low Center of Gravity) Model SRN



*For the caged roller, see A1-394.

Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-72
Accuracy Standards	A 1-76
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A1-448
Error Allowance of the Mounting Surface	A1-421
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A 1-471

Structure and Features

SRN is an ultra-high rigidity Roller Guide that uses roller cages to allow low-friction, smooth motion and achieve long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Ultra-high Rigidity]

A higher rigidity is achieved by using highly rigid rollers as the rolling elements and having the overall roller length more than 1.5 times greater than the roller diameter.

[4-way Equal Load]

Since each row of rollers is arranged at a contact angle of 45°so that the LM block receives an equal load rating in all directions (radial, reverse radial and lateral directions), high rigidity is ensured in all directions.

[Smooth Motion through Skewing Prevention]

The roller cage allows rollers to form an evenly spaced line while circulating, thus preventing the rollers from skewing as the block enters an loaded area. As a result, fluctuation of the rolling resistance is minimized, and stable, smooth motion is achieved.

[Long-term Maintenance-free Operation]

Use of roller cages eliminates friction between rollers and increases grease retention, enabling long-term maintenance-free operation to be achieved.

[Low-Profile Low Center of Gravity]

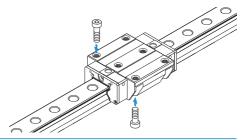
Because it has a lower total height than the Caged Roller LM Guide Model SRG, it is ideal for compact designs.

Types and Features

Model SRN-C

The flange of the LM block has tapped holes. Can be mounted from the top or the bottom. Used in places where the table cannot have through holes for mounting bolts.

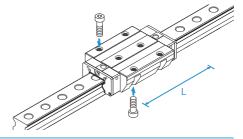
Specification Table⇒A1-422



Model SRN-LC

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SRN-C, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

Specification Table⇒A1-422

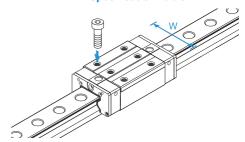


Model SRN-R

With this type, the LM block has a smaller width (W) and tapped holes.

Used in places where the space for table width is limited.

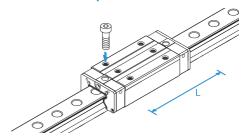
Specification Table⇒A1-424



Model SRN-LR

The LM block has the same cross-sectional shape as model SRN-R, but has a longer overall LM block length (L) and a greater rated load.

Specification Table⇒A1-424



Error Allowance of the Mounting Surface

The caged roller LM Guide Model SRG features high rigidity since it uses rollers as its rolling element and it also features a cage which prevents the rollers from skewing. However, high machining accuracy is required in the mounting surface. If the error on the mounting surface is large, it will affect the rolling resistance and the service life. The following shows the maximum permissible value according to the radial clearance.

Table1 Error Allowance in Parallelism (P) between Two Rails

Unit: mm

Radial clearance	Normal	C1	C0
Model No.	Normai	01	CO
SRN 35	0.014	0.010	0.007
SRN 45	0.017	0.013	0.009
SRN 55	0.021	0.014	0.011
SRN 65	0.027	0.018	0.014

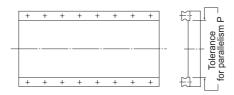


Fig.1

Table2 Error Allowance in Vertical Level (X) between Two Rails

Unit: mm

Radial clearance	Normal	C1	C0
Permissible error on the mounting surface X	0.00030a	0.00021a	0.00011a

 $X=X_1+X_2$ X_1 : Level difference on the rail mounting surface

X2: Level difference on the block mounting surface

Example of calculation

Rail span when a = 500 mm

Error allowance $X = 0.0003 \times 500$ of the mounting = 0.15

surface

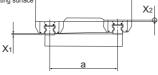


Fig.2

Table3 Error Allowance in Level (Y) in the Axial Direction

Unit: mm

	` '	******
Permissible error on the mounting surface	0.0000	36b

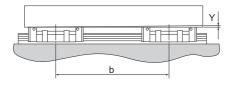
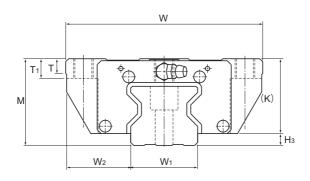


Fig.3

Models SRN-C and SRN-LC



	Outer	dimer	nsions						L	M blo	ock d	imen	sions	5					
Model No.	Height M	Width	Length	В	С	C ₂	S	Н	L ₁	Т	T ₁	К	N	Е	e ₀	fo	D ₀	Grease nipple	H₃
SRN 35C SRN 35LC	44	100	125 155	82	62	52	M10	8.5	82.2 112.2	7.5	10	38	6.5	12	8	7	5.2	B-M6F	6
SRN 45C SRN 45LC	52	120	155 190	100	80	60	M12	10.5	107 142	7.5	15	45	7	12	8.5	7.6	5.2	B-M6F	7
SRN 55C SRN 55LC	63	140	185 235	116	95	70	M14	12.5	129 179.2	10.5	18	53	8	16	10	9.8	5.2	PT1/8	10
SRN 65LC	75	170	303	142	110	82	M16	14.5	229.8	19.5	20	65	14	16	9	13	5.2	PT1/8	11.5

Model number coding

SRN45 C 2 QZ KK C0 +1160L P Z T - II

Model Type of number LM block

With QZ Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

With plate cover

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

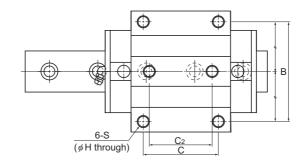
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Symbol for LM rail jointed use

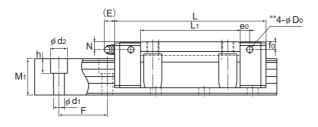
Accuracy symbol (*3) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-72. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with Q2 Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with Q2, contact THK.





		LM	rail din	nensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static permissible momen			oment l	κN-m*	Mass	
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	Co	N C	14	2		M° CG	LM block	LM rail
W₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks		kg	kg/m
34	33	30	40	9×14×12	3000	59.1 76	119 165	1.66 3.13	10.1 17	1.66 3.13	10.1 17	2.39 3.31	1.6 2	6.9
45	37.5	36	52.5	14×20×17	3090	91.9 115	192 256	3.49 6.13	20 32.2	3.49 6.13	20 32.2	4.98 6.64	3 3.6	11.3
53	43.5	43	60	16×23×20	3060	131 167	266 366	5.82 10.8	33 57	5.82 10.8	33 57	8.19 11.2	4.9 6.4	15.8
63	53.5	49	75	18×26×22	3000	278	599	22.7	120	22.7	120	22.1	12.7	21.3

Note) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

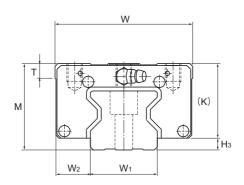
See **\textstyle 1-427** for details.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-426.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Models SRN-R and SRN-LR



	Oute	r dime	nsions					LM bl	ock d	imens	sions					
Model No.	Height M	Width W	Length L	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	К	N	E	e₀	f _o	D ₀	Grease nipple	Н₃
SRN 35R SRN 35LR	44	70	125 155	50	50 72	M8×9	82.2 112.2	7.5	38	6.5	12	8	7	5.2	B-M6F	6
SRN 45R SRN 45LR	52	86	155 190	60	60 80	M10×11	107 142	7.5	45	7	12	8.5	7.6	5.2	B-M6F	7
SRN 55R SRN 55LR	63	100	185 235	75	75 95	M12×13	129 179.2	10.5	53	8	16	10	9.8	5.2	PT1/8	10
SRN 65LR	75	126	303	76	120	M16×16	229.8	19.5	65	14	16	9	13	5.2	PT1/8	11.5

Model number coding

SRN45 C0 +1200L

Model Type of LM block number

With QZ lubricator protection

Contamination accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length (in mm)

With plate cover

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Symbol for LM rail jointed use

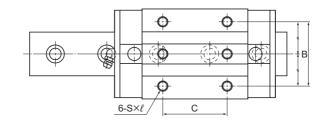
No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

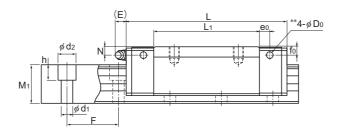
Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-72. (*3) See A1-76. (*4) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.





		LM	rail dir	mensions		Basic loa	ad rating	Static permissible moment				κN-m*	Mass	
Width		Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	2 \	14	211		M°	LM block	LM rail
W ₁ 0 -0.05	W ₂	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
34	18	30	40	9×14×12	3000	59.1 76	119 165	1.66 3.13	10.1 17	1.66 3.13	10.1 17	2.39 3.31	1.1 1.4	6.9
45	20.5	36	52.5	14×20×17	3090	91.9 115	192 256	3.49 6.13	20 32.2	3.49 6.13	20 32.2	4.98 6.64	1.9 2.5	11.3
53	23.5	43	60	16×23×20	3060	131 167	266 366	5.82 10.8	33 57	5.82 10.8	33 57	8.19 11.2	3.2 4.5	15.8
63	31.5	49	75	18×26×22	3000	278	599	22.7	120	22.7	120	22.1	9.4	21.3

Note) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

See **\textstyle 1-427** for details.

The maximum length under "Length" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See M1-426.)

Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table4 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SRN variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used. Contact THK for details. For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

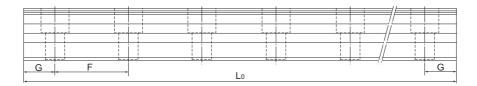


Table4 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SRN

Unit: mm

Model No.	SRN 35	SRN 45	SRN 55	SRN 65
LM rail standard length (L₀)	280 360 440 520 600 680 760 840 920 1000 1080 1160 1240 1320 1400 1480 1560 1640 1720 1800 1880 1960 2040 2200 2360 2520 2680 2840 3000	570 675 780 885 990 1095 1200 1305 1410 1515 1620 1725 1830 1935 2040 2145 2250 2355 2460 2565 2670 2775 2880 2985 3090	780 900 1020 1140 1260 1380 1500 1620 1740 1860 1980 2100 2220 2340 2460 2580 2700 2820 2940 3060	1270 1570 2020 2620
Standard pitch F	40	52.5	60	75
G	20	22.5	30	35
Max length	3000	3090	3060	3000

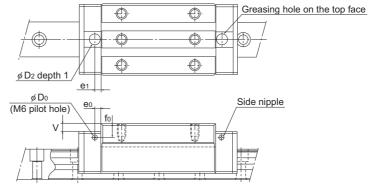
Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Greasing Hole

[Greasing Hole for Model SRN]

Model SRN allows lubrication from both the side and top faces of the LM block. The greasing hole of standard types is not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the LM block. When using the greasing hole, contact THK.



Unit: mm

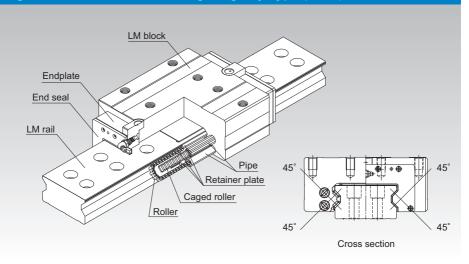
Model No.		Pilot h	ole for side	nipple	Applicable	Greasing hole on the top face						
IVIOUE	ei ivo.	e₀	f ₀ D ₀		nipple	D ₂	(O-ring)	V	e ₁			
	35C 35LC	8	7.0	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	6			
	35R 35LR	8	7.0 5.2		M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	6			
	45C 45LC	8.5	7.6	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	7			
SRN	45R 45LR	8.5	7.6	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	7			
	55C 55LC	10	9.8 5.2		M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	11			
	55R 55LR	10 9.8 5.3		5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	11			
	65LC	9 13 5.2		M6F	10.2	10.2 (P7)		10				
	65LR	9	13	5.2	M6F	10.2	(P7)	0.4	10			

Note) The greasing interval is longer than that of full-roller types because of the roller cage effect. However, the actual greasing interval may vary depending on the service environment, such as a high load and high speed. Contact THK for details.

SRW



Caged Roller LM Guide Ultra-high Rigidity Type (Wide) Model SRW



*For the caged roller, see A1-394.

Point of Selection	A1-10
Point of Design	A1-436
Options	A 1-459
Model No.	A1-524
Precautions on Use	A1-530
Accessories for Lubrication	A24-1
Mounting Procedure and Maintenance	■1-89
Equivalent moment factor	A1-43
Rated Loads in All Directions	△ 1-58
Equivalent factor in each direction	A1-60
Radial Clearance	A1-72
Accuracy Standards	A 1-84
Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius	A 1-448
Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface	A 1-431
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached	A 1-471

Structure and Features

Based on Caged Roller LM Guide model SRG, this model has a wider rail and two rows of LM rail mounting holes to achieve high mounting strength and mounting stability. SRW is an ultra-high rigidity Roller Guide that uses roller cages to allow low-friction, smooth motion and achieve long-term maintenance-free operation.

[Ultra-high Rigidity]

Since it has a wide rail and can be secured on the table using two rows of mounting bolts, the mounting strength is significantly increased. In addition, since the crosswise raceway distance (L) is large, model SRW is structurally strong against a moment load (Mc moment) in the rolling direction. Furthermore, model SRW uses rollers that show little elastic deformation as its rolling elements, and the overall length of each roller is 1.5 times greater than the diameter, thus to increase the rigidity.

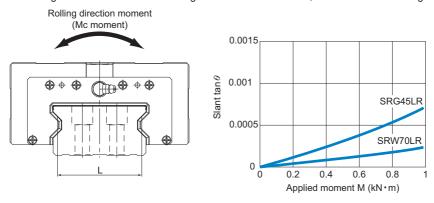


Fig.1 Result of Comparison between Models SRW and SRG in Moment Rigidity in the Rolling Direction (Mc Moment)

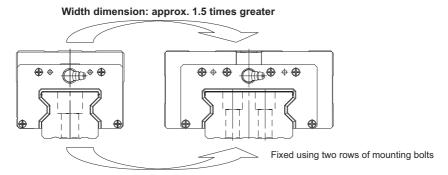


Fig.2 Comparison between Models SRW and SRG in Cross Section

[Smoothness Achieved through Skewing Prevention]

The roller cage allows rollers to form an evenly spaced line while circulating, thus preventing the rollers from skewing as the block enters an loaded area. As a result, fluctuation of the rolling resistance is minimized, and stable, smooth motion is achieved.

[Long-term Maintenance-free Operation]

Use of the roller cage eliminates friction between rollers and enables the lubricant to be retained in grease pockets formed between adjacent rollers. As the rollers circulate, the grease pocket serves to provide the required amount of lubricant to the contact curvature of the spacer and the roller, thus to achieve long-term maintenance-free operation.

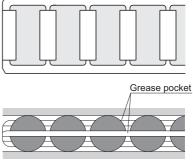


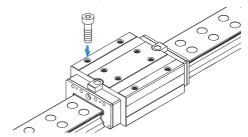
Fig.3

Types and Features

Model SRW-LR

The LM block has tapped holes.

Specification Table⇒A1-432



Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface

The Caged Roller LM Guide Model SRW features high rigidity since the raceway is made up of rollers, preventing roller skew due to the roller cage. However, high machining accuracy is required in the mounting surface. If the error on the mounting surface is large, it will affect the rolling resistance and the service life. The following shows the maximum permissible value (limit value) according to the radial clearance.

Table1 Error in Parallelism (P) between Two Rails

Unit: mm

Radial clearance	Normal	C1	C0		
Model No.	INOITHAL				
SRW 70	0.013	0.009	0.007		
SRW 85	0.016	0.011	0.008		
SRW 100	0.020	0.014	0.011		
SRW 130	0.026	0.018	0.014		
SRW 150	0.030	0.021	0.016		

Table2 Error in Level (X) between Two Rails

Unit: mm

			O
Radial clearance	Normal	C1	C0
Accuracy of the mounting surface X	0.00020a	0.00014a	0.000072a

 $X=X_1+X_2$

X₁: Level difference on the rail mounting surface

X₂: Level difference on the block mounting surface

Fig.4

Table3 Error in Level (Y) in the Axial Direction Unit: mm

Accuracy of the

mounting surface

0.000036b

Example of calculation

When the rail span:

a=500mm

Accuracy of the mounting surface





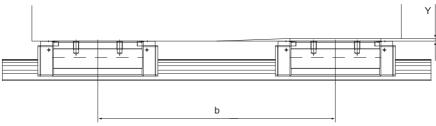
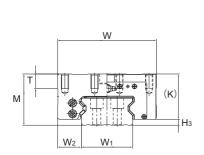
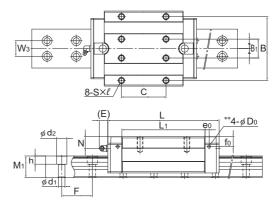


Fig.6

Model SRW-LR





Models SRW70 to 100LR

	Outer dimensions LM block dimensions																
Model No.	Height				B ₁	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	K	N	E	e ₀	fo	Do	Grease nipple	H₃
SRW 70LR	70	135	190	115	34	80	M10×20	142	20	62	20	16	7	19	5.2	B-PT1/8	8
SRW 85LR	80	165	235	140	40	95	M12×19	179.2	28	70	22	16	9	19.5	5.2	B-PT1/8	10
SRW 100LR	100	200	303	172	50	110	M14×20	229.8	20	88.5	27	16	9	26	5.2	B-PT1/8	11.5
SRW 130LR	130	260	350	220	65	140	M20×35	250.8	30	114	25	16	15	42	8.2	B-PT1/8	16
SRW 150LR	150	300	395	260	75	200	M20×40	280.2	35	134	28.8	16	15	53	8.2	B-PT1/4	16

Model number coding

SRW70LR 2 QZ KKHH C0 +1200L P Z T -II

Model number

With QZ Lubricator Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1) LM rail length (in mm)

With plate cover

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Acci Symbol for LM rail jointed use

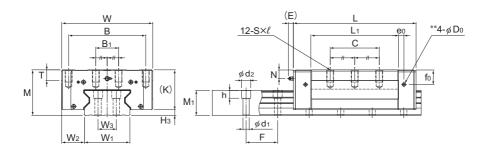
Light preload (C1)
Medium preload (C0)

Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP)
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **\Delta 1-496**. (*2) See **\Delta 1-72**. (*3) See **\Delta 1-84**. (*4) See **\Delta 1-13**.

Note) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.



Models SRW130 and 150LR

Unit: mm

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·															
LM rail dimensions					Basic lo	Basic load rating Static permissible moment kN-m*				κN-m*	Ма	SS			
Width			Height	Pitch		Length*	С	C ₀	N .	<u> </u>	 		(1) §	LM block	LM rail
W₁ 0 -0.05	W_2	W₃	M ₁	F	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$	Max	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
70	32.5	28	37	52.5	11×17.5×14	3090	115	256	6.13	32.2	6.13	32.2	10.2	6.3	18.6
85	40	32	43	60	14×20×17	3060	167	366	10.8	57	10.8	57	17.5	11.0	26.7
100	50	38	54	75	16×23×20	3000	278	599	22.7	120	22.7	120	33.9	21.6	35.9
130	65	52	71	90	18×26×22	3000	497	990	45.3	239	45.3	239	74.2	41.7	61.0
150	75	60	77	105	24×35×28	3000	601	1170	60	319	60	319	101.6	65.1	74.4

Note1) Model SRW is attached with "SS" as standard.

Note2) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Note3) For the standard LM rail length, see Table4 on 11-434.

Note4) The greasing hole on the top face and the pilot hole of the side nipple** are not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the block.

For details, see **21-435**. Note5) The removing/mounting jig is not provided as standard. When desiring to use it, contact THK.

The maximum length under "Length*" indicates the standard maximum length of an LM rail. (See **A1-434**.) Static permissible moment*: 1 block: static permissible moment value with 1 LM block

Double blocks: static permissible moment value with 2 blocks closely contacting with each other

Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail

Table4 shows the standard lengths and the maximum lengths of model SRW variations. If the maximum length of the desired LM rail exceeds them, jointed rails will be used.

For the G dimension when a special length is required, we recommend selecting the corresponding G value from the table. The longer the G dimension is, the less stable the G area may become after installation, thus causing an adverse impact to accuracy.

If desiring connected use of this model, be sure to indicate the overall length so that we can manufacture the product without leaving a level difference in the joint.

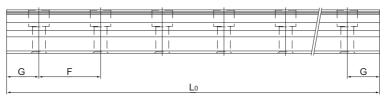


Table4 Standard Length and Maximum Length of the LM Rail for Model SRW

Unit: mm

Model No.	SRW 70	SRW 85	SRW 100	SRW 130	SRW 150
LM rail standard length (L₀)	570 675 780 885 990 1095 1200 1305 1410 1515 1620 1725 1830 1935 2040 2145 2250 2355 2460 2565 2670 2775 2880 2985	780 900 1020 1140 1260 1380 1500 1620 1740 1860 1980 2100 2220 2340 2460 2580 2700 2820 2940 3060	1270 1570 2020 2620	1530 1890 2250 2610	1340 1760 2180 2600
Standard pitch F	52.5	60	75	90	105
G	22.5	30	35	45	40
Max length	3090	3060	3000	3000	3000

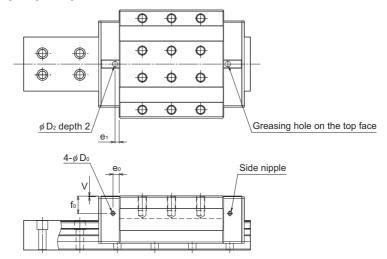
Note1) The maximum length varies with accuracy grades. Contact THK for details.

Note2) If jointed rails are not allowed and a greater length than the maximum values above is required, contact THK.

Greasing Hole

[Greasing Hole for Model SRW]

Model SRW allows lubrication from both the side and top faces of the LM block. The greasing hole of standard types is not drilled through in order to prevent foreign material from entering the LM block. When using the greasing hole, contact THK.



Unit: mm

Model No.		Pilot h	ole for side	nipple	Applicable	Greasing hole on the top face			
		e ₀	f o	D₀	nipple	D_2	(O-ring)	V	e ₁
	70	7	17	5.2	M6F	13	(P10)	0.4	2.7
	85	9	18.5	5.2	M6F	13	(P10)	0.4	9.9
SRW	100	9	23.5	5.2	M6F	13	(P10)	0.4	10.1
	130	15	42	8.2	PT1/8	13	(P10)	0.4	10
	150	15	53	8.2	PT1/8	13	(P10)	0.4	10

Note) The greasing interval is longer than that of full-roller types because of the roller cage effect. However, the actual greasing interval may vary depending on the service environment, such as a high load and high speed. Contact THK for details.

Designing the Guide System

THK offers various types of LM Guides in order to meet diversified conditions. Supporting ordinary horizontal mount, vertical mount, inverted mount, slant mount, wall mount and single-axis mount, the wide array of LM Guide types makes it easy to achieve a linear guide system with a long service life and high rigidity while minimizing the required space for installation.

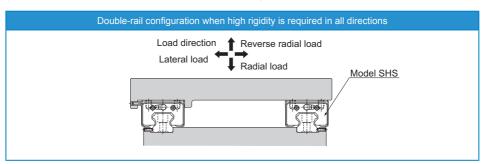
It is necessary to consider the position in the LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached according to the mounting orientation.

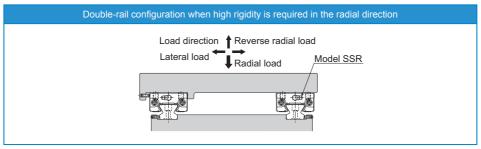
If the mounting orientation is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely. Be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached.

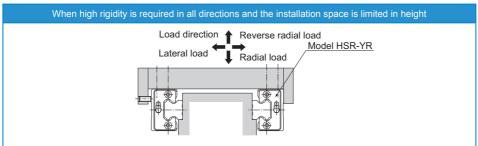
Even with an LM Guide with seals, the internal lubricant gradually seeps out during operation. Therefore, the system needs to be lubricated at an appropriate interval according to the conditions. For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see **A1-12** and **A24-2**, respectively.

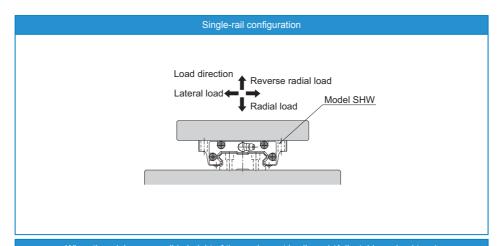
Examples of Arrangements of the Guide System

The following are representative guide systems and arrangements when installing the LM Guide. (For indication of the reference surface, see **A1-457**.)

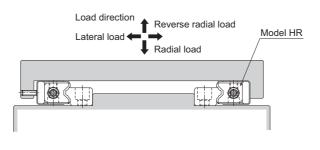




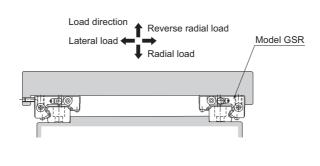


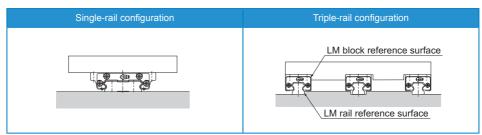


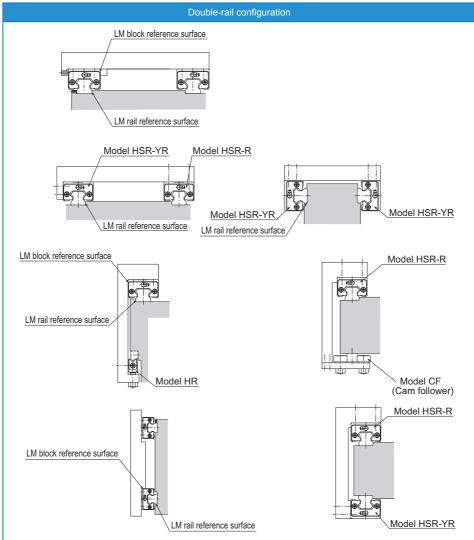


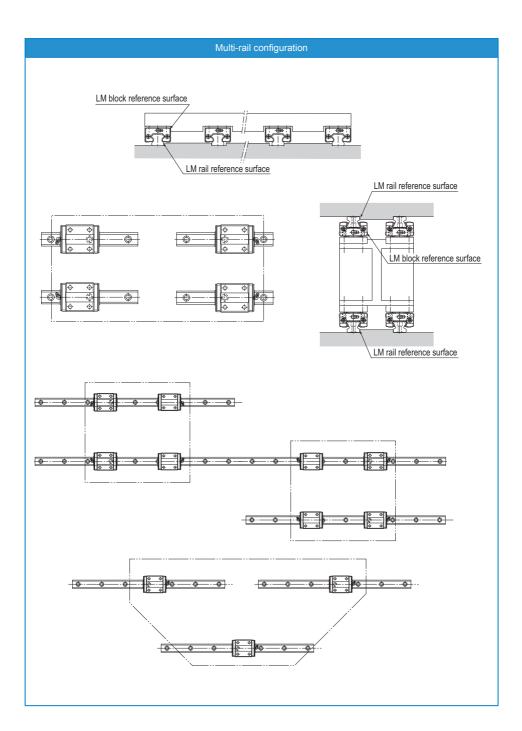


When a medium load is applied and the mounting surface is rough (Preload, self-adjusting type)









Method for Securing an LM Guide to Meet the Conditions

LM Guides are categorized into groups of types by mounting space and structure: a group of types to be mounted with bolts from the top, and another of types to be mounted from the bottom. LM rails are also divided into types secured with bolts and those secured with clamps (model JR). This wide array of types allows you to make a choice according to the application.

There are several ways of mounting the LM Guide as shown in Table1. When the machine is subject to vibrations that may cause the LM rail(s) or LM blocks to loosen, we recommend the securing method indicated by Fig.1 on **\(\text{A1-442} \)**. (If 2 or more rails are used in parallel, only the LM block on the master rail should be secured in the crosswise direction.) If this method is not applicable for a structural reason, hammer in knock pins to secure the LM block(s) as shown in Table2 on **\(\text{A1-442} \)** When using knock pins, machine the top/bottom surfaces of the LM rail by 2 to 3 mm using a carbide end mill before drilling the holes since the surfaces are hardened.

Table1 Major Securing Methods on the Master-rail Side

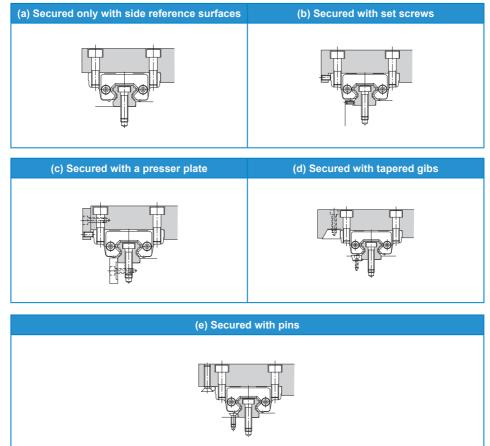
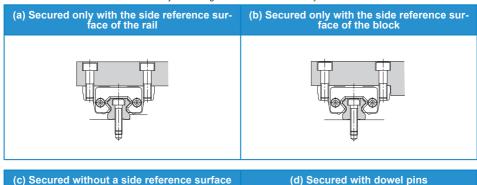
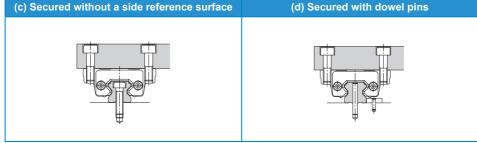


Table2 Major Securing Methods on the Subsidiary-rail Side





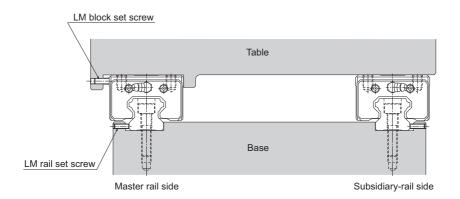
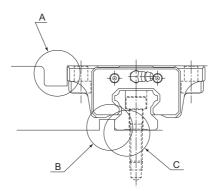


Fig.1 When the Machine Receives Vibrations or Impact

Designing a Mounting Surface

Designing a Mounting Surface

If particularly high accuracy is required for the machine to which an LM Guide is to be mounted, it is necessary to mount the LM rail with high accuracy. To achieve the desired accuracy, be sure to design the mounting surface while taking the following points into account.

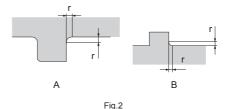


[Corner Shape]

If the corner on the surface on which the LM rail or LM block is to be mounted is machined to be shaped R, which is greater than the chamfer dimension of the LM rail or LM block, then the rail or the block may not closely contact its reference surface. Therefore, when designing a mounting surface, it is important to carefully read the description on the "corner shape" of the subject model . (Fig.2)

[Perpendicularity with the Reference Surface]

If the perpendicularity between the base mounting surface for the LM rail or the LM block and the reference surface is not accurate, the rail or the block may not closely contact the reference surface. Therefore, it is important to take into account an error of the perpendicularity between the mounting surface and the reference surface. (Fig.3)



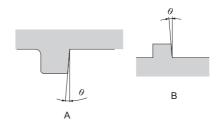


Fig.3

[Dimensions of the Reference Surface]

When designing the reference surface, be sure to take into account the height and the thickness of the datum area. If the datum area is too high, it may interfere with the LM block. If it is too low, the LM rail or the LM block may not closely contact the reference-surface depending on the chamfer of the rail or the block. Additionally, if the datum area is too thin, the desired accuracy may not be obtained due to poor rigidity of the datum area when a lateral load is applied or when performing positioning using a lateral mounting bolt . (Fig.4)

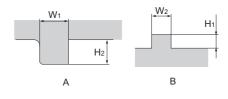


Fig.4

[Dimensional Tolerance between the Reference Surface and the Mounting Hole]

If the dimensional tolerance between the reference surface of the LM rail or the LM block and the mounting hole is too large, the rail or the block may not closely contact the reference surface when mounted on the base.

Normally, the tolerance should be within ± 0.1 mm depending on the model. (Fig.5)

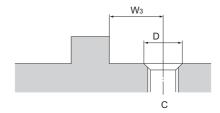


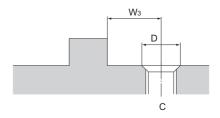
Fig.5

[Chamfer of the Tapped Mounting Hole]

To mount the LM rail, the mounting surface needs to be tapped and the tapped hole has to be chamfered. If the chamfer of the tapped hole is too large or too small, it may affect the accuracy. (Fig.6)

Guidelines for the chamfer dimension: Chamfer diameter D = nominal diameter of the bolt + pitch

Example: Chamfer diameter D with M6 (pitch): D = 6 + 1 = 7

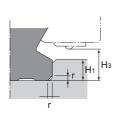


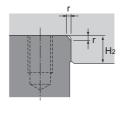
Fia.6

Shoulder Height of the Mounting Base and the Corner Radius

Normally, the mounting base for the LM rail and the LM block has a reference-surface on the side face of the shoulder of the base in order to allow easy installation and highly accurate positioning. The height of the datum shoulder varies with model numbers. See **A1-445** to **A1-451** for details.

The corner of the mounting shoulder must be machined to have a recess, or machined to be smaller than the corner radius "r," to prevent interference with the chamfer of the LM rail or the LM block. The corner radius varies with model numbers. See **A1-445** to **A1-451** for details.





Shoulder for the LM Rail

Shoulder for the LM Block (LM casing)
Fig.7

[Models SR, SR-M1]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	Maximum shoulder height for the LM block H ₂	H₃
4.5	, ,			
15	0.5	3.8	4	5.8
20	0.5	5	5	6
25	1	5.5	5	7
30	1	8	6	9.5
35	1	9	6	11.5
45	1	10	8	12.5
55	1.5	11	8	13.5
70	1.5	12	10	15
85	1.2	8	12	18.5
100	1.2	10	15	19
120	1.2	12	20	15
150	1.2	12	20	22

[Model SR-MS]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius r(max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	height for the	Н₃
15	0.5	3.8	4	4.5
20	0.5	5	5	6

[Model JR]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius r(max)	Shoulder height for the LM block H ₂		
25	1	5		
35	1	6		
45	1	8		
55	1.5	10		

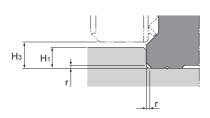
[Model CSR]

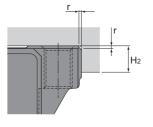
Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail	H₃
	\ /	111	
15	0.5	3	3.5
20	0.5	3.5	4
25	1	5	5.5
30	1	5	7
35	1	6	7.5
45	1	8	10

[Model NSR-TBC]

	Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail	Shoulder height for the LM block	
ı		r(max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
	20	1	5	5	5.5
	25	1	6	6	6.5
	30	1	7	6	9
	40	1	7	8	10.5
	50	1	7	8	8
	70	1	7	10	9.5





Shoulder for the LM Rail Fig.8

Shoulder for the LM Block

[Model SHS]

Unit:	mm
OTHE.	

[Model SCR]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	Shoulder height for the LM block H ₂	Н₃
15	0.5	2.5	4	3
20	0.5	3.5	5	4.6
25	1	5	5	5.8
30	1	5	5	7
35	1	6	6	7.5
45	1	7.5	8	8.9
55	1.5	10	10	12.7
65	1.5	15	10	19

Model No.	Corner radius	height for the LM rail	
	r(max)	H₁	H₃
15	0.5	2.5	3
20	0.5	3.5	4.6
25	1	5	5.8
30	1	5	7
35	1	6	7.5
45	1	7.5	8.9
65	1.5	15	19

[Models SVR/SVS]

Unit: mm

[Models NR/NRS]

Unit: mm

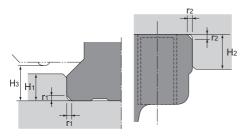
Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail	Shoulder height for the LM block	
	r(max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
25	0.5	4	5	5.5
30	1	5	5	7
35	1	6	6	9
45	1	8	8	11.6
55	1.5	10	10	14
65	1.5	10	10	15

Note) If the optional side scraper or protector is attached,
dimensions H1 and H3 differ from that without the op-
tions. For the dimensions after they are attached, see
△1-468 to △1-469 .

Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail	Shoulder height for the LM block	
	r(max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
25X	0.5	4	5	5.5
30	1	5 5		7
35	1	6 6		9
45	1	8 8		11.5
55	55 1.5		10	14
65			10	15
75			12	15
85	1.5	14	14	17
100	2	16	16	20

[Model MX]

Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail r(max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	Н₃
5	0.1	1.2	1.5
7W	0.1	1.7	2



Shoulder for the LM Rail

Shoulder for the LM Block Fig.9

Unit: mm

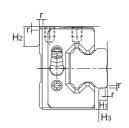


Fig.10

[Models HSR, HSR-M1 and HSR-M2]

Model No.		Corner radius for the LM block		the LM block	
	r₁(max)	r₂(max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
8	0.3	0.5	1.6	6	2.1
10	0.3	0.5	1.7	5	2.2
12	0.8	0.5	2.6	4	3.1
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	4.7
20	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	4
25	1	1	5	5	5.5
30	1	1	5	5	7
35	1	1	6	6	7.5
45	1	1	8	8	10
55	1.5	1.5	10	10	13
65	1.5	1.5	10	10	14
85	1.5	1.5	12	14	16
100	2	2	16	16	20.5
120	2.5	2.5	17	18	20
150	2.5	2.5	20	20	22.5

[Model HCR]

Unit: mm

Model No.		the LM block	the LM rail		
	r₁(max)	r ₂ (max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
12	0.8	0.5	2.6	6	3.1
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	4.8
25	1	1	5	5	7
35	1	1	6	6	8.5
45	1	1	8	8	11.5
65	1.5	1.5	10	10	15

[Model HMG]

[Model	Unit: mm				
Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail r ₁ (max)	Corner radius for the LM block r ₂ (max)		Maximum shoulder height for the LM block H ₂	Нз
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	3.5
25	1	1	5	5	5.5
35	1	1	6	6	7.5
45	1	1	8	8	11
65	1.5	1.5	10	10	16

[Model EPF]

Unit: mm

-					
	Corner	Corner	Shoulder	Maximum	
Model	radius for			shoulder height	
No.	the LM rail	the LM block	the LM rail	for the LM block	
	r₁(max)	r ₂ (max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
7M	0.2	0.4	1	3	1.5
9M	0.2	0.6	1	5	1.5
12M	0.5	0.6	1.5	6	2
15M	0.5	0.8	2.5	6.8	3

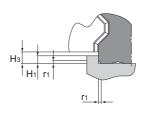
[Model HSR-YR]

Unit: mm

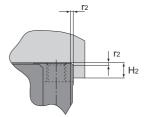
Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail the LM block		
	r(max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
15	0.5	3	4	3.5
20	0.5	3.5	5	4
25	1	5	5	5.5
30	1	5	5	7
35	35 1		6	7.5
45	45 1		8	10
55	1.5	10	10	13
65	1.5	10	10	14

[Model HSR-M1VV]

Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail	Corner radius for the LM block r ₂ (max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁		H₃
15	0.5	0.5	3	1	4.3
13	0.5	0.5	J	-	4.5







Shoulder for the LM Block

Fig.11

Unit: mm

[Model SRG]

Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail r ₁ (max)	Corner radius for the LM block r ₂ (max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	Shoulder height for the LM block H ₂	Нз
	II(IIIax)	12(111 a X)	П1	П2	П3
15	0.5	0.5	2.5	4	4
20	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	4.6
25	1	1	4	5	4.5
30	1	1	4.5	5	5
35	1	1	5	6	6
45	1.5	1.5	6	8	8
55	1.5	1.5	8	10	10
65	1.5	2	9	10	11.5
85	1.5	1.5	12	14	16
100	2	2	12	16	16

[Model SRN]

Unit: mm

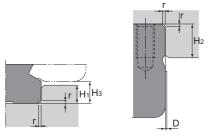
Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail r ₁ (max)	Corner radius for the LM block r ₂ (max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	Shoulder height for the LM block H ₂	H₃
35	1	1	5	6	6
45	1.5	1.5	6	8	7
55	1.5	1.5	8	10	10
65	1.5	2	8	10	10

[Model SRW]

Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail	Corner radius for the LM block	Shoulder height for the LM rail	Shoulder height for the LM block	
	r₁(max)	r ₂ (max)	H₁	H ₂	Н₃
70	1.5	1.5	6	8	8
85	1.5	1.5	8	10	10
100	1.5	2	9	10	11.5
130	1.5	1.5	12	14	16
150	2	2	12	16	16

Point of Design

Designing a Mounting Surface



Shoulder for the LM Rail

Shoulder for the LM Block

Shoulder for the LM Rail

Shoulder for the LM Block

Fig.13

Fig.12

[Model SSR]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius r(max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	Maximum shoulder height for the LM block H ₂	H₃	D
15 X	0.5	3.8	5.5	4.5	0.3
20 X	0.5	5	7.5	6	0.3
25 X	1	5.5	8	6.8	0.4
30 X	1	8	11.5	9.5	0.4
35 X	1	9	16	11.5	0.4

Note) When closely contacting the LM block with the datum shoulder, the resin layer may stick out from the overall width of the LM block by the dimension D. To avoid this, machine the datum shoulder to have a recess or limit the datum shoulder's height below the dimension H₂.

[Models SHW and HRW]

Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail	Shoulder height for the LM block	
	r(max)	H₁	H ₂	H₃
12	0.5	1.5	4	2
14	0.5	1.5	5	2
17	0.4	2	4	2.5
21	0.4	2.5	5	3
27	0.4	2.5	5	3
35	0.8	3.5	5	4
50	0.8	3	6	3.4
60	1	5	8	6.5

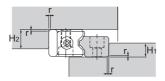


Fig.14



Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail	Shoulder height for the LM block
	r(max)	H₁	H ₂
918	0.3	5	6
1123	0.5	6	7
1530	0.5	8	10
2042	0.5	11	15
2555	1	13	18
3065	1	16	20
3575	1	18	26
4085	1.5	21	30
50105	1.5	26	32
60125	1.5	31	40

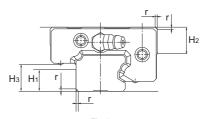


Fig.15

[Model GSR]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius	Shoulder height for the LM rail	Shoulder height for the LM block	
	r(max)	H₁	H ₂	Н₃
15	0.6	7	7	8
20	0.8	9	8	10.4
25	0.8	11	11	13.2
30	1.2	11	13	15
35	1.2	13	14	17.5

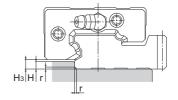
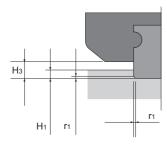
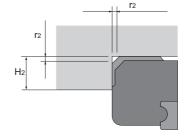


Fig.16

[Model GSR-R]

Model No.	Corner radius r(max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H	Н₃
25	0.8	4	4.5
30	1.2	4	4.5
35	1.2	4.5	5.5





Shoulder for the LM Rail

Shoulder for the LM Block

Fig.17

[Model SRS]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail r ₁ (max)	Corner radius for the LM block r ₂ (max)	Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁	Shoulder height for the LM block H ₂	Н₃
5 M/N	0.1	0.3	1.2	2	1.5
5 WM/ WN	0.1	0.2	1.2	2.5	1.5
7 S/M/N	0.1	0.2	0.9	3.3	1.3
7 WS/ WM/WN	0.1	0.1	1.4	3.8	1.8
9 XS/ XM/XN	0.1	0.3	1.1	4.5	1.5
9 WS/ WM/WN	0.1	0.5	2.5	4.9	2.9
12 S/M/N	0.3	0.2	1.5	5.7	2
12 WS/ WM/WN	0.3	0.3	2.5	5.7	3
15 S/M/N	0.3	0.4	2.2	6.5	2.7
15 WS/ WM/WN	0.3	0.3	2.2	6.5	2.7
20 M	0.3	0.5	3	8.7	3.4
25 M	0.5	0.5	4.5	10.5	5

[Models RSR and RSR-M1]

	Model No.	Corner radius for the LM rail r ₁ (max)		Shoulder height for the LM rail H ₁		H₃
	2	0.1	0.3	0.6	2.3	0.7
	2 W	0.1	0.3	0.9	2.9	1
Ī	3	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.2	1
	14 W	0.3	0.3	3.2	5	3.5

Permissible Error of the Mounting Surface

The LM Guide allows smooth straight motion through its self-aligning capability even when there is a slight distortion or error on the mounting surface.

[Error Allowance in the Parallelism between Two Rails]

A mounting surface error of the LM Guide may affect the service life. The following tables show approximate error allowances in parallelism (P) between two rails in general use.

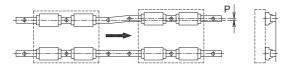


Fig.18 Error Allowance in Parallelism (P) between Two Rails

[Models SHS, SCR, HSR, CSR, HSR-M1, HSR-M2, and HSR-M1VV]

Unit: µm

			•
Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
8	_	10	13
10	_	12	16
12	_	15	20
15	_	18	25
20	18	20	25
25	20	22	30
30	27	30	40
35	30	35	50
45	35	40	60
55	45	50	70
65	55	60	80
85	70	75	90
100	85	90	100
120	100	110	120
150	115	130	140

[Model JR]

Unit: µm

Model No.	_
25	100
35	200
45	300
55	400

[Models SSR, SR, SR-M1]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
15	_	25	35
20	25	30	40
25	30	35	50
30	35	40	60
35	45	50	70
45	55	60	80
55	65	70	100
70	65	80	110
85	80	90	120
100	90	100	130
120	100	110	140
150	110	120	150

[Models SVR and NR]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
25	14	15	21
30	19	21	28
35	21	25	35
45	25	28	42
55	32	35	49
65	39	42	56
75	44	47	60
85	49	53	63
100	60	63	70

Designing a Mounting Surface

[Models SVS and NRS]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
25	10	11	15
30	14	15	20
35	15	18	25
45	18	20	30
55	23	25	35
65	28	30	40
75	31	34	43
85	35	38	45
100	43	45	50

[Models SHW and HRW]

Unit: um

			σα. μ
Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
12	_	10	13
14	_	12	16
17	_	15	20
21	_	18	25
27	_	20	25
35	20	22	30
50	27	30	40
60	30	35	50

[Models SRS, RSR, RSR-W and RSR-M1]

Ūnit: μm

•			
	Gothic-arch groove		Circular-arc groove
Model No.	Clearance C1	Normal clearance	Normal clearance
2	_	2	_
3	_	2	_
5	_	2	_
7	_	3	_
9	3	4	11
12	5	9	15
14	6	10	_
15	6	10	18
20	8	13	25
25	10	15	30

[Model SR-MS]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance CS	
15	8	
20	8	

[Model HR]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
918	_	7	10
1123	_	8	14
1530		12	18
2042	14	15	20
2555	20	24	35
3065	22	26	38
3575	24	28	42
4085	30	35	50
50105	38	42	55
60125	50	55	65

[Models GSR and GSR-R]

Unit: µm

Model No.	_
15	30
20	40
25	50
30	60
35	70

[Model NSR-TBC]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
20	40	50
25	50	70
30	60	80
40	70	90
50	80	110
70	90	130

[Flatness of the Mounting Surface]

The following tables show errors in flatness of the mounting surface with models SRS, RSR and RSR-W that will not affect their service lives in normal operation. Note that if the flatness of the mounting surface is poorly established for models other than those above, it may affect the service life.

[Model SRS]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Flatness error
5	0.015/200
7	0.025/200
9	0.035/200
12	0.050/200
15	0.060/200
20	0.070/200
25	0.070/200

[Model SR-MS]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Flatness error
15	0.020/200
20	0.020/200

[Models RSR and RSR-W]

Unit: mm

Model No.	Flatness error	
2	0.012/200	
3	0.012/200	
14	0.060/200	

Note1) With the mounting surface, multiple accuracies are combined in many cases. Therefore, we recommend

using 70% or less of the values above.

Note2) The above figures apply to normal clearances.

When using two or more rails with clearance C1, we recommend using 50% or less of the values above.

[Error Allowance in Vertical Level between Two Rails]

The values in the tables **\(\Delta 1-456 \)** indicate error tolerances in the vertical level between two rails per axis-to-axis distance of 500 mm and are proportionate to axis-to-axis distances (200 mm for model SRS and RSR).

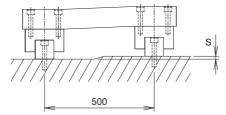


Fig.19 Error Allowance in Vertical Level (S) between Two Rails

[Models SHS, HSR, CSR, HSR-M1, HSR-M2, and HSR-M1VV]

Unit: um

			Unit: µm
Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
8	_	11	40
10	_	16	50
12	_	20	65
15	_	85	130
20	50	85	130
25	70	85	130
30	90	110	170
35	120	150	210
45	140	170	250
55	170	210	300
65	200	250	350
85	240	290	400
100	280	330	450
120	320	370	500
150	360	410	550

[Models SSR, SR, SR-M1]

Unit: um

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
15	_	100	180
20	80	100	180
25	100	120	200
30	120	150	240
35	170	210	300
45	200	240	360
55	250	300	420
70	300	350	480
85	350	420	540
100	400	480	600
120	450	540	720
150	500	600	780

[Models SVR and NR]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
25	35	43	65
30	45	55	85
35	60	75	105
45	70	85	125
55	85	105	150
65	100	125	175
75	110	135	188
85	120	145	200
100	140	165	225

[Model JR]

Unit: µm

Model No.	_
25	400
35	500
45	800
55	1000

[Models SVS and NRS]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
25	49	60	91
30	63	77	119
35	84	105	147
45	98	119	175
55	119	147	210
65	140	175	245
75	154	189	263
85	168	203	280
100	196	231	315

[Models SRS, SRS-W, RSR, RSR-W and RSR-M1]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Gothic-ar	Circular-arc groove				
	Clearance C1	Normal clearance				
3	_	15	_			
5	_	20	_			
7	_	25	_			
9	6	35	160			
12	12	50	200			
14	20	60	_			
15	20	60	250			
20	30	70	300			
25	40	80	350			

[Models SHW and HRW]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance		
12	_	11	40		
14	_	16	50		
17	_	20	65		
21	_	85	130		
27	_	85	130		
35	70	85	130		
50	90	110	170		
60	120	150	210		

[Model HR]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C0	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
918	_	15	45
1123	_	20	50
1530	_	60	90
2042	50	60	90
2555	85	100	150
3065	95	110	165
3575	100	120	175
4085	120	150	210
50105	140	175	245
60125	170	200	280

[Models GSR and GSR-R]

Unit: µm

Model No.	_
15	240
20	300
25	360
30	420
35	480

[Model NSR-TBC]

Unit: µm

Model No.	Clearance C1	Normal clearance
20	210	300
25	240	360
30	270	420
40	360	540
50	420	600
70	480	660

[Model SR-MS]

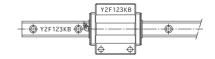
Model No.	Clearance CS
15	0.020/200
20	0.020/200

Marking on the Master LM Guide and Combined Use

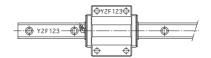
[Marking on the Master LM Guide]

All LM rails mounted on the same plane are marked with the same serial number. Of those LM rails, the one marked with "KB" after the serial number is the master LM rail. The LM block on the master LM rail has its reference surface finished to a designated accuracy, allowing it to serve as the positioning reference for the table. (See Fig.20.)

LM Guides of normal grade are not marked with "KB." Therefore, any one of the LM rails having the same serial number can be used as the master LM rail.



Master LM Guide



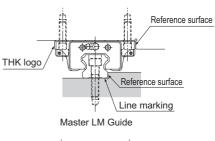
Subsidiary LM Guide

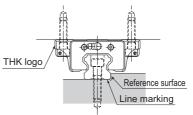


Fig.20 Master LM Guide and Subsidiary LM Guide

[Markings on the Reference Surface]

In the LM Guide, the reference surface of the LM block is opposite the surface marked with the THK logo, and that of the LM rail is on the surface marked with a line (see Fig.21). If it is necessary to reverse the reference surface of the LM rail and block, or if the grease nipple must be oriented in the opposite direction, specify it.





Subsidiary LM Guide

Fig.21 Markings on the Reference Surface

[Serial Number Marking and Combined Use of an LM Rail and LM Blocks]

An LM rail and LM block(s) used in combination must have the same serial number. When removing an LM block from the LM rail and reinstalling the LM block, make sure that they have the same serial number and the numbers are oriented in the same direction. (Fig.22)

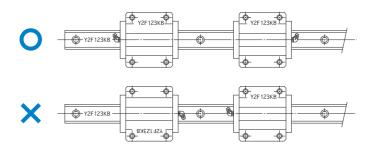


Fig.22 Serial Number Marking and Combined Use of an LM Rail and LM Blocks

[Use of Jointed Rails]

When a long LM rail is ordered, two or more rails will be jointed together to the desired length. When jointing rails, make sure that the joint match marks shown in Fig.23 are correctly positioned. When two LM Guides with connected rails are to be arranged in parallel to each other, the two LM

Guides will be manufactured so that the two LM Guides are axisymmetrically aligned.

Joint match mark Joint match mark (B1 (B2 Joint match mark Subsidiary-rail axis ♠ Y2F123-2 ♠ Reference surface Reference surface Master rail axis **€**KSEJS3KB-3© - € KZEJS3KB-S ÆkSEJS3KB−J© Joint match mark Joint match mark Joint match mark Joint match mark indication Subsidiary-rail side Rail datum plane В Method for Securing Master rail side the LM Rails at the Joint M block set screw LM rail set screw

Fig.23 Use of Jointed Rails

LM Guide Options

Options	. A1-459
Table of Supported Options by Models.	. A1-460
Seal and Metal scraper	. A 1-464
Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS	. A1-466
Side Scraper	. A1-468
Protector	
Light-Resistance Contact Seal LiCS	. A1-470
Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached .	
The LM Block Dimension (Dimension L) with LaCs and Seals Attached.	. A1-471
 Incremental Dimension with Grease Nipple (When LaCS is Attached). 	. A1-479
LM Block Dimension (Dimension L) with LiCS Attached .	. A1-482
 Incremental Dimension with Grease Nipple (When LiCS is Attached) 	
Maximum Seal Resistance	
Maximum resistance for LaCS	
Maximum resistance for LiCS	. A1-488
Maximum resistance for the side scraper.	
QZ Lubricator	
LM Block Dimension (Dimension L) with QZ Attached.	
List of Parts Symbols	
Dedicated Bellows	
Bellows	
Dedicated LM Cover	
LM Cover	
Cap C	
Cap GC	
Plate Cover SV Steel Tape SP	. A1-518
Lubrication Adapter	. A1-521
Removing/mounting Jig	. A1-522
End Piece EP	. A1-523
Model No	. A1-524
Model Number Coding	. A1-524
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Precautions on Use	. A1-530
Precautions on Using the LM Guide	. A1-530
Precautions on Handling the LM Guide for Special Environment.	
LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum	
Oil-Free LM Guide	
Precautions on Using Options for the LM Guide .	. A1-533
QZ Lubricator for the LM Guide	
 Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS, Side Scraper for LM Guides. 	. A1-533
Light Contact Seal LiCS for LM Guides	
• Can GC	

Table of Supported Options by Models

							Contam	ination Pr	otection					
M	odel No.	Туре	End seal	Side seal	Inner seal	End seal + Side seal (+ Inner seal)	Double seals + Side seal (+ Inner seal)	End seal + Side seal (+ Inner seal) + Metal scraper	Double seals + Side seal (+ Inner seal) + Metal scraper	LaCS	Side Scraper	End seal + Protector	Double seals + Protector	
		Symbol	UU	_	_	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	НН	YY	JJ	TT	
	SHS	15 to 65	0	0	0	O*	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
	SSR	15 to 35	○*	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
	SVR	25 to 65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	SVS	25 to 65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
=		12,14	0	0	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	
d Ba	SHW	17	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
Caged Ball		21 to 50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
0		5	O*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	SRS	7	O*	0		0			_	_		_	_	
		9 to 25	O*	0	_	0		_	_	0	_	_	_	
	SCR	15 to 65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
	EPF	7 to 15	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		8,10,12 15,20,25 30,35	0	_					_			_	_	
			0	0	_	O*	0	○*6	○*6	0	_	_	_	
	нсь		0	0	—* ⁶	○*	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
	HOIX	45,55,65	0	0	—* ⁶	○*	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
		85	0	0	—* ⁶	O*	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
		100,120,150	0	0	_	O*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		15 to 25	0	0	_	0	0	○*7	○*7	_	_	_	_	
Full-ball	SR	30 to 70	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
3		85 to 150	0	0	_	0		_	_	_	_	_	_	
	NR	25 to 65,100	0	0	0	0	O*8	○*8	○*8	○*8	_	_	_	
	IVIX	75,85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
	NRS	25 to 65,100	0	0	0	0	O*9	O*9	O*9	○*9	_	_	_	
	IVIICO	75,85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
		12,14	○*	0	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	HRW	17,21	○*	_	_	_	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
		27 to 60	○*	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
	SSR SVR SVS SHW SRS SCR EPF HSR NR	2-4:			1011045									

Dedicated cap GC --- applicable to models HSR20 to 100, Dedicated LM cover --- applicable to models HSR25 to 55, Inner seal --- applicable to models HSR30 to 85

*7 Model SR : ZZ, KK --- grease nipple cannot be attached to models SR15, 20.

Dedicated cap C --- applicable to models SR15 to 85, dedicated cap GC --- applicable to models SR20 to 85,

Stainless steel LM Guides --- applicable to models SR15 to 35

*8 Model NR : DD,ZZ,KK and HH --- side nipple required for model NR100, Plate cover SV --- applicable to models NR35 to 75,

Dedicated cap C and GC --- not applicable to only model NR75

^{*1} Model SHS : Dedicated cap GC --- not applicable to only model SHS15
*2 Model SSR : Dedicated cap GC --- not applicable to model SSR15, Stainless steel LM Guides --- applicable to XV, XW

^{*3} Model SHW : GG, PP --- applicable to only model SHW21, Dedicated cap GC --- applicable to SHW35, 50

^{*4} Model SRS : Dedicated cap C --- applicable to models SRS9W, 12, 15, 20, 25 *5 Model SCR : Dedicated cap GC --- not applicable to only model SCR15

^{*6} Model HSR : ZZ, KK --- grease nipple cannot be attached to model HSR15

GG --- applicable to model HSR25, Steel tape SP --- applicable to models HSR15 to 100, Dedicated cap C --- applicable to models HSR12 to 100,

Symbols in the table ○: Applicable △: Applicable depending on model (see note)
★: Recommended by THK (standard stock item)

											Lubrio	cation	Corrosion	Prevention
Low- resis- tance end seal	Low resistance end seal + side seal	LiCS	LiCS + Side seal (+ Inner seal)	Plate Cover SV	Steel tape SP	Dedicated cap C	Dedicated cap GC	Dedi- cated bellows	Dedicat- ed LM Cover	Tapped- hole LM Rail Type	QZ Lubrica- tor	End plate with/without side nipple	AP-HC, AP-C, AP-CF	Stainless Steel LM Guide
LL	RR	GG	PP	Z	Z	_	_	_	TPH (dedicated for HSR)	K	QZ	_	F	M
_	_	0	0	_	0	0	△*1	0	_	0	0	0	0	_
_	_	0	0	_	0	0	△*2	0	_	0	0	0	0	△*2
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	-	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	0	_	0	0
_		_	_	_		0	_	0	_	_	0	_	0	0
_	_	△*3	△*3	_	_	0	△*3	0	_	_	0	_	0	_
_	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_		_		0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0		_	0
_	_	_	_	_		△*4	_	_	_		0	_		0
_	_		_	_	_	0	△*5	_	_	0	0	0	0	_
_	_		_	_			_	_	_			_		_
_	_	_	_	_	_	△*6	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
0	0	△*6	_	_	0	0	△*6	0	△*6	0	0	_	0	0
0	0	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0
0	0	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	△*6	0	0	_	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	_	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	△*6	△*6	△*6	_	_	_	_	_	0	_
0	0	_	_	_	0	0	△*7	0		0		_	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	_	0	_	_	0	△*7
_	_	_	_	_	_	△*7	△*7	_	_	_	_	–	0	_
_	_	_	_	△*8	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	△*8	0	△*8	△*8	0	_	_	-	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	△*9	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	△*9	0	△*9	△*9	0	_	_	-	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	△*10	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_	0	_	_	_	_	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	-	0	△*10	△*10	_	_	-	_	0	△*10

*9 Model NRS : DD,ZZ,KK and HH -- side nipple required for model NRS100, Plate cover SV -- applicable to models NRS35 to 75,

Dedicated cap C and GC --- not applicable to only model NRS75

^{*10} Model HRW: Dedicated cap C --- applicable to models HRW14 to 60, Dedicated cap GC --- applicable to models HRW35, 50, 60,

Dedicated bellows --- applicable to models HRW17 to 50, Stainless steel LM Guides --- applicable to models HRW12 to 35

Note) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

							Contam	ination Pi	rotection					
M	lodel No.	Туре	End seal	Side seal	Inner seal	End seal + Side seal (+ Inner seal)	Double seals + Side seal (+ Inner seal)	End seal + Side seal (+ Inner seal) + Metal scraper	Double seals + Side seal (+ Inner seal) + Metal scraper	LaCS	Side Scraper	End seal + Protector	Double seals + Protector	
	RSR HR GSR GSR-R CSR MX JR HCR	Symbol	UU	_	_	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	НН	YY	JJ	TT	
	DCD	2,3	_	_	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	
	RSR	3W,14	0	_	_	_	—	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	UD	918 to 2555	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	пк	3065 to 60125	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	GSR	15 to 35	O*	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	_	_	_	
	GSR-R	25 to 35	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
	CSP	15 to 25	0	0	_	0	0	○*15	○*15	_		_	_	
	COR	30 to 45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
	MX	5,7	0	_	_	_			_	_		_	_	
	JR	25 to 55	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_		_	
-pa	HCR	12	0	_	_			_	_	_	_	_		
昰	HOIX	15 to 65	0	0	_	0	0	○*16	○*16	_	_	_	_	
	HMG	15 to 65	0	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	NSR	20TBC to 30TBC	0	0		0		_	_		_	_	_	
	HOIX	40TBC to 70TBC	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		15M1	0	0		0		_	_		_	_	_	
	HSR-M1	20M1 to 30M1	0	0		0		_	_		_	_	_	
		35M1	0	0	_	0			_	_		_	_	
	SR-M1	15 to 35	0	0	_	0		_	_	_	_	_	_	
	RSR-M1	9,12W,15W	0	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	
	TKOTK-IWIT	9W,12,15,20	0	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	
	HSR-M2	15 to 25	0	0	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		15	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	
_	SRG	20,25,30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
olle	SKG	35,45,55,65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Caged Roller		85,100	0	0	0	0	O*18	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Sage	SRN	35 to 65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
	SRW	70 to 100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
	SKW	130,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
	4 1 1 000	D I 1 1 0		1.1.000.4										

^{*11} Model RSR : Dedicated cap C --- applicable to model RSR14W : Dedicated cap C --- applicable to models HR1123 to 50105, Dedicated cap GC --- applicable to models HR2042 to 50105 *13 Model GSR : Dedicated cap GC --- applicable to models GSR20 to 35

¹⁴ Model CSR. 2. AP-HC treatment of rack rail is not applicable

15 Model CSR : Z, KK — grease nipple cannot be attached to models CSR15. Dedicated cap model GC — applicable to models CSR20,25.

Symbols in the table O: Applicable A: Applicable depending on model (see note) : Recommended by THK (standard stock item)

											Lubri	cation	Corrosion	Prevention
Low- resis- tance end seal	Low resistance end seal + side seal	LiCS	LiCS + Side seal (+ Inner seal)	Plate Cover SV	Steel tape SP	Dedicated cap C	Dedicated cap GC	Dedi- cated bellows	Dedicat- ed LM Cover	Tapped- hole LM Rail Type	QZ Lubrica- tor	End plate with/without side nipple	AP-HC, AP-C, AP-CF	Stainless Steel LM Guide
LL	RR	GG	PP	Z	Z	_	_	_	TPH (dedicated for HSR)	K	QZ	_	F	М
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	_	△*11	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	_	△*12	△*12	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	_	△*12	△*12	_	_		_	_	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	△*13	_	_		_	_	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	_	_		_	_	△*14	_
0	0		_	_	_	0	△*15	_	_	0	_	_	0	_
0	0	_	_	_	_	0	0	_	_	0	_	_	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_	_	0	0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_
_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_		_	_	0	_
0	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_
_	_		_	_	_	0	△*17	_	_	_	_	_	0	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	0	_
	_		_	_	_	0	0	0	_		_	_	0	
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	
	_		_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	0	\angle
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	\angle
_	_	_	_	_		0		_	_			_	0	\angle
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	
	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	0	
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	
_	_	0	0	_	_	0	_	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	0	0	△*18	_	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_		_	△*18	_	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	0	_	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
	_		_	0	_	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	0	_	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	_
_	_	_	_	0	_	0	0	0	_		0	0	0	_

^{*16} Model HCR : ZZ, KK --- grease nipple cannot be attached to model HCR15.

Note) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

^{*17} Model HMG : Dedicated cap GC --- applicable to model HMG25 *18 Model SRG : DD --- side nipple required for model SRG100.

Plate cover SV --- applicable to models SRG25, 35 to 100

Seal and Metal scraper

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with seal attached, see △1-471 to △1-478.
- ●For the maximum seal resistance, see 🖾 1-484 to 🖾 1-486.

Item name	Schematic diagram / mounting location	Purpose/location of use
End Seal	End seal End seal	Used in locations exposed to dust
Side Seal	Side seal Side seal	Used in locations where dust may enter the LM block from the side or bottom surface, such as vertical, horizontal and inverted mounts
Inner Seal	Inner seal Inner seal	Used in locations severely exposed to dust or cutting chips
Double Seals	End seal Spacer End seal Hexagon socket button bolt	Used in locations exposed to much dust or many cutting chips
Metal Scraper (Non-contact)	End seal Metal scraper Hexagon socket button bolt	Used in locations where welding spatter may adhere to the LM rail

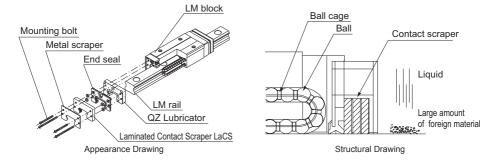
Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories			
UU	With end seal			
SS	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*			
DD	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*			
ZZ	With end seal + side seal + inner seal* + metal scraper			
KK	With double seals + side seal + inner seal* + metal scraper			

^{*} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **A1-460**)

Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with LaCS attached, see △1-471 to △1-478.
- ●For the resistance of LaCS, see △1-487.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the LaCS, refer to △1-533.

For locations with adverse environment, Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS is available. LaCS removes minute foreign material adhering to the LM rail in multiple stages and prevents it from entering the LM block with laminated contact structure (3-layer scraper).



[Features]

- Since the 3 layers of scrapers fully contact the LM rail, LaCS is highly capable of removing minute foreign material.
- Since it uses oil-impregnated, foam synthetic rubber with a self-lubricating function, low friction resistance is achieved.

Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories
SSHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS
DDHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal *1 + LaCS
ZZHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal *1 + metal scraper + LaCS
KKHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal *1 + metal scraper + LaCS
JJHH*2	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + protector (serving also as metal scraper)
TTHH*2	With double seals + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (serving also as metal scraper)

^{*1} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **A1-460**)

*2 JJHH and TTHH are only available for models SVR/SVS and SRG.

Note) HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector (see **1-469**).

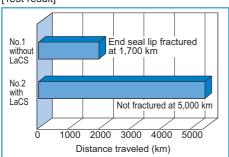
Contact THK if you want to use the Protector with other options.

• Test under an Environment with a Water-soluble Coolant

[Test conditions] Test environment: water-soluble coolant

Item		Description		
Tested	No.1	SHS45R1SS+3000L (end seal only)		
model	No.2	SHS45R1SSHH+3000L (end seal and LaCS)		
Maximum speed		200m/min		
Environmental conditions		Coolant sprayed: 5 time per day		

[Test result]



Magnified view of the end seal lip



Areas marked with arrow are fractured



Lip has not been fractured

• Test under an Environment with Minute Foreign Matter

[Test conditions] Test environment: minute foreign material

Item		Description		
Tested	No.1	Caged Ball LM Guide #45R (DD+600L) double seals only		
model	No.2	Caged Ball LM Guide #45R (HH+600L) LaCS only		
Max s accele		60m/min, 1G		
External load		9.6kN		
Foreign material conditions		Type: FCD450#115 (particle diameter: 125 μm or less)		
		Sprayed amount: 1g/1hour (total sprayed amount: 120 g		

[Test result] Amount of foreign material entering the raceway

[Test result] / intount or foreign material entering the raceway							
Seal configuration		Amount of foreign material entering the raceway g					
Double-seal	Tested model 1	0.3					
configuration (2 end seals superposed	Tested model 2	0.3					
with each other)	Tested model 3	0.3					
	Tested model 1	0					
LaCS	Tested model 2	0					
	Tested model 3	0					



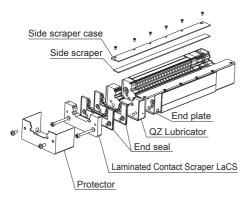
Large amount of foreign matter has entered the raceway

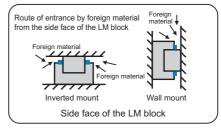


No foreign matter entering the raceway observed

Side Scraper

- Applicable models: models SVR/SVS and SRG
- ●For the resistance of side scraper, see ▲1-488.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with side scraper attached, see △1-471.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the side scraper, see △1-533.

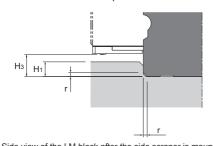




Outline view
(Ex: in case of QZTTHHYY type)

[Features]

- Minimizes foreign material entering from the side of the LM Guide in a harsh environment.
- Demonstrates a dust protection effect in inverted or wall mount.



Side view of the LM block after the side scraper is mounted

The shoulder height of the mounting surface and the corner radius after the side scraper is mounted

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius r(max)	Shoulder height of the LM rail	Н₃
25	0.5	2	2.7
30	1	3.5	4.2
35	1	5.5	6.2
45	1	8	8.8
55	1.5	10.5	11.2
65	1.5	11	12.1

Note) Note that the side scraper is not sold alone.

Model number coding

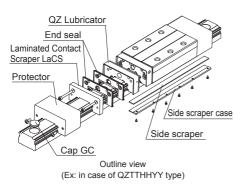
SVR45 LR 1 QZ JJHH YY C1 +1200L

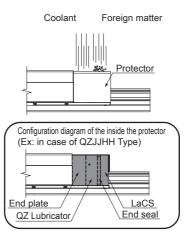
With side scraper*

^{*} The side scraper can accommodate various options of dust control accessories and lubrication accessories. For details, contact THK.

Protector

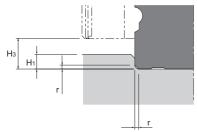
- Applicable models: models SVR/SVS and SRG
- HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with protector attached, see 🖾 1-471.

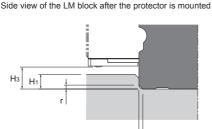




[Features]

• The protector minimizes the entrance of foreign material even in harsh environments where foreign material such as fine particles and liquids are present.





Side view of the LM block after the protector and side scraper are mounted

radius after the protector is mounted	

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius r(max)	Shoulder height of the LM rail	Н₃
25	0.5	4	5.5
30	1	5	7
35	1	6	9
45	1	8	11.6
55	1.5	10	14
65	1.5	10	15

The shoulder height of the mounting surface and the corner radius after the protector and side scraper are mounted

Unit: mm

Model No.	Corner radius r(max)	Shoulder height of the LM rail H ₁	Н₃
25	0.5	2	2.7
30	1	3.5	4.2
35	1	5.5	6.2
45	1	8	8.8
55	1.5	10.5	11.2
65	1.5	11	12.1

Note1) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK. Note2) Contact THK if you want to use the protector with other options.

Light-Resistance Contact Seal LiCS

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with LiCS attached, see △1-482.
- ●For the resistance of LiCS, see △1-488.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the LiCS, see ▲1-534.

LiCS is a light sliding resistance contact seal. It is effective in removing dust on the raceway and retaining a lubricant such as grease. It achieves extremely low drag and smooth, stable motion.

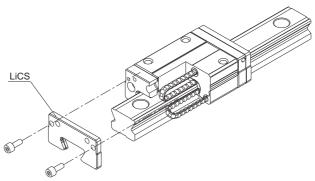
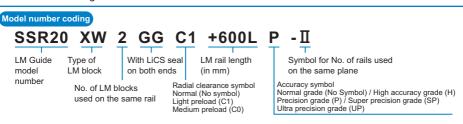


Fig.1 Structural Drawing of SSR + LiCS

[Features]

Light-Resistance Contact Seal LiCS is a seal that uses a light-resistance material in its sealing element and contacts the LM rail raceway to achieve low drag resistance. It is optimal for applications where low drag resistance is required, such as semiconductor-related devices, inspection devices and OA equipment all of which are used in favorable environments.

- Since the sealing element contacts the LM rail raceway, it is effective in removing dust on the raceway.
- Use of oil-impregnated, expanded synthetic rubber, which has excellent self-lubricating property, achieves low drag resistance.

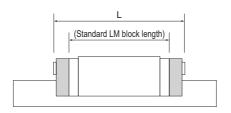


Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories
GG	LiCS
PP	With LiCS + side seal + inner seal*

^{*} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **\(\Delta 1-460**)

Dimensions of Each Model with an Option Attached

The LM Block Dimension (Dimension L) with LaCS and Seals Attached



Unit: mm

							1				
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	ККНН
	15C/V/R	64.4	64.4	64.4	69.8	66.8	72.2	78.6	84	79.8	85.2
	15LC/LV	79.4	79.4	79.4	84.8	81.8	87.2	93.6	99	94.8	100.2
	20C/V	79	79	79	85.4	83	89.4	93.6	100	96	102.4
	20LC/LV	98	98	98	104.4	102	108.4	112.6	119	115	121.4
	25C/V/R	92	92	92	101.6	100.4	107.6	112	119.2	114.4	121.6
	25LC/LV/LR	109	109	109	118.6	117.4	124.6	129	136.2	131.4	138.6
	30C/V/R	106	106	106	116	113.8	122.4	129.4	138	131.8	140.4
SHS	30LC/LV/LR	131	131	131	141	138.8	147.4	154.4	163	156.8	165.4
ЗПЗ	35C/V/R	122	122	122	134.8	132.4	142.2	148	157.8	150.4	160.2
	35LC/LV/LR	152	152	152	164.8	162.4	172.2	178	187.8	180.4	190.2
	45C/V/R	140	140	140	152.8	151.2	161	169	178.8	172.2	182
	45LC/LV/LR	174	174	174	186.8	185.2	195	203	212.8	206.2	216
	55C/V/R	171	171	171	186.6	184.2	195.4	202	213.2	205.2	216.4
	55LC/LV/LR	213	213	213	228.6	226.2	237.4	244	255.2	247.2	258.4
	65C/V	221	221	221	238.6	236.2	248.6	258	270.4	261.2	273.6
	65LC/LV	272	272	272	289.6	287.2	299.6	309	321.4	312.2	324.6
	15XVY	40.3	40.3	40.3	47.3	44.9	50.7	59.5	65.3	60.7	66.5
	15XWY/XTBY	56.9	56.9	56.9	63.9	61.5	67.3	76.1	81.9	77.3	83.1
	20XV	47.7	47.7	47.7	54.6	53.4	60.3	67.7	74.6	70.1	77
SSR	20XW/XTB	66.5	66.5	66.5	73.4	72.2	79.1	86.5	93.4	88.9	95.8
JOIN	25XVY	60	60	60	67.4	65.7	73.1	80	87.4	82.4	89.8
	25XWY/XTBY	83	83	83	90.4	88.7	96.1	103	110.4	105.4	112.8
	30XW	97	97	97	105.1	102.7	110.8	121	129.1	123.4	131.5
	35XW	110.9	110.9	110.9	119.9	117.7	126.7	136.9	145.9	139.3	148.3
	12CAM/CRM	37	37	37	_	_	_	48	_	_	_
	12HRM	50.4	50.4	50.4	_	_	_	61.4	_	_	_
	14CAM/CRM	45.5	45.5	45.5	_	_	_	60.7	_	_	_
SHW	17CAM/CRM	51	51	51	54	53.4	56.4	66.2	69.2	67.4	70.4
SITVV	21CA/CR	59	59	59	64	63.2	68.2	75.6	80.6	77.2	82.2
	27CA/CR	72.8	72.8	72.8	78.6	77.8	83.6	89.4	95.2	91.8	97.6
	35CA/CR	107	107	107	114.4	112	119.4	129	136.4	131.4	138.8
	50CA/CR	141	141	141	149.2	147.4	155.6	166	174.2	168.4	176.6

Unit: mm

							L				
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	ККНН
	5M	16.9	16.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SRS	5N	20.1	20.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	5WM	22.1	22.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SRS	5WN	28.1	28.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7S	19	19	19	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7M	23.4	23.4	23.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7N	31	31	31	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7WS	22.5	22.5	22.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7WM	31	31	31	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7WN	40.9	40.9	40.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	9XS	21.5	21.5	21.5	_	_	_	33.1	_	_	_
	9XM	30.8	30.8	30.8	_	_	_	42.4	_	_	_
	9XN	40.8	40.8	40.8	_	_	_	52.4	_	_	_
	9WS	26.5	26.5	26.5	_	_	_	38.1	_	_	_
CDC	9WM	39	39	39	_	_	_	50.6	_	_	_
SKS	9WN	50.7	50.7	50.7	_	_	_	62.3	_	_	_
	12S	25	25	25	_	_	_	36.6	_	_	_
	12M	34.4	34.4	34.4	_	_	_	46	_		_
	12N	47.1	47.1	47.1	_	_	_	58.7	_	_	_
	12WS	30.5	30.5	30.5	_	_	_	42.1	_	_	_
	12WM	44.5	44.5	44.5	_	_	_	56.1	_	_	_
	12WN	59.5	59.5	59.5	_	_	_	71.1	_	_	_
	15S	32	32	32	_	_	_	46.2	_	_	_
	15M	43	43	43	_	_	_	57.2	_	_	_
	15N	60.8	60.8	60.8	_	_	_	75	_	_	_
	15WS	41.5	41.5	41.5	_	_	_	55.7	_	_	_
	15WM	55.5	55.5	55.5	_	_	_	69.7	_	_	_
	15WN	74.5	74.5	74.5	_	_	_	88.7	_	_	_
	20M	50	50	50	_	_	_	65.2	_	_	_
	25M	77	77	77	_	_	_	92.6	_	_	_
	15S	64.4	64.4	64.4	69.8	66.8	72.2	78.9	84.4	79.9	85.2
	20S	79	79	79	85.4	83	89.4	94	100	96	102.5
	20	98	98	98	104.4	102	108.4	113	119	115	121.5
CCD	25	109	109	109	118.6	117.4	124.6	129	136.2	131.4	138.6
SUR	30	131	131	131	141	138.8	147.4	154.4	163	156.8	165.4
	35	152	152	152	164.8	162.4	172.2	178	187.8	180.4	190.2
	45	174	174	174	186.8	185.2	195	203	212.8	206.2	216
	65	272	272	272	289.6	287.2	299.6	309	321.4	312.2	324.6

Unit: mm

											Offic. Itili
	MadalNia	0, 1					L				
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	KKHH
HSR 33 34 44 22 22 22 22 22 23 33 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	8RM	24	24		_		_	_	_		_
	10RM	31	31		_		_	_	_		_
	12RM	45	45		_		_	_	_		_
8 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	15A/B/R/YR	56.6	56.6	56.6	61.8	58.2*	63.4*	76	81.2	77.2	82.4
	20A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	74	74	74	80.6	76.6	83.2	92	98.6	95.2	101.8
	20LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	90	90	90	96.6	92.6	99.2	108	114.6	111.2	117.8
	25A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	83.1	83.1	83.1	90.7	86.7	94.3	101	108.6	105.3	112.9
HSR 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	25LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	102.2	102.2	102.2	109.8	105.8	113.4	120.1	127.7	124.4	132
	30A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	98	98	98	105.6	101.6	109.2	119.9	127.5	124.2	131.8
	30LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	120.6	120.6	120.6	128.2	124.2	131.8	142.5	150.1	146.8	154.4
	35A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	109.4	109.4	109.4	117	113	120.6	132.4	140	135.6	143.2
HSR	35LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	134.8	134.8	134.8	142.4	138.4	146	157.8	165.4	161	168.6
	45A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	139	139	139	146.2	144.2	151.4	168.6	175.8	171.8	178.8
	45LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	170.8	170.8	170.8	178	176	183.2	200.4	207.6	203.6	210.6
	55A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	163	163	163	170.2	168.2	175.4	193.2	200.4	196.4	203.6
	55LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	201.1	201.1	201.1	208.3	206.3	213.5	231.3	238.5	234.5	241.7
	65A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	186	186	186	193.2	191.2	198.4	223	229	225	232.2
	65LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	245.5	245.5	245.5	252.7	250.7	257.9	282.5	288.5	284.5	291.7
	85A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	245.6	245.6	245.6	252.8	252.4	259.6	278.8	286	283.4	290.6
	85LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	303	303	303	310.2	309.8	317	336.2	343.4	340.8	348
	100HA/HB/HR	334	334	334	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	120HA/HB/HR	365	365	365	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>
	150HA/HB/HR	396	396	396	_	_		_	_		_
	15W/TB	57	57	57	62.2	58.4*	63.6*	_	_	_	_
	15V/SB	40.4	40.4	40.4	45.6	41.8*	47*	_	_	_	_
	20W/TB	66.2	66.2	66.2	72.8	70.6*	77.2*	_	_	_	_
	20V/SB	47.3	47.3	47.3	53.9	51.7*	58.3*	_	_	_	<u> </u>
	25WY/TBY	83	83	83	90.6	87.4	95	_	_	_	_
	25VY/SBY	59.2	59.2	59.2	66.8	63.6	71.2	_	_	_	_
	30W/TB	96.8	96.8	96.8	104.4	99.4	107	_	_	_	_
	30V/SB	67.9	67.9	67.9	75.5	70.5	78.1	_	_	_	<u> </u>
SR	35W/TB	111	111	111	118.6	113.6	121.2	_	_	_	_
	35V/SB	77.6	77.6	77.6	85.2	80.2	87.8	_	_	_	_
	45W/TB	126	126	126	134.6	129.4	138	_	_	_	_
	55W/TB	156	156	156	164.6	159.4	168	_	_	_	
	70T	194.6	194.6	194.6	201.8	200.8	208		_		
	85T	180	180	180				_	_	_	_
	100T	200	200	200	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	120T	235	235	235	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	150T	280	280	280		_	_	_	_		_

							L				
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	ККНН
	25XR/XA/XB	82.8	82.8	82.8	90.4	89.2	96.8	100.1	107.7	102.5	110.1
	25XLR/XLA/XLB	102	102	102	109.6	108.4	116	119.3	126.9	121.7	129.3
	30R/A/B	98	98	98	107	104.4	113.4	119.3	128.3	121.7	130.7
	30LR/LA/LB	120.5	120.5	120.5	129.5	126.9	135.9	141.8	150.8	144.2	153.2
	35R/A/B	109.5	109.5	109.5	119.7	117.1	127.3	131.1	141.3	133.5	143.7
	35LR/LA/LB	135	135	135	145.2	142.6	152.8	156.6	166.8	159	169.2
	45R/A/B	139	139	139	149.2	147.4	157.6	164.4	174.6	167.6	177.8
	45LR/LA/LB	171	171	171	181.2	179.4	189.6	196.4	206.6	199.6	209.8
NR/	55R/A/B	162.8	162.8	162.8	173	171.4	181.6	188.1	198.3	191.3	201.5
NRS	55LR/LA/LB	200	200	200	210.2	208.6	218.8	225.3	235.5	228.5	238.7
	65R/A/B	185.6	185.6	185.6	196.2	194.2	204.8	214.9	225.5	218.1	228.7
	65LR/LA/LB	245.6	245.6	245.6	256.2	254.2	264.8	274.9	285.5	278.1	288.7
	75R/A/B	218	218	218	229	226.6	237.6	_	_	_	_
	75LR/LA/LB	274	274	274	285	282.6	293.6	_	_	_	_
	85R/A/B	246.7	246.7	246.7	257.7	256.1	267.1	_	_	_	_
	85LR/LA/LB	302.8	302.8	302.8	313.8	312.2	323.2	_	_	_	_
	100R/A/B	286.2	286.2	286.2	297.8	295.6	307.2	_	_	_	_
	100LR/LA/LB	326.2	326.2	326.2	337.8	335.6	347.2	_	_	<u> </u>	_
	12LRM	37	37	37	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	14LRM	45.5	45.5	45.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	17CA/CR	50.8	50.8	_	54	53.6	58.6	_	_	_	_
HRW	21CA/CR	58.8	58.8	_	64.2	62.8	69	_	_	_	_
HKVV	27CA/CR	72.8	72.8	72.8	79	75.6	81.8	_	_	_	_
	35CA/CR	106.6	106.6	106.6	113.8	112	119.2	_	_	_	_
	50CA/CR	140.5	140.5	140.5	147.7	143.3	150.5	_	_	_	_
	60CA	158.9	158.9	158.9	169.7	165.1	175.9	_	_	_	_
	2M	_	_	_	_		_	_		_	_
	2N			_	_		_	_		_	
DOD/	3M		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
RSR/ RSR-W	3N		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
INOR-W	3WM	14.9	14.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	3WN	19.9	19.9	_	_		_	_		_	
	14WVM	50	50	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Unit: mm

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	Madal Na	Otr. dead					L				
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	KKHH
	918	45	45			_			_		
	1123	52	52	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	1530	69	69					_			_
	2042	91.6	91.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HR STATE OF THE ST	2042T	110.7	110.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2555	121	121	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2555T	146.4	146.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
ПР	3065	145	145	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
IIIX	3065T	173.5	173.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	3575	154.8	154.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	3575T	182.5	182.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	4085	177.8	177.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	4085T	215.9	215.9	_	_	_		_	_		_
	50105	227	227	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	50105T	274.5	274.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	60125	329	329	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	15T	59.8	59.8	59.8	65*	65.8*	71*	_	_		_
	15V	47.1	47.1	47.1	52.3*	53.1*	58.3*	_	_	_	_
	20T	74	74	74	80.6	77.6	84.2	_	_	_	_
CCD	20V	58.1	58.1	58.1	64.7	61.7	68.3	_	_	_	_
GSK	25T	88	88	88	95	91.6	98.6	_	_	_	<u> </u>
HR GSR-R CSR	25V	69	69	69	76	72.6	79.6	_	_	_	_
	30T	103	103	103	110.6	107.2	114.8	_	_	_	_
	35T	117	117	117	124.6	121.2	128.8	_	_	_	_
	25T-R	88	88	88	95	91.6	98.6	_	_	_	_
GSD D	25V-R	69	69	69	76	72.6		_	_	_	_
GOIX-IX	30T-R	103	103	103	110.6	107.2	114.8	_	_	_	_
	35T-R	117	117	117	124.6	121.2	128.8	_	_	_	_
	15	56.6	56.6	56.6	61.8	58.2*		_	_	_	_
	20S	74	74	74	80.6	76.6	83.2	_			_
	20	90	90	90	96.6	92.6	99.2	_	_	_	_
	25S	83.1	83.1	83.1	90.7	86.7	94.3	_	_	_	_
CSR	25	102.2	102.2	102.2	109.8	105.8		_			_
	30S	98	98	98	105.6	101.6		_			_
	30	120.6	120.6	120.6	128.2	124.2	131.8	_	_		_
	35	134.8	134.8	134.8	142.4	138.4		_	_		_
	45	170.8	170.8	170.8	178	176		_	_	_	_
MX	5M	23.3	23.3		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
IVIX	7WM	40.8	40.8			_		_	_		_
	25A/B/R	83.1	83.1	83.1	90.7	89.4	_	_	_	_	_
JR	35A/B/R	113.6	113.6	113.6	125.6	122		_	_	_	_
011	45A/B/R	145	145	145	159	150.8		_	_	_	_
	55A/B/R	165	165	165	175.4	170.4	180.8	-	_	_	

^{*} A grease nipple cannot be attached. Contact THK for details.

							L				
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	ККНН
	12A+60/100R	44.6	44.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	15A+60/150R	54.5	54.5	54.5	59.7	_	_	_	_	_	_
	15A+60/300R	55.5	55.5	55.5	60.7	57.1*	62.3*	_	_	_	_
	15A+60/400R	55.8	55.8	55.8	61	57.3*	62.5*	_	_	_	_
	25A+60/500R	81.6	81.6	81.6	89.2	85.5	93.1	_	_	_	
	25A+60/750R	82.3	82.3	82.3	89.9	86	93.6	_	_	_	_
HMG NSR-TBC	25A+60/1000R	82.5	82.5	82.5	90.1	86.2	93.8	_	_	_	_
	35A+60/600R	107.2	107.2	107.2	114.8	111.2	118.8	_	_	_	_
	35A+60/800R	107.5	107.5	107.5	115.1	111.5	119.1	_	_	_	
LICE	35A+60/1000R	108.2	108.2	108.2	115.8	112	119.6	_	_	_	_
пск	35A+60/1300R	108.5	108.5	108.5	116.1	112.3	119.8	_	_	_	_
	45A+60/800R	136.7	136.7	136.7	143.9	142.1	149.2	_	_	_	_
	45A+60/1000R	137.3	137.3	137.3	144.5	142.7	149.9	_	_	_	_
	45A+60/1200R	137.3	137.3	137.3	144.5	142.7	149.9	_	_	_	_
	45A+60/1600R	138	138	138	145.2	143.3	150.5	_	_	_	_
	65A+60/1000R	193.8	193.8	193.8	201	199.4	206.6	_	_	_	_
	65A+60/1500R	195.4	195.4	195.4	202.6	200.8	208	_	_	_	_
	65A+60/2000R	195.9	195.9	195.9	203.1	201.3	208.5	_	_	_	_
	65A+60/2500R	196.5	196.5	196.5	203.7	201.8	209	_	_	_	_
(65A+60/3000R	196.5	196.5	196.5	203.7	201.8	209	_	_	_	_
	15A	48	48	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	25A	62.2	62.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HMG	35A	80.6	80.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HMG NSR-TBC HSR-M1	45A	107.6	107.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	65A	144.4	144.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	20TBC	67	67	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	25TBC	78	78		_		_	_		_	_
NSR-	30TBC	90	90	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	40TBC	110	110	110	_		_	_	_	_	_
	50TBC	123	123	123	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	70TBC	150	150	150	_		_	_		_	_
	15M1A/M1B/M1R/M1YR	59.6	59.6	59.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	20M1A/M1B/M1R/M1YR	76	76	76	_		_	_	_	_	_
	20M1LA/M1LB/M1LR	92	92	92	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	25M1A/M1B/M1R/M1YR	83.9	83.9	83.9	_		_	_		_	_
HSR- M1	25M1LA/M1LB/M1LR	103	103	103	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	30M1A/M1B/M1R/M1YR	98.8	98.8	98.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	30M1LA/M1LB/M1LR	121.4	121.4	121.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	35M1A/M1B/M1R/M1YR	112	112	112	_			_	_	_	_
	35M1LA/M1LB/M1LR	137.4	137.4	137.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	15M1W/M1TB	57	57	57	_		_	_	_	_	_
	15M1V/M1SB	40.4	40.4	40.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	20M1W/M1TB	66.2	66.2	66.2	_	_		_	_	_	_
SR- M1	20M1V/M1SB	47.3	47.3	47.3			_	_		_	
	25M1W/M1TB	83	83	83							
	25M1V/M1SB	59.2	59.2	59.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	ass simple connet be										

^{*}A grease nipple cannot be attached. Contact THK for details.

Note) The standard overall length may include the dimension of the end seal depending on the model. If you are considering using a type without an end seal, contact THK for details.

Unit: mm

							L				
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	ККНН
	30M1W/M1TB	96.8	96.8	96.8	_		_	_	_	_	_
00.144	30M1V/M1SB	67.9	67.9	67.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SR-M1	35M1W/M1TB	111	111	111	_		_	_	_	_	_
	35M1V/M1SB	77.6	77.6	77.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	9M1K	30.8	30.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	9M1N	41	41	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	9M1WV	39	39	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	9M1WN	50.7	50.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	12M1V	35	35	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	12M1N	47.7	47.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
RSR- M1	12M1WV	44.5	44.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
KOK- WI	12M1WN	59.5	59.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	15M1V	43	43	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	15M1N	61	61	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
	15M1WV	55.5	55.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	15M1WN	74.5	74.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	20M1V	66.5	66.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	20M1N	86.3	86.3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	15M2A	56.6	56.6	56.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HSR- M2	20M2A	74	74	74	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	25M2A	83.1	83.1	83.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	35C/R	125	125	125	132.8	131.4	139.2	148.6	156.4	151	158.8
	35LC/LR	155	155	155	162.8	161.4	169.2	178.6	186.4	181	188.8
	45C/R	155	155	155	164.2	162.2	171.4	182	191.2	185.2	194.4
SRN	45LC/LR	190	190	190	199.2	197.2	206.4	217	226.2	220.2	229.4
	55C/R	185	185	185	194.2	192.2	201.4	212	221.2	215.2	224.4
	55LC/LR	235	235	235	244.2	242.2	251.4	262	271.2	265.2	274.4
	65LC/LR	303	303	303	314.2	311.4	322.6	335.4	346.6	338.6	349.8
	70LR	190	190	190	199.2	197.2	206.4	217	226.2	220.2	229.4
	85LR	235	235	235	244.2	242.2	251.4	262	271.2	265.2	274.4
SRW	100LR	303	303	303	314.2	311.4	322.6	335.4	346.6	338.6	349.8
	130LR	350	350	350	361.2	361	372.2	_	_		_
	150LR	395	395	395	406.2	411	422.2	_	_	_	_

								L					
	Model No.	Standard overall length	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	SSHH	DDHH	ZZHH	KKHH	JJHH	ттнн
	25R/C	82.8	82.8	82.8	88	88.5	93.7	96.8*	102.0*	_	_	102.5*	107.7*
	25LR/LC	102	102	102	107.2	107.7	112.9	116.0*	121.2*	_	_	121.7*	126.9*
	30R/C	98	98	98	104.6	103.7	110.3	115.2*	121.8*	_	_	120.9*	127.5*
	30LR/LC	120.5	120.5	120.5	127.1	126.2	132.8	137.7*	144.3*	_	_	143.4*	150.0*
	35R/C/RH/CH	109.5	109.5	109.5	116.5	116.3	123.3	126.7*	133.7*	_	_	133.5*	140.5*
SVR/	35LR/LC/LRH/LCH	135	135	135	142	141.8	148.8	152.2*	159.2*	_	_	159.0*	166.0*
SVS	45R/C/RH/CH	138.2	138.2	138.2	145.2	145.8	152.8	158.2*	165.2*	_	_	165.8*	172.8*
	45LR/LC/LRH/LCH	171	171	171	178	178.6	185.6	191.0*	198.0*	_	_	198.6*	205.6*
	55R/C/RH/CH	163.3	163.3	163.3	168.4	169.0	176.0	182.4*	189.4*	_	_	191.1*	198.1*
	55LR/LC/LRH/LCH	200.5	200.5	200.5	205.6	206.2	213.2	219.6*	226.6*	_	_	228.3*	235.3*
	65R/C	186	186	186	191.8	193.1	200.5	208.8*	216.2*	_	_	217.5*	224.9*
	65LR/LC	246	246	246	251.8	253.1	260.5	268.8*	276.2*	_	_	277.5*	284.9*
	15A/V	69.2	69.2	69.2	71.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	20A/V	86.2	86.2	86.2	88.2	89.6	91.6	105.2*	107.2*	107.6*	109.6*	_	_
	20LA/LV	106.2	106.2	106.2	108.2	109.6	111.6	125.2*	127.2*	127.6*	129.6*	_	_
	25C/R	95.5	95.5	95.5	100.5	100.5	105.5	115.3*	120.3*	117.7*	122.7*	_	_
	25LC/LR	115.1	115.1	115.1	120.1	120.1	125.1	134.9*	139.9*	137.3*	142.3*	_	_
	30C/R	111	111	111	118	116	123	130.8*	137.8*	133.2*	140.2*	_	_
	30LC/LR	135	135	135	142	140	147	154.8*	161.8*	157.2*	164.2*	_	
	35C/R	125	125	125	132.8	130.7	138.5	142.6*	150.4*	151*	158.8*	150.8*	158.6*
	35LC/LR	155	155	155	162.8	160.7	168.5	172.6*	180.4*	181*	188.8*	180.8*	188.6*
	35SLC/SLR	180.8	180.8	180.8	188.6	186.5	194.3	198.4*	206.2*	206.8*	214.6*	206.6*	214.4*
SRG	45C/R	155	155	155	164.2	161.5	170.7	175.6*	184.8*	184.8*	194*	184.6*	193.8*
	45LC/LR	190	190	190	199.2	196.5	205.7	210.6*	219.8*	219.8*	229*	219.6*	228.8*
	45SLC/SLR	231.5	231.5	231.5	240.7	238	247.2	252.1*	261.3*	261.3*	270.5*	261.1*	270.3*
	55C/R	185	185	185	194.2	191.5	200.7	205.6*	214.8*	214.8*	224*	214.6*	223.8*
	55LC/LR	235	235	235	244.2	241.5	250.7	255.6*	264.8*	264.8*	274*	264.6*	273.8*
	55SLC/SLR	292	292	292	301.2	298.5	307.7	312.6*	321.8*	321.8*	331*	321.6*	330.8*
	65C/V	244.9	244.9	244.9	256.1	252.5	263.7	268.9*	280.1*	280.1*	291.3*	279.9*	291.1*
	65LC/LV	303	303	303	314.2	310.6	321.8	327*	338.2*	338.2*	349.4*	338*	349.2*
	65SLC/SLV	380	380	380	391.2	387.6	398.8	404*	415.2*	415.2*	426.4*	415*	426.2*
	85LC	350	350	350	361.2	361	372.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
	100LC	395	395	395	406.2	411	422.2	_	_	_	_	_	_

^{*} The overall LM block length (L) of YY type (with side scraper) is also the same.

Note1) The standard overall length may include the dimension of the end seal depending on the model. If you are considering using a type without an end seal, contact THK for details.

Note2) For models SVR/SVS and SRG, we recommend attaching a protector. For the dimensions of ZZHH and KKHH, contact THK.

Note2) For models SVR/SVS and SRG, we recommend attaching a protector. For the dimensions of ZZHH and KKHH, contact THK For details of the symbols of options, see **Q1-496**.

Model number coding

SHS25 LC 2 QZ KKHH C0 +1200L P Z T - $\overline{\mathbb{I}}$

Model Type of number LM block

rail

No. of LM blocks

used on the same

With QZ Lubricator (*1)

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*2)

LM rail length (in mm)

Radial clearance symbol (*3) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) With Symbol steel for LM rail tape jointed use Symbol for No.

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*5)

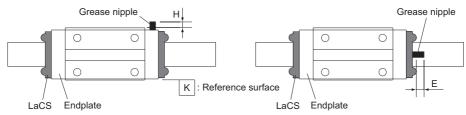
Accuracy symbol (*4) Normal grade (No Symbol) High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See A1-489. (*2) See A1-496. (*3) See A1-70. (*4) See A1-75. (*5) See A1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple.

Incremental Dimension with Grease Nipple (When LaCS is Attached)



Grease nipple mounting location for models SHS, SSR, SVR/SVS, SRG and NR/NRS

Grease nipple mounting location for models SHW, SRS and HSR

Unit: mm

			Unit: mir
	Model No.	Incremental dimension with grease nipple H	Nipple type
	15C/LC	_	PB107
	15R/V/LV	4.7	PB107
	20C/LC	_	PB107
	20V/LV	4.5	PB107
	25C/LC	_	PB107
	25R/LR/V/LV	4.7	PB107
	30C/LC	_	A-M6F
SHS	30R/LR/V/LV	7.4	A-M6F
505	35C/LC	_	A-M6F
	35R/LR/V/LV	7.4	A-M6F
	45C/LC	_	A-M6F
	45R/LR/V/LV	7.7	A-M6F
	55C/LC	_	A-M6F
	55R/LR/V/LV	7.4	A-M6F
	65C/LC	_	A-M6F
	65V/LV	6.9	A-M6F
	15XVY/XWY	4.4	PB107
	15XTBY	_	PB107
	20XV/XW	4.6	PB107
SSR	20XTB	_	PB107
55K	25XVY/XWY	4.5	PB107
	25XTBY	_	PB107
	30XW	5	PB1021B
	35XW	5	PB1021B
	25R/LR	5.5	PB1021B
	30R/LR	5.5	PB1021B
SVR/SVS*	35R/LR/RH/LRH	9	A-M6F
3VK/3V3"	45R/LR/RH/LRH	9	A-M6F
	55R/LR/RH/LRH	9	A-M6F
	65R/LR	12	A-PT1/8

	Model No.	Incremental dimension with grease nipple H	Nipple type
	25A/B/LA/LB	_	PB1021B
	25R/LR	4.8	PB1021B
	30A/B/LA/LB	_	PB1021B
	30R/LR	4.5	PB1021B
	35A/B/LA/LB	_	A-M6F
NR/NRS	35R/LR	7.4	A-M6F
NR/NRS	45A/B/LA/LB	_	A-M6F
	45R/LR	7.4	A-M6F
	55A/B/LA/LB	_	A-M6F
	55R/LR	6.9	A-M6F
	65A/B/LA/LB	_	A-PT1/8
	65R/LR	15.3	A-PT1/8
	35LC	_	A-M6F
	35LR	7.2	A-M6F
	45LC	_	A-M6F
SDC.	45LR	7.2	A-M6F
SRG	55LC	_	A-M6F
	55LR	7.2	A-M6F
	65LC	_	A-M6F
	65LR	6.2	A-M6F

^{*} The incremental dimension of the grease nipple when the side scraper and the protector are attached (SVR/SVS and SRG only) is also the same.

Unit: mm

	Model No.	Incremental dimension with grease nipple E	Nipple type
	21CA/CR	4.2	PB1021B
SHW	27CA/CR	10.7	B-M6F
SHW	35CA/CR	10	B-M6F
	50CA/CR	21	B-PT1/8
SRS	25	4	PB1021B
	15A/B/R/YR	2.9	PB1021B
	20A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	9.4	B-M6F
	20LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	9.4	B-M6F
	25A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	9	B-M6F
HSR	25LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	9	B-M6F
	30A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	9	B-M6F
	30LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	9	B-M6F
	35A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	8	B-M6F
	35LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	8	B-M6F

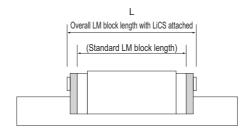
Note1) When desiring the mounting location for the grease nipple other than the above, contact THK.

Note2) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring both QZ Lubricator and a grease nipple, contact THK.

Note3) When desiring a grease nipple for model SHW or SRS without QZ Lubricator, indicate "with grease nipple" when placing an order. (If not, a grease nipple will not be attached.)

Note4) Model HSR15 attached with ZZ or KK cannot have a grease nipple. Contact THK for details.

LM Block Dimension (Dimension L) with LiCS Attached



Unit: mm

Model No.			L	
IV	lodel No.	Standard overall length	GG	PP
	15XVY	40.3	48.7	48.7
	15XWY/XTBY	56.9	65.3	65.3
	20XV	47.7	55.8	55.8
SSR	20XW/XTB	66.5	74.6	74.6
33K	25XVY	60	67.6	67.6
	25XWY/XTBY	83	90.6	90.6
	30XW	97	106.7	106.7
	35XW	110.9	121.7	121.7
SRG	15A	67	77	77
SRG	15V	67	77	77

Model number coding

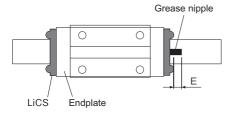
SSR₂₀ GG C1 +600L P With LiCS Model Type of LM rail length Symbol Symbol for No. of rails used on number LM block (*1) (in mm) for LM rail the same plane (*4) jointed use Radial clearance Accuracy symbol (*3) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P) /Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP) No. of LM blocks symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol) used on the same rail Light preload (C1)

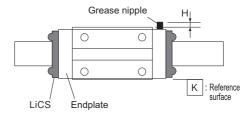
Medium preload (C0)

(*1) See \$\textstyle{1-470}\$ (*2) See \$\textstyle{1-70}\$ (*3) See \$\textstyle{1-75}\$ (*4) See \$\textstyle{1-13}\$

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple.

Incremental Dimension with Grease Nipple (When LiCS is Attached)





Model SSR Location for mounting the grease nipple

Model SRG
Location for mounting the grease nipple

Unit: mm

Model No.		Incremental dimension	Nipple type	
	Model No.		Н	Nipple type
	15XVY	2.9	_	PB1021B
	15XWY/XTBY	2.9	_	PB1021B
	20XV	9	_	B-M6F
SSR	20XW/XTB	9	_	B-M6F
35K	25XVY	9	_	B-M6F
	25XWY/XTBY	9	_	B-M6F
	30XW	9	_	B-M6F
	35XW	8	_	B-M6F
SRG	15A	_	_*	PB107
SKG	15V	_	4.5	PB107

^{*} Because this model features a flange, it projects beyond the block end surface.

Model number coding

SSR20 XW 2 GG C1 +600L H - II

Model Type of number LM block

With LiCS (*1) LM rail length (in mm) Radial clearance

Normal (No symbol)

Medium preload (C0)

Light preload (C1)

symbol (*2)

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail

Normal grade (No Symbol)
High accuracy grade (H)/Precision grade (P)

High accuracy grade (H)/Precision grade (P) Super precision grade (SP)/Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See 🖾 1-470 (*2) See 🖾 1-70 (*3) See 🖾 1-75 (*4) See 🖾 1-13

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple.

Maximum Seal Resistance

This shows the maximum resistance value of the seals per LM block with a lubricant applied.

Unit: N

- 1	II۰	٠i+۰	NI

Model No.		Seal symbol	Maximum Seal Resistance
	15		4.5
	20	ł	7.0
	25		10.5
	30	i	17.0
SHS	35	SS	20.5
	45		30.0
	55		31.5
	65		43.0
	15X		2.0
	20X		2.6
SSR	25X	UU	3.5
	30X		4.9
	35X		6.3
	25		10
	30		14
0) (D (0) (0	35	SS	18
SVR/SVS	45		22
	55		26
	65		31
	12CA/CR		1.0
	12HR	1	1.0
	14		1.2
	17	UU	1.4
	21	1 00	4.9
	27		4.9
	35		9.8
SHW	50		14.7
SHVV	12CA/CR		1.4
	12HR		1.8
	14		1.8
	17	SS	2.2
	21] 33	6.9
	27		8.9
	35		15.8
	50		22.7

	5M/5N 5WM/5WN 7S 7M 7N	UU	0.06 0.08
	7S 7M	UU	0.08
	7M		
			0.14
	7N		0.16
			0.19
	7WS		0.48
	7WM		0.52
	7WN		0.55
	9XS		0.15
	9XM		0.2
	9XN		0.25
	9WS		0.89
	9WM		0.95
SRS	9WN		1
SING	12S	SS	0.49
	12M	33	0.55
	12N		0.6
	12WS		1.21
	12WM		1.3
	12WN		1.35
	15S		0.92
	15M		1
	15N		1.1
	15WS		1.45
	15WM		1.55
	15WN		1.6
	20M		1.25
	25M		1.6
	15		2.5
	20		3
	25		5
SCR	30	UU	10
	35		12
	45		20
	65		30

Unit: N

Maximum Seal Seal Model No. symbol Resistance 8 0.5 10 0.8 1.2 12 15 2.0 20 2.5 25 3.9 **HSR** UU 30 7.8 35 11.8 45 19.6 55 19.6 34.3 65 85 34.3 15 2.5 20 3.4 25 4.4 30 8.8 SR UU 35 11.8 12.7 45 55 15.7 70 19.6 25X 15 30 17 35 23 45 24 NR/NRS 55 UU 29 42 65 75 42 85 42 100 51 12 0.2 14 0.3 17 2.9 21 4.9 HRW UU 27 4.9 35 9.8 50 14.7 60 19.6

Unit: N

Mode	Model No.		Maximum Seal
DSD	RSR 14W		Resistance 1.2
Kok	918	UU	0.5
	1123	-	0.7
	1530		1.0
	2042		2.0
	2555		2.9
HR	3065	UU	3.4
	3575	-	3.9
	4085	-	4.4
		-	
	50105 60125	-	5.9 9.8
	15		2.5
	20	-	3.1
	25	ł	4.4
		-	
GSR	30 35	UU	6.3
	25-R		7.6 4.4
	30-R 35-R		6.3
	35-R 15		7.6
	20		2.0
	25		3.9
CSR	30	UU	7.8
	35	-	11.8
	45	-	19.6
	5		0.06
MX	7W	UU	0.00
	25		3.9
	35	-	11.8
JR	45	UU	19.6
	-	-	
	55 12		19.6 1.2
		-	
	15	-	2.0
HCR	25 35	UU	3.9
		-	11.8
	45 65	-	19.6 34.3
	05		34.3

Unit: N Unit: N

Model No.		Seal symbol	Maximum Seal Resistance
	15		3
	25		6
HMG	35	UU	8
	45		12
	65		40
	20TBC		4.9
	25TBC		4.9
NOD	30TBC	l	6.9
NSR	40TBC	UU	9.8
	50TBC		14.7
	70TBC		24.5
	15M1		2.0
	20M1		2.5
HSR	25M1	UU	3.9
	30M1		7.8
	35M1		11.8
	15M1		2.5
	20M1		3.4
SR	25M1	UU	4.4
	30M1		8.8
	35M1		11.8
	9M1		0.1
	12M1		0.4
	15M1		0.8
RSR	20M1	UU	1.0
	9M1W		0.8
	12M1W		1.1
	15M1W		1.3
	15M2		2.0
HSR	20M2	UU	2.5
	25M2		3.9
	15		13
	20		18
	25		19
	30		22
CDC	35	00	30
SRG	45	SS	30
	55		34
	65		40
	85		47
	100		53

Model No.		Seal symbol	Maximum Seal Resistance
	35		30
SRN	45	SS	30
SKN	55	33	35
	65		40
	70	SS	32
	85		37
SRW	100		43
	130		50
	150		57

Maximum resistance for LaCS

Unit: N

Unit: N

Model No.		Maximum resistance for LaCS
	15	5.2
	20	6.5
	25	11.7
SHS	30	18.2
303	35	20.8
	45	26.0
	55	32.5
	65	39.0
	15	5.9
	20	6.9
SSR	25	8.1
	30	12.8
	35	15.1
	25	8.1
	30	13.4
	35	15.5
SVR/SVS NR/NRS	45	23.3
MONIO	55	28.6
	65	39.6
	85	52.7
	12	2.6
	14	3.9
	17	3.9
SHW	21	3.9
	27	6.5
	35	13.0
	50	19.5
	9	2.3
SRS	9W	3.3
SNS	12	3.5
	12W	4.2

Model No		Maximum resistance for LaCS					
	15	5.1					
CDC.	15W	7.5					
SRS	20	5.2					
	25	7.8					
	15	5.2					
	20	6.5					
	25	11.7					
SCR	30	18.2					
	35	20.8					
	45	26.0					
	65	39.0					
	15	3.8					
	20	5.6					
HSR	25	7.5					
	30	14.9					
	35	22.4					
	20	6.1					
	25	6.9					
	30	8.2					
SRG	35	9.1					
	45	14.3					
	55	18.2					
	65	26.0					
	35	9.1					
SRN	45	14.3					
SKIN	55	18.2					
	65	22.1					
	70	32.8					
SRW	85	39.7					
	100	58.3					

Note1) Each resistance value in the table only consists of that of LaCS, and does not include sliding resistances of seals and other accessories.

Note2) For the maximum service speed of LaCS, contact THK.

Note3) HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector (see

1-469).

Contact THK if you want to use the Protector with other options.

Maximum resistance for LiCS

Unit: N

Mode	el No.	Maximum resistance for LiCS
	15X	1
	20X	1.1
SSR	25X	1.6
	30X	1.6
	35X	2
SRG	15	0.7

Note) The value indicates the sliding resistance of two LiCS units per LM block and does not include the sliding resistances of the LM block and the side seals.

Maximum resistance for the side scraper

Unit: N

lni	N

Mode	el No.	Maximum Resistance for the side scraper (KKHHYY/TTHHYY Option)
	25	4.4
	25L	5.2
	30	4.7
	30L	5.5
	35	4.6
SVR/	35L	5.5
SVS	45	5.1
	45L	6.1
	55	5.3
	55L	6.3
	65	5.4
	65L	6.9

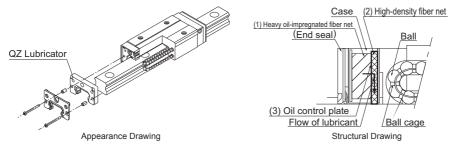
Mode	el No.	Maximum Resistance for the side scraper (DDHHYY Option)
	35	2.9
	35L	3.4
	35SL	3.9
	45	4.7
	45L	5.6
SRG	45SL	6.8
SRG	55	5.5
	55L	6.8
	55SL	8.3
	65	7.2
	65L	8.7
	65SL	10.9

QZ Lubricator

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on ▲1-460.
- ●For the LM block dimension with QZ attached, see △1-492 to △1-495.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the QZ, see △1-533.

QZ Lubricator feeds the right amount of lubricant to the raceway on the LM rail. This allows an oil film to continuously be formed between the rolling element and the raceway, and drastically extends the lubrication and maintenance intervals.

The structure of QZ Lubricator consists of three major components: (1) a heavy oil-impregnated fiber net (function to store lubricant), (2) a high-density fiber net (function to apply lubricant to the raceway) and (3) an oil-control plate (function to adjust oil flow). The lubricant contained in QZ Lubricator is fed by the capillary phenomenon, which is used also in felt pens and many other products, as the fundamental principle.



[Features]

- Since it supplements an oil loss, the lubrication maintenance interval can be significantly extended.
- Eco-friendly lubrication system that does not contaminate the surrounding area since it feeds the right amount of lubricant to the ball raceway.

Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories
QZUU	With end seal + QZ
QZSS	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + QZ
QZDD	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + QZ
QZZZ	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + QZ
QZKK	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + QZ
QZGG	With LiCS + QZ
QZPP	With LiCS + side seal + inner seal*1 + QZ
QZSSHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + QZ
QZDDHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + QZ
QZZZHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + LaCS + QZ
QZKKHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + LaCS + QZ
QZJJHH*2	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + QZ + protector (serving also as metal scraper)
QZTTHH*2	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + QZ + protector (serving also as metal scraper)

^{*1} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **1-460**)

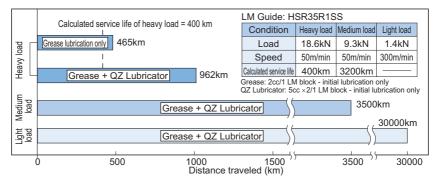
^{*2} QZJJHH and QZTTHH are available only for models SVR/SVS and SRG.

Note1) HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector (see **41-469**). Contact THK if you want to use the Protector with other options.

Note2) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

Significantly Extended Maintenance Interval

Attaching QZ Lubricator helps extend the maintenance interval throughout the whole load range from the light load area to the heavy load area.

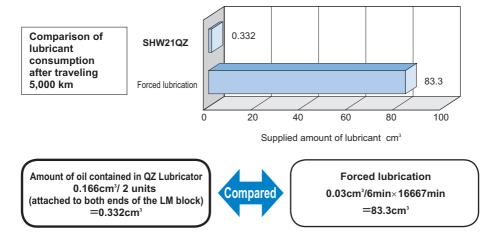


LM Guide Running Test without Replenishment of Lubricant

Effective Use of Lubricant

Since the lubricator feeds the right amount of lubricant to the ball raceway, lubricant can be used efficiently.

[Test conditions] speed: 300 m/min



Lubricant consumption is 1/250 less than forced lubrication.

• Effective in Helping Lubrication under Severe Environments

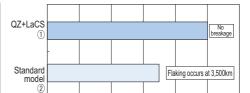
A 5,000 km durability test was conducted under severe environments (containing coolant and contaminated environment).

[Test result]

Ō

[Test conditions]

Model No.	① Caged Ball LM Guide #45	② Full-ball LM Guide #45					
Load	8kN	6kN					
Speed	60m/min						
Coolant	Immersed 48 hrs, dried 96 hrs						
Foreign material	Foundry dust (125 µm or less)					
Lubrication	AFA Grease + QZ	Super Multi 68 Oiling cycle: 0.1cc/shot Periodically lubricated every 16 min					



2000

3000

Distance traveled (km)

4000

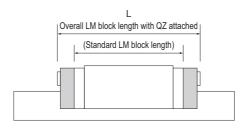
5000

6000

1000

^{*} When using the LM system under severe environment, use QZ Lubricator and Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS (see "Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS" on ■1-466) in combination.

LM Block Dimension (Dimension L) with QZ Attached



Unit: mm

							L				
	Model No.		QZUU	QZSS	QZDD	QZZZ	QZKK	QZSSHH	QZDDHH	QZZZHH	QZKKHH
	15C/V/R	64.4	84.4	84.4	89.8	86.8	92.2	100	105.4	101.2	106.6
	15LC/LV	79.4	99.4	99.4	104.8	101.8	107.2	115	120.4	116.2	121.6
	20C/V	79	99	99	105.4	103	109.4	115.4	121.8	117.8	124.2
	20LC/LV	98	118	118	124.4	122	128.4	134.4	140.8	136.8	143.2
	25C/V/R	92	114.4	114.4	121.6	120.4	127.6	132	139.2	134.4	141.6
	25LC/LV/LR	109	131.4	131.4	138.6	137.4	144.6	149	156.2	151.4	158.6
	30C/V/R	106	127.4	127.4	136	133.8	142.4	149.4	158	151.8	160.4
SHS	30LC/LV/LR	131	152.4	152.4	161	158.8	167.4	174.4	183	176.8	185.4
эпэ	35C/V/R	122	145	145	154.8	152.4	162.2	168	177.8	170.4	180.2
	35LC/LV/LR	152	175	175	184.8	182.4	192.2	198	207.8	200.4	210.2
	45C/V/R	140	173	173	182.8	181.2	191	199	208.8	202.2	212
	45LC/LV/LR	174	207	207	216.8	215.2	225	233	242.8	236.2	246
	55C/V/R	171	205.4	205.4	216.6	214.2	225.4	232	243.2	235.2	246.4
	55LC/LV/LR	213	247.4	247.4	258.6	256.2	267.4	274	285.2	277.2	288.4
	65C/V	221	256.2	256.2	268.6	266.2	278.6	288	300.4	291.2	303.6
	65LC/LV	272	307.2	307.2	319.6	317.2	329.6	339	351.4	342.2	354.6
	15XVY	40.3	59.3	59.3	65.1	62.7	68.5	75.5	81.3	76.7	82.5
	15XWY/XTBY	56.9	75.9	75.9	81.7	79.3	85.1	92.1	97.9	93.3	99.1
	20XV	47.7	66.2	66.2	73.1	72.1	79	83.7	90.6	86.1	93
SSR	20XW/XTB	66.5	85	85	91.9	90.9	97.8	102.5	109.4	104.9	111.8
SSK	25XVY	60	82.6	82.6	90	88.4	95.8	100	107.4	102.4	109.8
	25XWY/XTBY	83	105.6	105.6	113	111.4	118.8	123	130.4	125.4	132.8
	30XW	97	119.7	119.7	127.8	125.4	133.5	141	149.1	143.4	151.5
	35XW	110.9	134.3	134.3	143.3	141.3	150.3	156.9	165.9	159.3	168.3
	12CAM/CRM	37	47	47	_	_	_	58	_	_	_
	12HRM	50.4	60.4	60.4	_	_	_	71.4	_	_	_
	14CAM/CRM	45.5	55.5	55.5	_	_	_	70.7	_	_	_
SHW	17CAM/CRM	51	63	63	66	65.4	68.4	78.2	81.2	79.4	82.4
31700	21CA/CR	59	75	75	80	78.6	83.6	91.6	96.6	93.2	98.2
	27CA/CR	72.8	92.8	92.8	98.6	97.2	103	109.4	115.2	111.8	117.6
	35CA/CR	107	127	127	134.4	132	139.4	149	156.4	151.4	158.8
	50CA/CR	141	161	161	169.2	167.4	175.6	186	194.2	188.4	196.6

Options

QZ Lubricator

Unit: mm

							L				OTIIL. ITIITI
	Model No.	Standard overall length	QZUU	QZSS	QZDD	QZZZ	QZKK	QZSSHH	QZDDHH	QZZZHH	QZKKHH
	7S	19	29	29	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7M	23.4	33.4	33.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7N	31	41	41	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7WS	22.5	32.5	32.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7WM	31	41	41	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	7WN	40.9	50.9	50.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	9XS	21.5	31.5	31.5	_	_	_	43.1	_	_	_
	9XM	30.8	40.8	40.8	_	_	_	52.4	_	_	_
	9XN	40.8	50.8	50.8	_	_	_	62.4	_	_	
	9WS	26.5	36.5	36.5	_	_	_	48.1	_	_	_
	9WM	39	49	49	_	_	_	60.6	_	_	_
	9WN	50.7	60.7	60.7	_	_	_	72.3	_	_	_
SRS	12S	25	35	35	_	_	_	46.6	_	_	_
SKS	12M	34.4	44.4	44.4	_	_	_	56	_	_	_
	12N	47.1	57.1	57.1	_	_	_	69.1	_	_	_
	12WS	30.5	40.5	40.5	_	_	_	52.1	_	_	_
	12WM	44.5	54.5	54.5	_	_	_	66.1	_	_	_
	12WN	59.5	69.5	69.5	_	_	_	81.1	_	_	_
	15S	32	44	44	_	_	_	58.2	_	_	_
	15M	43	55	55	_	_	_	69.2	_	_	_
	15N	60.8	72.8	72.8	_	_	_	87	_	_	_
	15WS	41.5	53.5	53.5	_	_	_	67.7	_	_	_
	15WM	55.5	67.5	67.5	_	_	_	81.7	_	_	_
	15WN	74.5	86.5	86.5	_	_	_	100.9	_	_	_
	20M	50	66	66	_	_	_	81.2	_	_	_
	25M	77	97	97	_	_	_	112.6	_	_	_
	15S	64.4	84.4	84.4	89.8	86.8	92.2	100.4	105.4	101.4	106.9
	20S	79	99	99	105.4	103	109.4	115.5	122	118	124.5
	20	98	118	118	124.4	122	128.4	134.5	141	137	143.5
COD	25	109	131.4	131.4	138.6	137.4	144.6	149	156.2	151.4	158.6
SCR	30	131	152.4	152.4	161	158.8	167.4	174.4	183	176.8	185.4
	35	152	175	175	184.8	182.4	192.2	198	207.8	200.4	210.2
	45	174	207	207	216.8	215.2	225	233	242.8	236.2	246
	65	272	307.2	307.2	319.6	317.2	329.6	339	351.4	342.2	354.6

							L				
	Model No.		QZUU	QZSS	QZDD	QZZZ	QZKK	QZSSHH	QZDDHH	QZZZHH	QZKKHH
	15A/B/R/YR	56.6	79.6	79.6	87.6	84.2	92.2	98.8	106.8	100	108
	20A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	74	96.2	96.2	104.4	102	110.2	113.6	121.8	116	124.2
	20LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	90	112.2	112.2	120.4	118	126.2	129.6	137.8	132	140.2
	25A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	83.1	104.1	104.1	112.1	109.8	117.8	121.4	129.4	123.8	131.8
	25LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	102.2	123.2	123.2	131.2	128.9	136.9	140.5	148.5	142.9	150.9
	30A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	98	119	119	127	124.7	132.7	140.3	148.3	142.7	150.7
	30LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	120.6	141.6	141.6	149.6	147.3	155.3	162.9	170.9	165.3	173.3
HSR	35A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	109.4	132.2	132.2	142	139	148.8	154.6	164.4	157	166.8
	35LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	134.8	157.6	157.6	167.4	164.4	174.2	180	189.8	182.4	192.2
	45A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	139	174.8	174.8	181.6	176.6	186.4	201.2	211	204.4	214.2
	45LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	170.8	206.6	206.6	213.4	208.4	218.2	233	242.8	236.2	246
	55A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	163	197.2	197.2	208.4	202	213.2	227.2	238.4	230.4	241.6
	55LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	201.1	235.3	235.3	246.5	240.1	251.3	265.3	276.5	268.5	279.7
	65A/B/R/CA/CB/YR	186	221.4	221.4	233.8	226.6	239	257	269.4	260.2	272.6
	65LA/LB/LR/HA/HB	245.5	280.9	280.9	293.3	286.1	298.5	316.5	328.9	319.7	332.1
	25XR/XA/XB	82.8	105.2	105.2	112.8	110.9	118.5	122.5	130.1	124.9	132.5
İ	25XLR/XLA/XLB	102	124.4	124.4	132	130.1	137.7	141.7	149.3	144.1	151.7
	30R/A/B	98	120.4	120.4	129.4	126.1	135.1	141.7	150.7	144.1	153.1
	30LR/LA/LB	120.5	142.9	142.9	151.9	148.6	157.6	164.2	173.2	166.6	175.6
	35R/A/B	109.5	142.7	142.7	152.9	149.5	159.7	164.3	174.5	166.7	176.9
NR/	35LR/LA/LB	135	168.2	168.2	178.4	175	185.2	189.8	200	192.2	202.4
NRS	45R/A/B	139	172.2	172.2	182.4	179.8	190	197.6	207.8	200.8	211
	45LR/LA/LB	171	204.2	204.2	214.4	211.8	222	229.6	239.8	232.8	243
	55R/A/B	162.8	204.8	204.8	215	213.5	223.7	231.3	241.5	234.5	244.7
	55LR/LA/LB	200	242	242	252.2	250.7	260.9	268.5	278.7	271.7	281.9
	65R/A/B	185.6	227.6	227.6	238.2	236.3	246.9	258.1	268.7	261.3	271.9
	65LR/LA/LB	245.6	287.6	287.6	298.2	296.3	306.9	318.1	328.7	321.3	331.9
	35C/R	125	155	155	162.8	163.4	171.2	178.6	186.4	181	188.8
	35LC/LR	155	185	185	192.8	193.4	201.2	208.6	216.4	211	218.8
İ	45C/R	155	185	185	194.2	194.2	203.4	212	221.2	215.2	224.5
SRN	45LC/LR	190	220	220	229.2	229.2	238.4	247	256.2	250.2	259.4
	55C/R	185	225	225	234.2	234.2	243.4	252	261.2	255.2	264.4
	55LC/LR	235	275	275	284.2	284.2	293.4	302	311.2	305.2	314.4
	65LC/LR	303	343	343	354.2	354.2	370.4	380.4	391.6	378.6	389.8
	70	190	220	220	229.2	229.2	238.4	247	256.2	250.2	259.4
SRW	85	235	275	275	284.2	284.2	293.4	302	311.2	305.2	314.4
	100	303	343	343	354.2	354.2	370.4	380.4	391.6	378.6	389.8

QZ Lubricator

Unit: mm

	La da Libita	Ote dead		1			1	L	1	1			1
IVI	lodel No.	Standard overall length	QZUU	QZSS	QZDD	QZZZ	QZKK	QZSSHH	QZDDHH	QZZZHH	QZKKHH	QZJJHH	QZTTHH
	25R/C	82.8	102.8	102.8	108	108.5	113.7	116.8	122.0	_	_	122.5*	127.7*
	25LR/LC	102	122	122	127.2	127.7	132.9	136.0	141.2	_	_	141.7*	146.9*
	30R/C	98	118	118	124.6	123.7	130.3	135.2	141.8	_	_	140.9*	147.5*
	30LR/LC	120.5	140.5	140.5	147.1	146.2	152.8	157.7	164.3	_	_	163.4*	170.0*
	35R/C/RH/CH	109.5	139.5	139.5	146.5	146.3	153.3	156.7	163.7	_	_	163.5*	170.5*
SVR/	35LR/LC/ LRH/LCH	135	165	165	172	171.8	178.8	182.2	189.2	_	_	189.0*	196.0*
SVS	45R/C/RH/CH	138.2	168.2	168.2	175.2	175.8	182.8	188.2	195.2	_	_	195.8*	202.8*
	45LR/LC/ LRH/LCH	171	201	201	208	208.6	215.6	221.0	228.0	_	_	228.6*	235.6*
	55R/C/RH/CH	163.3	201.4	201.4	208.4	209.0	216.0	222.4	229.4	_		231.1*	238.1*
	55LR/LC/ LRH/LCH	200.5	238.6	238.6	245.6	246.2	253.2	259.6	266.6	_	_	268.3*	275.3*
	65R/C	186	224.4	224.4	231.8	233.1	240.5	248.8	256.2	_	_	257.5*	264.9*
	65LR/LC	246	284.4	284.4	291.8	293.1	300.5	308.8	316.2	_	_	317.5*	324.9*
	15A/V	69.2	90.6	90.6	92.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	20A/V	86.2	107.6	107.6	109.6	111	113	125.2	127.2	127.6	129.6	_	_
	20LA/LV	106.2	127.6	127.6	129.6	131	133	145.2	147.2	147.6	149.6	l —	_
	25C/R	95.5	125.5	125.5	130.5	130.5	135.5	145.3	151.7	147.7	154.1	_	_
	25LC/LR	115.1	145.1	145.1	150.1	150.1	155.1	164.9	171.3	167.3	173.7	_	_
	30C/R	111	141	141	148	146	153	160.8	169.2	164.6	171.6	_	_
	30LC/LR	135	165	165	172	170	177	184.8	193.2	188.6	195.6	_	_
	35C/R	125	155	155	162.8	163.4	171.2	172.6	180.4	181	188.8	180.8*	188.6*
	35LC/LR	155	185	185	192.8	193.4	201.2	202.6	210.4	211	218.8	210.8*	218.6*
SRG	35SLC/SLR	180.8	210.8	210.8	218.6	219.2	227	228.4	236.2	236.8	244.6	236.6*	244.4*
	45C/R	155	185	185	194.2	194.2	203.4	205.6	214.8	214.8	224	214.6*	223.8*
	45LC/LR	190	220	220	229.2	229.2	238.4	240.6	249.8	249.8	259	249.6*	258.8*
	45SLC/SLR	231.5	261.5	261.5	270.7	270.7	279.9	282.1	291.3	291.3	300.5		300.3*
	55C/R	185	225	225	234.2	234.2	243.4	245.6	254.8	254.8	264	254.6*	263.8*
	55LC/LR	235	275	275	284.2	284.2	293.4	295.6	304.8	304.8	314		313.8*
	55SLC/SLR	292	332	332	341.2	341.2	350.4	352.6	361.8	361.8	371	361.6*	
	65C/V	244.9	284.9	284.9	296.1	296.1	307.3	308.9	320.1	320.1	331.3		331.1*
	65LC/LV	303	343	343	354.2	354.2	365.4	367	378.2	378.2	389.4	378*	389.2*
	65LC/SLV	380	420	420	431.2	431.2	442.4	444	455.2	455.2	466.4	455*	466.2*

* The overall LM block length (L) of YY type (with side scraper) is also the same.

Note1) For models SVR/SVS and SRG, we recommend attaching a protector. For the dimensions of QZZZHH and QZKKHH, contact THK. For details of the symbols of options, see 1-496.

Note2) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model

attached with QZ, contact THK.

Model number coding

SHS25 KKHH C0 +1200L Z QZ

Model Type of number LM block

rail

With QZ Lubricator (*1)

No. of LM blocks

used on the same

Contamination protection accessory symbol (*2)

LM rail length (in mm)

Radial clearance symbol (*3) Normal (No symbol) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

 \pm Symbol of rails used on the same plane (*5) Symbol for No. With steel

Accuracy symbol (*4) Normal grade (No Symbol) High accuracy grade (H)
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See M1-489. (*2) See M1-496. (*3) See M1-70. (*4) See M1-75. (*5) See M1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

List of Parts Symbols

- For the overall block length (dimension L) of each model with seal options attached, see ▲1-471 to ▲1-478.
- For the overall block length (dimension L) with the QZ option attached, see **A1-492** to **A1-495**.

[Symbols for Seals and Metal Scraper]

Symbol	Configuration of seal and metal scraper
No Symbol	Without seal
UU	End seal
SS	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*
DD	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*
ZZ	With end seal + side seal + inner seal* + metal scraper
KK	With double seals + side seal + inner seal* + metal scraper

^{*} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **\(\Delta 1-460**)

[Symbols for QZ Lubricator and Laminated Contract Scraper LaCS]

Symbol	Configuration of options	Example
* * HH	(Seal and metal scraper) + LaCS	UUHH
* * HHYY	(Seal and metal scraper) + LaCS + side scraper	DDHHYY
QZ**	With QZ + (seal and metal scraper)	QZZZ
QZ**HH	With QZ + (seal and metal scraper) + LaCS	QZZZHH
QZ**HHYY	With QZ + (seal and metal scraper) + LaCS + side scraper	QZKKHHYY

Note1) ** in the table represents the symbol for a seal and metal scraper.

Note2) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Symbols for Light-Resistance Contact Seal LiCS]

Symbol	Configuration of options
GG	LiCS
PP	With LiCS + side seal + inner seal*
QZGG	With QZ + LiCS
QZPP	With QZ + LiCS + side seal + inner seal*

^{*} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **1-460**)

[Symbols for Protector]

* Supported models: SVR/SVS and SRG

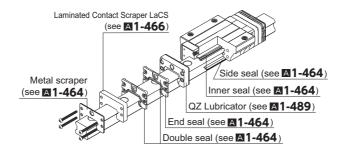
Symbol	Configuration of options
JJHH	With End seal + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function)
TTHH	With Double seals + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function)
JJHHYY	With End seal + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function) + side scraper
TTHHYY	With Double seals + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function) + side scraper
QZJJHH	With QZ + end seal + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function)
QZTTHH	With QZ + double seals + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function)
QZJJHHYY	With QZ + end seal + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function) + side scraper
QZTTHHYY	With QZ + double seals + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + protector (also has a metal scraper function) + side scraper

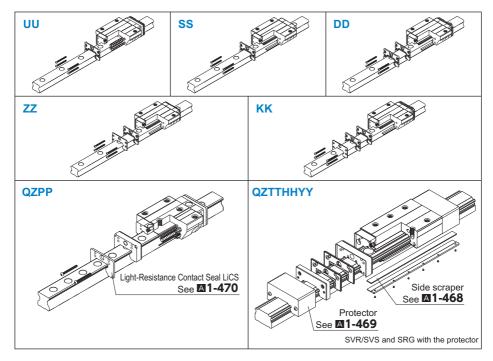
^{*} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **A1-460**)

Note1) HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector (see **A1-469**). The protector also has the metal scraper function.

Contact THK if you want to use the Protector with other options.

QZZZHH





Model number coding

TTHH C0 +1200L

Model No. Type of LM block With QZ

Symbol for Lubricator dust-proof accessory LM rail length (in mm)

Symbol for LM

Symbol for No. rail jointed use of rails used on the same plane

No. of LM blocks used on the same rail Radial clearance symbol Normal (No symbol)/ Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol

Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)/ Precision grade (P)Super precision grade (SP)/ Ultra precision grade (UP)

Dedicated Bellows

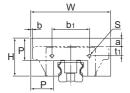
- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the dedicated bellows dimensions, see △1-500 to △1-511.

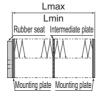
Item name	Schematic diagram / mounting location	Purpose/location of use
Dedicated Bellows	Bellows	Used in locations exposed to dust or cutting chips

Bellows

[Dedicated Bellows JSH for Model SHS]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JSH for model SHS. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.









Models SHS15 to 30

Models SHS35 to 65

Unit: mm

						٨	lain din	nension	IS					Suppo	orted
Model	l No.							t ₁						mod	let
		W	Н	H₁	Р	b₁	С	V	R	b ₂	t 2	t₃	t ₄	numbers	
	15	53	26	26	15	22.4	4	4	8	_	_	8	_		15
	20	60	30	30	17	27.6	7.5	7.5	_	_	_	8	6		20
	25	75	36	36	20	38	9.1	9.1	13.1	_	_	9	7	SHS	25
JSH	30	80	38	38	20	44	11	11	14	_	_	11	8		30
JOH	35	86	40.5	40.5	20	50	11	11	18	20	21.5	_	_	ЗПЗ	35
	45	97	46	46	20	64.6	13.5	13.5	23.5	26	26.5	_	_		45
	55	105	48	48	20	68	13	13	23	30	31.5	_	_		55
	65	126	63	63	25	80	18	18	_	34	45	_	_		65

Unit: mm

Suppo	orted			C	Other dime	nsions				, A ,
mod	del	Mounti	ng bolt		а			b		(<u>Lmax</u>)
numb	ers	S	S ₁	С	V	R	С	V	R	\ Lmin /
	15	*M2×8ℓ	M4×8ℓ	5	5	1	3	9.5	9.5	5
	20	M2.6×8ℓ	M3×6ℓ	5	5	_	-1.5	8	_	6
	25	M3×8ℓ	M3×6ℓ	6	6	2	2.5	13.5	13.5	7
SHS	30	M3×10ℓ	M3×6ℓ	3	3	0	-5	10	10	7
опо	35	M4×10ℓ	M4×8ℓ	0	0	-7	-7	8	8	7
	45	M4×12ℓ	M4×8ℓ	-5	-5	-15	-11.7	5.5	5.5	7
	55	M5×12ℓ	M5×10ℓ	-9	-9	-19	-17.5	2.5	2.5	7
	65	M6×14ℓ	M6×12ℓ	-8	-8	_	-22	0	_	9

^{*} Use self-tapping screws as the mounting screws on the LM block side of the JSH15.

Note3) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

JSH35 - 60/420

Model number of bellows for SHS35

Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

Note) The length of the bellows is calculated as follow.

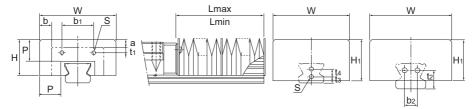
S: Stroke length (mm) Lmin =

Lmax = Lmin · A A: Extension rate

Note1) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK. Note2) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

[Dedicated Bellows JSSR-X for Model SSR]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JSSR-X for model SSR. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Models SSR15X to 25X Models SSR30X and 35X

Unit: mm

								Mai	n din	nensi	ons					, Α ,	Supported	
Model	No.											Mounting bolt		k)	(Lmax	mo	del
		W	Н	H1	Р	b ₁	t ₁	b ₂	t ₂	t₃	t ₄	S	а	XW/XV	XTB	\ Lmin /	num	bers
	15X	51	24	26	15	20.5	4.7	_	_	8	_	M3×5ℓ	5	8.5	-0.5	5		15X
	20X	58	26	30	15	25	4.2	_	_	6	6	M3×5ℓ	4	8	-0.5	5		20X
JSSR	25X	71	33	38	20	29	5	_	_	6	7	M3×5ℓ	7	11.5	-1	7	SSR	25X
	30X	76	37.5	37.5	20	35	9	12	17	_	_	M4×6ℓ	3	8	_	7		30X
	35X	84	39	39	20	44	7	14	20	_	_	M5×10ℓ	2	7	_	7		35X

Note1) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Note2) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note3) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

JSSR35X - 60/420

Model number of bellows for SSR35X

Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

Note) The length of the bellows is calculated as follow.

S: Stroke length (mm) Lmin =

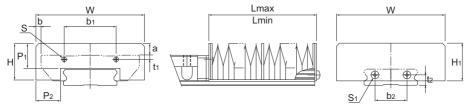
Lmax = Lmin · A A: Extension rate

[Dedicated Bellows JSV for Models SVR and SVS]

For models SVR/SVS, a simplified bellows JSV is available. For details, contact THK.

[Dedicated Bellows JSHW for Model SHW]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JSHW for model SHW. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Unit: mm

					Mai	n dimensi	ons				Supported	
Model	No.	W	Н	H₁	P ₁	P ₂	b ₁	t ₁	b ₂	t ₂	mod numb	
	17	68	22	23	15	15.4	39	2.6	18	6		17
	21	75	25	26	17	17	35.8	2.9	22	7		21
JSHW	27	85	33.5	33.5	20	20	25	3.5	20	10	SHW	27
	35	120	35	35	20	20	75	7.5	40	13		35
	50	164	42	42	20	20	89.4	14	50	16		50

Unit: mm

		Other dimensions													
Model	No	Mounti	ing bolt	а	ŀ	Lmax									
Wiodei	140.	*S	S ₁		Model CA	Model CR	Lmin)								
	17	M2×4ℓ	M3×6ℓ	8	4	9	5								
	21	M2×5ℓ	M3×6ℓ	8	3.5	10.5	6								
JSHW	27	M2.6×6ℓ	M3×6ℓ	10	2.5	11.5	7								
	35	M3×8ℓ	M3×6ℓ	6	0	10	7								
	50	M4×12ℓ	M4×8ℓ	_	1	17	7								

Note1) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Note2) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note3) For the mounting bolts marked with "*", use tapping screws.

Note4) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.



JSHW21 - 60/360

Model number of bellows for SHW21

Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

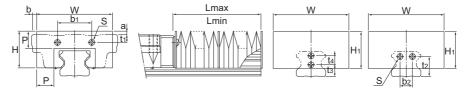
Note) The length of the bellows is calculated as follow.

Lmin = S: Stroke length (mm) Lmax = Lmin · A

A: Extension rate

[Dedicated Bellows JH for Model HSR]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JH for model HSR. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Models HSR15 to 30 Models HSR35 to 85

Unit: mm

									Mai	n dir	nens	sions						, A ,	Suppo	ortod
Mo N	del o.						t	1					Mounting bolt	á	3	k)	(Lmax Lmin	mod	del
		W	Н	H₁	Р	b₁	A/B	R	b ₂	t ₂	t₃	t ₄	S	A/B	R	A/B	R	(2)	Hullik	Jeis
	15	55	27	30	15	25	2.5	6.5	_	_	10	_	*M4×8ℓ	7.5	3.5	-4	-10.5	5		15
	20	66	32	35			_	6	8	M3×6ℓ	7 7 -1.5 -11		-11	6		20				
	25	78	38	38	20	30	7	11	_	_	10	8	M3×6ℓ	8.5	4.5	-4	-15	7		25
	30	84	42	42	20	40	8	11	_	_	11	10	M4×8ℓ	7	4	3	-12	7		30
JH	35	88	43	43	20	40	9	16	14	23	_	_	M4×8ℓ	4	_	6	-9	7	HSR	35
	45	100	51	51	20	58	10	20	20	29	_	_	M5×10ℓ	_	_	10	- 7	7		45
	55	108	54	54	20	66	11	21	26	35	_	_	M5×10ℓ	_	_	16	-4	7		55
	65	65 132 68 68 20 80 19 19 32 42 —		_	M6×12ℓ	_	_	19	-3	7		65								
	85	170	88	88	30	105	23	23	44	50			M6×12ℓ		_	22.5	- 7	10		85

Note1) For model JH15's location marked with "*", mounting bolts are used only on the LM rail side while the LM block side

uses M2 x 5 (nominal) tapping screws.

Note2) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Note3) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK

Note4) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

JH25 - 60/420

Model number of bellows for HSR25

Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

Note) The length of the bellows is calculated as follow.

S: Stroke length (mm)

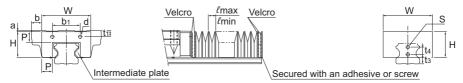
 $Lmax = Lmin \cdot A$ A: Extension rate

[Dedicated Bellows DH for Model HSR]

For models HSR15, 20 and 25, bellows DH, which has the following features, is also available other than the dedicated bellows JH. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.

Features

- (1) Has a width and height smaller than the conventional product so that any part of the bellows does not stick out of the top face of the LM block. The extension rate is equal to or greater than that of the conventional type.
- (2) Has an intermediate plate for each crest so that it will not easily lift and the bellows can be used with vertical mount, wall mount and slant mount.
- (3) Operable at high speed, at up to 120 m/min.
- (4) Since a Velcro tape can be used to install the bellows, a regular-size model can be cut to the desired length, or two or more regular-size bellows can be taped together.
- (5) Can be installed using screws just as bellows JH. In this case, a plate (thickness: 1.6 mm) must be placed between the bellows and the LM bock. Contact THK for details.



Unit: mm

									Λ	/lain d	dime	nsion	S									
	Model No.					t	1					а		b				Exten- sion rate		Factor	Suppo mod numb	del
		W	Н	Р	b₁	A/B	R	t₃	t ₄	d	S	A/B	R	A/B	R	ℓ max	ℓmin	Α	Е	k		
	15	35	19.5	8.5	25	2.5	6.5	10	_	φ 2 .5	φ5	0	4	6	-0.5	10	2.5	4	2	1.2		15
DH	20	45	25	10	34	5	5	6	8	φ4	φ4	0	0	9	-0.5	13	2.5	5	2	1.3	HSR	20
	25	52	29.5	12	30	7	11	10	8	φ3.5	φ3.5	0	4	9	-2	15	3	5	2	1.3		25

Note1) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note2) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

DH20 - 50/250

Model number of bellows for HSR20

Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

Note) The maximum length of the bellows itself is calculated as follows.

Lmax (Lmin) = ℓ max (ℓ mim) ×200

Example of calculating bellows dimensions:

When the stroke of model HSR20 is: \(\ell s = 530 mm \)

Lmin =
$$\frac{\ell s}{(A-1)}$$
 = $\frac{530}{4}$ = 132.5 \(\div 135\)

 $Lmax = A \cdot Lmin = 5 \times 135 = 675$

Number of required crests n

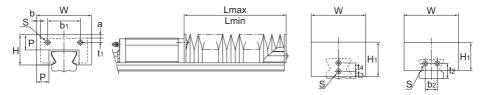
$$n = \frac{Lmax}{P \cdot k} = \frac{675}{10 \times 1.3} = 51.9 = 52 \text{ crests}$$

 $Lmin = n \cdot \ell min + E = 52 \times 2.5 + 2 = 132$

(E indicates the plate thickness of 2) Therefore, the model number of the required bellows is DH20-132/675.

[Dedicated Bellows JS for Model SR]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JS for model SR. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Models SR15 to 25 Models SR30 to 70

Unit: mm

								Mai	n dim	nensi	ons					, A ,	Suppo	orted
Mode	l No.											Mounting bolt		ı	0	Lmax Lmin	mod	del
		W	Н	H₁	Р	b₁	t ₁	b ₂	t 2	t₃	t4	S	а	W/V	TB/SB	(=:::::: /	numi	bers
	15	51	24	26	15	22	3.4	_	_	8	_	M3×6ℓ	5	8.5	-0.5	5		15
	20	58	26	30	15	25	4.2	_	_	6	6	M3×6ℓ	4	8	-0.5	5		20
	25	71	33	38	20	29	5	_	_	6	7	M3×6ℓ	7	11.5	-1	7		25
JS	30	76	37.5	37.5	20	42	5	12	17	_	_	M4×8ℓ	3	8	-7	7	SR	30
10	35	84	39	39	20	44	6.5	14	20	_	_	M5×10ℓ	1.5	7	-8	7	SK	35
	45	95	47.5	47.5	20	60	8	22	27	_	_	M5×10ℓ	-1.5	5	-12.5	7		45
	55	108	55.5	55.5	25	70	10	24	28			M6×12ℓ	-0.5	4	-16	9		55
	70	144	67	67	30	90	13	34	35	_		M6×12ℓ	-3	9	_	10		70

Note1) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK. Note2) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note3) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

JS55 - 60/540

Model number of bellows for SR55 Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

Note) The length of the bellows is calculated as follow.

Lmin = S: Stroke length (mm)

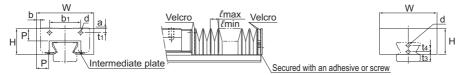
 $Lmax = Lmin \cdot A$ A: Extension rate

[Dedicated Bellows DS for Model SR]

For models SR15, 20 and 25, bellows DS, which has the following features, is also available other than the dedicated bellows JS. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.

Features

- (1) Has a width and height smaller than the conventional product so that any part of the bellows does not stick out of the top face of the LM block. The extension rate is equal to or greater than that of the conventional type.
- (2) Has an intermediate plate for each crest so that it will not easily lift and the bellows can be used with vertical mount, wall mount and slant mount.
- (3) Operable at high speed, at up to 120 m/min.
- (4) Since a Velcro tape can be used to install the bellows, a regular-size model can be cut to the desired length, or two or more regular-size bellows can be taped together.
- (5) Can be installed using screws just as the conventional type. In this case, a plate (thickness: 1.6 mm) must be placed between the bellows and the LM bock. Contact THK for details.



Unit: mm

										Mai	n dime	nsions							
Mo N												b			Extension rate		Factor	Supp mo num	del
		W	Н	Р	b₁	t ₁	t 3	t ₄	d	а	W/V	TB/SB	ℓmax	ℓmin	Α	Е	k		30.0
	15	38	19	10	22	3.4	8	_	3.5	0	2	-7	13	2.5	5	2	1.3		15
DS	20	49	22	10	25	4.2	6	6	4	0	3.5	-5	13	2.5	5	2	1.3	SR	20
	25	56	26	12	29	5	6	7	4	0	4	-8.5	15	3	5	2	1.3		25

Note1) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note2) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

DS20 - 50/250

Model number of bellows for SR20 Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended) Note) The maximum length of the bellows itself is calculated as follows.

 $Lmax (Lmin) = \ell max (\ell min) \times 200$

Example of calculating bellows dimensions:

When the stroke of model SR20 is: ℓs=530mm

Lmin =
$$\frac{\ell_s}{(A-1)}$$
 = $\frac{530}{4}$ = 132.5 \(\ddot\) 135

 $Lmax = A \cdot Lmin = 5 \times 135 = 675$

Number of required crests n

$$n = \frac{Lmax}{P \cdot k} = \frac{675}{10 \times 1.3} = 51.9 = 52 \text{ crests}$$

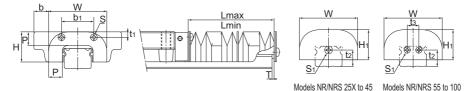
Lmin =
$$n \cdot \ell min + E = 52 \times 2.5 + 2 = 132$$

(E indicates the plate thickness of 2)

Therefore, the model number of the required bellows is DS20-132/675.

[Simplified Bellows JN Dedicated for Models NR/NRS]

For models NR/NRS, bellows are available. Fig. 1 To gain a higher contamination protection effect, attach a telescopic cover outside the bellows after the bellows are mounted.



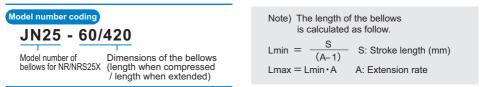
Unit: mm

_																
						Ma	ain dim	ension	ıs					, A ,	Supp	orted
	del o.									Mounti	ng bolt	b		(<u>Lmax</u>)	mo	del
	-	W	Н	H₁	Р	b₁	t ₁	t ₂	t₃	S	S ₁	A,LA B,LB	Т	\ Lmin /	num	bers
	25	48	25.5	25.5	10	26.6	4.6	13	_	M3×5ℓ	M4×4ℓ	11	1.5	7		25X
	30	60	31	31	14	34	5.5	17	_	M4×8ℓ	M4×4ℓ	15	1.5	9		30
	35	70	35	35	15	36	6	20.5	_	M4×8ℓ	M5×4ℓ	15	2	10		35
	45	86	40.5	40.5	17	47	6.5	24	_	M5×10ℓ	M5×4ℓ	17	2	10		45
JN	55	100	49	49	20	54	10	29.5	18	M5×10ℓ	M5×4ℓ	20	2	13	NR/ NRS	55
	65	126	57.5	57.5	20	64	13.5	36.2	20	M6×12ℓ	M6×5ℓ	22	3.2	13	11110	65
	75	145	64	64	30	80	10.5	34.2	26	M6×12ℓ	M6×5ℓ	25	3.2	20		75
	85	156	70.5	70.5	30	110	15.5	39.5	28	M6×12ℓ	M6×5ℓ	39.5	3.2	20		85
	100	200	82	82	30	140	15	40	34	M8×16ℓ	M6×5ℓ	30	3.2	20		100

Note1) When desiring to use the bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Note2) For lubrication when using the bellows, contact THK.

Note3) When using the bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.



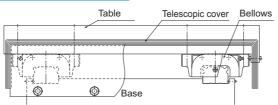
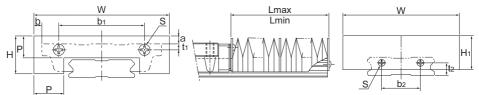


Fig.1 Example of Mounting the Bellows

[Dedicated Bellows JHRW for Model HRW]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JHRW for model HRW. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Unit: mm

							Ma	in dim	ensio	ns				, A ,	Cunn	ortod
Model	No.	W	Н	H₁	Р	b ₁	t ₁	b ₂	t ₂	Mounting bolt S	а	Model CA		(Lmax Lmin	Suppo mod numb	del
	17	68	22	23	15	43	3	18	6	*M3×6ℓ	8	4	9	5		17
	21	75	25	26	17	48	3	22	7	M3×6ℓ	8	3.5	10.5	6		21
JHRW	27	85	33.5	33.5	20	48	3	20	10	M3×6ℓ	10	2.5	11.5	7	HRW	27
	35	120	35	35	20	75	3.5	40	13	M3×6ℓ	6	0	10	7		35
	50	164	42	42	20	100	9	50	16	M4×8ℓ	-3	1	17	7		50

Note1) For model JHRW17's location marked with "*", mounting bolts are used only on the LM rail side while the LM block side uses M2.5 x 8 (nominal) tapping screws.

Note2) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Note3) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note4) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

JHRW21

- 60/360

Model number of bellows for HRW21

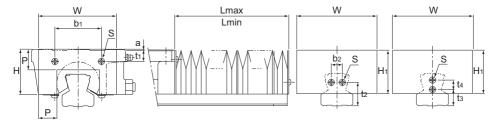
Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

Note) The length of the bellows is calculated as follow.

 $Lmin = \frac{S}{(A-1)}$ S: Stroke length (mm) $Lmax = Lmin \cdot A$ A: Extension rate

[Dedicated Bellows J for Model NSR-TBC]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows J for model NSR-TBC. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Models NSR30 to 70TBC

Models NSR20 and 25TBC

Unit: mm

							Main	dime	nsions	;				^		
	del o.	W	Н	H₁	Р	b₁	t₁	b ₂	t ₂	t₃	t ₄	Mounting bolt S	а	A (<u>Lmax</u>) Lmin	m	ported odel nbers
	20	65	39	43	20	26	8	_	_	9	8	M4×8ℓ	8	7		20TBC
	25	75	43	45	20	40	11	_	_	12	8	M4×8ℓ	3	7		25TBC
١.	30	85	46	46	20	50	12	12	25	_	_	M4×8ℓ	_	7	NSR	30TBC
J	40	115	59	59	25	60	13	16	32	_	_	M5×10ℓ	_	9	NOK	40TBC
	50	115	66	66	25	75	11	20	32	_	_	M5×10ℓ	_	9		50TBC
	70	124	84	78	25	96	16	36	40	_	_	M6×12ℓ	_	9		70TBC

Note1) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Note2) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note3) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

J50 - 60/540

Model number of bellows for NSR50TBC

Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

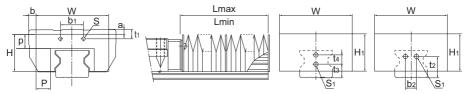
Note) The length of the bellows is calculated as follow.

Lmin =
$$\frac{S}{(A-1)}$$
 S: Stroke length (mm)

Lmax = Lmin · A A: Extension rate

[Dedicated Bellows JSRG for Model SRG]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JSRG for model SRG. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Models SRG15 and 30

Models SRG35 to 100

Unit: mm

									N	lain (dime	nsio	ns							, A ,	Suppo	ortod
Mod								t	1					Screw	Mounting bolt	á	3	k)	(Lmax	mod	del
		W	Н	H₁	Р	р	b₁	A/C	R/V	b ₂	t ₂	t₃	t4	S	Sı	A/C	R/V	A/C	R/V	\ Lmin /	numl	bers
	15	55	27	27	14.2	12.7	28	10.3	10.3		_	10.6	_	M2	M4	7	7	4	10.5	5		15
	20	66	32	32	17	15	38.5	9.6	9.6	_	_	7.4	8	M2	М3	6.6	6.6	1.5	11	6		20
	25	78	38	38	23	18	27.6	3.9	7.9	_	_	10	8	M2	M3×6ℓ	-6.5	-2.5	4	15	6		25
	30	84	42	42	22	19	37.4	10.4	13.4	_	_	11	10	М3	M4×8ℓ	-5	-2	3	12	7		30
JSRG	35	88	42	42	22	15	35	5	12	13	23	_	_	М3	M4×4ℓ	0	7	6	-9	5	SRG	35
Jong	45	100	51	51	20	20	32	7	17	15	29	_	_	М3	M5×4ℓ	0	10	10	– 7	7	SKG	45
	55	108	57	57	20	20	36	10	20	25	35	_	_	М3	M5×4ℓ	3	13	16	-4	7		55
	65	132	75.5	75.5	28.5	25	46	9	9	28	42	_	_	M4	M6×5ℓ	3	3	19	-3	9		65
	85	168	91	91	35.5	30	120	15	_	30	55	_		M6	M6×8ℓ	3		23.5		9		85
	100	198	100	100	43	33	152	13.3	_	36	60	_	_	M6	M6×8ℓ	4	_	26	_	9		100

Note1) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Note2) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK.

Note3) When using the dedicated bellows, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Note4) In case of oil lubrication, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block

where the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see **A1-12** and **A24-2**, respectively.



JSRG35 - 60/420

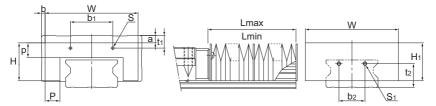
Model number of bellows for SRG35

Dimensions of the bellows (length when compressed / length when extended)

Lmin =
$$\frac{S}{(A-1)}$$
 S: Stroke length (mm)

[Dedicated Bellows JSRW for Model SRW]

The table below shows the dimensions of dedicated bellows JSRW for model SRW. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.



Unit: mm

								Mai	n din	nensi	ons				, A ,	Suppo	ortod
Model	No.	W	Н	H₁	Р	р	b ₁	t ₁	b ₂	t ₂	Screw size	Mounting bolt S ₁	а	b	(Lmax Lmin	mod	del
	70	125	51	51	20	20	57	17	35	32	M3	M5×4L	10	5	7		70
	85	138	57	57	20	20	68	20	42	36	M3	M5×4L	13	13.5	7		85
JSRW	100	169	75.5	75.5	28.5	25	83	19	50	46	M4	M6×5L	13	15.5	9	SRW	100
	130	220	96	96	36.5	35	165	35	60	55	M6	M6×8L	18	20	9		130
	150	260	114	114	49	47	200	43.3	70	60	M6	M6×8L	20	20	9		150

Note1) For lubrication when using the dedicated bellows, contact THK. Note2) When desiring to use the dedicated bellows other than in horizontal mount (i.e., vertical, wall and inverted mount), or when desiring a heat-resistant type of bellows, contact THK.

Model number coding

JSRW70 - 60/420

Model number of

Dimensions of the bellows bellows for SRW70 (length when compressed / length when extended)

Dedicated LM Cover

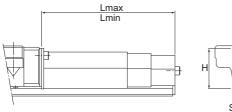
- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the dedicated LM cover dimensions, see 🖾 1-513.

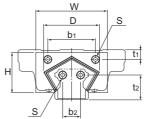
Item name	Schematic diagram / mounting location	Purpose/location of use
Dedicated LM Cover	LM cover	Used in locations exposed to dust or cutting chips Used in locations where high tem- perature foreign material such as flying spatter

LM Cover

[Dedicated LM Cover TPH for Model HSR]

The tables below show the dimensions of dedicated LM cover TPH for model HSR. Specify the corresponding model number of the desired bellows from the table.







Models HSR25 and 30

Unit: mm

						Main	dimensi	ons					orted
Mode	el No.	W	D (max)	Н	b₁	t ₁	b ₂	t ₂	t₃	t ₄	Mounting bolt S		del bers
	25	55	42	28	30	7	_	_	10	8	M3×6ℓ		25
	30	60	48	34	40	8	_	_	11	10	M4×8ℓ		30
TPH	35	70	55	38	40	9	14	23	_	_	M4×8ℓ	HSR	35
	45	90	75	48	58	10	20	29	_	_	M5×10ℓ		45
	55	100	88	55	66	11	26	35	_		M5×10ℓ		55

Unit: mm

Unit: mm

Mode	al No	Stage	I	-	Stroke
Wiode	i INO.	Slage	min	max	Stroke
		3	200	530	330
	25	3	150	380	230
		3	100	230	130
		3	250	680	430
TPH	30	3	200	530	330
IFF		3	150	380	230
		3	300	830	530
	35	3	250	680	430
	35	3	200	530	330
		3	150	380	230

Mode	ı No	Stage	I	_	Stroke
IVIOUE	i INO.	Stage	min	max	Sticke
		3	350	980	630
	45	3	300	830	530
	45	3	250	680	430
TDU		3	200	530	330
IFF		4	400	1460	1060
	EE	4	350	1330	980
	55	4	300	1060	760
		4	250	860	610
TPH	55	4 4 4	400 350 300	1460 1330 1060	1060 980 760

Note1) For lubrication when using the dedicated LM cover, contact THK.

Note2) When using the dedicated LM cover, the LM block and LM rail need to be machined so that the bellows can be mounted. Be sure to indicate that the dedicated bellows is required when ordering the LM Guide.

Model number coding

TPH55 - 400/1460

Model number of LM cover for HSR55 Lmax (cover length when extended)

Lmin (cover length when compressed)

Cap C

If any of the LM rail mounting holes of an LM Guide is filled with cutting chips or foreign material, they may enter the LM block structure. Entrance of such foreign material can be prevented by covering each LM rail mounting hole with the dedicated cap.

Since the dedicated cap C for LM rail mounting holes uses a special synthetic resin with high oil resistance and high wear resistance, it is highly durable.

To attach the dedicated cap to the mounting hole, place a flat metal piece like one shown in Fig.1 on the cap and gradually hammer in the cap until it is on the same level as the top face of the LM rail. When attaching the dedicated cap C for LM rail mounting holes, do not remove any of the LM blocks from the LM rail.

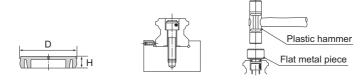


Table1 List of Model Numbers Supported for the Dedicated Cap C for LM Rail Mounting Holes

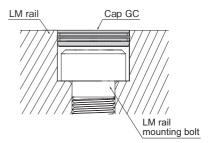
		Main o							Suppo	rted m	odel n	umber					
Model No.	Bolt used	D	Н	SSR	SR	SVR SVS	NR NRS	SHS HSR SCR CSR HCR	HMG	SHW HRW	SRG SRN	SRW	GSR	HR		SRS-W RSR-W	NSR- TBC
C3	МЗ	6.3	1.2	_	15	_	_	12		_	_		ı	1123 1530	12 15	9	_
C4	M4	7.8	1.0	15Y	_	_	_	15	15	12, 14, 17, 21, 27	15	_	15	_	_	14	_
C5	M5	9.8	2.4	20	20	25	25X	20	_	_	20	_	20	2042	20	_	20
C6	M6	11.4	2.7	25Y 30	25Y 30	30	30	25	25	35	25	_	25		25	_	25 30
C8	M8	14.4	3.7	35	35	35	35	30 35	35	50	30 35	_	30	2555 3065	_	_	40
C10	M10	18.0	3.7	_	45	_	_	_	_	60	_	70	35	3575	_	_	50
C12	M12	20.5	4.7	_	55	45	45	45	45	_	45	85	_	4085	_	—	70
C14	M14	23.5	5.7	_	_	55	55	55	_	_	55	100	_		_		_
C16	M16	26.5	5.7	_	70 85	65	65	65	65	_	65	130		50105	_	_	_
C20	M20	32.3	5.7		_		75		_	_		_	_	_			
C22	M22	35.5	5.7	_	_		85	85	_	_	85	150	_	_			_
C24	M24	39.5	7.7	_	_	_	100	100	_	_	100	_	_	_	_	_	_

Note) The dedicated cap for the LM rail mounting hole can be made of other materials (e.g., metal). Contact THK for details.

Cap GC

●For notes regarding how to handle the GC cap, see △1-534.





GC caps are metal caps designed to cover the mounting holes in LM rails (in compliance with RoHS directives).

In harsh environments, preventing any influx of coolant or foreign material from the top face of the LM rail, coupled with the use of seals, will dramatically improve the contamination protection performance for the LM guide.

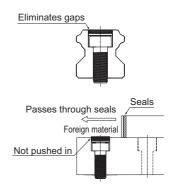
[Features]

 Eliminating gaps around the mounting holes (countersunk holes)

The GC caps press into the mounting holes (countersunk holes) so that there are no gaps.

 Provides long-term sealing due to its excellent abrasion resistance

If a countermeasure such as a seal passes along the rail when there is foreign matter on the upper surface of the LM rail, it generates force pushing the GC cap in from above. In this situation, the cap does not get pushed inwards as it is easily strong enough to stay in place.



• GC caps are highly effective in a range of different environments.

	Service environment			uide	Example of Using the Spring Pad	
	Service	environment	Standard C cap fitted GC cap fitted		Example of Osing the Spring Pau	
	Foreign mot	Metal powder, sputtering	0	0	Welding machines, robots	
	Foreign mat- ter concen- tration: Low	Wood shavings, coolant (Environments that strip away oils)	0	0	Woodworking machinery, washers	
Poor environ-	tration. Low	Metal powder + coolant	0	0	Lathes, machining centers	
1 .	Causian	Metal powder, sputtering	Δ	0	Welding machines, robots	
	ter concen-	(Environments that strip away oils)	\triangle	0	Woodworking machinery, washers	
		Metal powder + coolant	Δ	0	Lathes, machining centers	

②:Particularly effective ○:Effective △:Not particularly effective

[Dimensions, applicable model number]

Specification Table



Unit: mm

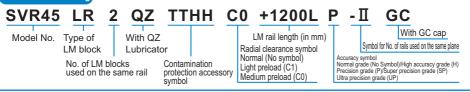
Model No.	Outer diameter D	Thickness H
GC5	9.86	2.5
GC6	11.36	2.5
GC8	14.36	3.5
GC10	17.86	3.5
GC12	20.36	4.6
GC14	23.36	5.0
GC16	26.36	5.0
GC22	35.36	5.0
GC24	39.36	5.0

Supported model numbers

GC caps are suitable for various different model numbers.

	LM rail		LM Guide model number										
Model No.	mounting bolt	SSR	SR	SVR SVS	NR NRS	SHS HSR HCR	SCR CSR	SHW HRW	SRG SRN	SRW	GSR	HR	NSR- TBC
GC5	M5	20	20	25	25X	20	20	_	20	_	20	2042	20
GC6	M6	25Y 30	25Y 30	30	30	25	25	35	25	_	25	_	25 30
GC8	M8	35	35	35	35	30 35	30 35	50	30 35	_	30	2555 3065	40
GC10	M10	_	45	_	_	_	_	60	_	70	35	3575	50
GC12	M12	_	55	45	45	45	45	_	45	85	_	4085	70
GC14	M14	_	_	55	55	55	_	_	55	100	_		_
GC16	M16	_	70 85	65	65	65	65	_	65	130	_	50105	_
GC22	M22		_	_	85	85	_	_	85	150	_	_	_
GC24	M24	_	120	_	100	100	_	_	100	_	_	_	_

Model number coding



Note1) LM guides with GC caps are special rails.

Note2) They cannot be mounted on stainless steel LM rails or LM rails that have undergone surface treatment.

Note3) If this product will be used in special environments, such as in a vacuum or at very low or high temperatures, contact

Note4) GC caps are not sold individually. They are sold as a set with LM guides.

Note5) The openings of LM rail mounting holes are not chamfered. Take care not to injure your hands while working.

Note6) After fitting GC caps, the upper surface of the LM rail must be flattened and cleaned (wiped).

Note7) If you wish to fit GC caps for a single rail, use the sample model number configuration shown below.

(Example) SVR45LR2QZTTHHC0+1200LPGC With GC cap * Add the symbol (GC) to the end of the model number.

The procedure for inserting a GC cap into a mounting hole consists of using a flat aligning fitting to gradually punch the cap into the hole until it is level with the upper surface of the LM rail, as shown in the figure. Fit GC caps without removing the LM rail from the LM block.

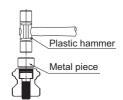
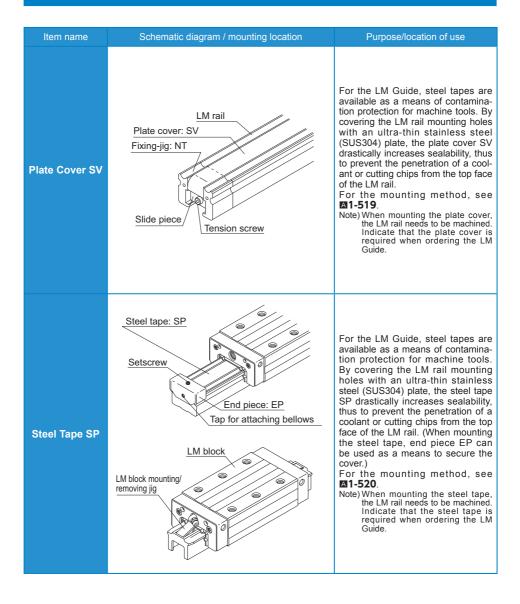


Plate Cover SV Steel Tape SP

●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.



[Mounting Procedure for Plate Cover SV]

- (1) Attach slide pieces to the plate cover.
 - Place the slide pieces on the plate cover with their chamfered sides facing outward, hold the plate cover with the slide pieces and the securing plates, and then secure them with countersunk screws.
- (2) Use an LM block mounting/removing jig to remove the LM block from the LM rail, and then mount the fixing-jigs onto the LM rail.
- (3) Temporarily secure either slide piece. Insert either slide piece into one of the fixing-jigs, then attach the slide piece to the LM rail's end face using the tension adjustment bolt and gently secure the bolt until the bolt head is inside the fixing-jig.
- (4) Temporarily secure the other slide piece. Temporarily secure the other slide piece in the same manner as above.
- (5) Apply tension to the plate cover.
 - Apply tension to the plate cover by evenly securing the tension adjustment bolts on both ends of the LM rail. Make sure there is only a small difference between the H and H' dimensions in Fig.5. If the difference is too large, there may be no interference left on either end.
- (6) Mount the LM block on the LM rail. Identity the reference surface of the LM rail and the LM block, then insert the LM rail into the LM block using the LM block mounting / removing jig.
- Note1) When removing or the mounting the LM block, use much care not to let the balls fall off.
- Note2) The plate cover is an ultra-thin stainless steel (SUS304) plate. When handing it, use much care not to bend it.
- Note3) The plate cover is available for models NR/NRS35 to 100.

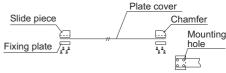


Fig.1

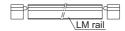


Fig.2

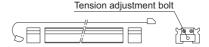


Fig.3

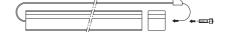


Fig.4



Fig.5

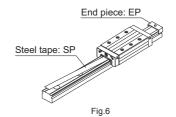
[Mounting Procedure for Steel Tape SP]

- (1) Use an LM block mounting/removing jig to remove the LM block from the LM rail.
- (2) Thoroughly degrease and clean the top face of the LM rail, to which the steel tape is to be adhered. For degreasing, use an adequately volatile detergent (e.g., industrial alcohol).
- (3) Carefully adhere the steel tape from the end with care not to let it bend or sag, while gradually peeling the release paper from the steel tape.
- (4) Have the steel tape settle on the rail by rubbing the tape. The adhesive strength increases with time. The adhering tape can be peeled off by pulling its end upward.
- (5) Mount the LM block onto the LM rail using the LM block mounting/removing jig.
- (6) Attach the end pieces on both ends of the LM rail and further secure the steel tape. When securing the end pieces, fasten only the setscrew on the top face of each end piece.

(The tap on the end face of the end piece is used for mounting bellows.)

Note1) The setscrew on the side face is used to lightly secure the bent steel tape. Be sure to stop fastening the screw as soon as it hits the end face, and do not force the screw further.

Note2) Since the steel tape is a thin steel plate, mishandling it may cause an accident such as cutting your finger. When handling it, take an effective safety measure such as wearing rubber gloves.



LM block mounting/removing jig

Fig.7



Fig.8



Fig.9



Fig.10



Lubrication Adapter

An oil lubricant-only lubrication adapter is available for models NR/NRS.

Even if the LM Guide is installed in an orientation where oil lubrication is difficult, such as wall mount and inversed mount, the adapter is capable of feeding a constant quantity of lubricant to the four raceways.

[Features]

The dedicated lubrication adapter for models NR-NRS is built in with a constant quantity distributor. Therefore, the adapter can accurately feed a constant quantity of lubricant to each raceway regardless of the mounting orientation. The adapter is economical since it is capable of constantly feeding the optimum amount of lubricant and helping eliminate the supply of surplus lubricant.

To provide pipe arrangement, simply connect an intermittent lubrication pump widely used for ordinary machine tools to the greasing holes (M8) on the front and the side of the lubrication adapter.

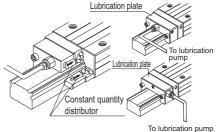


Fig.1 Structural Drawing

[Specifications]

Viscosity range of lubricant used	32 to 64 mm²/s recommended
Discharge	0.03×4, 0.06×4cc/1shot
Diameter of pipe connected	φ4, φ6
Material	Aluminum alloy

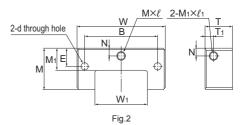


Table1 Dimension Table for Lubrication Adapter

Unit: mm

		Main dimensions									Quantity		
Model No.	Width W	Height M	Т	W ₁	M ₁	В	Е	N	T ₁	d	Μ×ℓ	$M_1 \times \ell_1$	per shot (cc/shot)
A30N	56	29	25	29	14.5	46	14	5	5.3	3.5	M8×8	M8×8	
A35N	66	33	25	35	17	54	16.5	6	5.3	4.5	M8×8	M8×8	0.03×4
A45N	81	38	25	48	20	67	16.5	7	7.8	6.6	M8×8	M8×8	
A55N	94	45.5	25	56	22	76	20.5	7	7.8	6.6	M8×8	M8×8	
A65N	119	55.5	25	67	26.3	92	25.5	11.5	7.8	9	M8×8	M8×8	0.06×4
A85N	147	68.5	25	92	34	114	32	15.5	7.8	9	M8×8	M8×8	

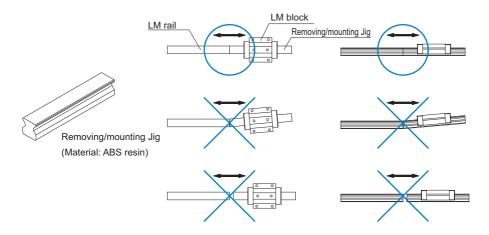
Removing/mounting Jig

When assembling the guide, do not remove the LM block from the LM rail whenever possible. If it is inevitable to remove the LM block due to the plate cover type or the assembly procedure, be sure to use the removing/mounting jig.

Mounting the LM block without using the removing/mounting jig may cause rolling elements to fall from the LM block due to contamination by foreign material, damage to internal components or slight inclination. Mounting the LM block with some of the rolling elements missing may also cause damage to the LM block at an early stage.

When using the removing/mounting jig, do not incline the jig and match the ends of both LM rails. The removing/mounting jig may not be available, depending on model. If this is the case, use a spare LM rail. Contact THK for details.

Ir any of the rolling elements falls from the LM block, contact THK instead of using the product. Note that the removing/mounting jig is not included in the LM Guide package as standard. When desiring to use it, contact THK.



Unit: mm

End Piece EP

For those models whose balls may fall if the LM rail is pulled out of the LM block, an end piece is attached to the product to prevent the LM block from being removed from the LM rail.

For models that can use the end piece, see the table below.

If removing the end piece when using the LM Guide, be sure that the LM block will not overshoot. The end piece can also be used as a fixing jig for a steel tape, and is available also for the LM rail of models SSR, SR and HSR.

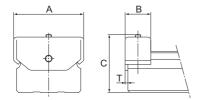


Fig.1 End Piece EP for Models NR/NRS

А	В	С	Т
26	14	25	1.5
31	14	31	1.5
38	16	32.5	2
49	18	41	2
57	20	46.5	2
69.4	22	59	3.2
	31 38 49 57	26 14 31 14 38 16 49 18 57 20	26 14 25 31 14 31 38 16 32.5 49 18 41 57 20 46.5

Table 1 Dimension Table for End Piece EP for Models NR/NRS

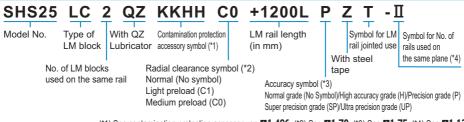
Model No. LM Guide

Model Number Coding

Model number configurations differ depending on the model features. Refer to the corresponding sample model number configuration.

[LM Guide]

 Models SHS, SSR, SVR/SVS, SHW, HSR, SR, NR/NRS, HRW, JR, NSR-TBC, HSR-M1, SR-M1 and HSR-M2.



(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **A1-496.** (*2) See **A1-70.** (*3) See **A1-75.** (*4) See **A1-13.**

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Caged Ball LM Guide]

Model EPF



Note) *: Stainless steel is the standard material used for LM blocks.

This model number denotes one set consists of an LM block and LM rail.

[Caged Roller LM Guide]

Models SRG, SRN and SRW

Π SRG45 ттнн C0 +1200L Model With QZ Contamination Type of LM rail length Symbol for No. of protection (in mm) rails used on the number LM block Lubricator accessory same plane (*4) symbol (*1) Symbol for LM No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) rail jointed use used on the same rail Normal (No symbol) Accuracy symbol (*3) Light preload (C1) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Medium preload (C0) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496. (*2) See ▲1-70. (*3) See ▲1-75. (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Miniature Type LM Guide]

Models SRS, RSR and RSR-M1

2 +220L SRS20M C1

With QZ Contamination Model No. Lubricator protection accessory symbol (*1)

Stainless LM rail length steel (in mm) LM rail

Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496, (*2) See A1-70, (*3) See A1-75, (*4) See A1-13.

Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)/Precision grade (P) used on the same rail

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Cross LM Guide]

Models SCR, CSR and MX

4 SCR25 ΩZ KKHH C0 +1200/1000L

Model No. Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)

LM rail length LM rail length on the Y axis on the X axis (in mm) (in mm)

Total No. of I M blocks

With QZ Lubricator Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Medium preload (C0)

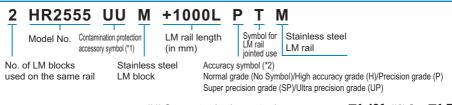
Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-75.

Note) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Separate LM Guides]

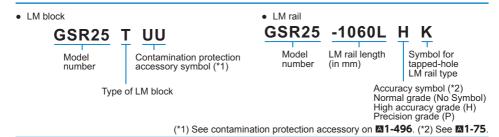
Model HR



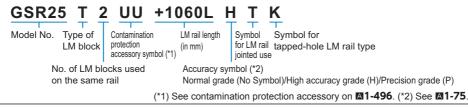
(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-75.

Note) One set of model HR means a combination of two LM rails and an LM blocks used on the same plane.

Model GSR



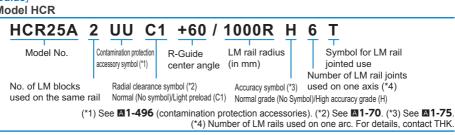
Combination of LM rail and LM block



Note) One set of model GSR: This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set.

[R Guide]

Model HCR



[Straight-Curved Guide]

Model HMG

When 2 rails are used HMG15A 2 UU C1 +1000L T + 60/150R 6T + 60/300R 6T - II Contamination Overall linear LM rail | Center angle of one | No. of inner curved | Radius of outer Model No. Symbol for No. of protection rails used on the accessory symbol (*1) length per rail inner curved rail LM rails jointed curved rail same plane (*2) No. of LM blocks used Radial clearance symbol Radius of inner Center angle of one No. of outer curved Symbol for linear on the same rail Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) LM rail joint curved rail outer curved rail LM rails jointed

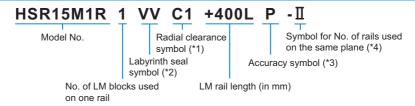
(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **A1-496**. (*2) See **A1-13**.

Note) This model number denotes one set consists of an LM block and LM rail. (i.e. If you are using 2 shafts, the required number of sets is 2.)

Model HMG does not have a seal as standard.

[LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum]

Model HSR-M1VV



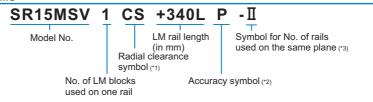
(*1) See **\(\Delta 1-70 \)** (*2) See **\(\Delta 1-379 \)** (*3) See **\(\Delta 1-75 \)** (*4) See **\(\Delta 1-13 \)**.

Note1) The radial clearance, maximum LM rail length and accuracy class are equal to that of model HSR.

Note2) With this model, a single-rail unit constitutes one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).

[Oil-Free LM Guide for Special Environments]

Model SR-MS



(*1) See A1-70. (*2) See A1-75. (*3) See A1-13.

Note) With this model, a single-rail unit constitutes one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).

Notes on Ordering

[Order units]

Note that the number of items that constitute one set differs depending on the type of LM guide. Check the sample model number configurations and the accompanying notes.

Sample LM guide orders

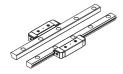


SHS25C2SSC1+640L 1 set



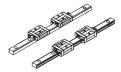
SHS25C2SSC1+640I - II 2 sets

Sample model HR orders



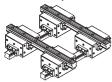
HR2555UU+600L 1 set

Sample model GSR and GSR-R orders



GSR25T2UU+1060L 2 sets

Sample cross LM guide orders (SCR, CSR and MX)



4SCR25UU+1200/1000LP 1 set

Sample model HMG orders



HMG15A 2 UU C1 +1000L T + 60/150R 6T + 60/300R 6T - II 2 sets

Note) When ordering model HMG, attach a reference diagram clearly showing the positioning of the LM block and LM rail.

[Mounted orientation and lubrication method]

When placing an order, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see **A1-12** and **A24-2**, respectively.

[Supported options]

The supported options differ depending on the model number. Check the available options when ordering.

See A1-460.

[Maximum manufactured lengths for LM rails]

Where a high degree of precision is required, limits apply to the maximum manufactured lengths for LM rails. In such situations, contact THK.

Precautions on Using the LM Guide

[Handling]

- (1) Please use at least two people to move any product weighing 20 kg or more, or use a dolly or another conveyance. Doing so may cause injury or damage.
- (2) Do not disassemble the parts. This will result in loss of functionality.
- (3) Tilting an LM block or LM rail may cause them to fall by their own weight.
- (4) Take care not to drop or strike the LM Guide. Doing so may cause injury or damage. Giving an impact to it could also cause damage to its function even if the product looks intact.
- (5) Do not remove the LM block from the LM rail during setup.
- (6) Do not insert hands or fingers into the mounting holes on the LM rail, as they could get caught between the rail and the LM block, resulting in injury.
- (7) To ensure personal safety, wear gloves and protective footwear when handling this product.

[Precautions on Use]

- (1) Prevent foreign material, such as cutting chips or coolant, from entering the product. Failure to do so may cause damage.
- (2) If the product is used in an environment where cutting chips, coolant, corrosive solvents, water, etc., may enter the product, use bellows, covers, etc., to prevent them from entering the product.
- (3) Do not use this product if the external temperature exceeds 80°C. Unless the unit is specially designed to be heat-resistant, exposure to such temperatures may deform or damage plastic and rubber parts.
- (4) If foreign material such as cutting chips adheres to the product, replenish the lubricant after cleaning the product.
- (5) Micro-strokes tend to obstruct oil film to form on the raceway in contact with the rolling element, and may lead to fretting corrosion. Take consideration using grease offering excellent fretting prevention. It is also recommended that a stroke movement corresponding to the length of the LM block be made on a regular basis to make sure oil film is formed between the raceway and rolling element.
- (6) Do not use undue force when fitting parts (pin, key, etc.) to the product. This may generate permanent deformation on the raceway, leading to loss of functionality.
- (7) If, for operational reasons, it becomes absolutely necessary to remove the LM block from the LM rail and reattach it, a special mounting jig must be used for this purpose. (The mounting jig is not included with standard versions of the product. To obtain one, please contact THK.)
- (8) Position the mounting jig so that one end abuts the end of the LM rail. When the rail and the jig are exactly aligned, the LM block can be loaded onto the rail.
- (9) Take care to keep the LM block straight. Loading the block at an angle can introduce foreign matter, damage internal components, or cause balls to fall out.
- (10) The LM block must contain all its internal rolling elements (balls) when mounted on the LM rail. Using a block with any balls removed may result in premature damage.
- (11) Please contact THK if any balls fall out of the LM block; do not use the block if any balls are missing.

- (12) If the end plate is damaged due to an accident, etc., balls may fall out or the LM block may become detached from the LM rail and drop. If the LM Guide will be used hanging upside down, take preventive measures such as adding a safety mechanism to prevent falls.
- (13) Insufficient rigidity or accuracy of mounting members causes the bearing load to concentrate on one point and the bearing performance will drop significantly. Accordingly, give sufficient consideration to the rigidity/accuracy of the housing and base and strength of the fixing bolts.
- (14) When removing the LM block from the LM rail and then replacing the block, an LM block mounting/removing jig that facilitates such installation is available. Contact THK for details.

[Lubrication]

- (1) Thoroughly remove anti-rust oil and feed lubricant before using the product.
- (2) Do not mix different lubricants. Mixing greases using the same type of thickening agent may still cause adverse interaction between the two greases if they use different additives, etc.
- (3) When using the product in locations exposed to constant vibrations or in special environments such as clean rooms, vacuum and low/high temperature, use the grease appropriate for the specification/ environment.
- (4) When lubricating the product having no grease nipple or oil hole, apply grease directly on the raceway and stroke the product several times to let the grease spread inside.
- (5) The consistency of grease changes according to the temperature. Take note that the slide resistance of the LM Guide also changes as the consistency of grease changes.
- (6) After lubrication, the slide resistance of the LM Guide may increase due to the agitation resistance of grease. Be sure to perform a break-in to let the grease spread fully, before operating the machine.
- (7) Excess grease may scatter immediately after lubrication, so wipe off scattered grease as necessary.
- (8) The properties of grease deteriorate and its lubrication performance drops over time, so grease must be checked and added properly according to the use frequency of the machine.
- (9) Although the lubrication interval may vary according to use conditions and the service environment, lubrication should be performed approximately every 100 km in travel distance (three to six months). Set the final lubrication interval/amount based on the actual machine.
- (10)If the mounting orientation is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely. For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see 11-28 and 24-2, respectively.
- (11)When adopting oil lubrication, the lubricant may not be distributed throughout the LM block depending on the mounting orientation of the block. Contact THK in advance for details.

[Storage]

When storing the LM Guide, enclose it in a package designated by THK and store it in a room in a horizontal orientation while avoiding high temperature, low temperature and high humidity.

After the product has been in storage for an extended period of time, lubricant inside may have deteriorated, so add new lubricant before use.

[Disposal]

Dispose of the product properly as industrial waste.

Precautions on Handling the LM Guide for Special Environment

LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum

[Handling]

- (1) This product has been thoroughly cleaned and degreased and then sealed in moisture-proof packaging. If possible, open the package immediately prior to using the product.
- (2) Once the packaging has been opened, store the product inside a clean, dry receptacle accompanied by silica gel or another drying agent. Do not use anti-rust oil or corrosion- or tarnish-preventive paper or fluid with this product.
- (3) Wear protective rubber or vinyl gloves while handling this product and make sure the surrounding environment is relatively clean.

Oil-Free LM Guide

[Handling]

- (1) The Oil-Free LM Guide is suitable for use at high temperatures, under atmospheric pressure or in a high-vacuum environment of 10° Pa, and is designed for ultra-low dust emission. It is not intended for use in locations requiring rigidity. Because a preload would affect the strength of its Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film, it does not support preloads.
- (2) The product can be used in temperatures ranging from -20 to 150°C.
- (3) To ensure proper function of the Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film, use this product in an environment free from condensation, at a humidity level of 40% or less.
- (4) This product is not intended for joint use.
- (5) Great care must be taken in the installation of the Oil-Free LM Guide, which requires greater precision compared to standard LM Guides.
- (6) If the LM block is removed from the LM rail, balls may fall out, and the Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film can be damaged when the block is remounted. If it becomes necessary to remove the LM block from the LM rail, please contact THK.
- (7) This product should be stored in a horizontal position, in its original wrapping and package, in a controlled, stable environment free from abnormal high or low temperatures or high humidity. THK recommends storing it at room temperature (25±5°C), with a humidity level of 40% RH or lower and an air-purity level of 10,000 or lower.
- (8) This product has been thoroughly cleaned and degreased and then sealed in moisture-proof packaging. If possible, open the package immediately prior to using the product.
- (9) Once the packaging has been opened, store the product inside a clean, dry receptacle accompanied by silica gel or another drying agent. Do not use anti-rust oil or corrosion- or tarnish-preventive paper or fluid with this product.
- (10)Wear protective rubber or vinyl gloves while handling this product and make sure the surrounding environment is relatively clean.

Precautions on Using Options for the LM Guide

Precautions on Using Options for the LM Guide

QZ Lubricator for the LM Guide

For details regarding the QZ, see **A1-489**.

[Precaution on Selection]

Secure a stroke longer than the overall LM block with QZ Lubricator attached.

[Handling]

Take care not to drop or strike this product. This could cause injury or product damage. Do not block the vent hole with grease or the like.

The QZ device supplies oil only to the raceway, so use it in combination with regular greasing/lubrication. If the product is used in an environment exposed to coolant, cutting chips or other foreign material, oil on the raceway is lost easily. Accordingly, be sure to also use covers, bellows, etc.

[Service environment]

Be sure the service temperature of this product is between –10 to 50°C, and do not clean the product by immersing it in an organic solvent or white kerosene, or leave it unpacked.

Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS, Side Scraper for LM Guides

For details regarding the LaCS, see **1-466**. For details regarding the side scraper, see **1-468**.

[Handling]

The lubricant impregnated into the scraper is used to increase its sliding capability. For lubrication of the LM Guide, attach QZ Lubricator, or the grease nipple on the side face of the end plate of the LM block, before providing a lubricant.

When using the product, be sure to attach the rail cap C or the plate cover.

[Service environment]

Be sure the service temperature of this product is between -20 to +80°C, and do not clean the product by immersing it in an organic solvent or white kerosene, or leave it unpacked.

[Notes on the Product Functions]

It is specifically designed to provide dust prevention capability to remove foreign material and liquid. To seal oil, an end seal is required.

Light Contact Seal LiCS for LM Guides

For details regarding the LiCS, see **A1-470**.

[Handling]

The lubricant impregnated into LiCS is used to increase its sliding capability. For lubrication of the LM Guide, attach the grease nipple on the end plate of the LM block before providing a lubricant.

[Service environment]

Be sure the service temperature of this product is between -20 to +80°C, and do not clean the product by immersing it in an organic solvent or white kerosene, or leave it unpacked. It contacts only with the LM rail raceway. Do not use it in harsh environments.

Cap GC

For details regarding the GC cap, see **1-515**.

[Handling]

If GC caps are specified for the product, the edges of the LM rail mounting hole openings will be sharp. Take great care not to injure your fingers or hands while working.

When fitting GC caps, use a flat aligning tool to gradually punch the cap into the hole until it is level with the upper surface of the LM rail. Then run an oil stone over the rail until the upper surface of the rail and the GC caps are completely flat.



LM Guide® THK General Catalog

LM Guide

THK General Catalog

B Support Book

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▲ Product Descriptions (Separate)

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Features of the LM Guide

Functions Required for Linear Guide Surface

Large permissible load
Highly rigid in all directions
High positioning repeatability
Running accuracy can be obtained easily
High accuracy can be maintained over a long period

Smooth motion with no clearance
Superbly high speed
Easy maintenance
Can be used in various environments

Features of the LM Guide

Large permissible load and high rigidity

Accuracy averaging effect by absorbing mounting surface error

Ideal four raceway, circular-arc groove, two point contact structure

Superb error-absorbing capability with the DF design

Low friction coefficient

Wide array of options (QZ lubricator, Laminated contact scraper LaCS, etc.)

As a result, the following features are achieved.

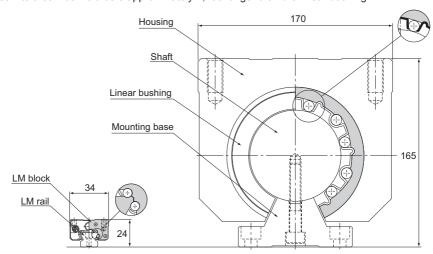
Easy maintenance
Improved productivity of the machine
Substantial energy savings
Low total cost
Higher accuracy of the machine
Higher efficiency in machine design

Large Permissible Load and High Rigidity

[Large Permissible Load]

The LM Guide has raceway grooves with a radius almost equal to the ball radius, which is significantly different from the linear bushing. As shown in Fig.1, which compares size between the LM Guide and the linear bushing with similar basic dynamic load ratings, the LM Guide is much smaller than the linear bushing, indicating that the LM Guide allows a significantly compact design.

The reason for this space saving is the greater difference in permissible load between the R-groove contact structure and the surface contact structure. The R-groove contact structure (radius: 52% of the ball radius) can bear a load per ball 13 times greater than the surface contact structure. Since service life is proportional to the cube of the permissible load, this increased ball-bearing load translates into a service life that is approximately 2,200 longer than the linear bushing.



LM Guide model SSR15XW
Basic dynamic load rating: 14.7 kN

Linear Bushing model LM80 OP Basic dynamic load rating: 7.35 kN

Fig.1 Comparison between the LM Guide and the Linear Bushing

Table1 Load Capacity per Ball (P and P_1) Permissible contact surface pressure: 4,200 MPa

		R-groove (P)	Flat surface (P ₁)	P/P ₁
φ	3.175 (1/8′′)	0.90 kN	0.07 kN	13
φ	4.763 (3/16′′)	2.03 kN	0.16 kN	13
φ	6.350 (1/4′′)	3.61 kN	0.28 kN	13
φ	7.938 (5/16′′)	5.64 kN	0.44 kN	13
φ	11.906 (15/32′′)	12.68 kN	0.98 kN	13

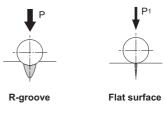


Fig.2 Load Capacity per Ball

[High Rigidity]

The LM Guide is capable of bearing vertical and horizontal loads. Additionally, due to the circular-arc groove design, it is capable of carrying a preload as necessary to increase its rigidity.

When compared with a feed screw shaft system and a spindle in rigidity, the guide surface using an LM Guide has higher rigidity.

Example of comparing static rigidity between the LM Guide, a feed screw shaft system and a spindle

(vertical machining center with the main shaft motor of 7.5 kW)

[Components]

LM Guide: SVR45LC/C0

(C0 clearance: preload = 11.11kN)

Ball Screw: BNFN4010-5/G0

(G0 clearance: preload = 2.64kN)

Spindle: general-purpose cutting spindle

Table2 Comparison of Static Rigidity

Unit: N/µm

Components	X-axis direction	Y-axis direction	Z-axis direction
LM Guide	_	2400	9400 (radial) 7400 (reverse radial)
Ball screw	330	_	_
Spindle	250	250	280

Note) The rigidity of the feed screw shaft system includes rigidity of the shaft end support bearing.

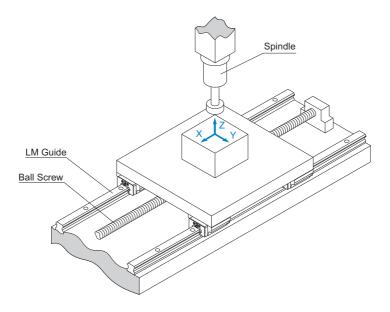
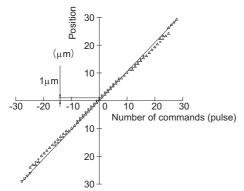


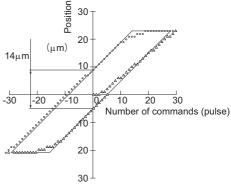
Fig.3

High Precision of Motion

[Small lost motion]

The LM Guide is provided with an ideal rolling mechanism. Therefore, the difference between dynamic and static friction is minimal and lost motion hardly occurs.





LM Guide model HSR45

Square slide + Turcite

(Measurements are taken with the single-axis table loaded with a 500-kg weight)

Fig.4 Comparison of Lost Motion between the LM Guide and a Slide Guide

Table3 Lost Motion Comparison

Unit: µm

Туре			Test method					
		Clearance	,	Based on minimum				
			10mm/min	500mm/min	4000mm/min	unit feeding		
	LM Guide	C1 clearance (see table below)	2.3	5.3	3.9	0		
(HSR45)	C0 clearance (see table below)	3.6	4.4	3.1	1			
	Square slide	0.02mm	10.7	15	14.1	14		
	turcite	0.005mm	8.7	13.1	12.1	13		

Radial clearance of the LM Guide

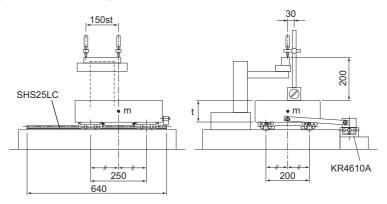
Unit: µm

Symbol	C1	C0
Radial clearance	−25 to −10	-40 to -25

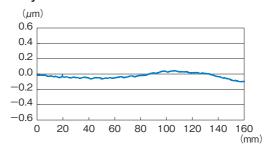
[High running accuracy]

Use of the LM Guide allows you to achieve high running accuracy.

[Measurement method]



Pitching accuracy



Yawing accuracy

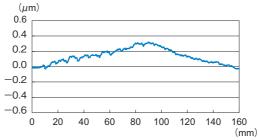


Fig.5 Dynamic Accuracy of a Single-axis Table

[High accuracy maintained over a long period]

As the LM Guide employs an ideal rolling mechanism, wear is negligible and high precision is maintained for long periods of time. As shown in Fig.6, when the LM Guide operates under both a preload and a normal load, more than 90% of the preload remains even after running 2,000 km.

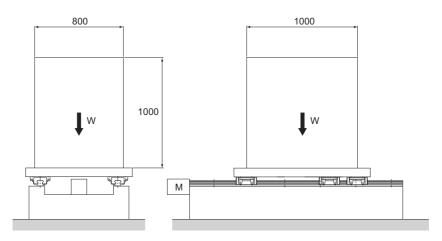


Fig.6 Condition

[Conditions]

Model No. : HSR65LA3SSC0 + 2565LP-II

Radial clearance

: C0 (preload: 15.7 kN)

Stroke: 1,050mm

Speed : 15 m/min (stops 5 sec at both ends) Acceleration/decelelation time in rapid motion

: 300 ms (acceleration: α = 0.833 m/s²)

Mass : 6000kg Drive : Ball Screws

Lubrication: Lithium soap-based grease No. 2

(greased every 100 km)

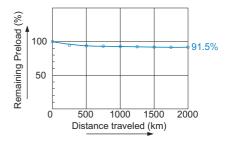


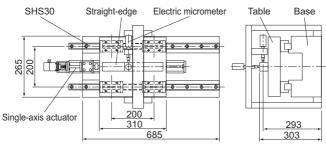
Fig.7 Distance Traveled and Remaining Preload

Accuracy Averaging Effect by Absorbing Mounting Surface Error

The LM Guide contains highly spherical balls and has a constrained structure with no clearance. In addition, it uses LM rails in parallel on multiple axes to form a guide system with multiple-axis configuration. Thus, the LM Guide is capable of absorbing misalignment in straightness, flatness or parallelism that would occur in the machining of the base to which the LM Guide is to be mounted or in the installation of the LM Guide by averaging these errors.

The magnitude of the averaging effect varies according to the length or size of the misalignment, the preload applied on the LM Guide and the number of axes in the multiple-axis configuration. When misalignment is given to one of the LM rails of the table as shown in Fig.8, the magnitude of misalignment and the actual dynamic accuracy of the table (straightness in the horizontal direction) are as shown in Fig.9.

By applying such characteristics obtained with the averaging effect, you can easily establish a guide system with high precision of motion.



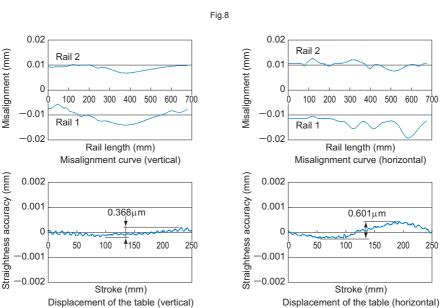


Fig.9

Features of the LM Guide

Even on a roughly milled mounting surface, the LM Guide drastically increases running accuracy of the top face of the table.

[Example of Installation]

When comparing the mounting surface accuracy (a) and the table running accuracy (b), the results are:

Vertical 92.5 μ m \rightarrow 15 μ m = 1/6 Horizontal 28 μ m \rightarrow 4 μ m = 1/7

Table4 Actual Measurement of Mounting-Surface Accuracy Unit: μm

Direction	Mounting surface		Straightness	Average (a)
Vertical	Horizontal	Α	80	92.5
verticai		В	105	92.5
Bottom Oida aurfaca		С	40	28
surface	Side surface	D	16	20

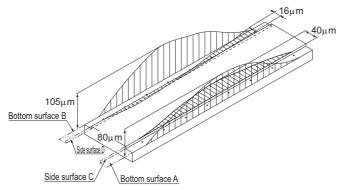


Fig.10 Surface Accuracy of the LM Guide Mounting Base (Milled Surface Only)

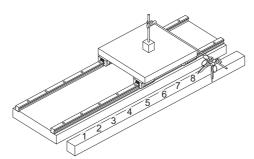


Fig.11 Running Accuracy After the LM Guide Is Mounted

Table5 Actual Measurement of Running Accuracy on the Table (Based on Measurement in Fig.10 and Fig.11)

Unit: μm

Direction	Measurement point								
Direction	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Straightness (b)
Vertical	0	+2	+8	+13	+15	+9	+5	0	15
Horizontal	0	+1	+2	+3	+2	+2	-1	0	4

Easy Maintenance

Unlike with sliding guides, the LM Guide does not incur abnormal wear. As a result, sliding surfaces do not need to be reconditioned, and precision needs not be altered. Regarding lubrication, sliding guides require forced circulation of a large amount of lubricant so as to maintain an oil film on the sliding surfaces, whereas the LM Guide only needs periodical replenishing of a small amount of grease or lubricant. Maintenance is that simple. This also helps keep the work environment clean.

Substantial Energy Savings

As shown in Table6, the LM Guide has a substantial energy saving effect.

Table6 Comparative Data on Sliding and Rolling Characteristics

Machine Specifications						
Type of machine Single-axis surface grinding machine (sliding guide)		Three-axis surface grinding machine (rolling guide)				
Overall length × overall width	13m×3.2m	12.6m×2.6m				
Total mass	17000kg	16000kg				
Table mass 5000kg		5000kg				
Grinding area	0.7m×5m	0.7m×5m				
Table guide	Rolling through V-V guide	Rolling through LM Guide installation				
No. of grinding stone axes	Single axis (5.5 kW)	Three axes (5.5 kW + 3.7 kW x 2) Grinding capacity: 3 times greater				

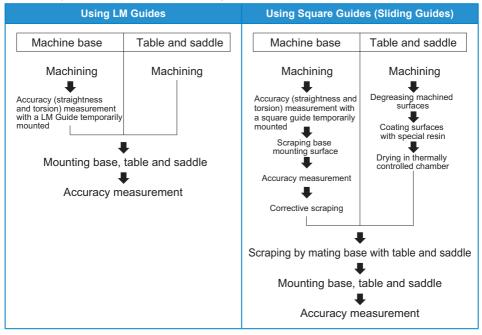
Table Drive Specifications				
Motor used	38.05kW 3.7kW			
Drive hydraulic pressure	Bore diameter	Bore diameter	_	
Thrust	23600N	2270N	10.4	
Electric Power consumption	38kWH	3.7kWH	10.3	
Drive hydraulic pressure oil consumption	400ℓ/year	250ℓ/year	1.6	
Lubricant consumption	60 l/year (oil)	3.6 ℓ/year (grease)	16.7	

Low Total Cost

Compared with a sliding guide, the LM Guide is easier to assemble and does not require highly skilled technicians to perform the adjustment work. Thus, the assembly man-hours for the LM Guide are reduced, and machines and systems incorporating the LM Guide can be produced at lower cost. The figure below shows an example of difference in the procedure of assembling a machining center between using siding guides and using LM Guides.

Normally, with a sliding guide, the surface on which the guide is installed must be given a very smooth finish by grinding. However, the LM Guide can offer high precision even if the surface is milled or planed. Using the LM Guide thus cuts down on machining man-hours and lowers machining costs as a whole.

[Assembly Procedure for a Machining Center]

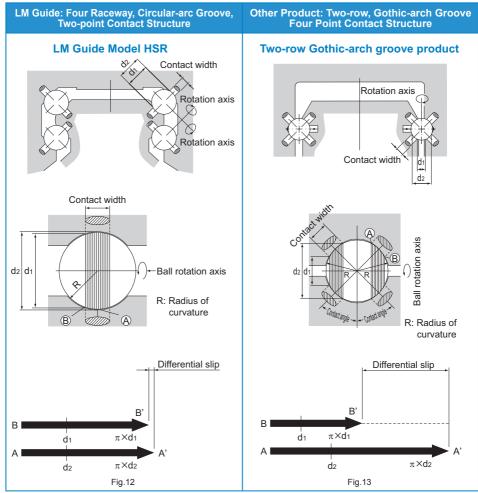


When extremely high precision is not required (e.g., running accuracy), the LM Guide can be attached to the steel plate even if the black scale on it is not removed.

Ideal Four Raceway, Circular-Arc Groove, Two-Point Contact Structure

The LM Guide has a self-adjusting capability that competitors' products do not have. This feature is achieved with an ideal four raceway, circular-arc groove, two-point contact structure.

[Comparison of Characteristics between the LM Guide and Similar Products]



As indicated in Fig.12 and Fig.13, when the ball rotates one revolution, the ball slips by the difference between the circumference of the diameter of inner surface (πd_1) and that of the outer contact diameter (πd_2). (This slip is called differential slip.) If the difference is large, the ball rotates while slipping, the friction coefficient increases more than 10 times and the friction resistance steeply increases.

Four Raceway, Circular-Arc Groove, Two-Point Contact Structure

Two-Row, Gothic-Arch Groove, Four Point Contact Structure

Smooth Motion

Since the ball contacts the groove at two points in the load direction as shown in Fig.12 and Fig.13 on \blacksquare **1-19** even under a preload or a normal load, the difference between d_1 and d_2 is small and the differential slip is minimized to allow smooth rolling motion.

The difference between d_1 and d_2 in the contact area is large as shown in Fig.12 and Fig.13 on **§1-19**. Therefore, if any of the following occurs, the ball will generate differential slip, causing friction almost as large as sliding resistance and shortening the service as a result of abnormal friction.

- (1) A preload is applied.
- (2) A lateral load is applied.
- (3) The mounting parallelism between the two axes is poor.

Accuracy and Rigidity of the Mounting Surface

In the ideal two-point contact structure, four rows of circular arc grooves are given appropriate contact angles. With this structure, a light distortion of the mounting surface would be absorbed within the LM block due to elastic deformation of the balls and moving of the contact points to allow unforced, smooth motion. This eliminates the need for a robust mounting base with high rigidity and accuracy for machinery such as a conveyance system.

With the Gothic-arch groove product, each ball contacts the groove at four points, preventing itself from being elastically deformed and the contact points from moving (i.e., no self-adjusting capability). Therefore, even a slight distortion of the mounting surface or an accuracy error of the rail bed cannot be absorbed and smooth motion cannot be achieved. Accordingly, it is necessary to machine a highly rigid mounting base with high precision and mount a high precision rail.

Rigidity

With the two-point contact, even if a relatively large preload is applied, the rolling resistance does not abnormally increase and high rigidity is obtained.

Since differential slip occurs due to the four-point contact, a sufficient preload cannot be applied and high rigidity cannot be obtained.

Load Rating

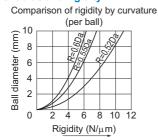
Since the curvature radius of the ball raceway is 51 to 52% of the ball diameter, a large rated load can be obtained.

Since the curvature radius of the gothic arch groove has to be 55 to 60% of the ball diameter, the rated load is reduced to approx. 50% of that of the circular arc groove.

Difference in Rigidity

As shown in Fig.14, the rigidity widely varies according to the difference in curvature radius or difference in preload.

Curvature radius and rigidity



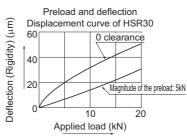


Fig.14

Difference in Service Life

Since the load rating of the gothic arch groove is reduced to approx. 50% of that of the circular arc groove, the service life also decreases to 87.5%.

Features of the LM Guide

[Accuracy Error of the Mounting Surface and Test Data on Rolling Resistance]

The difference between the contact structures translates into a rolling resistance.

In the gothic arch groove contact structure, each ball contacts at four points and differential slip or spinning occurs if a preload is applied to increase rigidity or an error in the mounting precision is large. This sharply increases the rolling resistance and causes abnormal wear in an early stage.

The following are test data obtained by comparing an LM Guide having the four raceway, circular-arc groove two-point contact structure and a product having the two-row, Gothic-arch, four-point contact structure.

[Sample]

(1) LM Guide 2 sets SR30W (radial type) HSR35A (4-way equal-load type) 2 sets (2) Two-row Gothic-arch groove product

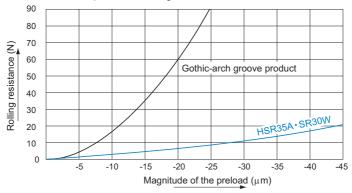
Type with dimensions similar to HSR30 2 sets

[Conditions]

Radial clearance: ±0µm Without seal Without Iubrication Load: table mass of 30 kg

Data 1: Preload and rolling resistance

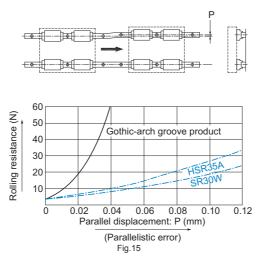
When a preload is applied, the rolling resistance of the Gothic-arch groove product steeply increases and differential slip occurs. Even under a preload, the rolling resistance of the LM Guide does not increase.



Data 2: Error in parallelism between two axes and rolling resistance

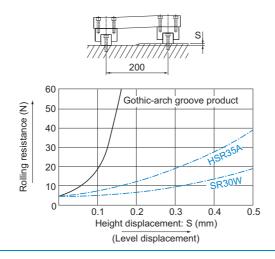
As shown in the Fig.15, part of the rails mounted in parallel is parallelly displaced and the rolling resistance at that point is measured.

With the Gothic-arch groove product, the rolling resistance is 34 N when the parallelistic error is 0.03 mm and 62 N when the error is 0.04 mm. These resistances are equivalent to the slip friction coefficients, indicating that the balls are in sliding contact with the groove.



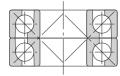
Data 3: Difference between the levels of the top and bottom rails and rolling resistance

Displace the bottom of either rail vertically by S and create the height difference between the two axes. Then, measure the rolling resistance. If there is a height difference between the rails, moment will act on the LM block. If the LM Guide's groove is the Gothic-arc groove, this will cause spinning. The LM Guide with the circular-arc groove is capable of absorbing the error caused by the height difference between rails as great as 0.3/200 mm, where its rolling resistance will not increase significantly.

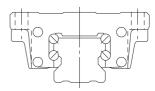


Superb Error-Absorbing Capability with the DF Design

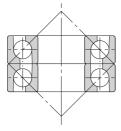
Since the LM Guide has a contact structure similar to the front-to-front mount of angular ball bearings, it has superb self-adjusting capability.



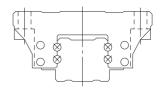
Angular Ball Bearings Mounted Front-to-front (DF type)



DF Type Four-row Angular Contact (LM Guide)

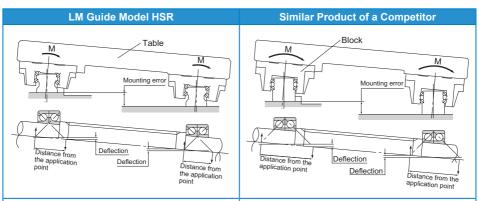


Angular Ball Bearings Mounted Back-to-back (DB type)



Four-row Gothic-arch Contact

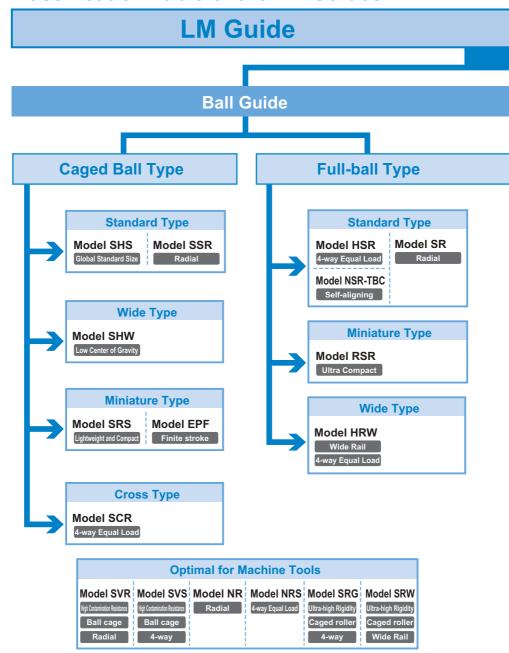
An LM ball guide mounted on a plane receives a moment (M) due to an error in flatness or in level or a deflection of the table. Therefore, it is essential for the guide to have self-adjusting capability.

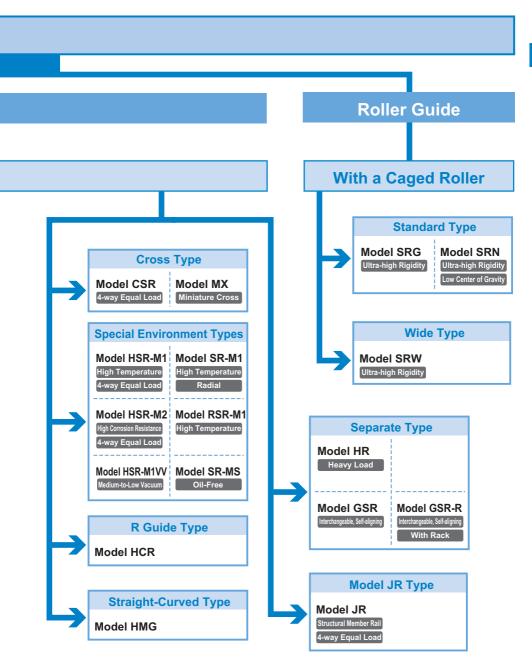


Since the distance from the application point of the bearing is small, the internal load generated from a mounting error is small and the self-adjusting capability is large.

Since the distance from the application point of the bearing is large, the internal load generated from a mounting error is large and the self-adjusting capability is small. With an LM ball guide having angular ball bearings mounted back-to-back, if there is an error in flatness or a deflection in the table, the internal load applied to the block is approx. 6 times greater than that of the front-to-front mount structure and the service life is much shorter. In addition, the fluctuation in sliding resistance is greater.

Classification Table of the LM Guides

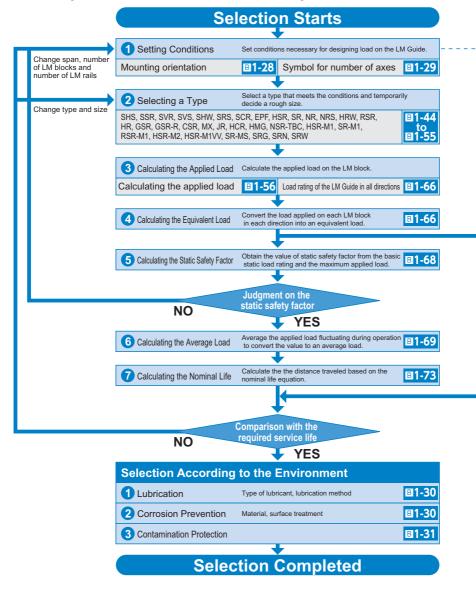




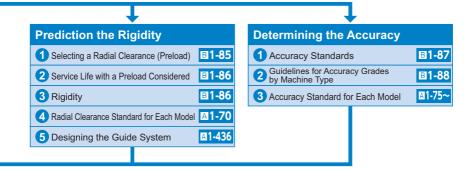
Flowchart for Selecting an LM Guide

[Steps for Selecting an LM Guide]

The following flowchart can be used as reference for selecting an LM Guide.



- Space in the guide section
- Dimensions (span, number of LM blocks, number of LM rails, thrust)
- · Installation direction (horizontal, vertical, slant mount, wall mount, suspended)
- · Magnitude, direction and position of the working load
- · Operating frequency (duty cycle)
- ·Speed (acceleration)
- · Stroke length
- · Required service life
- · Precision of motion
- Environment
- In a special environment (vacuum, clean room, high temperature, environment exposed to contaminated environment, etc.), it is necessary to take into account material, surface treatment, lubrication and contamination protection.



Setting Conditions

Conditions of the LM Guide

[Mounting Orientation]

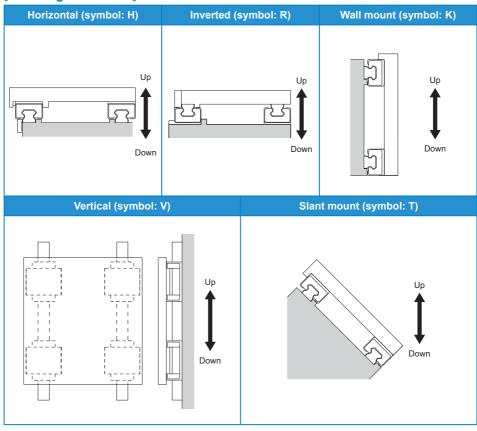
The LM Guide can be mounted in the following five orientations.

If the mounting orientation is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely.

Be sure to let THK know the installation direction and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached.

For the lubrication, see **A24-2**.

[Mounting Orientation]



[Symbol for Number of Axes]

If two or more units of the LM Guide are parallelly used in combination on the same plane, specify the number of the LM rails (symbol for number of axes) used in combination in advance. (For accuracy standards and radial clearance standards, see $\blacksquare 1-75$ and $\blacksquare 1-70$,

Model number coding

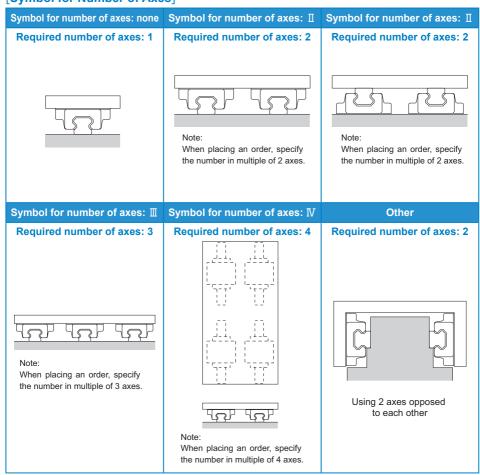
respectively.)

SHS25C2SSCO+1000LP - II

Model number (details are given on the corresponding page of the model)

Symbol for number of axes ("II" indicates 2 axes. No symbol for a single axis)

[Symbol for Number of Axes]



[Service environment]

Lubrication

When using an LM system, it is necessary to provide effective lubrication. Without lubrication, the rolling elements or the raceway may be worn faster and the service life may be shortened.

A lubricant has effects such as the following.

- (1) Minimizes friction in moving elements to prevent seizure and reduce wear.
- (2) Forms an oil film on the raceway to decrease stress acting on the surface and extend rolling fatique life.
- (3) Covers the metal surface to prevent rust formation.

To fully bring out the LM Guide's functions, it is necessary to provide lubrication according to the conditions.

If the mounting orientation is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely.

Be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached. For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see **11-28** and **24-2**, respectively.

Even with an LM Guide with seals, the internal lubricant gradually seeps out during operation. Therefore, the system needs to be lubricated at an appropriate interval according to the conditions.

Corrosion Prevention

■Determining a Material

Any LM system requires a material that meets the environments. For use in environments where corrosion resistance is required, some LM system models can use martensite stainless steel. (Martensite stainless steel can be used for LM Guide models SSR, SHW, SRS, HSR, SR, HRW,

(Martensite stainless steel can be used for LM Guide models SSR, SHW, SRS, HSR, SR, HRW, RSR and HR.)

The HSR series includes HSR-M2, a highly corrosion resistant LM Guide using austenite stainless steel, which has high anti-corrosive effect. For details, see **1-372**.

■Surface Treatment

The surfaces of the rails and shafts of LM systems can be treated for anti-corrosive or aesthetic purposes.

THK offers THK-AP treatment, which is the optimum surface treatment for LM systems.

There are roughly three types of THK-AP treatment: AP-HC, AP-C and AP-CF. (See **6.20.**)

Contamination Protection

When foreign material enters an LM system, it will cause abnormal wear or shorten the service life, and it is necessary to prevent foreign material from entering the system. When entrance of foreign material is predicted, it is important to select an effective sealing device or dust-control device that meets the environment conditions.

THK offers contamination protection accessories for LM Guides by model number, such as end seals made of special synthetic rubber with high wear resistance, and side seals and inner seals for further increasing dust-prevention effect.

In addition, for locations with adverse environment, Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS and dedicated bellows are available by model number. Also, THK offers dedicated caps for LM rail mounting holes, designed to prevent cutting chips from entering the LM rail mounting holes.

When it is required to provide contamination protection for a Ball Screw in an environment exposed to cutting chips and moisture, we recommend using a telescopic cover that protects the whole system or a large bellows.

For the options, see **1-103**.

[Special environments]

Clean Room

In a clean environment generation of dust from the LM system has to be reduced and anti-rust oil cannot be used. Therefore, it is necessary to increase the corrosion resistance of the LM system. In addition, depending on the level of cleanliness, a dust collector is required.

Dust Generation from the LM System

■ Measure to Prevent Dust Generation Resulting from Flying Grease

THK AFE-CA and AFF Grease

Use environmentally clean grease that produces little dust.

■ Measure to Reduce Dust Generation Resulting from Metallic Abrasion Dust

Caged Ball LM Guide

Use the Caged Ball LM Guide, which has no friction between balls and generates little metallic abrasion dust, to allow generation of dust to be minimized.

Corrosion Prevention

■ Material-based Measure

Stainless Steel LM Guide

This LM Guide uses martensite stainless steel, which has corrosion resistant effect.

Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

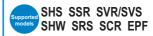
It uses austenite stainless steel, which has a high corrosion resistant effect, in its LM rail.

■ Measure Through Surface Treatment

THK AP-HC. AP-C and AP-CF Treatment

The LM system is surface treated to increase corrosion resistance.

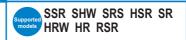
Caged Ball LM Guide



Caged Roller LM Guide



Stainless Steel LM Guide



LM Guides for Special Environment



Surface Treatment

Grease



Vacuum

In a vacuum environment, measures are required to prevent gas from being emitted from a resin and the scattering of grease. Anti-rust oil cannot be used, therefore, it is necessary to select a product with high corrosion resistance.

Measure to Prevent Emission of Gas from Resin Stainless Steel LM Guide

The endplate (ball circulation path normally made of resin) of the LM block is made of stainless steel to reduce emission of gas.

Measure to Prevent Grease from Evaporating

Vacuum Grease

If a general-purpose grease is used in a vacuum environment, oil contained in the grease evaporates and the grease looses lubricity. Therefore, use a vacuum grease that uses fluorine based oil, whose vapor pressure is low, as the base oil.

■Corrosion Prevention

Stainless Steel LM Guide

In a vacuum environment, use a stainless steel LM Guide, which is highly corrosion resistant.

High Temperature LM Guide

If high temperature is predicted due to baking, use a High Temperature LM Guide, which is highly resistant to heat and corrosion.

■Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

This LM Guide uses austenite stainless steel, which has a high anti-corrosion effect, in the LM rail.

Oil-Free

In environments susceptible to liquid lubricants, a lubrication method other than grease or oil is required.

■Dry Lubricant

Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film

Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film is a fully dry lubricant developed for use under atmospheric to high-vacuum environments. It has superior characteristics in load carrying capacity, wear resistance and sealability to other lubrication systems.

High Temperature LM Guide



HSR-M1 SR-M1 RSR-M1

LM Guides for Special Environment



For Medium-to-Low Vacuum HSR-M1VV
Oil-Free SR-MS

Highly Corrosion
Resistant LM Guide

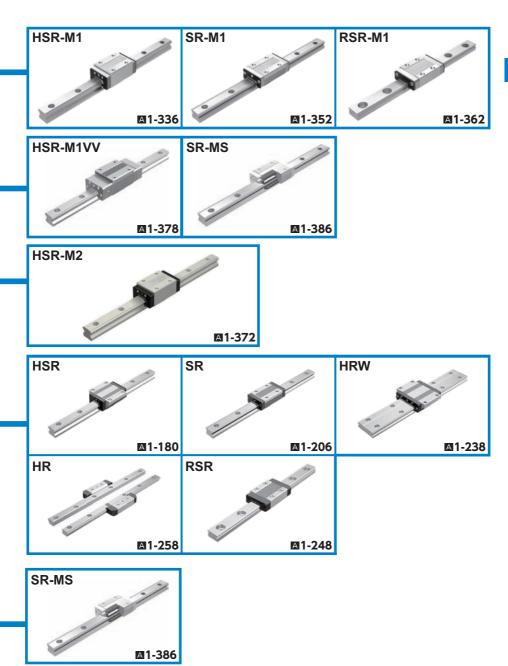
Stainless Steel LM Guide



HSR SR HRW HR RSR

Vacuum Grease

Oil-Free LM Guide



Corrosion Prevention

As with clean room applications, it is necessary to increase corrosion resistance through material selection and surface treatment.

■ Material-based Measure

Stainless Steel LM Guide

This LM Guide uses martensite stainless steel, which has an anti-corrosion effect.

Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

It uses austenite stainless steel, which has a high anti-corrosion effect, in its LM rail.

■ Measure Through Surface Treatment

THK AP-HC, AP-C and AP-CF Treatment

The LM system is surface treated to increase corrosion resistance.

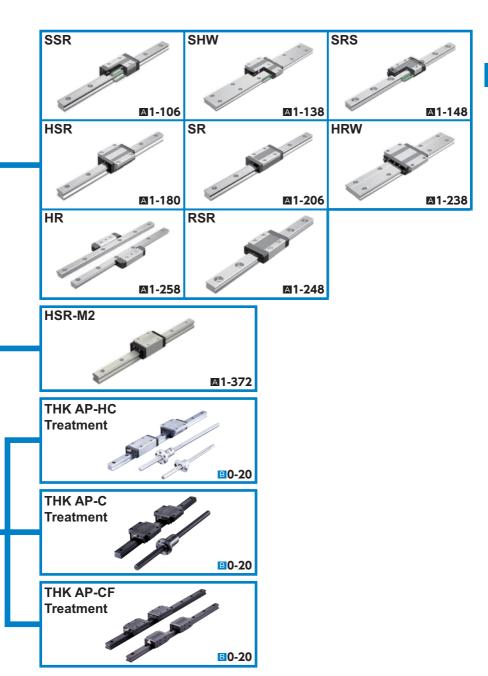
Stainless Steel LM Guide



SSR SHW SRS HSR SR HRW HR RSR

Highly Corrosion Resistant LM Guide

Surface Treatment



High Speed

In a high speed environment, it is necessary to apply an optimum lubrication method that reduces heat generation during high speed operation and increases grease retention.

■ Measures to Reduce Heat Generation

Caged Ball LM Guide

Use of a ball cage eliminates friction between balls to reduce heat generation. In addition, grease retention is increased, thus to achieve long service life and high speed operation.

THK AFA Grease, AFJ Grease

It reduces heat generation in high speed operation and has superb lubricity.

■ Measure to Improve Lubrication

QZ Lubricator

Continuous oil lubrication ensures that the lubrication and maintenance interval can significantly be extended. It also applies the right amount of oil to the raceway, making itself an eco-friendly lubrication system that does not contaminate the surrounding area.

Caged Ball LM Guide



SHS SSR SVR/SVS SHW SRS SCR EPF

Caged Roller LM Guide



SRG SRN SRW

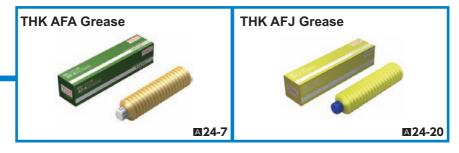
QZ Lubricator

Grease









High Temperature

In a high temperature environment, dimensional alterations caused by heat is problematic. Use a High Temperature LM Guide, which is heat resistant and has minimal dimensional alterations after being heated. Also, use a high temperature grease.

■ Heat Resistance

High Temperature LM Guide

A special heat treatment to maintain dimensional stability minimizes dimensional variations due to heating and cooling.

■Grease

High Temperature Grease

Use a high temperature grease with which the rolling resistance of the LM system is consistent even at high temperature.

Low Temperature

In a low temperature environment, use an LM system with a minimal amount of resin components and a grease that minimize fluctuations in rolling resistance, even at low temperature.

Impact of Low Temperature on Resin Components

Stainless Steel LM Guide

The endplate (ball circulation path normally made of resin) of the LM block is made of stainless steel.

■Corrosion Prevention

Provide surface treatment to the LM system to increase its corrosion resistance.

Grease

Use THK AFC Grease, with which the rolling resistance of the system little is consistent even at low temperature.

Micro Motion

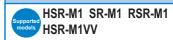
Micro strokes cause the oil film to break, resulting in poor lubrication and early wear. In such cases, select a grease with which the oil film strength is high and an oil film can easily be formed.

■Grease

THK AFC Grease

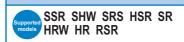
AFC Grease is a urea-based grease that excels in oil film strength and wear resistance.

High Temperature LM Guide



High Temperature Grease

Stainless Steel LM Guide

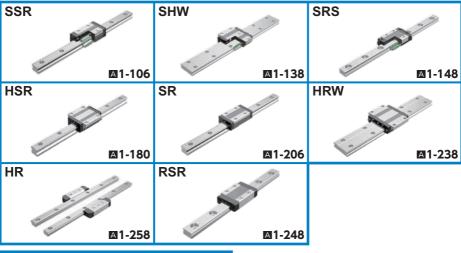


Surface Treatment

Low Temperature Grease

Grease











Foreign Matter

If foreign matter enters the LM system, it will cause abnormal wear and shorten the service life. Therefore, it is necessary to prevent such entrance of foreign matter.

Especially in an environment containing small foreign matter or a water-soluble coolant that a telescopic cover or a bellows cannot remove, it is necessary to attach a contamination protection accessory capable of efficiently removing foreign matter.

■Metal Scraper

It is used to remove relatively large foreign objects such as cutting chips, spatter and sand or hard foreign matter that adhere to the LM rail.

■ Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS

Unlike a metal scraper, it removes foreign matter while it is in contact with the LM rail. Therefore, it demonstrates a high contamination protection effect against small foreign matter, which has been difficult to remove with conventional metal scrapers.

■QZ Lubricator

QZ Lubricator is a lubrication system that feeds the right amount of lubricant by closely contacting its highly oil-impregnated fiber net to the ball raceway.

Metal Cap Dedicated for LM Rail Mounting Holes GC Cap

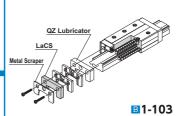
GC cap is a metallic cap that plugs the LM rail mounting hole (article compliant with the RoHS Directives). It prevents the entrance of foreign material and coolant from the LM rail top face (mounting hole) under harsh environments, and significantly increases the dust control performance of the LM Guide if used with a dust control seal.

■Protector

The protector minimizes the entrance of foreign material even in harsh environments where foreign material such as fine particles and liquids are present.

LM Guide

- +Metal scraper
- +Contact scraper LaCS
- +Cap GC, etc.

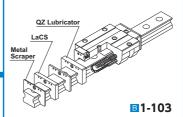


Supported models

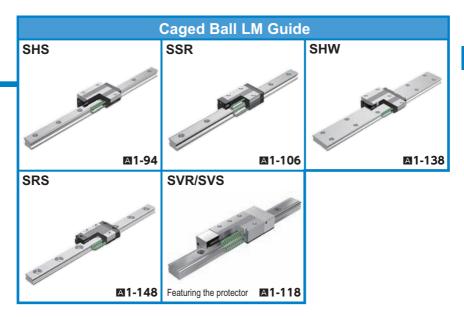
Caged Ball LM Guide SHS SSR SVR/SVS SHW SRS Full Ball LM Guide HSR NR/NRS

Caged Roller LM Guide

- +Metal scraper
- +Contact scraper LaCS
- +Cap GC, etc.











Types of LM Guides

THK offers a wide array of types and dimensions with LM Guides as standard so that you can select the optimal product for any application. With the unit structure of each model, you can easily obtain high running accuracy with no clearance simply by mounting the product on a plane surface with bolts. We have a proven track record and know-how in extensive applications with LM Guides.

		_		Specification	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
	Classification		Гуре	Table*	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
			SSR-XW	▶⊠1-110		14.7 to 64.6	16.5 to 71.6
	Caged Ball LM Guide		SSR-XV	▶⊠1-112		9.1 to 21.7	9.7 to 22.5
			SSR-XTB	▶⊠1-114		14.7 to 31.5	16.5 to 36.4
			SR-W	▶⊠1-212		9.51 to 411	19.3 to 537
			SR-M1W	▶⊠1-356		9.51 to 41.7	19.3 to 77.2
		التحقال	SR-V	▶⊠1-212	1	5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
	Full-Complement Ball		SR-M1V	▶⊠1-356	→\$*	5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
	LM Guides		SR-TB	▶⊠1-214	1	9.51 to 89.1	19.3 to 157
			SR-M1TB	▶⊠1-358		9.51 to 41.7	19.3 to 77.2
Φ			SR-SB	▶⊠1-214		5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
Radial type			SR- M1SB	▶⊠1-358		5.39 to 23.8	11.1 to 44.1
Rad	Oil-Free LM Guides for Special Environ-		SR-MSV	▶⊠1-390		_	_
	ments		SR-MSW	▶⊠1-390		_	_
			SVR-C	▶⊠1-128		48 to 260	68 to 328
		THE N	SVR-LC	▶⊠1-128		57 to 340	86 to 481
			SVR-R	▶⊠1-124		48 to 260	68 to 328
	Caged Ball LM Guides		SVR-LR	▶⊠1-124	1	57 to 340	86 to 481
	for Machine Tools high-rigidity model	Ţŗ.	SVR-CH	▶⊠1-134	→ 🗂 ←	90 to 177	115 to 238
	for ultra-heavy loads		SVR-LCH	▶⊠1-134	Τ	108 to 214	159 to 312
			SVR-RH	▶⊠1-132		90 to 177	115 to 238
			SVR-LRH	▶ 🖾 1-132		108 to 214	159 to 312

^{*} For specification tables for each model, please see "A Product Descriptions."

External dimensions (mm)					
Height	Width	Features	Major application		
24 to 48	34 to 70	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation radial load capacity Thin, compact design, large Surface grinder table Tool grinder table Tool grinder table			
24 to 33	34 to 48	acceptable running sound Superb capability of Printed circuit board			
24 to 33	52 to 73	Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Stainless steel type also available as standard	Chip mounterHigh-speed transfer		
24 to 135	34 to 250		equipmentTraveling unit of robotsMachining center		
24 to 48	34 to 70		NC latheFive axis milling machine		
24 to 48	34 to 70	Thin, compact design, large radial load capacity	 Conveyance system Mold guide of pressing machines 		
24 to 48	34 to 70	 Superb in planar running accuracy Superb capability of absorbing mounting error 	Inspection equipmentTesting machine		
24 to 68	52 to 140	 Stainless steel type also available as standard Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also available 	Food-related machine Medical equipment 3D measuring instrument Packaging machine Injection molding machine Woodworking machine Ultra precision table Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment		
24 to 48	52 to 100	available			
24 to 48	52 to 100				
24 to 48	52 to 100				
24 to 28	34 to 42	organic EL displa	 Organic EL display 		
24 to 28	34 to 42	 Small amount of particles generated Can be used at high temperature (up to 150°C) 	manufacturing machine Ion implantation equipment		
31 to 75	72 to 170	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound	Machining center		
31 to 75	72 to 170	Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools	NC lathe Grinding machine Five axis milling		
31 to 75	50 to 126	 Thin, compact design, large radial load capacity High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to 	machine Jig borer		
31 to 75	50 to 126	improved damping characteristics • Superb in planar running accuracy	Drilling machine NC milling machine Horizontal milling		
48 to 70	100 to 140	Long service life, long-term	machine • Mold processing		
48 to 70	100 to 140	acceptable running sound Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all characteristics Superb in planar running accuracy	machineGraphite working machine		
55 to 80	70 to 100	 mounting orientations Ultra-heavy load capacity Has dimensions almost the same as that of the full-ball 	 Electric discharge machine Wire-cut electric 		
55 to 80	70 to 100	optimal for machine tools Large radial load capacity type LM Guide model HSR, which is practically a global standard size	discharge machine		

				Specification	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
	Classification	T	Гуре	Table*	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
		7 6	NR-A	▶⊠1-228		33 to 479	84.6 to 1040
	Full-Complement		NR-LA	▶⊠1-228	_	44 to 599	113 to 1300
Туре	Ball LM Guides		NR-B	▶⊠1-232	1	33 to 479	84.6 to 1040
Radial Type	for Machine Tools high-rigidity model	ا ترصی ا	NR-LB	▶⊠1-232	→ [←	44 to 599	113 to 1300
-	for ultra-heavy loads	7	NR-R	► ⊠1-224	•	33 to 479	84.6 to 1040
			NR-LR	▶⊠1-224		44 to 599	113 to 1300
			SVS-C	▶⊠1-130		37 to 199	52 to 251
			SVS-LC	▶⊠1-130		44 to 261	66 to 368
	Occasi Ball		SVS-R	▶⊠1-126	_	37 to 199	52 to 251
4-way type	Caged Ball LM Guides for Machine Tools		SVS-LR	▶⊠1-126		44 to 261	66 to 368
4-wa)	high-rigidity model for ultra-heavy loads		SVS-CH	▶⊠1-134	~ [69 to 136	88 to 182
	lor dilica ricary icado	W_	SVS-LCH	▶⊠1-134	•	83 to 164	122 to 239
			SVS-RH	► △ 1-132		69 to 136	88 to 182
'		الصال	SVS-LRH	▶⊠1-132		83 to 164	122 to 239

^{*} For specification tables for each model, please see "A Product Descriptions."

External dime	ensions (mm)		
Height	Width	Features	Major application
31 to 105	72 to 260		
31 to 105	72 to 260		
31 to 105	72 to 260	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to improved damping characteristics	
31 to 105	72 to 260	Thin, compact design, large radial load capacity Superb in planar running accuracy	Machining center NC lathe
31 to 105	50 to 200		Grinding machine Grinding machine Five axis milling machine Jig borer Drilling machine
31 to 105	50 to 200		
31 to 75	72 to 170	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound	NC milling machine Horizontal milling
31 to 75	72 to 170	Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Mold process	machine Mold processing machine
31 to 75	50 to 126	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools Low profile, compact 4-way type High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to	Graphite working machine
31 to 75	50 to 126	improved damping characteristics	Electric discharge machine Wire-cut electric
48 to 70	100 to 140	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low and impact resistance and impact resistance	discharge machine
48 to 70	100 to 140	noise, acceptable running due to improved damping sound characteristics	
55 to 80	70 to 100	Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations we same as that of the full-ball type LM Guide model HSR,	
55 to 80	70 to 100	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools	

	Туре		0 15 11	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
Classification			Specification Table*	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
	۵ (اســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	SRG-A, C	▶⊠1-404		11.3 to 131	25.8 to 266
		SRG-LA, LC	▶⊠1-404		26.7 to 278	63.8 to 599
	T (SRG-R, V	▶⊠1-410		11.3 to 131	25.8 to 266
Caged Roller		SRG-LR, LV	▶⊠1-410		26.7 to 601	63.8 to 1170
super ultra-heavy-	7 A	SRN-C	▶⊠1-422	→ 🖺 ←	59.1 to 131	119 to 266
types	Ÿ.	SRN-LC	▶⊠1-422	1	76 to 278	165 to 599
	1 A-m	SRN-R	▶⊠1-424		59.1 to 131	119 to 266
		SRN-LR	▶⊠1-424		76 to 278	165 to 599
		SRW-LR	▶⊠1-432		115 to 601	256 to 1170
	p (1)	NRS-A	▶⊠1-230		25.9 to 376	59.8 to 737
		NRS-LA	▶⊠1-230	.	34.5 to 470	79.7 to 920
LM Guides	les Tools model	NRS-B	▶⊠1-234		25.9 to 376	59.8 to 737
high-rigidity model for ultra-heavy loads		NRS-LB	▶⊠1-234	- [-	34.5 to 470	79.7 to 920
		NRS-R	▶⊠1-226		25.9 to 376	59.8 to 737
		NRS-LR	▶⊠1-226		34.5 to 470	79.7 to 920
	Z J	SHS-C	▶⊠1-98		14.2 to 205	24.2 to 320
		SHS-LC	▶⊠1-98		17.2 to 253	31.9 to 408
Caged Ball LM Guide -		SHS-V	▶⊠1-100	<u></u>	14.2 to 205	24.2 to 320
heavy-load, high rigidity types	<u></u> 1	SHS-LV	▶ ⊠ 1-100	1	17.2 to 253	31.9 to 408
		SHS-R	▶⊠1-102		14.2 to 128	24.2 to 197
		SHS-LR	▶ 🖾 1-102		36.8 to 161	64.7 to 259
	LM Guide - super ultra-heavy- load, high rigidity types Full-Complement LM Guides for Machine Tools high-rigidity model for ultra-heavy loads Caged Ball LM Guide - heavy-load, high	EM Guide - super ultra-heavy- load, high rigidity types Full-Complement LM Guides for Machine Tools high-rigidity model for ultra-heavy loads Caged Ball LM Guide - heavy-load, high	Caged Roller LM Guide - super ultra-heavy- load, high rigidity types Full-Complement LM Guides for Machine Tools high-rigidity model for ultra-heavy loads Caged Ball LM Guide - heavy-load, high rigidity types RRG-LR, LV SRN-C SRN-C SRN-R SRN-LR SRW-LR NRS-A NRS-A NRS-B NRS-B NRS-B NRS-B NRS-LB SHS-C SHS-C SHS-C SHS-C SHS-LC SHS-LV SHS-LV SHS-LV	SRG-A, C	Caged Roller LM Guide - LM Guide	SRG-A, C MB1-404 11.3 to 131 26.7 to 278 26.7 to 601 11.3 to 131 26.7 to 601 26.7 to

^{*} For specification tables for each model, please see " \blacksquare Product Descriptions."

External dime	ensions (mm)				
Height	Width	Features	Major application		
24 to 70	47 to 140				
30 to 120	63 to 250	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high proof.			
24 to 80	34 to 100	Superbly high speed Smooth motion due to prevention of rollers from skewing Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools			
30 to 90	44 to 126				
44 to 63	100 to 140		Machining center NC lathe Grinding machine Five axis milling		
44 to 75	100 to 170	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low noise, acceptable running sound	machine		
44 to 63	70 to 100	 Superbly high speed Smooth motion due to prevention of rollers from skewing 	 Jig borer Drilling machine NC milling machine		
44 to 75	70 to 126	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools Low center of gravity, ultra-high rigidity	Horizontal milling machine		
70 to 150	135 to 300		Mold processing machine Graphite working		
31 to 105	72 to 260		machine • Electric discharge		
31 to 105	72 to 260		machine • Wire-cut electric discharge machine		
31 to 105	72 to 260	Ultra-heavy load capacity optimal for machine tools High vibration resistance and impact resistance due to			
31 to 105	72 to 260	improved damping characteristics Low-Profile compact design, 4-way equal load			
31 to 105	50 to 200				
31 to 105	50 to 200				
24 to 90	47 to 170		Machining center NC lathe XYZ axes of heavy cutting machine tools Grinding head feeding		
24 to 90	47 to 170	axis of g machine ● Compor heavy m	heavy moment and high accuracy		
24 to 90	34 to 126	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations	 NC milling machine Horizontal milling machine Gantry five axis milling machine Z axis of electric 		
24 to 90	34 to 126	Heavy load, high rigidity Has dimensions almost the same as that of the full-ball type LM Guide model HSR, which is practically a global standard size Superb capability of absorbing mounting error	discharge machines Wire-cut electric discharge machine Car elevator Food-related machine		
28 to 80	34 to 100		 Testing machine Vehicle doors Printed circuit board drilling machine ATC 		
28 to 80	34 to 100		Construction equipment Shield machine Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment		

				Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
Classification	-	Туре	Specification Table*	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
		HSR-A	▶⊠1-186		8.33 to 210	13.5 to 310
		HSR-M1A	▶⊠1-342		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
		HSR-LA	▶⊠1-186		21.3 to 282	31.8 to 412
	U tg ;"	HSR-M1LA	▶⊠1-342		21.3 to 50.2	31.8 to 81.5
		HSR-CA	▶⊠1-196		13.8 to 210	23.8 to 310
		HSR-HA	▶⊠1-196		21.3 to 518	31.8 to 728
		HSR-B	▶⊠1-188		8.33 to 210	13.5 to 310
Full-Complement		HSR-M1B	▶⊠1-344		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
Ball LM Guide - heavy-load, high	1 n ===================================	HSR-LB	▶⊠1-188		21.3 to 282	31.8 to 412
rigidity types		HSR-M1LB	▶⊠1-344	→	21.3 to 50.2	31.8 to 81.5
		HSR-CB	▶⊠1-198		13.8 to 210	23.8 to 310
		HSR-HB	▶⊠1-198		21.3 to 518	31.8 to 728
		HSR-R	▶⊠1-192		1.08 to 210	2.16 to 310
		HSR-M1R	▶⊠1-346		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
		HSR-LR	▶⊠1-192		21.3 to 282	31.8 to 412
		HSR-M1LR	▶⊠1-346		21.3 to 50.2	31.8 to 81.5
		HSR-HR	▶⊠1-200		351 to 518	506 to 728
LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum		HSR-M1VV	▶⊠1-382		8.33	13.5
Full-hall I M Guide -		HSR-YR	▶⊠1-194		8.33 to 141	13.5 to 215
side mount types		HSR-M1YR	▶⊠1-348		8.33 to 37.3	13.5 to 61.1
	I T	JR-A	▶⊠1-310		19.9 to 88.5	34.4 to 137
Full-Complement LM Guides - special LM rail types	T	JR-B	►M1-310	→ ½ ←	19.9 to 88.5	34.4 to 137
types	T.	JR-R	▶⊠1-310		19.9 to 88.5	34.4 to 137
	Full-Complement Ball LM Guide - heavy-load, high rigidity types LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum Full-ball LM Guide - side mount types Full-Complement LM Guides - special LM rail	Full-Complement Ball LM Guide - heavy-load, high rigidity types LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum Full-ball LM Guide - side mount types Full-Complement LM Guides - special LM rail	HSR-A HSR-M1A HSR-LA HSR-M1LA HSR-HA HSR-HA HSR-B HSR-M1B HSR-B HSR-M1B HSR-LB HSR-B HSR-M1B HSR-LB HSR-RHB HSR-RB HSR-N1R HSR-HR HSR-HR HSR-HR HSR-HR HSR-M1R HSR-HR HSR-M1R HSR-HR HSR-M1VV Full-ball LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum Full-ball LM Guide - side mount types Full-Complement LM Guides - special LM rail types Full-Complement LM Guides - special LM rail types	HSR-A	HSR-A	Classification Type Specification Table* capacity diagram Basic dynamic diagram HSR-A ▶ 11.186 HSR-M1A ▶ 11.186 8.33 to 210 HSR-LA ▶ 11.186 HSR-M1LA ▶ 11.186 21.3 to 50.2 HSR-MILA ▶ 11.196 21.3 to 50.2 13.8 to 210 HSR-HA ▶ 11.196 8.33 to 210 HSR-HA ▶ 11.188 8.33 to 210 HSR-M1B ▶ 11.188 8.33 to 210 HSR-MB ▶ 11.198 1.3 to 50.2 HSR-MB ▶ 11.198 1.08 to 210 HSR-MB ▶ 11.198 1.08 to 210 HSR-MB ▶ 11.192 8.33 to 37.3 HSR-MR ▶ 11.192 8.33 to 37.3 HSR-MILR ▶ 11.302 21.3 to 50.2 HSR-MILR ▶ 11.302 21.3 to 50.2 HSR-MILR ▶ 11.302 21.3 to 50.2 HSR-MILR <td< td=""></td<>

^{*} For specification tables for each model, please see "A Product Descriptions."

Externa	al dim	ensions (mm)						
Heig	ght	Width	Features	Major application				
24 to	110	47 to 215						
24 to	48	47 to 100	Machining center					
30 to	110	63 to 215		NC latheXYZ axes of heavy cutting ma-				
30 to	48	63 to 100		chine tools Grinding head feeding axis				
30 to	110	63 to 215		of grinding machines • Components requiring a				
30 to	145	63 to 350		heavy moment and high ac- curacy				
24 to	110	47 to 215	Heavy load, high rigidity	NC milling machine Horizontal milling machine				
24 to	48	47 to 100	 Practically a global standard size Superb capability of absorbing mounting error 	Gantry five axis milling ma- chine				
30 to	110	63 to 215	 Stainless steel type also available as standard Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also available 	Z axis of electric discharge machines				
30 to	48	63 to 100	Type M2, with high corrosion resistance, also available (Basic dynamic load rating: 2.33 to 5.57 kN) (Basic static load rating: 2.03 to 5.16 kN) Car elevator Food-related ma Testing machine Vehicle doors Printed circuit b machine	Wire-cut electric discharge machine				
30 to	110	63 to 215		Car elevator Food-related machine				
30 to	145	63 to 350		- rooming macrimic				
11 to	110	16 to 156		''' '				
28 to	55	34 to 70	 ATC Construction equip Shield machine Semiconductor/liqu 					
30 to	110	44 to 156						
30 to	55	44 to 70		manufacturing equipment				
120 to	145	250 to 266						
28	3	34	 Can be used in various environments at atmospheric pressure to vacuum (10³ [Pa]) Allows baking temperature of 200°C* at a maximum If the baking temperature exceeds 100°C, multiply the basic load rating with the temperature coefficient. 	Medical equipment Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment				
28 to	90	33.5 to 124.5	 Easy mounting and reduced mounting height when using 2 units opposed to each other Superb capability of absorbing mounting error Stainless steel type also 	machine tools Z axis of woodworking machines				
28 to	55	33.5 to 69.5	since the side faces of the LM block have mounting holes Heavy load, high rigidity available as standard Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also available	 Z axis of measuring instruments Components opposed to each other 				
61 to	114	70 to 140	Since the central part of the LM rail is thinly structured, the LM	Automated warehouse Garage Gantry robot FMS traveling rail				
61 to	114	70 to 140	 Since the certifial part of the EWH and is diffully studened, the EWH Guide is capable of absorbing an error and achieving smooth motion if the parallelism between the two axes is poor Since the LM rail has a highly rigid sectional shape, it can be used as a structural member 	Conveyance system Welding machine Lifter Crane				
65 to	124	48 to 100		Forklift Coating machine Shield machine Stage setting				

				Specification	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
	Classification	٦	Гуре	Table*	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
	Caged Ball Cross LM Guide	Ta Ti	SCR	▶⊠1-168	→ ←	36.8 to 253	64.7 to 408
	Full-Complement LM Guide orthogonal type		CSR	▶⊠1-296	•	8.33 to 80.4	13.5 to 127.5
	Caged Ball LM Guide -	in the second	SHW-CA	▶⊠1-142		4.31 to 70.2	5.66 to 91.4
ad type	wide, low center of gravity types		SHW-CR, HR	▶⊠1-144	+	4.31 to 70.2	5.66 to 91.4
y equal lo	wide, low center of gravity types Full-Complement Ball LM Guide - wide, low center of gravity types		HRW-CA	▶⊠1-242	†	4.31 to 63.8	81.4 to 102
4-wa			HRW-CR, LRM	▶⊠1-244		3.29 to 50.2	7.16 to 81.5
	Full-ball Straight - Curved Guide	. Ty	HMG	▶⊠1-326	→	2.56 to 66.2	Straight section 4.23 to 66.7 Curved section 0.44 to 36.2
	Caged Ball LM Guides Finite stroke	gj	EPF	▶⊠1-176	→ ↑	0.90 to 3.71	1.60 to 5.88
	Full-Complement		HR, HR-T	▶⊠1-264	↓ → :::	1.57 to 141	3.04 to 206
	Ball LM Guide - separate types		GSR-T	▶⊠1-276	↓	5.69 to 25.1	8.43 to 33.8
Interchangeable designs			GSR-V	▶⊠1-276	1	4.31 to 10.29	5.59 to 12.65
Interchit	Full-Complement Ball LM Guides - LM rail-rack intergrated type		GSR-R	▶⊠1-284	↓ → == = = + †	10.29 to 25.1	12.65 to 33.8

^{*} For specification tables for each model, please see "A Product Descriptions."

External dimensions (mm)					
Height	Width	Features	Major application		
70 to 180	88 to 226	A compact XY structure is allowed due to an XY orthogonal, single-piece LM block Since a saddle-less structure is allowed, the machine can be lightweighted and compactly designed Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high speed	Low center of gravity, precision XY table NC lathe Optical measuring instrument Automatic lathe Inspection equipment Cartesian coordinate		
47 to 118	38.8 to 129.8	all XI offiogorial, single-piece Livi block	robot • Bonding machine • XY axes of horizontal machining center		
12 to 50	40 to 162	 Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound 	Z axis of IC printed APC		
12 to 50	30 to 130	 Superbly high speed Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Wide, low center of gravity, space saving structure Stainless steel type also available as standard 	circuit board drilling machine • Z axis of small electric discharge machine • Loader • Semiconductor/liquid crystal manufacturing equipment • Measuring instrument • Wafer transfer		
17 to 60	60 to 200	rigid Wide, low center of gravity, space	Machining center NC lathe Robot Wire-cut electric		
12 to 50	30 to 130	 saving structure Stainless steel type also available as standard 	discharge machine		
24 to 90	47 to 170	Freedom of design Cost reduction through simplified structure	 Large swivel base Pendulum vehicle for railroad Medical equipment Stage setting Control unit Optical measuring machine Tool grinder X-Ray machine CT scanner Medical equipment Car elevator Amusement machine Turntable Tool changer 		
8 to 16	17 to 32	Caged ball effect using a cage Smooth movement with minimal rolling variation 4-groove construction in a compact body	Semiconductor manufacturing equipment Medical equipment Inspection equipment Industrial machinery		
8.5 to 60	18 to 125	Low-Profile high rigidity, space saving structure Interchangeable with Cross-Roller Guide Preload can be adjusted Stainless steel type also available as standard	 XYZ axes of electric discharge machine Precision table XZ axes of NC lathe Assembly robot Conveyance system Machining center Wire-cut electric discharge machine Tool changer Woodworking machine 		
20 to 38	32 to 68	LM block and LM rail are both interchangeable Preload can be adjusted			
20 to 30	32 to 50	naralleliem	Industrial robot Various conveyance systems Automated warehouse Palette changer Coating machine Coating machine		
30 to 38	59.91 to 80.18	LM rail-rack integrated design eliminates assembly and adjustment work LM rail-rack integrated design enables a space-saving structure to be achieved Capable of supporting long strokes	Palette changer ATC Door closing device Car washing machine Car washing machine		

		_		Specification	Load	Basic load rating (kN)	
	Classification	Туре		Table*	capacity diagram	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
			SRS-S			1.09 to 4.5	0.964 to 3.39
			SRS-M	▶⊠1-158		0.439 to 16.5	0.468 to 20.2
	Caged Ball		SRS-N		+	0.515 to 9.71	0.586 to 8.55
	LM Guides		SRS-WS			1.38 to 6.64	1.35 to 5.94
			SRS-WM	▶⊠1-160	'	0.584 to 9.12	0.703 to 8.55
			SRS-WN			0.746 to 12.4	0.996 to 12.1
			RSR-M	▶⊠1-254		0.18 to 8.82	0.27 to 12.7
sec	Full-Complement		RSR-M1V	▶⊠1-366		1.47 to 8.82	2.25 to 12.7
Ire typ	Ball LM Guides		RSR-N	▶⊠1-254		0.3 to 14.2	0.44 to 20.6
liniatu	Full-Complement Ball LM Guides		RSR-M1N	▶⊠1-366	→ ! ←	2.6 to 14.2	3.96 to 20.6
≥	Σ		RSR-WM/WV	▶⊠1-254		0.25 to 6.66	0.47 to 9.8
	Full-Complement		RSR-M1WV	▶⊠1-368		2.45 to 6.66	3.92 to 9.8
	Ball LM Guide - wide types		RSR-WN	▶⊠1-254		0.39 to 9.91	0.75 to 14.9
			RSR-M1WN	▶⊠1-368		3.52 to 9.91	5.37 to 14.9
	Full Complement Ball LM Guide - orthogonal type		MX	▶⊠1-302		0.59 to 2.04	1.1 to 3.21
Circular arc types	Full-Complement Ball LM Guides		HCR	▶⊠1-318	→ ←	4.7 to 141	8.53 to 215
Self-aligning types	Full-Complement Ball LM Guides	N	NSR-TBC	▶⊠1-332	→ ** +	9.41 to 90.8	18.6 to 152

^{*} For specification tables for each model, please see "A Product Descriptions."

External dime	ensions (mm)				
Height	Width	Features	Major application		
8 to 16	17 to 32				
6 to 25	17 to 48	Long service life, long-term maintenance-free operation	IC/LSI manufacturing		
6 to 16	12 to 32	 Low dust generation, low noise, acceptable running sound Superbly high speed 	 Hard disc drive Slide unit of OA equipment of electron microscope Optical stage Stepper 		
9 to 16	25 to 60	 Smooth motion in all mounting orientations Stainless steel type also available 	Wafer transfer equipment Plotting machine Feed mechanism of IC		
6.5 to 16	17 to 60	as standard Lightweight and compact	Printed circuit board assembly table bonding machine Inspection equipment		
4 to 25	8 to 46	Stainless steel type also available			
10 to 25	20 to 46	as standard Long type with increased load capacity also offered as standard	IC/LSI manufacturing machine		
4 to 25	8 to 46	 Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also 	 Hard disc drive Slide unit of OA equipment Wafer transfer equipment 		
10 to 25	20 to 46	available	 Printed circuit board assembly table Medical equipment 		
4.5 to 16	12 to 60	Stainless steel type also available	 Electronic components of electron microscope Optical stage Stepper 		
12 to 16	30 to 60	as standard Long type with increased load capacity also offered as standard Type M1, achieving max service temperature of 150°C, also	Plotting machine Feed mechanism of IC bonding machine		
4.5 to 16	12 to 60		Inspection equipment		
12 to 16	30 to 60	available			
10 to 14.5	15.2 to 30.2	 A compact XY structure is allowed due to an XY orthogonal, single-piece LM block Stainless steel type also available as standard 	IC/LSI manufacturing machine Inspection equipment Slide unit of OA equipment Wafer transfer equipment equipment Optical stage		
18 to 90	39 to 170	 Circular motion guide in a 4-way equal load design Highly accurate circular motion without play Allows an efficient design with the LM block placed in the loading point Large circular motion easily achieved 			
40 to 105	70 to 175	 Can be used in rough mount due to self-aligning on the fit surface of the case Preload can be adjusted Can be mounted on a black steel sheet 	XY axes of ordinary industrial machinery Various conveyance systems Automated warehouse Palette changer Automatic coating machine Various welding machines		

Calculating the Applied Load

The LM Guide is capable of receiving loads and moments in all directions that are generated due to the mounting orientation, alignment, gravity center position of a traveling object, thrust position and cutting resistance.

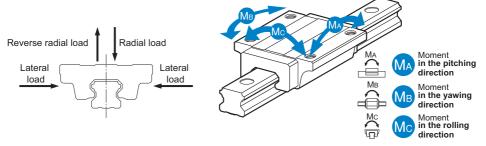


Fig.1 Directions of the Loads Applied on the LM Guide

Calculating an Applied Load

[Single-Axis Use]

Moment Equivalence

When the installation space for the LM Guide is limited, you may have to use only one LM block, or double LM blocks closely contacting with each other. In such a setting, the load distribution is not uniform and, as a result, an excessive load is applied in localized areas (i.e., both ends) as shown in Fig.2. Continued use under such conditions may result in flaking in those areas, consequently shortening the service life. In such a case, calculate the actual load by multiplying the moment value by any one of the equivalent-moment factors specified in Table1 to Table6 **\B1-43**.

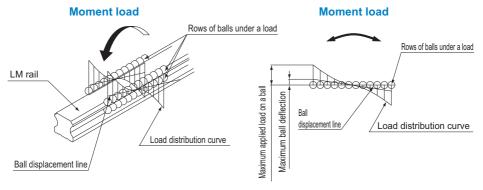


Fig.2 Ball Load when a Moment is Applied

An equivalent-load equation applicable when a moment acts on an LM Guide is shown below.

$P = K \cdot M$

P : Equivalent load per LM Guide (N)

K : Equivalent moment factor

M : Applied moment (N-mm)

Calculating the Applied Load

Equivalent Factor

Since the rated load is equivalent to the permissible moment, the equivalent factor to be multiplied when equalizing the M_A , M_B and M_C moments to the applied load per block is obtained by dividing the rated loads in the corresponding directions.

With those models other than 4-way equal load types, however, the load ratings in the 4 directions differ from each other. Therefore, the equivalent factor values for the M_A and M_C moments also differ depending on whether the direction is radial or reverse radial.

■Equivalent Factors for the M_A Moment

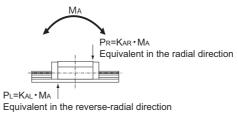
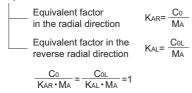


Fig.3 Equivalent Factors for the MA Moment

Equivalent factors for the MA Moment



■Equivalent Factors for the M_B Moment

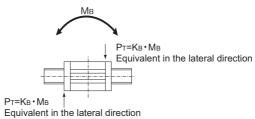
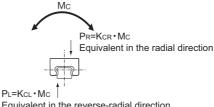


Fig.4 Equivalent Factors for the M_B Moment

■Equivalent Factors for the Mc Moment



Equivalent in the reverse-radial direction

Fig.5 Equivalent Factors for the Mc Moment

Equivalent factors for the Mc Moment

Equivalent factor in the radial direction Equivalent factor in the reverse radial direction

$$\frac{C_0}{K_{CR} \cdot M_C} = \frac{C_{0L}}{K_{CL} \cdot M_C} = 1$$

C₀: Basic static load rating (radial direction) (N) Col : Basic static load rating (reverse radial direction) (N) Cot : Basic static load rating (lateral direction) (N) P_R : Calculated load (radial direction) (N) P_L : Calculated load (reverse radial direction) (N) P_T : Calculated load (lateral direction) (N)

Мс

Example of calculation

When one LM block is used

Model No.: SSR20XV1

Gravitational acceleration g=9.8 (m/s²)

Mass m=10 (kg) \$\ell_1=200 \quad (mm) \\
\ell_2=100 \quad (mm)

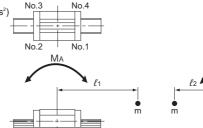


Fig.6 When One LM Block is Used

No.1 $P_1=mg+K_{AR1}*mg*\ell_1+K_{CR}*mg*\ell_2=98+0.275\times98\times200+0.129\times98\times100=6752$ (N)

No.2 $P_2=mg-K_{AL1} \cdot mg \cdot \ell_1 + K_{CR} \cdot mg \cdot \ell_2 = 98 - 0.137 \times 98 \times 200 + 0.129 \times 98 \times 100 = -1323$ (N)

No.3 $P_3 = mq - K_{AL1} \cdot mq \cdot \ell_1 - K_{CL} \cdot mq \cdot \ell_2 = 98 - 0.137 \times 98 \times 200 - 0.0644 \times 98 \times 100 = -3218$ (N)

No.4 $P_4=mg+K_{AR1}*mg*\ell_1-K_{CL}*mg*\ell_2=98+0.275\times98\times200-0.0644\times98\times100=4857$ (N)

When two LM blocks are used in close contact with each other

Model No.: SVS25R2

Gravitational acceleration g=9.8 (m/s²) Mass m=5 (kg)

ℓ₁=200 (mm) ℓ₂=150 (mm)

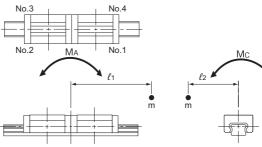


Fig.7 When Two LM Blocks are Used in Close Contact with Each Other

No.1 P₁=
$$\frac{mg}{2}$$
 +K_{AR2}·mg· ℓ_1 +K_{CR}· $\frac{mg\cdot\ell_2}{2}$ = $\frac{49}{2}$ +0.0188×49×200+0.0814× $\frac{49\times150}{2}$ =507.9 (N)

No.2
$$P_2 = \frac{mg}{2} - K_{AL2} \cdot mg \cdot \ell_1 + K_{CR} \cdot \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2} = \frac{49}{2} - 0.0158 \times 49 \times 200 + 0.0814 \times \frac{49 \times 150}{2} = 168.8 \text{ (N)}$$

No.3 P₃=
$$\frac{mg}{2}$$
 -K_{AL2}·mg· ℓ_1 -K_{CL}· $\frac{mg\cdot\ell_2}{2}$ = $\frac{49}{2}$ -0.0158×49×200-0.0684× $\frac{49\times150}{2}$ =-381.7 (N)

No.4 P₄=
$$\frac{mg}{2}$$
 +K_{AR2}·mg· ℓ_1 -K_{CL}· $\frac{mg\cdot\ell_2}{2}$ = $\frac{49}{2}$ +0.0188×49×200-0.0684× $\frac{49\times150}{2}$ =-42.6 (N)

Note1) Since an LM Guide used in vertical installation receives only a moment load, there is no need to apply a load force (mq).

[Double-axis Use]

Setting Conditions

Set the conditions needed to calculate the LM system's applied load and service life in hours.

The conditions consist of the following items.

- (1) Mass: m (kg)
- (2) Direction of the working load
- (3) Position of the working point (e.g., center of gravity): ℓ_2 , ℓ_3 , h_1 (mm)
- (4) Thrust position: ℓ_4 , $h_2(mm)$
- (5) LM system arrangement: ℓ_0 , ℓ_1 (mm) (No. of units and axes)
- (6) Velocity diagram

Speed: V (mm/s) Time constant: t_n (s) Acceleration: α_n (mm/s²)

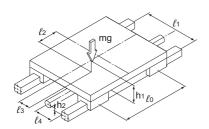
$$(\alpha_n = \frac{V}{t_n})$$

(7) Duty cycle

Number of reciprocations per minute: N₁(min⁻¹)

- (8) Stroke length: ℓ_s(mm)
- (9) Average speed: V_m(m/s)
- (10) Required service life in hours: Lh(h)

Gravitational acceleration g=9.8 (m/s²)



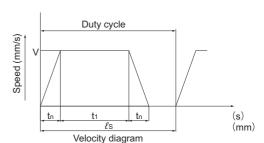


Fig.8 Condition

Applied Load Equation

The load applied to the LM Guide varies with the external force, such as the position of the gravity center of an object, thrust position, inertia generated from acceleration/deceleration during start or stop, and cutting force.

In selecting an LM Guide, it is necessary to obtain the value of the applied load while taking into account these conditions.

Calculate the load applied to the LM Guide in each of the examples 1 to 10 shown below.

m	: Mass	(kg)
ℓ_{n}	: Distance	(mm)
F_n	: External force	(N)
P_n	: Applied load (radial/reverse radial direction)	(N)
P_{nT}	: Applied load (lateral directions)	(N)

: Gravitational acceleration (m/s²)

 $(q = 9.8 \text{m/s}^2)$

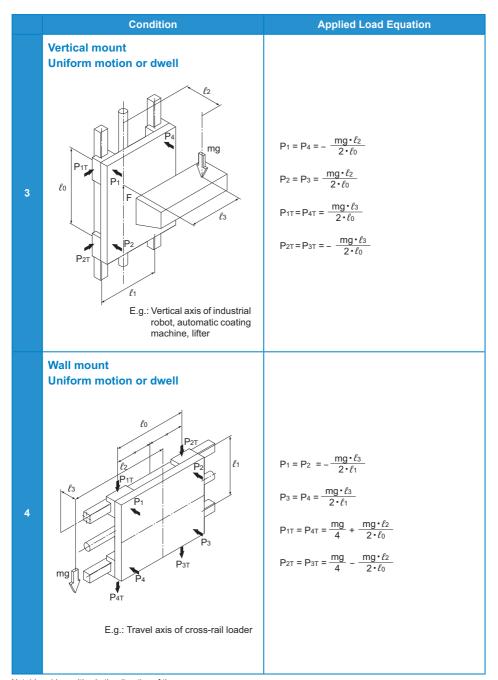
V : Speed (m/s) : Time constant (s) (m/s²)Acceleration

$$(\alpha_n = \frac{V}{t_n})$$

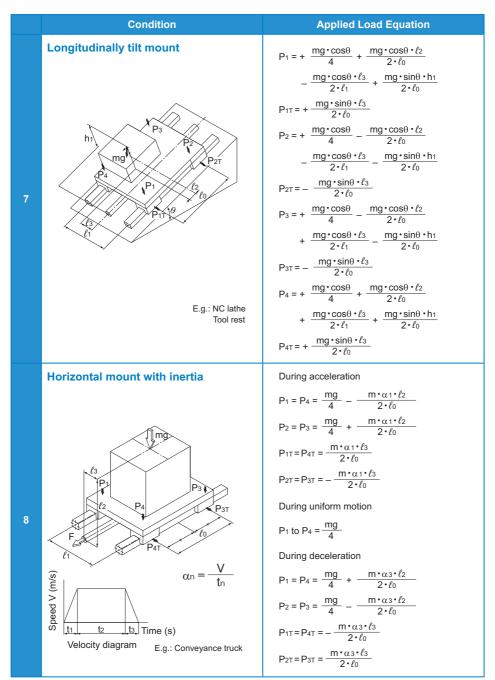
[Example]

	Condition	Applied Load Equation
1	Horizontal mount (with the block traveling) Uniform motion or dwell P3 P1 P1 P1 P2 P1 P3 P2 P3 P3 P4 P3 P4 P5 P5 P6 P7 P7 P7 P7 P7 P8 P8 P8 P8 P8	$P_{1} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$
2	Horizontal mount, overhung (with the block traveling) Uniform motion or dwell P1 P2 P2 P3 P4 P4 P2 P4 P2 P4 P2 P4 P4 P4	$P_{1} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$

Note) Load is positive in the direction of the arrow.



Condition **Applied Load Equation** With the LM rails movable **Horizontal mount** P₁ to P₄ (max) = $\frac{\text{mg}}{4} + \frac{\text{mg} \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ 5 P₁ to P₄ (min) = $\frac{\text{mg}}{4} - \frac{\text{mg} \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ E.g.: XY table sliding fork Laterally tilt mount $P_1 = + \frac{mg \cdot \cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $-\;\frac{\mathsf{mg}\!\cdot\!\mathsf{cos}\theta\cdot\!\ell_3}{2\!\cdot\!\ell_1}\;\!+\;\frac{\mathsf{mg}\!\cdot\!\mathsf{sin}\theta\cdot\!\mathsf{h}_1}{2\!\cdot\!\ell_1}$ $P_{1T} = \frac{mg \cdot \sin\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \sin\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_2 = + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $-\;\frac{\mathsf{mg}\!\cdot\!\mathsf{cos}\theta\cdot\!\ell_3}{2\!\cdot\!\ell_1}\;+\;\frac{\mathsf{mg}\!\cdot\!\mathsf{sin}\theta\cdot\!\mathsf{h}_1}{2\!\cdot\!\ell_1}$ $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{2T}} = \frac{\mathsf{mg} \cdot \mathsf{sin}\theta}{4} - \frac{\mathsf{mg} \cdot \mathsf{sin}\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ 6 $P_3 = + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $+ \ \frac{\text{mg} \boldsymbol{\cdot} \text{cos} \theta \boldsymbol{\cdot} \ell_3}{2 \boldsymbol{\cdot} \ell_1} - \frac{\text{mg} \boldsymbol{\cdot} \text{sin} \theta \boldsymbol{\cdot} \text{h}_1}{2 \boldsymbol{\cdot} \ell_1}$ $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{3T}} = \frac{\mathsf{mg} \cdot \mathsf{sin} \theta}{4} - \frac{\mathsf{mg} \cdot \mathsf{sin} \theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_4 = + \frac{mg \cdot \cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $+ \ \frac{\text{mg} \cdot \text{cos}\theta \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1} - \frac{\text{mg} \cdot \text{sin}\theta \cdot \text{h}_1}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$ E.g.: NC lathe $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{4T}} = \frac{\mathsf{mg} \cdot \mathsf{sin}\theta}{4} + \frac{\mathsf{mg} \cdot \mathsf{sin}\theta \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ Carriage



Calculating the Applied Load

Condition Applied Load Equation

Vertical mount with inertia ℓ_0 ℓ_0 ℓ_0 ℓ_1 ℓ_2 ℓ_3 ℓ_3 $\alpha_n = \frac{V}{t_n}$

9

10

Velocity diagram

E.g.: Conveyance lift

During acceleration

$$P_1 = P_4 = -\frac{m(g+\alpha_1)\ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_2 = P_3 = \frac{m(g+\alpha_1)\ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m(g + \alpha_1)\ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{m(g+\alpha_1)\ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

During uniform motion

$$P_1 = P_4 = -\frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_2 = P_3 = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_3}$$

During deceleration

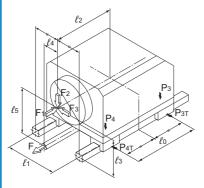
$$P_1 = P_4 = -\frac{m(g - \alpha 3)\ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_2 = P_3 = \frac{m(g - \alpha 3)\ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m(g - \alpha 3) \ell 3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{m(g - \alpha 3)\ell 3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

Horizontal mount with external force



E.g.: Drill unit, Milling machine, Lathe, Machining center and other cutting machine Under force F1

$$P_1 = P_4 = -\frac{F_1 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_2 = P_3 = \frac{F_1 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{F_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{F_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

Under force F2

$$P_1 = P_4 = \frac{F_2}{4} + \frac{F_2 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_2 = P_3 = \frac{F_2}{4} - \frac{F_2 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

Under force F3

$$P_1 = P_2 = \frac{F_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$$

$$P_3 = P_4 = -\frac{F_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{4T} = -\frac{F_3}{4} - \frac{F_3 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{F_3}{4} + \frac{F_3 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

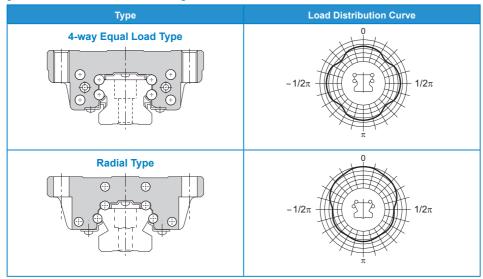
Note) Load is positive in the direction of the arrow.

Calculating the Equivalent Load

Rated Load of an LM Guide in Each Direction

The LM Guide is categorized into roughly two types: the 4-way equal load type, which has the same rated load in the radial, reverse radial and lateral directions, and the radial type, which has a large rated load in the radial direction. With the radial type LM Guide, the rated load in the radial direction is different from that in the reverse-radial and lateral directions. The basic load rating in the radial direction is indicated in the specification table. The values in the reverse-radial and lateral directions are obtained from Table7 on **21-58**.

[Rated Loads in All Directions]



[Equivalent Load P_E]

The LM Guide can bear loads and moments in all directions, including a radial load (PR), reverse radial load (PL) and lateral loads (PT), simultaneously.

When two or more loads (e.g., radial load and lateral load) are simultaneously applied to the LM Guide, the service life and the static safety factor are calculated using equivalent load values obtained by converting all the loads into radial load or reverse-radial load.

Calculating the Equivalent Load

[Equivalent Load Equation]

When the LM block of the LM Guide receives loads simultaneously in the radial and lateral directions, or the reverse radial and lateral directions, the equivalent load is obtained from the equation below.

$P_E = X \cdot P_{R(L)} + Y \cdot P_T$

P _E : Equivalent load (N)

·Radial direction

·Reverse radial direction

P_⊥ : Reverse radial load (N)

 P_{T} : Lateral load (N)

X,Y : Equivalent factor

(see Table8 on **A1-60**)

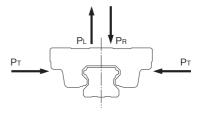


Fig.9 Equivalent of Load of the LM Guide

Calculating the Static Safety Factor

To calculate a load applied to the LM Guide, the average load required for calculating the service life and the maximum load needed for calculating the static safety factor must be obtained first. In a system subject to frequent starts and stops, placed under cutting forces or under a large moment caused by an overhang load, an excessively large load may apply to the LM Guide. When selecting a model number, make sure that the desired model is capable of receiving the required maximum load (whether stationary or in motion). Table1 shows reference values for the static safety factor.

Table1 Reference Values for the Static Safety Factor (fs)

Machine using the LM Guide	Load conditions	Lower limit of fs
General industrial machinery	Without vibration or impact	1.0 to 3.5
General industrial machinery	With vibration or impact	2.0 to 5.0
Machine tool	Without vibration or impact	1.0 to 4.0
iviacrime tool	With vibration or impact	2.5 to 7.0

(N)

When the radial load is large	fн•fτ•fc•C₀ PR ≧fs
When the reverse radial load is large	\frac{fH • fT • fC • COL}{PL} \geqright fs
When the lateral loads are large	fн•fτ•fc•Coτ Pτ ≧fs

 f_s : Static safety factor C_o : Basic static load rating

(radial direction)

Col. : Basic static load rating (reverse-radial direction)

(reverse-radial direction) (N) C_{OT} : Basic static load rating

P_∟ : Calculated load `

(reverse-radial direction) (N)

P_T : Calculated load (lateral direction) (N) f_H : Hardness factor (see Fig.10 on **11-75**)

 f_T : Temperature factor (see Fig.11 on **B1-75**)

 f_c : Contact factor (see Table2 on **B1-75**)

Calculating the Average Load

Calculating the Average Load

In cases where the load applied to each LM block fluctuates under different conditions, such as an industrial robot holding a work with its arm as it advances and receding with its arm empty, and a machine tool handling various workpieces, it is necessary to calculate the service life of the LM Block while taking into account such fluctuating loading conditions.

The average load (P_m) is the load under which the service life of the LM Guide is equivalent to that under varying loads applied to the LM blocks.

$$\mathbf{P}_{m} = \sqrt[i]{\frac{1}{L} \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{n} (\mathbf{P}_{n}^{i} \cdot \mathbf{L}_{n})}$$

P_m : Average Load (N)

 P_n : Varying load (N)

L : Total travel distance (mm)
L : Distance traveled under load P₁

nce traveled under load Pn (mm)

i : Constant determined by rolling element

Note) The above equation or the equation (1) below applies when the rolling elements are balls. (1) When the load fluctuates stepwise

LM Guide Using Balls (i=3)

$$\mathbf{P}_{m} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{L} \left(\mathbf{P}_{1}^{3} \cdot \mathbf{L}_{1} + \mathbf{P}_{2}^{3} \cdot \mathbf{L}_{2} + \cdots + \mathbf{P}_{n}^{3} \cdot \mathbf{L}_{n} \right)}$$
(1)

 P_m : Average load (N) P_n : Varying load (N)

L : Total travel distance (mm)

LM Guide Using Rollers $(i = \frac{10}{3})$

$$P_{m} = \sqrt[10]{\frac{10}{3} \cdot L_{1} + P_{2}^{\frac{10}{3}} \cdot L_{2} \cdot \cdots + P_{n}^{\frac{10}{3}} \cdot L_{n}} \quad \cdots \cdots (2)$$

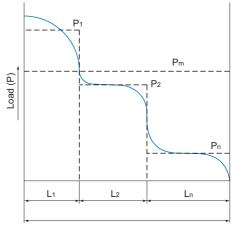
 P_m : Average Load (N)

 P_n : Varying load (N)

L : Total travel distance (mm)
L

: Distance traveled under P

(mm)



Total travel distance (L)

(2) When the load fluctuates monotonically

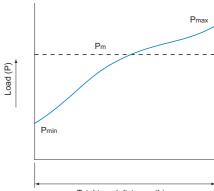
$\mathbf{P}_{\mathsf{m}} \doteq \frac{1}{3} \ (\mathbf{P}_{\mathsf{min}} + 2 \cdot \mathbf{P}_{\mathsf{max}}) \ \cdots (3)$

P_{min} : Minimum load

(N)

P_{max} : Maximum load

(N)

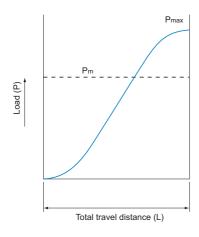


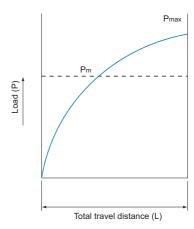
Total travel distance (L)

(3) When the load fluctuates sinusoidally

(a)
$$P_m = 0.65P_{max} \cdots (4)$$

(b)
$$P_m = 0.75 P_{max} \cdots (5)$$

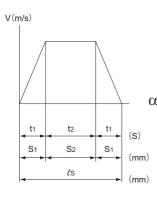


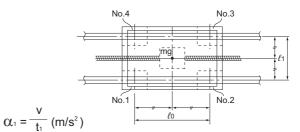


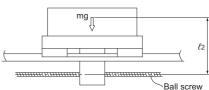
Example of Calculating the Average Load (1)

- with Horizontal Mount and Acceleration/Deceleration Considered -

[Conditions]







[Load Applied to the LM Block]

During uniform motion

$$P_1 = + \frac{mg}{4}$$

$$P_2 = + \frac{mg}{4}$$

$$P_3 = + \frac{mg}{4}$$

$$P_4 = + \frac{mg}{4}$$

During acceleration

$$Pa_1 = P_1 + \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$Pa_2 = P_2 - \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$Pa_3 = P_3 - \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$Pa_4 = P_4 + \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_2}$$

During deceleration

$$Pd_1 = P_1 - \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$Pd_2 = P_2 + \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$Pd_3 = P_3 + \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$Pd_4 = P_4 - \frac{m \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_2}$$

[Average load]

$$P_{m_1} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\ell_s}} \left(Pa_1^{\ 3} \cdot s_1 + P_1^{\ 3} \cdot s_2 + Pd_1^{\ 3} \cdot s_3 \right)$$

$$P_{m2} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\ell_s} (Pa_2^3 \cdot s_1 + P_2^3 \cdot s_2 + Pd_2^3 \cdot s_3)}$$

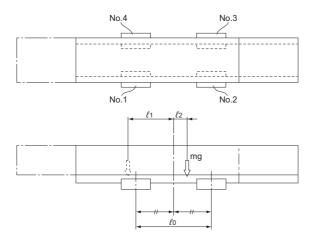
$$P_{m_3} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\ell_s} (Pa_3^3 \cdot s_1 + P_3^3 \cdot s_2 + Pd_3^3 \cdot s_3)}$$

$$P_{m4} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\ell_s} (Pa_4^3 \cdot s_1 + P_4^3 \cdot s_2 + Pd_4^3 \cdot s_3)}$$

Note) Pa_n and Pd_n represent loads applied to each LM block. The suffix "n" indicates the block number in the diagram above.

Example of Calculating the Average Load (2) - When the Rails are Movable

[Conditions]



[Load Applied to the LM Block]

At the left of the arm

$$P_{\ell_1} = + \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{\ell_2} = + \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{\ell_3} = + \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{\ell 4} = + \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

•At the right of the arm

$$P_{r_1} = + \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{r_2} = + \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{r_3} = + \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

$$P_{r4} = + \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$

[Average load]

$$P_{m_1} = \frac{1}{3} (2 \cdot |P_{\ell_1}| + |P_{r_1}|)$$

$$P_{m_2} = \frac{1}{3} (2 \cdot |P_{\ell_2}| + |P_{r_2}|)$$

$$P_{m_3} = \frac{1}{3} (2 \cdot |P_{\ell_3}| + |P_{r_3}|)$$

$$P_{m_4} = \frac{1}{3} (2 \cdot |P_{\ell_4}| + |P_{r_4}|)$$

Note) P_m and P_m represent loads applied to each LM block. The suffix "n" indicates the block number in the diagram above.

Calculating the Nominal Life

Calculating the Nominal Life

The service life of an LM Guide is subject to variations even under the same operational conditions. Therefore, it is necessary to use the nominal life defined below as a reference value for obtaining the service life of the LM Guide. The nominal life means the total travel distance that 90% of a group of units of the same LM Guide model can achieve without flaking (scale-like pieces on the metal surface) after individually running under the same conditions.

Nominal Life Equation for an LM Guide Using Balls

$$L = \left(\frac{f_H \cdot f_T \cdot f_C}{f_W} \cdot \frac{C}{P_C}\right)^3 \times 50$$

(see Fig.11 on **1-75**)
f_c : Contact factor (see Table2 on **1-75**)
f_w : Load factor (see Table3 on **1-76**)

Nominal Life Equation for the Oil-Free LM Guide

$$L = \left(\frac{F_0}{f_w \cdot P_c} \right)^{1.57} \times 50$$

Note) The life here means the service of life of the S film based on wear.

Since the service life of the S film may vary according to the environment or the operating conditions, be sure to evaluate and validate the life under the service conditions and operating conditions at the customer.

Nominal Life Equation for an LM Guide Using Rollers

$$L = \left(\frac{f_{\text{H}} \cdot f_{\text{T}} \cdot f_{\text{c}}}{f_{\text{W}}} \cdot \frac{C}{P_{\text{c}}}\right)^{\frac{10}{3}} \times 100$$

f_⊤ : Temperature factor

(see Fig.11 on **1-75**)

f_c : Contact factor (see Table2 on **B1-75**) f_w : Load factor (see Table3 on **B1-76**)

Once the nominal life (L) has been obtained, the service life time can be obtained using the following equation if the stroke length and the number reciprocations are constant.

$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^6}{2 \times \ell_s \times n_1 \times 60}$$

[fH: Hardness Factor]

To ensure the achievement of the optimum load capacity of the LM Guide, the raceway hardness must be between 58 and 64 HRC.

If the hardness is lower than this range, the basic dynamic load rating and the basic static load rating decrease. Therefore, it is necessary to multiply each rating by the respective hardness factor (f_{tt}).

Since the LM Guide has sufficient hardness, the $f_{\mbox{\tiny H}}$ value for the LM Guide is normally 1.0 unless otherwise specified.

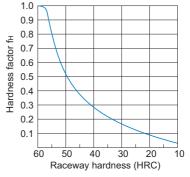


Fig.10 Hardness Factor (fH)

[f_T:Temperature Factor]

If the temperature of the environment surrounding the operating LM Guide exceeds 100°C, take into account the adverse effect of the high temperature and multiply the basic load ratings by the temperature factor indicated in Fig.11. In addition, the selected LM Guide must also be

In addition, the selected LM Guide must also be of a high temperature type.

Note) LM guides not designed to withstand high temperatures should be used at 80°C or less.Please contact THK if application requirements exceed 80°C.

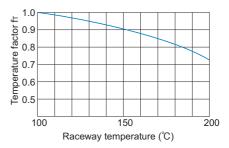


Fig.11 Temperature Factor (f_T)

[fc: Contact Factor]

When multiple LM blocks are used in close contact with each other, it is difficult to achieve uniform load distribution due to moment loads and mounting-surface accuracy. When using multiple blocks in close contact with each other, multiply the basic load rating (C or C₀) by the corresponding contact factor indicated in Table2.

Note) If uneven load distribution is expected in a large machine, take into account the respective contact factor indicated in Table2.

Table2 Contact Factor (fc)

Number of blocks used in close contact	Contact factor fc
2	0.81
3	0.72
4	0.66
5	0.61
6 or greater	0.6
Normal use	1

[fw: Load Factor]

In general, reciprocating machines tend to involve vibrations or impact during operation. It is extremely difficult to accurately determine vibrations generated during high-speed operation and impact during frequent start and stop. Therefore, where the effects of speed and vibration are estimated to be significant, divide the basic dynamic load rating (C) by a load factor selected from Table3, which contains empirically obtained data.

Table3 Load Factor (fw)

Vibrations/ impact	Speed (V)	fw
Faint	Very low V≦0.25m/s	1 to 1.2
Weak	Slow 0.25 <v≦1m s<="" td=""><td>1.2 to 1.5</td></v≦1m>	1.2 to 1.5
Medium	Medium 1 <v≦2m s<="" td=""><td>1.5 to 2</td></v≦2m>	1.5 to 2
Strong	High V>2m/s	2 to 3.5

Example of Calculating the Nominal Life (1) - with Horizontal Mount and High-speed Acceleration

[Conditions]

Stroke

Model No. : HSR35LA2SS+2500LP-II

(basic dynamic load rating: C =50.2 kN) (basic static load rating: C₀=81.5 kN)

Mass : m_1 =800 kg Distance: ℓ_0 =600 mm

 $m_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$ =500 kg $$\ell_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$$ =400 mm

Speed : V = 0.5 m/s ℓ_2 =120 mm Time : t₁ = 0.05 s ℓ_3 =50 mm t₂ = 2.8 s ℓ_4 =200 mm

t₃ =0.15 s ℓ₅=350 mm

Acceleration : α_1 =10 m/s²

 α_3 =3.333 m/s² : ℓ_S =1450 mm

Gravitational acceleration g=9.8 (m/s²)

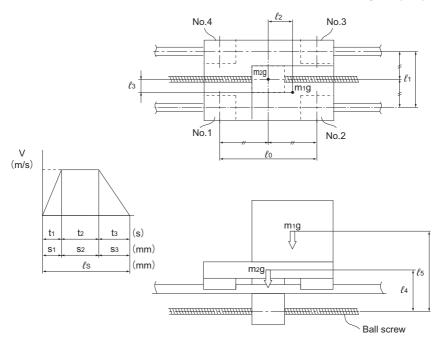


Fig.12 Condition

[Load Applied to the LM Block]

Calculate the load applied to each LM block.

• During uniform motion

■Applied load in the radial direction P_n

$$\begin{array}{lll} P_1 & = \ + \ \frac{m_1g}{4} - \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1} + \frac{m_2g}{4} = +2891N \\ P_2 & = \ + \ \frac{m_1g}{4} + \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1} + \frac{m_2g}{4} = +4459N \\ P_3 & = \ + \ \frac{m_1g}{4} + \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1} + \frac{m_2g}{4} = +3479N \end{array}$$

$$P_{4} = + \frac{m_{1}g}{4} - \frac{m_{1}g \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{m_{1}g \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4} = +1911N$$

During leftward acceleration

■Applied load in the radial direction Pℓan

$$\begin{split} & P\ell a_1 = P_1 - \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_s}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = - \ \ 275.6 \ N \\ & P\ell a_2 = P_2 + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_s}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 7625.6 \ N \\ & P\ell a_3 = P_3 + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_s}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 6645.6 \ N \\ & P\ell a_4 = P_4 - \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_s}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = - 1255.6 \ N \end{split}$$

■Applied load in the lateral direction Ptℓa_n

$$Pt\ell a_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = -333.3N$$

$$Pt\ell a_2 = + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = +333.3N$$

$$Pt \ell a_3 = + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = +333.3 N$$

$$Pt\ell a_4 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = -333.3N$$

• During leftward deceleration

■Applied load in the radial direction Pℓdn

$$\begin{split} & P\ell d_1 \ = \ P_1 + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ + \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = +3946.6 \, N \\ & P\ell d_2 \ = \ P_2 - \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = +3403.4 \, N \\ & P\ell d_3 \ = \ P_3 - \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = +2423.4 \, N \end{split}$$

$$P\ell d_4 = P_4 + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = +2966.6N$$

■Applied load in the lateral direction Ptℓdn

$$\begin{split} \text{Pt}\ell d_1 &= + \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \quad = + \; 111.1 \, \text{N} \\ \text{Pt}\ell d_2 &= - \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \quad = - \; 111.1 \, \text{N} \\ \text{Pt}\ell d_3 &= - \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \quad = - \; 111.1 \, \text{N} \\ \text{Pt}\ell d_4 &= + \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \quad = + \; 111.1 \, \text{N} \end{split}$$

During rightward acceleration

■Applied load in the radial direction Pran

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{Pra}_{1} &= & P_{1} + & \frac{m_{1} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{5}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + & \frac{m_{2} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{4}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} = +6057.6\,\text{N} \\ \\ \text{Pra}_{2} &= & P_{2} - & \frac{m_{1} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{5}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - & \frac{m_{2} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{4}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} = +1292.4\,\text{N} \\ \\ \text{Pra}_{3} &= & P_{3} - & \frac{m_{1} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{5}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - & \frac{m_{2} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{4}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} = +312.4\,\text{N} \\ \\ \text{Pra}_{4} &= & P_{4} + & \frac{m_{1} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{5}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + & \frac{m_{2} \cdot \alpha_{1} \cdot \ell_{4}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} = +5077.6\,\text{N} \\ \end{array}$$

■Applied load in the lateral direction Ptran

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Ptra}_1 = + \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 333.3 \, \text{N} \\ & \text{Ptra}_2 = - \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = - 333.3 \, \text{N} \\ & \text{Ptra}_3 = - \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = - 333.3 \, \text{N} \\ & \text{Ptra}_4 = + \quad \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 333.3 \, \text{N} \end{aligned}$$

During rightward deceleration

■Applied load in the radial direction Prdn

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Prd}_1 &=& P_1 \; - \; \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; - \; \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; = +1835.4 \, \text{N} \\ \\ \text{Prd}_2 &=& P_2 \; + \; \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; + \; \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; = +5514.6 \, \text{N} \\ \\ \text{Prd}_3 &=& P_3 \; + \; \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; + \; \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; = +4534.6 \, \text{N} \\ \\ \text{Prd}_4 &=& P_4 \; - \; \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; - \; \frac{m_2 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \; = + \; 855.4 \, \text{N} \end{array}$$

■Applied load in the lateral direction Ptrd₁

$$Ptrd_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = -111.1 \, N$$

$$Ptrd_2 = + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 111.1 \, N$$

$$Ptrd_3 = + \frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 111.1 \, N$$

Ptrd₄ = +
$$\frac{m_1 \cdot \alpha_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$$
 = -111.1 N

[Combined Radial And Thrust Load]

• During uniform motion:

$$P_{E1} = P_1 = 2891 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{E2} = P_2 = 4459 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{E3} = P_3 = 3479 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{E4} = P_4 = 1911 \text{ N}$$

During leftward acceleration

$$P_{E}\ell a_{1} = |P\ell a_{1}| + |Pt\ell a_{1}| = 608.9 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{E}\ell a_{2} = |P\ell a_{2}| + |Pt\ell a_{2}| = 7958.9 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{E}\ell a_{3} = |P\ell a_{3}| + |Pt\ell a_{3}| = 6978.9 \text{ N}$$

$P_{E}\ell a_{4} = |P\ell a_{4}| + |Pt\ell a_{4}| = 1588.9 N$

During leftward deceleration

$$P_{E}\ell d_{1} = |P\ell d_{1}| + |Pt\ell d_{1}| = 4057.7 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{E}\ell d_{2} = |P\ell d_{2}| + |Pt\ell d_{2}| = 3514.5 \text{ N}$$

$$P_E \ell d_3 = |P\ell d_3| + |Pt\ell d_3| = 2534.5 \text{ N}$$

 $P_E \ell d_4 = |P\ell d_4| + |Pt\ell d_4| = 3077.7 \text{ N}$

[Static Safety Factor]

As indicated above, the maximum load is applied to the LM Guide during the leftward acceleration of the second LM block. Therefore, the static safety factor (f_s) is obtained in the following equation.

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P_s \ell a_2} = \frac{81.4 \times 10^3}{7958.9} = 10.2$$

• During rightward acceleration

P_Era₁ = | Pra₁ | + | Ptra₁ | = 6390.9 N

P_Era₂ = | Pra₂ | + | Ptra₂ | = 1625.7 N

 $P_{E}ra_{3} = | Pra_{3} | + | Ptra_{3} | = 645.7 N$

P_Era₄ = | Pra₄ | + | Ptra₄ | = 5410.9 N

During rightward deceleration

 $P_{E}rd_{1} = |Prd_{1}| + |Ptrd_{1}| = 1946.5 N$

 $P_{E}rd_{2} = |Prd_{2}| + |Ptrd_{2}| = 5625.7 \text{ N}$

 $P_{E}rd_{3} = |Prd_{3}| + |Ptrd_{3}| = 4645.7 \text{ N}$

P_Erd₄ = | Prd₄ | + | Ptrd₄ | = 966.5 N

Calculating the Nominal Life

[Average Load P_{mn}]

Obtain the average load applied to each LM block.

$$\begin{split} P_{m1} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{s}}} \left(P_{E} \ell \, a_{1}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{E1}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{E} \ell \, d_{1}^{3} \cdot S_{3} + P_{E} r a_{1}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{E1}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{E} r d_{1}^{3} \cdot S_{3} \right) \\ &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \times 1450}} (608.9^{3} \times 12.5 + 2891^{3} \times 1400 + 4057.7^{3} \times 37.5 + 6390.9^{3} \times 12.5 + 2891^{3} \times 1400 + 1946.5^{3} \times 37.5) \end{split}$$

= 2940.1N

$$\begin{split} P_{m2} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{S}}} \; \left(P_{E} \ell \; a_{2}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{E2}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{E} \ell \; d_{2}^{3} \cdot S_{3} + P_{E} r a_{2}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{E2}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{E} r d_{2}^{3} \cdot S_{3} \right) \\ &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \times 1450}} \left(7958.9^{3} \times 12.5 + 4459^{3} \times 1400 + 3514.5^{3} \times 37.5 + 1625.7^{3} \times 12.5 + 4459^{3} \times 1400 + 5625.7^{3} \times 37.5 \right) \end{split}$$

= 4492.2N

$$\begin{split} P_{m3} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{\mathrm{S}}}} \quad (P_{\mathrm{E}}\ell \, a_{3}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{\mathrm{E}3}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{\mathrm{E}}\ell \, d_{3}^{3} \cdot S_{3} + P_{\mathrm{E}7}a_{3}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{\mathrm{E}3}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{\mathrm{E}7}d_{3}^{3} \cdot S_{3}) \\ &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \times 1450}} \left(6978.9^{3} \times 12.5 + 3479^{3} \times 1400 + 2534.5^{3} \times 37.5 + 645.7^{3} \times 12.5 + 3479^{3} \times 1400 + 4645.7^{3} \times 37.5 \right) \end{split}$$

= 3520.4N

$$\begin{split} P_{m4} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{s}}} \; \left(P_{E} \ell \; a_{4}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{E4}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{E} \ell \; d_{4}^{3} \cdot S_{3} + P_{E} r a_{4}^{3} \cdot S_{1} + P_{E4}^{3} \cdot S_{2} + P_{E} r d_{4}^{3} \cdot S_{3} \right) \\ &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \times 1450}} \left(1588.9^{3} \times 12.5 + 1911^{3} \times 1400 + 3077.7^{3} \times 37.5 + 5410.9^{3} \times 12.5 + 1911^{3} \times 1400 + 966.5^{3} \times 37.5 \right) \end{split}$$

= 1985.5N

[Nominal Life L_n]

The nominal life of the four LM blocks is obtained from the corresponding nominal life equations shown below

$$L_{1} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m1}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 73700 \text{ km}$$

$$L_{2} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m2}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 20600 \text{ km}$$

$$L_{3} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m3}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 43000 \text{ km}$$

$$L_{4} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m4}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 239000 \text{ km}$$
(where $f_{W} = 1.5$)

Therefore, the service life of the LM Guide used in a machine or equipment under the conditions stated above is equivalent to the nominal life of the second LM block, which is 20.600 km.

Example of Calculating the Nominal Life (2) - with Vertical Mount

[Conditions]

Model No. : HSR25CA2SS+1500L- II

(basic dynamic load rating: C =19.9 kN) (basic static load rating: C₀=34.4 kN)

Mass : $m_0 = 100 \text{ kg}$ Distance : $\ell_0 = 300 \text{ mm}$

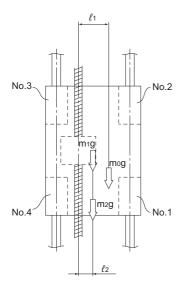
 $\begin{array}{ll} m_1 = \! 200 \text{ kg} & \qquad \ell_1 = \! 80 \text{ mm} \\ m_2 = \! 100 \text{ kg} & \qquad \ell_2 = \! 50 \text{ mm} \end{array}$

Stroke : ℓ_{S} =1000 mm ℓ_{s} =280 mm ℓ_{s} =150 mm

ℓ₅=250 mm

The mass (m₀) is loaded only during ascent; it is removed during descent.

Gravitational acceleration g=9.8 (m/s²)



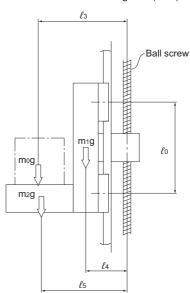


Fig.13 Condition

[Load Applied to the LM Block]

During Ascent

■Load applied to each LM block in the radial direction Pun during ascent

$$\begin{array}{lll} Pu_1 & = & + & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & + & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & + & \frac{m_0g \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & = & + & 1355.6 \; N \\ \\ Pu_2 & = & - & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & - & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & - & \frac{m_0g \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & = & - & 1355.6 \; N \\ \\ Pu_3 & = & - & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & - & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & - & \frac{m_0g \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & = & - & 1355.6 \; N \\ \\ Pu_4 & = & + & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & + & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & + & \frac{m_0g \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_0} & = & + & 1355.6 \; N \\ \end{array}$$

■Load applied to each LM block in the lateral direction Ptun during ascent

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Pt} u_1 & = & + & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ + & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ + & \frac{m_0 g \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & + 375.7 \ \text{N} \\ \\ \text{Pt} u_2 & = & - & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - & \frac{m_0 g \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & - 375.7 \ \text{N} \\ \\ \text{Pt} u_3 & = & - & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - & \frac{m_0 g \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & - 375.7 \ \text{N} \\ \\ \text{Pt} u_4 & = & + & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ + & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ + & \frac{m_0 g \cdot \ell_1}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & + 375.7 \ \text{N} \\ \end{array}$$

During Descent

■Load applied to each LM block in the radial direction Pdn during descent

$$\begin{array}{lll} Pd_1 & = & + & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ + & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & + \, 898.3 \ N \\ \\ Pd_2 & = & - & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & - \, 898.3 \ N \\ \\ Pd_3 & = & - & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ - & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & - \, 898.3 \ N \\ \\ Pd_4 & = & + & \frac{m_1 g \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ + & \frac{m_2 g \cdot \ell_5}{2 \cdot \ell_0} \ = & + \, 898.3 \ N \end{array}$$

■Load applied to each LM block in the lateral direction Ptdn during descent

$$\begin{array}{lll} Ptd_1 & = & + & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 245 \; N \\ \\ Ptd_2 & = & - & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = -245 \; N \\ \\ Ptd_3 & = & - & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = -245 \; N \\ \\ Ptd_4 & = & + & \frac{m_1g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + & \frac{m_2g \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} = + 245 \; N \end{array}$$

[Combined Radial And Thrust Load]

During Ascent

$$\begin{split} &P_{Eu1} = \mid P_{u1} \mid + \mid Pt_{u1} \mid = 1731.3 \text{ N} \\ &P_{Eu2} = \mid P_{u2} \mid + \mid Pt_{u2} \mid = 1731.3 \text{ N} \\ &P_{Eu3} = \mid P_{u3} \mid + \mid Pt_{u3} \mid = 1731.3 \text{ N} \\ &P_{Eu4} = \mid P_{u4} \mid + \mid Pt_{u4} \mid = 1731.3 \text{ N} \end{split}$$

During Descent

$$\begin{aligned} &P_{Ed1} = | \ Pd_1 \ | \ + \ | \ Ptd_1 \ | = 1143.3 \ N \\ &P_{Ed2} = | \ Pd_2 \ | \ + \ | \ Ptd_2 \ | = 1143.3 \ N \\ &P_{Ed3} = | \ Pd_3 \ | \ + \ | \ Ptd_3 \ | = 1143.3 \ N \\ &P_{Ed4} = | \ Pd_4 \ | \ + \ | \ Ptd_4 \ | = 1143.3 \ N \end{aligned}$$

[Static Safety Factor]

The static safety factor (f_s) of the LM Guide used in a machine or equipment under the conditions stated above is obtained as follows.

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P_{FU2}} = \frac{34.4 \times 10^3}{1731.3} = 19.9$$

[Average Load Pmn]

Obtain the average load applied to each LM block.

$$\begin{split} P_{m1} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{S}} \left(P_{EU1}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} + P_{Ed1}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} \right)} = 1495.1 \text{ N} \\ P_{m2} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{S}} \left(P_{EU2}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} + P_{Ed2}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} \right)} = 1495.1 \text{ N} \\ P_{m3} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{S}} \left(P_{EU3}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} + P_{Ed3}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} \right)} = 1495.1 \text{ N} \\ P_{m4} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2 \cdot \ell_{S}} \left(P_{EU4}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} + P_{Ed4}^{3} \cdot \ell_{S} \right)} = 1495.1 \text{ N} \end{split}$$

[Nominal Life L_n]

The nominal life of the four LM blocks is obtained from the corresponding nominal life equations shown below.

$$L_{1} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m1}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 68200 \text{ km}$$

$$L_{2} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m2}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 68200 \text{ km}$$

$$L_{3} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m3}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 68200 \text{ km}$$

$$L_{4} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{W} \cdot P_{m4}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 68200 \text{ km}$$
(where $f_{W} = 1.2$)

Therefore, the service life of the LM Guide used in a machine or equipment under the conditions stated above is 68,200 km.

Predicting the Rigidity

Selecting a Radial Clearance (Preload)

Since the radial clearance of an LM Guide greatly affects the running accuracy, load carrying capacity and rigidity of the LM Guide, it is important to select an appropriate clearance according to the application. In general, selecting a negative clearance (i.e., a preload* is applied) while taking into account possible vibrations and impact generated from reciprocating motion favorably affects the service life and the accuracy.

For specific radial clearances, contact THK. We will help you select the optimal clearance according to the conditions.

The clearances of all LM Guide models (except model HR, GSR and GSR-R, which are separate types) are adjusted as specified before shipment, and therefore they do not need further preload adjustment.

*Preload is an internal load applied to the rolling elements (balls, rollers, etc.) of an LM block in advance in order to increase its rigidity.

Table4 Types of Radial Clearance

	Table4 Types of Radial Clearance					
	Normal Clearance	Clearance C1 (Light Preload)	Clearance C0 (Medium Preload)			
Condition	The loading direction is fixed, impact and vibrations are minimal and 2 rails are installed in parallel. Very high precision is not required, and the sliding resistance must be as low as possible.	 An overhang load or moment load is applied. LM Guide is used in a singleral configuration. Light load and high accuracy are required. 	High rigidity is required and vibrations and impact are applied. Heavy-cutting machine tool			
Examples of applications	Beam-welding machine Book-binding machine Automatic packaging machine XY axes of general industrial machinery Automatic sash-manufacturing machine Welding machine Flame cutting machine Tool changer Various kinds of material feeder	Grinding machine table feed axis Automatic coating machine Industrial robot various kinds of material high speed feeder NC drilling machine Vertical axis of general industrial machinery Printed circuit board drilling machine Electric discharge machine Measuring instrument Precision XY table	Machining center NC lathe Grinding stone feed axis of grinding machine Milling machine Vertical/horizontal boring machine Tool rest guide Vertical axis of machine tool			

Service Life with a Preload Considered

When using an LM Guide under a medium preload (clearance C0), it is necessary to calculate the service life while taking into account the magnitude of the preload.

To identify the appropriate preload for any selected LM Guide model, contact THK.

Rigidity

When the LM Guide receives a load, its rolling element, LM blocks and LM rails are elastically deformed within a permissible load range. The ratio between the displacement and the load is called rigidity value. (Rigidity values are obtained using the equation shown below.) The LM Guide's rigidity increases according to the magnitude of the preload. Fig.14 shows rigidity difference between normal, C1 and C0 clearances.

The effect of a preload for a 4-way equal load type is translated into the calculated load approx. 2.8 times greater than the magnitude of the preload.

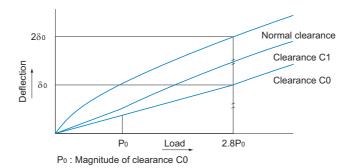


Fig.14 Rigidity Data

$$K = \frac{P}{\delta}$$

Determining the Accuracy

Determining the Accuracy

Accuracy Standards

Accuracy of the LM Guide is specified in terms of running parallelism, dimensional tolerance for height and width, and height and width difference between a pair when 2 or more LM blocks are used on one rail or when 2 or more rails are mounted on the same plane.

For details, see "Accuracy Standard for Each Model" on A1-75 to A1-85.

[Running of Parallelism]

It refers to the tolerance for parallelism between the LM block and the LM rail reference surface when the LM block travels the whole length of the LM rail with the LM rail secured on the reference reference surface using bolts.

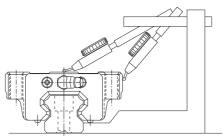


Fig.15 Running of Parallelism

[Difference in Height M]

Indicates a difference between the minimum and maximum values of height (M) of each of the LM blocks used on the same plane in combination.

[Difference in Width W₂]

Indicates a difference between the minimum and maximum values of the width (W₂) between each of the LM blocks, mounted on one LM rail in combination, and the LM rail.

Note1) When 2 or more rails are used on the same plane in parallel, only the width (W₂) tolerance and the difference on the master rail apply. The master LM rail is imprinted with "KB" (except for normal grade products) following the serial number

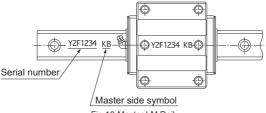


Fig.16 Master LM Rail

Note2) Accuracy measurements each represent the average value of the central point or the central area of the LM block.

Note3) The LM rail is smoothly curved so that the required accuracy is easily achieved by pressing the rail to the reference surface of the machine.

If it is mounted on a less rigid base such as an aluminum base, the curve of the rail will affect the accuracy of the machine. Therefore, it is necessary to define straightness of the rail in advance.

Guidelines for Accuracy Grades by Machine Type

Table5 shows guidelines for selecting an accuracy grade of the LM Guide according to the machine type.

Table5 Guideline for Accuracy Grades by Machine Type

Type of machine		Accuracy grades				
		Normal	Н	Р	SP	UP
	Machining center			•	•	
	Lathe	İ		•	•	
	Milling machine			•	•	
	Boring machine			•	•	
	Jig borer				•	•
	Grinding machine				•	•
00	Electric discharge machine			•	•	•
Je tc	Punching press		•	•		
Machine tool	Laser beam machine		•	•	•	
Ma	Woodworking machine	•	•	•		
	NC drilling machine		•	•		
	Tapping center		•	•		
	Palette changer	•				
	ATC	•				
	Wire cutting machine			•	•	
	Dressing machine				•	•
Industrial robot	Cartesian coordinate	•	•	•		
ngu 오	Cylindrical coordinate	•				
	Wire bonding machine			•	•	
luct urin ent	Prober				•	•
fact	Electronic component inserter		•	•		
Semiconductor manufacturing equipment	Printed circuit board drilling machine		•	•	•	
	Injection molding machine	•	•			
Other equipment	3D measuring instrument				•	•
	Office equipment	•	•			
	Conveyance system	•	•			
	XY table		•	•	•	
	Coating machine	•	•			
ther	Welding machine	•	•			
Ó	Medical equipment	•	•			
	Digitizer		•	•	•	
	Inspection equipment			•	•	•

Normal : Normal grade H : High accuracy grade P : Precision grade

SP: Super precision grade UP: Ultra precision grade

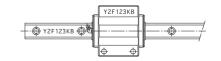
Mounting the LM Guide

Marking on the Master LM Guide and Combined Use

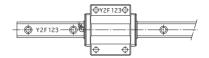
[Marking on the Master LM Guide]

All LM rails mounted on the same plane are marked with the same serial number. Of those LM rails, the one marked with "KB" after the serial number is the master LM rail. The LM block on the master LM rail has its reference surface finished to a designated accuracy, allowing it to serve as the positioning reference for the table. (See Fig.1.)

LM Guides of normal grade are not marked with "KB." Therefore, any one of the LM rails having the same serial number can be used as the master I M rail



Master LM Guide



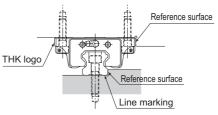
Subsidiary LM Guide



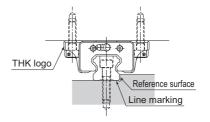
Fig.1 Master LM Guide and Subsidiary LM Guide

[Markings on the Reference Surface]

In the LM Guide, the reference surface of the LM block is opposite the surface marked with the THK logo, and that of the LM rail is on the surface marked with a line (see Fig.2). If it is necessary to reverse the reference surface of the LM rail and block, or if the grease nipple must be oriented in the opposite direction, specify it.



Master LM Guide



Subsidiary LM Guide
Fig.2 Markings on the Reference Surface

[Serial Number Marking and Combined Use of an LM Rail and LM Blocks]

An LM rail and LM block(s) used in combination must have the same serial number. When removing an LM block from the LM rail and reinstalling the LM block, make sure that they have the same serial number and the numbers are oriented in the same direction. (Fig.3)

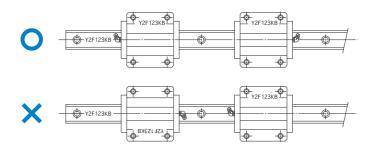


Fig.3 Serial Number Marking and Combined Use of an LM Rail and LM Blocks

[Use of Jointed Rails]

When a long LM rail is ordered, two or more rails will be jointed together to the desired length. When jointing rails, make sure that the joint match marks shown in Fig.4 are correctly positioned.

When two LM Guides with connected rails are to be arranged in parallel to each other, the two LM Guides will be manufactured so that the two LM Guides are axisymmetrically aligned.

If a large load is applied near the LM rail joint, the LM rail may deflect and cause misalignment. Therefore, we recommend securely fastening the joint section by pressing the LM rail against the datum plane using a set screw or the like and keeping the L dimension as short as possible (Fig.4). For details, contact THK.

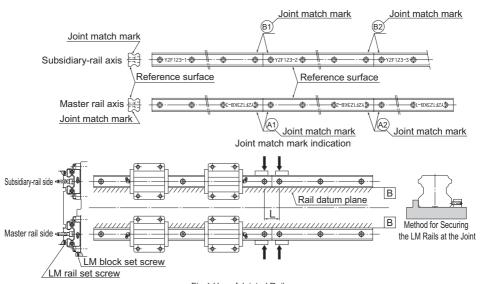


Fig.4 Use of Jointed Rails

Mounting Procedure

[Example of Mounting the LM Guide When an Impact Load is Applied to the Machine and therefore Rigidity and High Accuracy are Required]

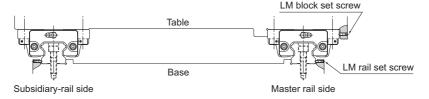


Fig.5 When an Impact Load is Applied to the Machine

Mounting the LM Rail(s)

(1) Be sure to remove burr, dent and dust from the mounting surface of the machine to which the LM Guide is to be mounted before installing the LM Guide. (Fig.6)

Note) Since the LM Guide is coated with anti-rust oil, remove it from the reference surface by wiping the surface with washing oil before using the guide. Once the anti-rust oil has been removed, the reference surface is prone to getting rusted. We recommend applying low-viscosity spindle oil.

(2) Gently place the LM rail onto the base, and temporarily secure the bolts to the extent that the LM rail lightly contacts the mounting surface (align the line-marked side of the LM rail with the side reference-surface of the base). (Fig.7)

Note) The bolts for securing the LM Guide must be clean. When placing the bolts into the mounting holes of the LM rail, check if the bolt holes are displaced. (Fig.8) Forcibly tightening the bolt into a displaced hole may deteriorate the accuracy.



Fig.6 Checking the Mounting Surface

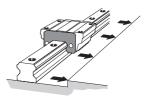


Fig.7 Aligning the LM Rail with the Reference-Surface

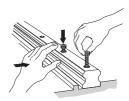


Fig.8 Checking with the Bolt for an Allowance

- (3) Secure the set screws for the LM rail in order with a tightening force just enough to have the rail closely contact the side mounting surface. (Fig.9)
- (4) Tighten the mounting bolts at the designated torque using a torque wrench. (See Fig.10, and Table1 and Table2 on **11-101**.)
 - Note) To achieve stable accuracy when tightening the LM rail mounting bolts, tighten them in order from the center to the rail ends.
- (5) Mount the other rail in the same manner to complete the installation of the LM rails.
- (6) Hammer in caps into the bolt holes on the top face of each LM rail until the top of the cap is on the same level as the top face of the rail.

Mounting the LM Blocks

- Gently place the table on the LM blocks and temporarily fasten the mounting bolts.
- (2) Press the master side LM blocks to the side reference surface of the table using set screws and position the table. (See Fig.5 on 11-91.)
- (3) Fully fasten the mounting bolts on the master side and the subsidiary side to complete the installation.

Note) To evenly secure the table, tighten the mounting bolts in diagonal order as shown in Fig.11.

This method saves time in establishing straightness of the LM rail and eliminates the need to machine securing dowel pins, thus to drastically shorten the installation man-hours.

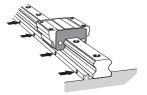


Fig.9 Tightening the Set screws

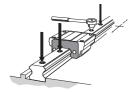


Fig.10 Fully Fastening the Mounting Bolts

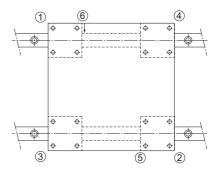


Fig.11 Sequence of Tightening the LM Blocks

Mounting the LM Guide

[Example of Mounting the LM Guide When the Master LM Rail is not Provided with Set screws]

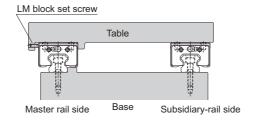
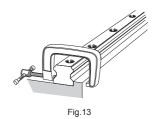


Fig.12 When the Master LM Rail is not Provided with Set screws

Mounting the Master LM Rail

After temporarily fastening the mounting bolts, firmly press the LM rail to the side reference surface at the position of each mounting bolt using a small vice and fully fasten the bolt. Perform this in order from either rail end to the other. (Fig.13)



Mounting the Subsidiary LM Rail

To mount the subsidiary LM rail in parallel with the master LM rail, which has been correctly installed, we recommend adopting the methods below.

■Using a Straight-edge

Place straight-edges between the two rails, and arrange the straight-edges in parallel with the side reference surface of the master LM rail using a dial gauge. Then, secure the mounting bolts in order while achieving straightness of the subsidiary rail with the straight edge as the reference by using the dial gauge. (Fig.14)

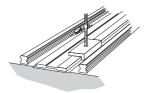


Fig.14

■Using Parallelism of the Table

Secure the two LM blocks on the master LM rail with the table (or a temporary table for measurement), and temporarily fasten the LM rail and the LM block on the subsidiary LM rail with the table. Place a dial gauge to the side face of the LM block on the subsidiary rail from the dial stand fixed on the table top, then fasten the bolts in order while achieving parallelism of the subsidiary LM rail by moving the table from the rail end. (Fig.15)

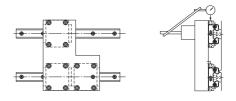


Fig.15

■Having the Subsidiary LM Rail Follow the Master LM Rail

Place the table on the blocks of the correctly mounted master LM rail and the temporarily fastened subsidiary LM rail, and fully fasten the two LM blocks on the master rail and one of the two LM blocks on the subsidiary rail with bolts. Fully tighten the mounting bolts on the subsidiary LM rail in order while temporarily fastening the remaining LM block on the subsidiary LM rail. (Fig.16)

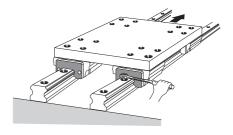


Fig.16

■Using a Jig

Use a jig like the one shown in Fig.17 to achieve parallelism of the reference surface on the subsidiary side against the side reference surface of the master side from one end of the rail by the mounting pitch, and at the same time, fully fasten the mounting bolts in order. (Fig.17)

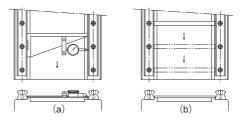


Fig.17

Mounting the LM Guide

[Example of Mounting the LM Guide When the Master LM Rail Does not Have a Reference Surface]

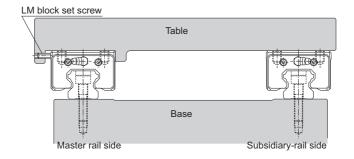


Fig.18

Mounting the Master LM Rail

■Using a Temporary Reference Surface

You can temporarily set a reference surface near the LM rail mounting position on the base to achieve straightness of the LM rail from the rail end. In this method, two LM blocks must be joined together and attached to a measurement plate, as shown in Fig.19.

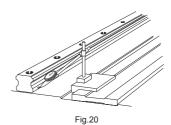


Fig.19

■Using a Straight-edge

After temporarily fastening the mounting bolts, use a dial gauge to check the straightness of the side reference surface of the LM rail from the rail end, and at the same time, fully fasten the mounting bolts.(Fig.20)

To mount the subsidiary LM rail, follow the procedure described on **B1-93**.



[Procedure for Assembling Model HR]

The following procedure is recommended for assembling model HR.

- Remove burr or knots from the LM rail mounting surface of the base using an oilstone. (Fig.21)
- (2) Use a small vice to press the two LM rails to the base so that they closely contact the reference surface, then tighten the mounting bolts to the recommended torque (see **B1-101**). (Fig.22)
 - a. Check if any of the bolts has a sinking.
 - b. Use a torque wrench to tighten the bolts in order from the center to both ends.
- (3) Mount the LM blocks on the table, then install them onto the LM rails. Be sure the mounting bolts for the LM blocks are temporarily fastened.
- (4) Tighten the clearance adjustment bolt alternately to adjust the clearance.
 - If a relatively large preload is applied in order to achieve high rigidity, control the tightening torque or the rolling resistance.
 - a. It is preferable to use three clearance adjustment bolts for each LM block as shown in Fig.23.
 - b. To obtain a favorable result of the clearance adjustment, set the tightening torque of the two outside screws at approx. 90% of that of the enter screw.
- (5) Secure each LM block by gradually tightening the two LM block mounting bolts, which have temporarily been fastened, while sliding the table. (Fig.24)



Fig.21

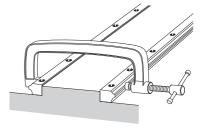


Fig.22

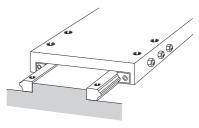


Fig.23

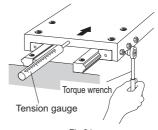


Fig.24

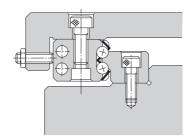
Mounting the LM Guide

• Example of Clearance Adjustment

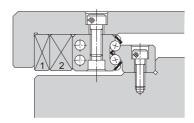
Design the clearance adjustment bolt so that it presses the center of the side face of the LM block.

a. Using an adjustment screw

Normally, an adjustment screw is used to press the LM block.

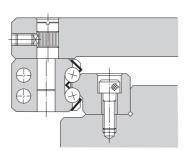


b. Using tapered gibs
When high accuracy and high rigidity are required, use tapered gibs 1) and 2).



c. Using an eccentric pin

A type using an eccentric pin to adjust the clearance is also available.



[Procedure for Assembling Model GSR]

The procedure for assembling model GSR is as follows:

- (1) Align the table with the reference-surface of each LM block and fully fasten the mounting bolts to secure the blocks.
 - Both ends of the table must have a datum surface. (Fig.25)
- (2) Place LM rail A onto the base and align the rail with a straight-edge.
 - Fully fasten the mounting bolts using a torque wrench. (Fig.26)
- (3) Temporarily secure LM rail B onto the base, then mount the blocks on the rail by sliding the blocks.
 - Temporarily fasten LM rail B while pressing it toward the LM blocks. (Fig.27)
- (4) Slide the table a few strokes to fit the LM blocks to LM rail B, then fully fasten LM rail B using a torque wrench. (Fig.28)

If there are more GSR units to be assembled, we recommend producing a jig like the one shown in Fig.29 first. You can easily mount LM rails while achieving parallelism of the LM rails using the jig.

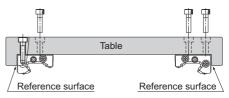


Fig.25

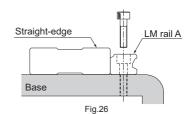


Table
Press the LM rail
Base
LM rail B
LM rail A

Fig.27

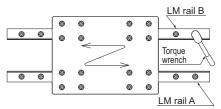
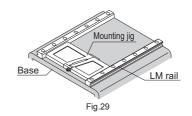


Fig.28



[Procedure for Assembling Model JR]

Mounting the LM Rails

When two LM rails are to be used in parallel as shown in Fig.30, first secure one LM rail on the base, and place a dial gauge on the LM block. Then, place the pointer of the dial gauge on the side face and top face of the other LM rail to simultaneously adjust the parallelism and the level, thus to complete mounting the LM rails.



When two or more LM rails are to be jointed, a special metal fitting as shown in Fig.31 is available. For such applications, specify this fitting when ordering the LM Guide (the rail will be tapped for attaching a joint fitting).

Installation Procedure

- (1) Temporarily fasten the rail presser bolt.
- (2) Secure rail A and the joint fitting with bolts C and D.
- (3) Apply a dial gauge to side G of the joint between rails A and B. Adjust the left and right level differences using bolt E and set screw F on rail B.
 - If bolt E is tightened, rail B will move toward b side.
 - If set screw F is tightened, rail B will move toward a side.
- (4) When the adjustment using set screw F is finished, secure set screw F with the nut.
- (5) Adjust and secure the vertical direction using the rail presser.

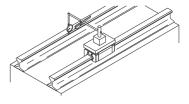
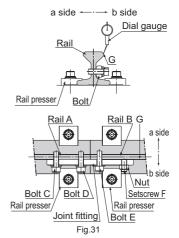


Fig.30



Welding the LM Rail

When welding the LM rail, it is best to weld the LM rail while clamping it at the welding point with a small vice or the like as shown in Fig.32. For effective welding, we recommend the following welding conditions. (During welding the LM rail, take care to prevent spatter from contacting the LM rail raceway.)

[Welding conditions]
Preheating temperature:200°C
Postheating temperature:350°C
Note) If the temperature exceeds 750°C, the LM rail may be

hardened again.

[For shielded metal arc welding]

[For carbon dioxide arc welding]

Welding rod: LB-52 (Kobelco)

Wire: YGW12 Electric current: 200A

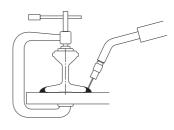


Fig.32

[Procedure for Assembling Model HCR]

To install the LM rails of R Guide model HCR, we recommend having any form of datum point (such as a pin) on the reference side (inside) of the LM rail, and pressing the LM rail to the datum point then stopping the LM rail with a presser plate from the counter-reference surface.

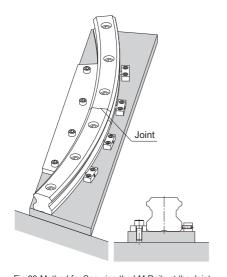


Fig.33 Method for Securing the LM Rails at the Joint

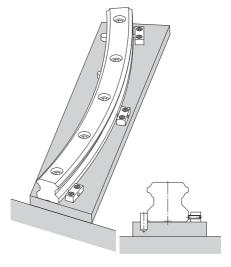


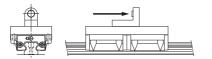
Fig.34 Method for Securing the LM Rail Using a Pin as a Datum Point

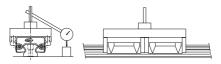
Mounting the LM Guide

Methods for Measuring Accuracy after Installation

[When Measuring Running Accuracy for Single Rail Application]

When measuring running accuracy of the LM block, stable accuracy can be obtained by securing two LM blocks on an inspection plate, as shown in Fig.35. When using a dial gauge, we recommend placing the straight-edge as close as possible to the LM block in order to perform accurate measurement.





- 1) Measurement method using an auto-collimator
- 2) Measurement method using a dial gauge

Fig.35 Methods for Measuring Accuracy after Installation

Recommended Tightening Torque for LM Rails

With high-precision LM rails for the LM Guide, their raceways are ground and accuracy is inspected with the rails tightened with bolts. When mounting a high-precision LM rail on a machine, we recommend using the corresponding tightening torque indicated in Table1 or Table2

Table1 Tightening Torques when Pan Head Screws are Used
Unit: N-cm

Screw	Tightening torque		
model No.	Not hardened	Hardened	
M 2	17.6	21.6	
M 2.3	29.4	35.3	
M 2.6	44.1	52.9	

Table2 Tightening Torques when Hexagonal-Socket-Head Type Bolts are Used Unit: N-cm

Screw	Tightening torque			
model No.	Steel	Cast Iron	Aluminum	
M 2	58.8	39.2	29.4	
M 2.3	78.4	53.9	39.2	
M 2.6	118	78.4	58.8	
M 3	196	127	98	
M 4	412	274	206	
M 5	882	588	441	
M 6	1370	921	686	
M 8	3040	2010	1470	
M 10	6760	4510	3330	
M 12	11800	7840	5880	
M 14	15700	10500	7840	
M 16	19600	13100	9800	
M 20	38200	25500	19100	
M 22	51900	34800	26000	
M 24	65700	44100	32800	
M 30	130000	87200	65200	

LM Guide Options

Options 11-103
Seal and Metal scraper
Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS 1-106
Side Scraper
Protector B1-109
Light-Resistance Contact Seal LiCS B1-110
Dedicated bellows 111
Dedicated LM Cover
Cap C
Cap GC
Plate Cover SV Steel Tape SP 11-115
QZ Lubricator
Lubrication Adapter
Removing/mounting Jig
End Piece EP 123
Model No 124
Model Number Coding B1-124
Notes on Ordering 1-128
_
Precautions on Use B1-130
Precautions on Using the LM Guide B1-130
Precautions on Handling the LM Guide for Special Environment B1-132
LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum ■1-132
Oil-Free LM Guide
Precautions on Using Options for the LM Guide B1-133
QZ Lubricator for the LM Guide
 Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS, Side Scraper for LM Guides B1-133
 Light Contact Seal LiCS for LM Guides B1-134
• Cap GC <u>B</u> 1-134

Seal and Metal scraper

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with seal attached, see △1-471 to △1-478.
- ●For the maximum seal resistance, see 🖾 1-484 to 🖾 1-486.

Item name	Schematic diagram / mounting location	Purpose/location of use
End Seal	End seal End seal	Used in locations exposed to dust
Side Seal	Side seal Side seal	Used in locations where dust may enter the LM block from the side or bottom surface, such as vertical, horizontal and inverted mounts
Inner Seal	Inner seal Inner seal	Used in locations severely exposed to dust or cutting chips
Double Seals	End seal Spacer End seal Hexagon socket button bolt	Used in locations exposed to much dust or many cutting chips
Metal Scraper (Non-contact)	End seal Metal scraper Hexagon socket button bolt	Used in locations where welding spatter may adhere to the LM rail

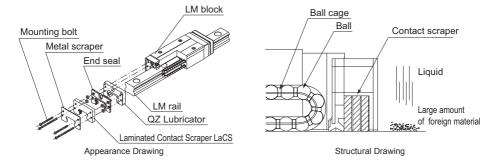
Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories	
UU	With end seal	
SS	Nith end seal + side seal + inner seal*	
DD	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*	
ZZ	With end seal + side seal + inner seal* + metal scraper	
KK	With double seals + side seal + inner seal* + metal scraper	

^{*} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **A1-460**)

Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with LaCS attached, see △1-471 to △1-478.
- ●For the resistance of LaCS, see △1-487.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the LaCS, see ■1-133.

For locations with adverse environment, Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS is available. LaCS removes minute foreign material adhering to the LM rail in multiple stages and prevents it from entering the LM block with laminated contact structure (3-layer scraper).



[Features]

- Since the 3 layers of scrapers fully contact the LM rail, LaCS is highly capable of removing minute foreign material.
- Since it uses oil-impregnated, foam synthetic rubber with a self-lubricating function, low friction resistance is achieved.

Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories	
SSHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS	
DDHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal *1 + LaCS	
ZZHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal *1 + metal scraper + LaCS	
KKHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal *1 + metal scraper + LaCS	
JJHH*2	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + protector (serving also as metal scraper)	
TTHH*2	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + protector (serving also as metal scraper)	

^{*1} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See A1-460)

Note) HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector (see 11-109). Contact THK if you want to use the Protector with other options.

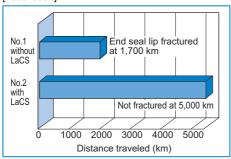
^{*2} JJHH and TTHH are only available for models SVR/SVS and SRG.

• Test under an Environment with a Water-soluble Coolant

[Test conditions] Test environment: water-soluble coolant

Item		Description
Tested	No.1	SHS45R1SS+3000L (end seal only)
model	No.2	SHS45R1SSHH+3000L (end seal and LaCS)
Maximum speed		200m/min
Environmental conditions		Coolant sprayed: 5 time per day

[Test result]



Magnified view of the end seal lip



Areas marked with arrow are fractured



Lip has not been fractured

• Test under an Environment with Minute Foreign Matter

[Test conditions] Test environment: minute foreign material

Ite	m	Description
Tested	No.1	Caged Ball LM Guide #45R (DD+600L) double seals only
model	No.2	Caged Ball LM Guide #45R (HH+600L) LaCS only
Max s accele		60m/min, 1G
Externa	al load	9.6kN
Foreign material conditions		Type: FCD450#115 (particle diameter: 125 µm or less)
		Sprayed amount: 1g/1hour (total sprayed amount: 120 g)

[Test result] Amount of foreign material entering the raceway

[rest result] / intount of foreign material entering the raceway				
Seal configuration		Amount of foreign material entering the raceway g		
Double-seal	Tested model 1	0.3		
configuration (2 end seals superposed with each other)	Tested model 2	0.3		
	Tested model 3	0.3		
	Tested model 1	0		
LaCS	Tested model 2	0		
	Tested model 3	0		



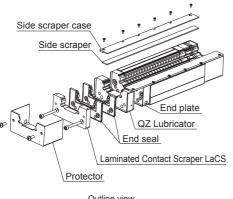
Large amount of foreign matter has entered the raceway

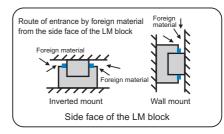
No. 2 Traveled 100 km (LaCS only)

No foreign matter entering the raceway observed

Side Scraper

- OFor the supported models: models SVR/SVS and SRG
- ●For the resistance of side scraper, see △1-488.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with side scraper attached, see ▲1-471.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the side scraper, see ■1-133.





Outline view (Ex: in case of QZTTHHYY type)

[Features]

- . Minimizes foreign material entering from the side of the LM Guide in a harsh environment.
- Demonstrates a dust protection effect in inverted or wall mount.

Model number coding

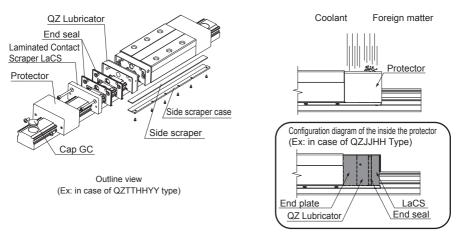
SVR45 LR 1 QZ JJHH YY C1 +1200L

With side scraper*

^{*} The side scraper can accommodate various options of dust control accessories and lubrication accessories. For details, contact THK.

Protector

- OFor the supported models: models SVR/SVS and SRG
- HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with protector attached, see 🖾 1-471.



[Features]

• The protector minimizes the entrance of foreign material even in harsh environments where foreign material such as fine particles and liquids are present.

Note1) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

Note2) Contact THK if you want to use the protector with other options.

Light-Resistance Contact Seal LiCS

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the LM block dimension (dimension L) with LiCS attached, see △1-482.
- ●For the resistance of LiCS, see △1-488.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the LiCS, see ■1-134.

LiCS is a light sliding resistance contact seal. It is effective in removing dust on the raceway and retaining a lubricant such as grease. It achieves extremely low drag and smooth, stable motion.

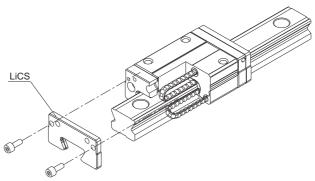


Fig.1 Structural Drawing of SSR + LiCS

[Features]

Light-Resistance Contact Seal LiCS is a seal that uses a light-resistance material in its sealing element and contacts the LM rail raceway to achieve low drag resistance. It is optimal for applications where low drag resistance is required, such as semiconductor-related devices, inspection devices and OA equipment all of which are used in favorable environments.

- Since the sealing element contacts the LM rail raceway, it is effective in removing dust on the raceway.
- Use of oil-impregnated, expanded synthetic rubber, which has excellent self-lubricating property, achieves low drag resistance.

Model number coding SSR20 GG C1 +600L LM Guide Type of With LiCS seal LM rail length Symbol for No. of rails used model LM block on both ends (in mm) on the same plane number Radial clearance symbol Accuracy symbol No. of LM blocks Normal grade (No Symbol) / High accuracy grade (H) Normal (No symbol) used on the same rail Precision grade (P) / Super precision grade (SP) Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0) Ultra precision grade (UP)

Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories	
GG	LiCS	
PP	With LiCS + side seal + inner seal*	

^{*} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **\Delta 1-460**)

Dedicated bellows

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on 🖾 1-460.
- ●For the dedicated bellows dimensions, see △1-500 to △1-511.

Item name	Schematic diagram / mounting location	Purpose/location of use
Dedicated Bellows	Bellows	Used in locations exposed to dust or cutting chips

Dedicated LM Cover

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on △1-460.
- ●For the dedicated LM cover dimensions, see ▲1-513.

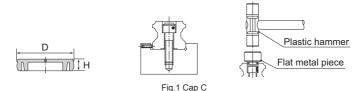
Item name	Schematic diagram / mounting location	Purpose/location of use
Dedicated LM Cover	LM cover	Used in locations exposed to dust or cutting chips Used in locations where high temperature foreign material such as flying spatter

Cap C

If any of the LM rail mounting holes of an LM Guide is filled with cutting chips or foreign material, they may enter the LM block structure. Entrance of such foreign material can be prevented by covering each LM rail mounting hole with the dedicated cap.

Since the dedicated cap C for LM rail mounting holes uses a special synthetic resin with high oil resistance and high wear resistance, it is highly durable.

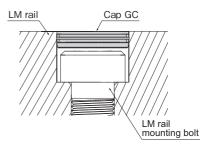
To attach the dedicated cap to the mounting hole, place a flat metal piece like one shown in Fig.1 on the cap and gradually hammer in the cap until it is on the same level as the top face of the LM rail. When attaching the dedicated cap C for LM rail mounting holes, do not remove any of the LM blocks from the LM rail.



Cap GC

●For notes regarding how to handle the GC cap, see ■1-134.





GC caps are metal caps designed to cover the mounting holes in LM rails (in compliance with RoHS directives).

In harsh environments, preventing any influx of coolant or foreign material from the top face of the LM rail, coupled with the use of seals, will dramatically improve the contamination protection performance for the LM guide.

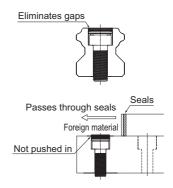
[Features]

 Eliminating gaps around the mounting holes (countersunk holes)

The GC caps press into the mounting holes (countersunk holes) so that there are no gaps.

 Provides long-term sealing due to its excellent abrasion resistance

If a countermeasure such as a seal passes along the rail when there is foreign matter on the upper surface of the LM rail, it generates force pushing the GC cap in from above. In this situation, the cap does not get pushed inwards as it is easily strong enough to stay in place.



GC caps are highly effective in a range of different environments.

Service environment		LM Guide		Example of Using	
		Standard C cap fitted	GC cap fitted	the Spring Pad	
Poor Low environ-ment Foreign matter	Foreign	Metal powder, sputtering	0	0	Welding machines, robots
	matter concentration:	Wood shavings, coolant (Environments that strip away oils)	0	0	Woodworking machinery, washers
	Low	Metal powder + coolant	0	0	Lathes, machining centers
	Foreign	Metal powder, sputtering	\triangle	0	Welding machines, robots
	concentration:	Wood shavings, coolant (Environments that strip away oils)	Δ	0	Woodworking machinery, washers
		Metal powder + coolant	\triangle	0	Lathes, machining centers

 \bigcirc : Particularly effective \bigcirc : Effective \triangle : Not particularly effective

[Applicable model number]

Model number coding TTHH C0 +1200L SVR45 With GC cap LM rail length (in mm) Model No. Type of With QZ Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane LM block Lubricator Radial clearance symbol Normal (No symbol) Accuracy symbol No. of LM blocks Contamination Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H) Light preload (C1) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP) used on the same rail protection accessory Medium preload (C0) symbol

Note1) LM guides with GC caps are special rails. Note2) They cannot be mounted on stainless steel LM rails or LM rails that have undergone surface treatment.

Note3) If this product will be used in special environments, such as in a vacuum or at very low or high temperatures, contact

Note4) GC caps are not sold individually. They are sold as a set with LM guides.

Note5) The openings of LM rail mounting holes are not chamfered. Take care not to injure your hands while working.

Note6) After fitting GC caps, the upper surface of the LM rail must be flattened and cleaned (wiped).

Note7) If you wish to fit GC caps for a single rail, use the sample model number configuration shown below.

(Example) SVR45LR2QZTTHHC0+1200LPGC

With GC cap

* Add the symbol (GC) to the end of the model number.

Mounting method

The procedure for inserting a GC cap into a mounting hole consists of using a flat aligning fitting to gradually punch the cap into the hole until it is level with the upper surface of the LM rail, as shown in the figure. Fit GC caps without removing the LM rail from the LM block.

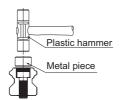


Plate Cover SV Steel Tape SP

●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on ▲1-460.

Item name	Schematic diagram / mounting location	Purpose/location of use
Plate Cover SV	Plate cover: SV Fixing-jig: NT Slide piece Tension screw	For the LM Guide, steel tapes are available as a means of contamination protection for machine tools. By covering the LM rail mounting holes with an ultra-thin stainless steel (SUS304) plate, the plate cover SV drastically increases sealability, thus to prevent the penetration of a coolant or cutting chips from the top face of the LM rail. For the mounting method, see 1-116. Note) When mounting the plate cover, the LM rail needs to be machined. Indicate that the plate cover is required when ordering the LM Guide.
Steel Tape SP	Steel tape: SP Setscrew End piece: EP Tap for attaching bellows LM block mounting/ removing jig	For the LM Guide, steel tapes are available as a means of contamination protection for machine tools. By covering the LM rail mounting holes with an ultra-thin stainless steel (SUS304) plate, the steel tape SP drastically increases sealability, thus to prevent the penetration of a coolant or cutting chips from the top face of the LM rail. (When mounting the steel tape, end piece EP can be used as a means to secure the cover.) For the mounting method, see 1-117. Note) When mounting the steel tape, the LM rail needs to be machined. Indicate that the steel tape is required when ordering the LM Guide.

[Mounting Procedure for Plate Cover SV]

(1) Attach slide pieces to the plate cover.

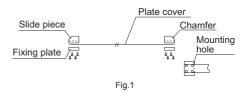
Place the slide pieces on the plate cover with their chamfered sides facing outward, hold the plate cover with the slide pieces and the securing plates, and then secure them with countersunk screws.

- (2) Use an LM block mounting/removing jig to remove the LM block from the LM rail, and then mount the fixing-jigs onto the LM rail.
- (3) Temporarily secure either slide piece. Insert either slide piece into one of the fixing-jigs, then attach the slide piece to the LM rail's end face using the tension adjustment bolt and gently secure the bolt until the bolt head is inside the fixing-jig.
- (4) Temporarily secure the other slide piece. Temporarily secure the other slide piece in the same manner as above.
- (5) Apply tension to the plate cover. Apply tension to the plate cover by evenly securing the tension adjustment bolts on both ends of the LM rail. Make sure there is only a small difference between the H and H' dimensions in Fig.5. If the difference is too large, there may be no interference left on either end.
- (6) Mount the LM block on the LM rail. Identity the reference surface of the LM rail and the LM block, then insert the LM rail into the LM block using the LM block mounting / removing jig.

Note1) When removing or the mounting the LM block, use much care not to let the balls fall off.

Note2) The plate cover is an ultra-thin stainless steel (SUS304) plate. When handing it, use much care not to bend it.

Note3) The plate cover is available for models NR/NRS35 to 100.



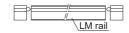


Fig.2

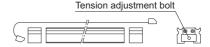


Fig.3



Fig.4



Fig.5

[Mounting Procedure for Steel Tape SP]

- Use an LM block mounting/removing jig to remove the LM block from the LM rail.
- (2) Thoroughly degrease and clean the top face of the LM rail, to which the steel tape is to be adhered. For degreasing, use an adequately volatile detergent (e.g., industrial alcohol).
- (3) Carefully adhere the steel tape from the end with care not to let it bend or sag, while gradually peeling the release paper from the steel tape.
- (4) Have the steel tape settle on the rail by rubbing the tape. The adhesive strength increases with time. The adhering tape can be peeled off by pulling its end upward.
- (5) Mount the LM block onto the LM rail using the LM block mounting/removing jig.
- (6) Attach the end pieces on both ends of the LM rail and further secure the steel tape. When securing the end pieces, fasten only the setscrew on the top face of each end piece.

(The tap on the end face of the end piece is used for mounting bellows.)

- Note1) The setscrew on the side face is used to lightly secure the bent steel tape. Be sure to stop fastening the screw as soon as it hits the end face, and do not force the screw further.
- Note2) Since the steel tape is a thin steel plate, mishandling it may cause an accident such as cutting your finger. When handling it, take an effective safety measure such as wearing rubber gloves.

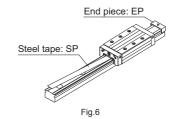




Fig.7

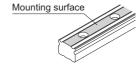


Fig.8

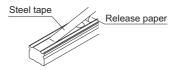


Fig.9

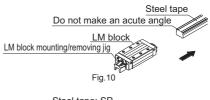




Fig.11

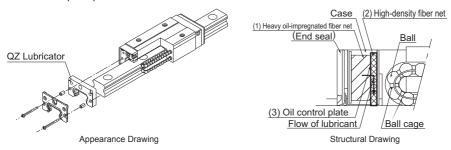
QZ Lubricator

- ●For the supported models, see the table of options by model number on

 1-460.
- ●For the LM block dimension with QZ attached, see 🖾 1-492 to 🖾 1-495.
- ●For notes regarding how to handle the QZ, see ■1-133.

QZ Lubricator feeds the right amount of lubricant to the raceway on the LM rail. This allows an oil film to continuously be formed between the rolling element and the raceway, and drastically extends the lubrication and maintenance intervals.

The structure of QZ Lubricator consists of three major components: (1) a heavy oil-impregnated fiber net (function to store lubricant), (2) a high-density fiber net (function to apply lubricant to the raceway) and (3) an oil-control plate (function to adjust oil flow). The lubricant contained in QZ Lubricator is fed by the capillary phenomenon, which is used also in felt pens and many other products, as the fundamental principle.



[Features]

- Since it supplements an oil loss, the lubrication maintenance interval can be significantly extended.
- Eco-friendly lubrication system that does not contaminate the surrounding area since it feeds the right amount of lubricant to the ball raceway.

Symbol	Contamination Protection Accessories
QZUU	With end seal + QZ
QZSS	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + QZ
QZDD	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + QZ
QZZZ	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + QZ
QZKK	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + QZ
QZGG	With LiCS + QZ
QZPP	With LiCS + side seal + inner seal*1 + QZ
QZSSHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + QZ
QZDDHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + QZ
QZZZHH	With end seal + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + LaCS + QZ
QZKKHH	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + metal scraper + LaCS + QZ
QZJJHH*2	With end seal + side seal + inner seal* + LaCS + QZ + protector (serving also as metal scraper)
QZTTHH*2	With double seals + side seal + inner seal*1 + LaCS + QZ + protector (serving also as metal scraper)

^{*1} Some models are not equipped with inner seals.(See **△1-460**)

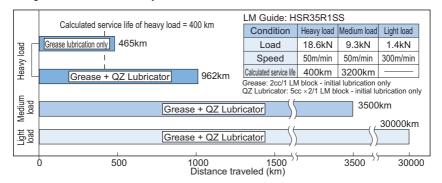
^{*2} QZJJHH and QZTTHH are available only for models SVR/SVS and SRG.

Note1) HH type (with LaCS) for models SVR/SVS and SRG is provided with the protector (see **1-109**). Contact THK if you want to use the Protector with other options.

Note2) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ contact THK.

Significantly Extended Maintenance Interval

Attaching QZ Lubricator helps extend the maintenance interval throughout the whole load range from the light load area to the heavy load area.

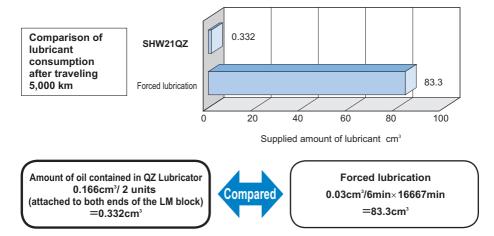


LM Guide Running Test without Replenishment of Lubricant

Effective Use of Lubricant

Since the lubricator feeds the right amount of lubricant to the ball raceway, lubricant can be used efficiently.

[Test conditions] speed: 300 m/min



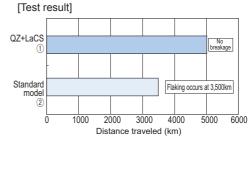
Lubricant consumption is 1/250 less than forced lubrication.

• Effective in Helping Lubrication under Severe Environments

A 5,000 km durability test was conducted under severe environments (containing coolant and contaminated environment).

[Test conditions]

<u> </u>						
Model No.	① Caged Ball LM Guide #45	② Full-ball LM Guide #45				
Load	8kN	6kN				
Speed	60m/min					
Coolant	Immersed 48 hrs, dried 96 hrs					
Foreign material	Foundry dust (125 µm or less)					
Lubrication	AFA Grease + QZ	Super Multi 68 Oiling cycle: 0.1cc/shot Periodically lubricated every 16 min				



^{*} When using the LM system under severe environment, use QZ Lubricator and Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS (see "Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS" on **I1-106**) in combination.

Lubrication Adapter

An oil lubricant-only lubrication adapter is available for models NR/NRS.

Even if the LM Guide is installed in an orientation where oil lubrication is difficult, such as wall mount and inversed mount, the adapter is capable of feeding a constant quantity of lubricant to the four raceways.

[Features]

The dedicated lubrication adapter for models NR-NRS is built in with a constant quantity distributor. Therefore, the adapter can accurately feed a constant quantity of lubricant to each raceway regardless of the mounting orientation. The adapter is economical since it is capable of constantly feeding the optimum amount of lubricant and helping eliminate the supply of surplus lubricant.

To provide pipe arrangement, simply connect an intermittent lubrication pump widely used for ordinary machine tools to the greasing holes (M8) on the front and the side of the lubrication adapter.

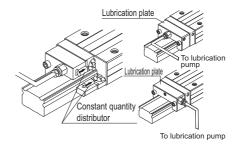
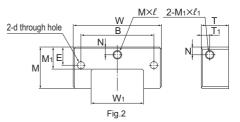


Fig.1 Structural Drawing

[Specifications]

Viscosity range of lubricant used	32 to 64 mm²/s recommended					
Discharge	0.03×4, 0.06×4cc/1shot					
Diameter of pipe connected	φ4, φ6					
Material	Aluminum alloy					

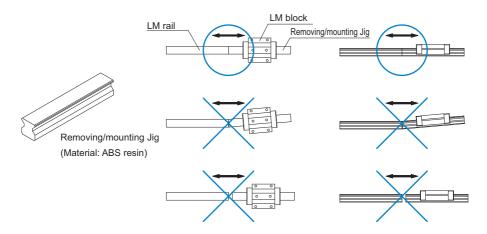


Removing/mounting Jig

When assembling the guide, do not remove the LM block from the LM rail whenever possible. If it is inevitable to remove the LM block due to the plate cover type or the assembly procedure, be sure to use the removing/mounting jig.

Mounting the LM block without using the removing/mounting jig may cause rolling elements to fall from the LM block due to contamination by foreign material, damage to internal components or slight inclination. Mounting the LM block with some of the rolling elements missing may also cause damage to the LM block at an early stage.

When using the removing/mounting jig, do not incline the jig and match the ends of both LM rails. If any of the rolling elements falls from the LM block, contact THK instead of using the product. Note that the removing/mounting jig is not included in the LM Guide package as standard. When desiring to use it, contact THK.



End Piece EP

For those models whose balls may fall if the LM rail is pulled out of the LM block, an end piece is attached to the product to prevent the LM block from being removed from the LM rail.

For models that can use the end piece, see the table below.

If removing the end piece when using the LM Guide, be sure that the LM block will not overshoot. The end piece can also be used as a fixing jig for a steel tape, and is available also for the LM rail of models SSR, SR and HSR.

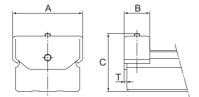


Fig.1 End Piece EP for Models NR/NRS

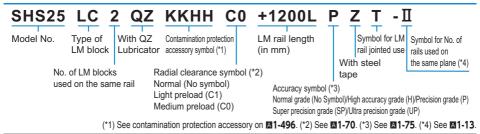
Model No. LM Guide

Model Number Coding

Model number configurations differ depending on the model features. Refer to the corresponding sample model number configuration.

[LM Guide]

Models SHS, SSR, SVR/SVS, SHW, HSR, SR, NR/NRS, HRW, JR, NSR-TBC, HSR-M1, SR-M1 and HSR-M2.



Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.)

Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Caged Ball LM Guide]

Model EPF



Note) *: Stainless steel is the standard material used for LM blocks.

This model number denotes one set consists of an LM block and LM rail.

[Caged Roller LM Guide]

Models SRG, SRN and SRW

+1200L Π SRG45 ттнн C0 Model With QZ Contamination Type of LM rail length Symbol for No. of protection (in mm) rails used on the LM block number Lubricator accessory same plane (*4) symbol (*1) Symbol for LM No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) rail jointed use used on the same rail Normal (No symbol) Accuracy symbol (*3) Light preload (C1) Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Medium preload (C0) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on ▲1-496, (*2) See ▲1-70, (*3) See ▲1-75, (*4) See ▲1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Miniature Type LM Guide]

Models SRS, RSR and RSR-M1

SRS20M **C1** +220L П Model No. With QZ Contamination LM rail length Stainless Symbol for No. of Lubricator protection accessory steel LM rail

symbol (*1)

(in mm)

rails used on the same plane (*4)

No. of LM blocks Radial clearance symbol (*2) Accuracy symbol (*3) used on the same rail

Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) Normal grade (No Symbol)/High accuracy grade (H)/Precision grade (P) (*1) See contamination protection accessory on △1-496. (*2) See △1-70. (*3) See △1-75. (*4) See △1-13.

Note) This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set. (i.e., required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2 at a minimum.) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Cross LM Guide]

Models SCR, CSR and MX

C0 +1200/1000L 4 QZ KKHH

Model No. Contamination protection LM rail length LM rail length on the X axis on the Y axis accessory symbol (*1) (in mm) (in mm)

Total No. of LM blocks

With QZ Lubricator Radial clearance symbol (*2) Normal (No symbol)/Light preload (C1) Medium preload (C0)

Accuracy symbol (*3)

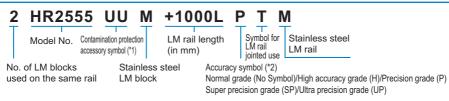
Precision grade (P)/Super precision grade (SP) Ultra precision grade (UP)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-70. (*3) See A1-75.

Note) Those models equipped with QZ Lubricator cannot have a grease nipple. When desiring a grease nipple for a model attached with QZ, contact THK.

[Separate LM Guides]

Model HR



(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-75.

Note) One set of model HR means a combination of two LM rails and an LM blocks used on the same plane.

Model GSR

 LM block GSR25 Model Contamination protection number accessory symbol (*1)

Type of LM block

LM rail

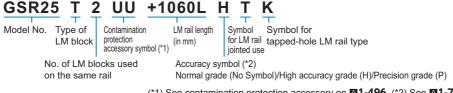
GSR25

-1060L Model LM rail length Symbol for (in mm) tapped-hole number LM rail type

> Accuracy symbol (*2) Normal grade (No Sýmbol) High accuracy grade (H) Precision grade (P)

(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-75.

Combination of LM rail and LM block

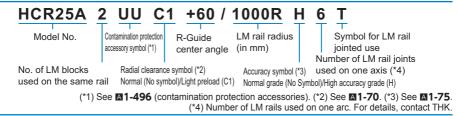


(*1) See contamination protection accessory on A1-496. (*2) See A1-75.

Note) One set of model GSR: This model number indicates that a single-rail unit constitutes one set.

[R Guide]

Model HCR



[Straight-Curved Guide]

Model HMG

When 2 rails are used

HMG15A 2 UU C1 +1000L T + 60/150R 6T + 60/300R 6T - II

Mode	l No.	Contamination protection accessory symbol (*1)	Overall line length per		Center ar	•	No. of in		Radius curved i		Symbol for No. of rails used on the same plane (*2)
No. of LM blocks used Radial clears		rance symbo	ol Sy	Symbol for linear R		dius of inn	er Cent	Center angle of one		o. of outer curved	
on the sa	me rail	Normal (No sy	mbol)/Light prelo	ad (C1) LN	1 rail joint	cur	ved rail	outer	curved rai	l Li	VI rails jointed

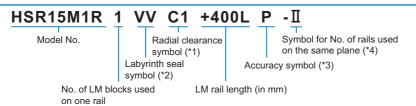
(*1) See contamination protection accessory on **A1-496**. (*2) See **A1-13**.

Note) This model number denotes one set consists of an LM block and LM rail. (i.e. If you are using 2 shafts, the required number of sets is 2.)

Model HMG does not have a seal as standard.

[LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum]

Model HSR-M1VV



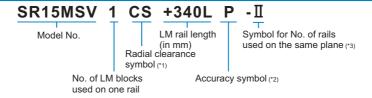
(*1) See A1-70 (*2) See A1-379 (*3) See A1-75 (*4) See A1-13.

Note1) The radial clearance, maximum LM rail length and accuracy class are equal to that of model HSR.

Note2) With this model, a single-rail unit constitutes one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).

[Oil-Free LM Guide for Special Environments]

Model SR-MS



(*1) See **A1-70**. (*2) See **A1-75**. (*3) See **A1-13**.

Note) With this model, a single-rail unit constitutes one set (i.e., the required number of sets when 2 rails are used in parallel is 2).

Notes on Ordering

[Order units]

Note that the number of items that constitute one set differs depending on the type of LM guide. Check the sample model number configurations and the accompanying notes.

• Sample LM guide orders

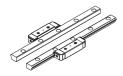


SHS25C2SSC1+640L 1 set



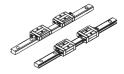
SHS25C2SSC1+640L-II 2 sets

Sample model HR orders



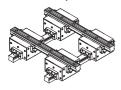
HR2555UU+600L 1 set

Sample model GSR and GSR-R orders



GSR25T2UU+1060L 2 sets

Sample cross LM guide orders (SCR, CSR and MX)



4SCR25UU+1200/1000LP 1 set

Sample model HMG orders



HMG15A 2 UU C1 +1000L T + 60/150R 6T + 60/300R 6T - II 2 sets Note) When ordering model HMG, attach a reference diagram clearly showing the positioning of the LM block and LM rail.

[Mounted orientation and lubrication method]

When placing an order, be sure to let THK know the mounting orientation and the exact position in each LM block where the grease nipple or the piping joint should be attached.

For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see **B1-28** and **B24-2**, respectively.

[Supported options]

The supported options differ depending on the model number. Check the available options when ordering.

See A1-460.

[Maximum manufactured lengths for LM rails]

Where a high degree of precision is required, limits apply to the maximum manufactured lengths for LM rails. In such situations, contact THK.

Precautions on Using the LM Guide

[Handling]

- (1) Please use at least two people to move any product weighing 20 kg or more, or use a dolly or another conveyance. Doing so may cause injury or damage.
- (2) Do not disassemble the parts. This will result in loss of functionality.
- (3) Tilting an LM block or LM rail may cause them to fall by their own weight.
- (4) Take care not to drop or strike the LM Guide. Doing so may cause injury or damage. Giving an impact to it could also cause damage to its function even if the product looks intact.
- (5) Do not remove the LM block from the LM rail during setup.
- (6) Do not insert hands or fingers into the mounting holes on the LM rail, as they could get caught between the rail and the LM block, resulting in injury.
- (7) To ensure personal safety, wear gloves and protective footwear when handling this product.

[Precautions on Use]

- (1) Prevent foreign material, such as cutting chips or coolant, from entering the product. Failure to do so may cause damage.
- (2) If the product is used in an environment where cutting chips, coolant, corrosive solvents, water, etc., may enter the product, use bellows, covers, etc., to prevent them from entering the product.
- (3) Do not use this product if the external temperature exceeds 80°C. Unless the unit is specially designed to be heat-resistant, exposure to such temperatures may deform or damage plastic and rubber parts.
- (4) If foreign material such as cutting chips adheres to the product, replenish the lubricant after cleaning the product.
- (5) Micro-strokes tend to obstruct oil film to form on the raceway in contact with the rolling element, and may lead to fretting corrosion. Take consideration using grease offering excellent fretting prevention. It is also recommended that a stroke movement corresponding to the length of the LM block be made on a regular basis to make sure oil film is formed between the raceway and rolling element.
- (6) Do not use undue force when fitting parts (pin, key, etc.) to the product. This may generate permanent deformation on the raceway, leading to loss of functionality.
- (7) If, for operational reasons, it becomes absolutely necessary to remove the LM block from the LM rail and reattach it, a special mounting jig must be used for this purpose. (The mounting jig is not included with standard versions of the product. To obtain one, please contact THK.)
- (8) Position the mounting jig so that one end abuts the end of the LM rail. When the rail and the jig are exactly aligned, the LM block can be loaded onto the rail.
- (9) Take care to keep the LM block straight. Loading the block at an angle can introduce foreign matter, damage internal components, or cause balls to fall out.
- (10) The LM block must contain all its internal rolling elements (balls) when mounted on the LM rail. Using a block with any balls removed may result in premature damage.
- (11) Please contact THK if any balls fall out of the LM block; do not use the block if any balls are missing.

Precautions on Using the LM Guide

- (12) If the end plate is damaged due to an accident, etc., balls may fall out or the LM block may become detached from the LM rail and drop. If the LM Guide will be used hanging upside down, take preventive measures such as adding a safety mechanism to prevent falls.
- (13) Insufficient rigidity or accuracy of mounting members causes the bearing load to concentrate on one point and the bearing performance will drop significantly. Accordingly, give sufficient consideration to the rigidity/accuracy of the housing and base and strength of the fixing bolts.
- (14) When removing the LM block from the LM rail and then replacing the block, an LM block mounting/removing jig that facilitates such installation is available. Contact THK for details.

[Lubrication]

- (1) Thoroughly remove anti-rust oil and feed lubricant before using the product.
- (2) Do not mix different lubricants. Mixing greases using the same type of thickening agent may still cause adverse interaction between the two greases if they use different additives, etc.
- (3) When using the product in locations exposed to constant vibrations or in special environments such as clean rooms, vacuum and low/high temperature, use the grease appropriate for the specification/ environment.
- (4) When lubricating the product having no grease nipple or oil hole, apply grease directly on the raceway and stroke the product several times to let the grease spread inside.
- (5) The consistency of grease changes according to the temperature. Take note that the slide resistance of the LM Guide also changes as the consistency of grease changes.
- (6) After lubrication, the slide resistance of the LM Guide may increase due to the agitation resistance of grease. Be sure to perform a break-in to let the grease spread fully, before operating the machine.
- (7) Excess grease may scatter immediately after lubrication, so wipe off scattered grease as necessary.
- (8) The properties of grease deteriorate and its lubrication performance drops over time, so grease must be checked and added properly according to the use frequency of the machine.
- (9) Although the lubrication interval may vary according to use conditions and the service environment, lubrication should be performed approximately every 100 km in travel distance (three to six months). Set the final lubrication interval/amount based on the actual machine.
- (10)If the mounting orientation is other than horizontal use, the lubricant may not reach the raceway completely. For the mounting orientation and the lubrication, see 11-28 and 24-2, respectively.
- (11)When adopting oil lubrication, the lubricant may not be distributed throughout the LM block depending on the mounting orientation of the block. Contact THK in advance for details.

[Storage]

When storing the LM Guide, enclose it in a package designated by THK and store it in a room in a horizontal orientation while avoiding high temperature, low temperature and high humidity.

After the product has been in storage for an extended period of time, lubricant inside may have deteriorated, so add new lubricant before use.

[Disposal]

Dispose of the product properly as industrial waste.

Precautions on Handling the LM Guide for Special Environment

LM Guide for Medium-to-Low Vacuum

[Handling]

- (1) This product has been thoroughly cleaned and degreased and then sealed in moisture-proof packaging. If possible, open the package immediately prior to using the product.
- (2) Once the packaging has been opened, store the product inside a clean, dry receptacle accompanied by silica gel or another drying agent. Do not use anti-rust oil or corrosion- or tarnish-preventive paper or fluid with this product.
- (3) Wear protective rubber or vinyl gloves while handling this product and make sure the surrounding environment is relatively clean.

Oil-Free LM Guide

[Handling]

- (1) The Oil-Free LM Guide is suitable for use at high temperatures, under atmospheric pressure or in a high-vacuum environment of 10° Pa, and is designed for ultra-low dust emission. It is not intended for use in locations requiring rigidity. Because a preload would affect the strength of its Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film, it does not support preloads.
- (2) The product can be used in temperatures ranging from -20 to 150℃.
- (3) To ensure proper function of the Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film, use this product in an environment free from condensation, at a humidity level of 40% or less.
- (4) This product is not intended for joint use.
- (5) Great care must be taken in the installation of the Oil-Free LM Guide, which requires greater precision compared to standard LM Guides.
- (6) If the LM block is removed from the LM rail, balls may fall out, and the Dry Lubrication S-Compound Film can be damaged when the block is remounted. If it becomes necessary to remove the LM block from the LM rail, please contact THK.
- (7) This product should be stored in a horizontal position, in its original wrapping and package, in a controlled, stable environment free from abnormal high or low temperatures or high humidity. THK recommends storing it at room temperature (25±5°C), with a humidity level of 40% RH or lower and an air-purity level of 10,000 or lower.
- (8) This product has been thoroughly cleaned and degreased and then sealed in moisture-proof packaging. If possible, open the package immediately prior to using the product.
- (9) Once the packaging has been opened, store the product inside a clean, dry receptacle accompanied by silica gel or another drying agent. Do not use anti-rust oil or corrosion- or tarnish-preventive paper or fluid with this product.
- (10)Wear protective rubber or vinyl gloves while handling this product and make sure the surrounding environment is relatively clean.

Precautions on Using Options for the LM Guide

Precautions on Using Options for the LM Guide

QZ Lubricator for the LM Guide

For details regarding the QZ, see **B1-118**.

[Precaution on Selection]

Secure a stroke longer than the overall LM block with QZ Lubricator attached.

[Handling]

Take care not to drop or strike this product. This could cause injury or product damage.

Do not block the vent hole with grease or the like.

The QZ device supplies oil only to the raceway, so use it in combination with regular greasing/lubrication. If the product is used in an environment exposed to coolant, cutting chips or other foreign material, oil on the raceway is lost easily. Accordingly, be sure to also use covers, bellows, etc.

[Service environment]

Be sure the service temperature of this product is between –10 to 50°C, and do not clean the product by immersing it in an organic solvent or white kerosene, or leave it unpacked.

Laminated Contact Scraper LaCS, Side Scraper for LM Guides

For details regarding the LaCS, see **1-106**. For details regarding the side scraper, see **1-108**.

[Handling]

The lubricant impregnated into the scraper is used to increase its sliding capability. For lubrication of the LM Guide, attach QZ Lubricator, or the grease nipple on the side face of the end plate of the LM block, before providing a lubricant.

When using the product, be sure to attach the rail cap C or the plate cover.

[Service environment]

Be sure the service temperature of this product is between -20 to +80°C, and do not clean the product by immersing it in an organic solvent or white kerosene, or leave it unpacked.

[Notes on the Product Functions]

It is specifically designed to provide dust prevention capability to remove foreign material and liquid. To seal oil, an end seal is required.

Light Contact Seal LiCS for LM Guides

For details regarding the LiCS, see **1-110**.

[Handling]

The lubricant impregnated into LiCS is used to increase its sliding capability. For lubrication of the LM Guide, attach the grease nipple on the end plate of the LM block before providing a lubricant.

[Service environment]

Be sure the service temperature of this product is between -20 to +80°C, and do not clean the product by immersing it in an organic solvent or white kerosene, or leave it unpacked. It contacts only with the LM rail raceway. Do not use it in harsh environments.

Cap GC

For details regarding the GC cap, see **1-113**.

[Handling]

If GC caps are specified for the product, the edges of the LM rail mounting hole openings will be sharp. Take great care not to injure your fingers or hands while working.

When fitting GC caps, use a flat aligning tool to gradually punch the cap into the hole until it is level with the upper surface of the LM rail. Then run an oil stone over the rail until the upper surface of the rail and the GC caps are completely flat.